## I. Solutions

A. electrolytes

i. strong vs. weak

ii. acids/bases/salts

B. phase notation e.g. (aq), (s)

C. concentration

i. molarity: mol/L units, pH

ii. dilution calculations

D. aqueous solubility

i. rules

ii. precipitation reactions

iii. total and net ionic equations

E. acid/base chemistry

i. oxides as anhydrides

ii. proton transfer equations

F. titrations

i. stoichiometry

ii. calculations

G. redox chemistry

i. oxidation numbers

ii. ox./red. agents

iii. half reactions

iv. balancing

H. predicting reaction products

## II. Gases

A. P, V, n, T relationships

i. universal constant R, units!

ii. equation of state: PV=nRT

B. STP

i. molar volume

ii. density calculations

C. stoichiometry

i. volume calculations

D. partial pressures

i. mixtures

ii. mole fraction

E. kinetic theory

i. energy ∝ T

ii. average speed  $v = \sqrt{3RT/M}$ 

iii. diffusion and effusion

iv. rate or time calculations

F. non-ideal behavior

i. condensation

ii. van der Waals' equation

## III. Thermochemistry

A. 1st Law:  $\Delta E = q + w$ 

B. enthalpy

i. state property:  $\Delta H = H_f - H_i$ 

ii. endothermic vs. exothermic

iii. diagrams

C. calorimetry

i. heat capacity (extensive)

ii. specific heat cap. (intensive)

iii. ΔT measurement, units

D. Hess's Law

i.  $\Delta H$ 's are additive

ii. multiplying or reversing

equations

iii. enthalpy diagrams

E. reaction enthalpy

i. combining equations

ii. from ΔH<sub>f</sub>°

F. energy applications

## IV. Lab

A. synthesis of  $CoC_2O_4 \cdot 2H_2O$ 

i. L.R.

ii. % yield

B. decomposition stoichiometry

i. analysis

ii. % Co in sample

C. acid-base titration

i. color indicators

ii. analyte concentration

D. copper compounds

i. observing reactions

ii. writing ionic equations