Super Reduced String



Steve has a string of lowercase characters in range <code>ascii['a'..'z']</code>. He wants to reduce the string to its shortest length by doing a series of operations in which he selects a pair of adjacent lowercase letters that match, and then he deletes them. For instance, the string <code>aab</code> could be shortened to <code>b</code> in one operation.

Steve's task is to delete as many characters as possible using this method and print the resulting string. If the final string is empty, print Empty String

Input Format

A single string, s.

Constraints

• $1 \le n \le 100$

Output Format

If the final string is empty, print **Empty String**; otherwise, print the final non-reducible string.

Sample Input 0

aaabccddd

Sample Output 0

abd

Explanation 0

Sample Input

aaabccddd

Sample Output 0

abd

Explanation

Steve performs the following sequence of operations to get the final string:

 $aaabccddd \rightarrow abccddd \rightarrow abddd \rightarrow abd$

Sample Input 1

aa

Sample Output 1

Empty String

Sample Input 1 aa **Sample Output 1 Empty String Explanation 1** $\mathsf{aa} \to \mathsf{Empty} \; \mathsf{String}$ Sample Input 2 baab Sample Output 2 **Empty String Explanation 2** Sample Input 1 baab Sample Output 1 **Empty String Explanation 1** $baab \rightarrow bb \rightarrow Empty String$

Explanation 1