Prelude

A typical dissertation will be structured according to (somewhat) standard sections, described in what follows. However, it is hard and perhaps even counter-productive to generalise: the goal is *not* to be prescriptive, but simply to act as a guideline. In particular, each page count given is important but *not* absolute: their aim is simply to highlight that a clear, concise description is better than a rambling alternative that makes it hard to separate important content and facts from trivia.

template for your own dissertation by simply deleting extraneous sections and content; keep in mind that the associated Makefile could be of use. deal with the associated bibliography. Alternatively, upload this template, dissertation.bib, dissertation.cls, dtklogos.sty and the "logo" folder to Overleaf (an online LATEXeditor and compiler) and work on your thesis there.

Do not include this section in your final dissertation — just delete it from the source.



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

Semantic Analysis of Financial Headlines Based on Realised Stock Returns

Joshua Felmeden
A dissertation submitted to the University of Bristol in accordance with the requirements of the degree of Master of Engineering in the Faculty of Engineering.
Tuocday 5 th April 2022

Abstract

A compulsory section, of at most 300 words

This section should précis the project context, aims and objectives, and main contributions (e.g., deliverables) and achievements; the same section may be called an abstract elsewhere. The goal is to ensure the reader is clear about what the topic is, what you have done within this topic, and what your view of the outcome is.

The former aspects should be guided by your specification: essentially this section is a (very) short version of what is typically the first chapter. If your project is experimental in nature, this should include a clear research hypothesis. This will obviously differ significantly for each project, but an example might be as follows:

My research hypothesis is that a suitable genetic algorithm will yield more accurate results (when applied to the standard ACME data set) than the algorithm proposed by Jones and Smith, while also executing in less time.

The latter aspects should (ideally) be presented as a concise, factual bullet point list. Again the points will differ for each project, but an might be as follows:

- I spent 120 hours collecting material on and learning about the Java garbage-collection sub-system.
- I wrote a total of 5000 lines of source code, comprising a Linux device driver for a robot (in C) and a GUI (in Java) that is used to control it.
- I designed a new algorithm for computing the non-linear mapping from A-space to B-space using a genetic algorithm, see page 17.
- I implemented a version of the algorithm proposed by Jones and Smith in [6], see page 12, corrected a mistake in it, and compared the results with several alternatives.

Dedication and Acknowledgements

A compulsory section

It is common practice (although totally optional) to acknowledge any third-party advice, contribution or influence you have found useful during your work. Examples include support from friends or family, the input of your Supervisor and/or Advisor, external organisations or persons who have supplied resources of some kind (e.g., funding, advice or time), and so on.

COVID-19 Statement

An optional section, of at most 800 words

A summary of any planned research activities disrupted by Covid-19 restrictions and the extent to which it was possible to adapt the work in those changed circumstances. If the project was able to go forward as planned, you can safely remove this section without losing any marks. The following may be included:

- Details of any planned research activities curtailed by the pandemic because of, for example, lack of access to facilities, libraries, archives, research participants, fieldwork, etc. Information on any curtailed training should be included only insofar as it relates to the impact on research activities and on the dissertation.
- An acknowledgement of the anticipated contribution and value to the dissertation if those research activities had not been curtailed and what was possible to include in the dissertation in the circumstances, including where alternative choices were made to adapt the work and whether there are any weaknesses that could not be overcome.
- Any other relevant factors on the impact of Covid-19 on research activities and on the contents of the dissertation.
- Details of any research activities required by the examiners as part of a resubmission that were curtailed by the pandemic may be included in a new or revised Covid-19 statement in the resubmitted dissertation.

Declaration

I declare that the work in this dissertation was carried out in accordance with the requirements of the University's Regulations and Code of Practice for Taught Programmes and that it has not been submitted for any other academic award. Except where indicated by specific reference in the text, this work is my own work. Work done in collaboration with, or with the assistance of others, is indicated as such. I have identified all material in this dissertation which is not my own work through appropriate referencing and acknowledgement. Where I have quoted or otherwise incorporated material which is the work of others, I have included the source in the references. Any views expressed in the dissertation, other than referenced material, are those of the author.

Joshua Felmeden, Tuesday $5^{\rm th}$ April, 2022

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Ethics Statement

A compulsory section

In almost every project, this will be one of the following statements:

- "This project did not require ethical review, as determined by my supervisor, [fill in name]"; or
- "This project fits within the scope of ethics application 0026, as reviewed by my supervisor, [fill in name]"; or
- "An ethics application for this project was reviewed and approved by the faculty research ethics committee as application [fill in number]".

See Section 3.2 of the unit Handbook for more information. If something went wrong and none of those three statements apply, then you should instead explain what happened.

Summary of Changes

A conditional section

If and only if the dissertation represents a resubmission (e.g., as the result of a resit), this section is compulsory: the content should summarise all non-trivial changes made to the initial submission. Otherwise you can omit it, since a summary of this type is clearly nonsensical.

When included, the section will ideally be used to highlight additional work completed, and address criticism raised in any associated feedback. Clearly it is difficult to give generic advice about how to do so, but an example might be as follows:

- Feedback from the initial submission criticised the design and implementation of my genetic algorithm, stating "there seems to have been no attention to computational complexity during the design, and obvious methods of optimisation are missing within the resulting implementation". Chapter 3 now includes a comprehensive analysis of the algorithm, in terms of both time and space. While I have not altered the algorithm itself, I have included a cache mechanism (also detailed in Chapter 3) that provides a significant improvement in average run-time.
- I added a feature in my implementation to allow automatic rather than manual selection of various parameters; the experimental results in Chapter 4 have been updated to reflect this.
- Questions after the presentation highlighted a range of related work that I had not considered: I have make a number of updates to Chapter 2, resolving this issue.

Supporting Technologies

An optional section

This section should present a detailed summary, in bullet point form, of any third-party resources (e.g., hardware and software components) used during the project. Use of such resources is always perfectly acceptable: the goal of this section is simply to be clear about how and where they are used, so that a clear assessment of your work can result. The content can focus on the project topic itself (rather, for example, than including "I used LATEX to prepare my dissertation"); an example is as follows:

- I used the Java BigInteger class to support my implementation of RSA.
- I used a parts of the OpenCV computer vision library to capture images from a camera, and for various standard operations (e.g., threshold, edge detection).
- I used an FPGA device supplied by the Department, and altered it to support an open-source UART core obtained from http://opencores.org/.
- The web-interface component of my system was implemented by extending the open-source WordPress software available from http://wordpress.org/.

Notation and Acronyms

NLP Natural Language Processing

 SESTM Semantic Extraction via Screening and Topic Modelling

SESTM Specific Notation

Number of words in sample Number of articles in sample n

Number of times word j appears in text i $d_{i,j}$

Subset of columns where the only indices are those with sentiment

 $d_{[S],i}$ $D = [d_1, \dots, d_n]$ $m\times n$ Document term matrix sgn(y)Sign of returns of article y Expected value of variable x

xi

Chapter 1

Introduction

Financial news is a widely available resource from which many investors, businesses and ¡idk¿ glean information. It is an insight into how many different businesses function and the health of markets and, if properly used, can be taken as a measure of ... Analysing the sentiment of an article has been used for a significant amount of time and is utilised for a myriad of purposes, including forecasting financial stocks.

An article is naturally formed of two parts, the headline and the article body. The bulk of the information conveyed by a given article is in the body, however, since headlines are often a summarisation of the body, it has been proven that data mining from the headline itself can be at least as useful as mining the body {citation needed}. The average word counts of a headline are very low, however, the vocabulary is often much higher impact on average, as this is what initially grabs the attention of a reader.

1.1 What to do

This chapter should introduce the project context and motivate each of the proposed aims and objectives. Ideally, it is written at a fairly high-level, and easily understood by a reader who is technically competent but not an expert in the topic itself.

In short, the goal is to answer three questions for the reader. First, what is the project topic, or problem being investigated? Second, why is the topic important, or rather why should the reader care about it? For example, why there is a need for this project (e.g., lack of similar software or deficiency in existing software), who will benefit from the project and in what way (e.g., end-users, or software developers) what work does the project build on and why is the selected approach either important and/or interesting (e.g., fills a gap in literature, applies results from another field to a new problem). Finally, what are the central challenges involved and why are they significant?

The chapter should conclude with a concise bullet point list that summarises the aims and objectives. For example:

The high-level objective of this project is to reduce the performance gap between hardware and software implementations of modular arithmetic. More specifically, the concrete aims are:

- 1. Research and survey literature on public-key cryptography and identify the state of the art in exponentiation algorithms.
- 2. Improve the state of the art algorithm so that it can be used in an effective and flexible way on constrained devices.
- 3. Implement a framework for describing exponentiation algorithms and populate it with suitable examples from the literature on an ARM7 platform.
- 4. Use the framework to perform a study of algorithm performance in terms of time and space, and show the proposed improvements are worthwhile.

Chapter 2

Background

We begin by discussing the technical background that relate to the work in the thesis. This project evaluates and analyses the success of semantic analysis when applied to financial headlines; making use of realised stock returns as a teaching signal.

2.1 Semantic Analysis

Semantic analysis (also known as opinion mining) is the task of identifying opinions or sentiment of authors from an input of text. The ramifications of being able to programmatically extract the intended meaning of an input is extremely powerful in a variety of fields and is particularly prudent in a financial context. The nuances of natural language can sometimes make this difficult to extract, and therefore significant research has been conducted on the topic over the course of the last decades. The main fields of sentiment analysis are lexicon based, and deep learning based.

2.1.1 Lexicon Based Methods

The fundamental concept revolves around investigating a piece of text, and deciding on a binary classification: positive or negative. The simplest method compiles a list words with weights. Each weight corresponds to the positivity of the word (for example 'great' would have a high positivity, while 'terrible' would have very low). The overall sentiment of a piece of text could then be estimated by summing the individual sentiment scores of each word. The dictionary is not limited to single words, and can be expanded to include n-grams (phrases of n words), as the context in which a word is used can dramatically change the sentiment. This may increase the accuracy of the dictionary at the cost of increased dimensionality. The dictionary itself must be compiled before it is possible to utilise this method. One of the most widely used for English text is the Harvard-IV-4 TagNeg (H4N) lexicon which is a general usage model that can be used to estimate the sentiment of a piece of text.

There are many difficulties faced with creating a dictionary of this sort, as language is often a subjective entity, leading to conflicting opinions in assigning tone to a specific word. Furthermore, the context within which a word is used can drastically change the intended sentiment of a word, for example, the word 'great' is naturally a very positive word, however, if used in a sarcastic manner (e.g. 'It's so great that my flight is delayed!') can invert the sentiment entirely. For this reason, simply summing the sentiment of a piece of text on a word by word scale can give an incorrect estimate.

Certain words that may have no meaning at all in one context, may have significant sentiment in another, particularly in the field of finance, where jargon dominates text. Loughran and McDonald [1] conducted an investigation into the use of standard lexicons for use in analysing 10-K filing reports, which are comprehensive reports filed by companies about their financial performance. They discovered that almost 75% of negative words found in the filings based on the H4N file were not typically negative in a financial context. For example, 'liability' is a negatively charged word in a standard context, while it carries no tone at all in the context of the filings. Loughran and McDonald created their own dictionary based on these results called the Loughran McDonald dictionary that is created for the purpose of classifying 10-k filings. For these reasons, lexicon based methods work far better if the it is bespoke for the topic at hand, needing a specific dictionary for each task.

2.1.2 Deep Learning Methods

Deep learning is at the forefront of innovation within the field of computer science and is being applied to increasingly complex problems that were once thought impossible for machines to complete. Naturally, its application in sentiment analysis and NLP has also been explored to some success in recent years.

Discussing the intricacies of modern deep learning methods is out of the scope of this paper, but an overview is sufficient to understand the motives behind the techniques used. Simply, deep learning uses multiple layers of non-linear processing units for feature extraction. Lower layers learn simple features, while those higher up build on this understanding and learn more complex features. In NLP terms, the models need word embedding results as input features

2.2 Semantic Extraction via Screening and Topic Modelling

Semantic Extraction via Screening and topic model (SESTM) is a novel text mining algorithm that makes us of a teaching signal developed by Zhang et Al. in 2020. It makes use of stock returns as a teaching signal to develop a model of sentiment words in maximally positive or negative arguments in order to be able to predict the sentiment of out of sample articles.

2.2.1 Generating the sample

- Discuss aligning hte article with returns
 - Discuss private stocks and public stocks
 - Discuss non market days
- Discuss pre processing the data
- Discuss the kaggle sample

2.2.2 Screening for sentiment charged words

The first step in this algorithm is to screen for sentiment words in a collection of articles. Some notation will be introduced here to facilitate the discussion and explanation of the algorithm.

- The sample is defined as n articles producing a dictionary of m words.
- The word count of article i is recorded in vector d_i
- $D = [d_1, d_2, \dots, d_n]$ is an $m \times n$ document term matrix
- The count of sentiment charged words in article i is defined as $d_{[S],i}$.

For a word j, we define f_j as the fractional representation of the frequency a word

2.3 Portfolios and Financial Market Analysis

This project explores investing in portfolios and analyses the returns from the constructed portfolios. In this section, we introduce the concepts that will be utilised and discuss the motivations for using certain factors.

2.3.1 Portfolios

A portfolio is simply a list of stocks that can be invested in by an individual or firm. The returns from a portfolio is defined as the profit accrued from all stocks over a set time period, usually daily, monthly or annually. Due to the nature of stocks, simply listing the returns as a concrete value does not convey the information required. For example, if stock 'A' were to be invested in at value \$50, and it rose to \$60 the following day, the returns could be said to be \$10. However, if stock 'B' were valued at \$1000, and the following day it rose to \$1010, the monetary value would be equivalent at \$10, but the percentage return is vastly different; 20% returns for stock 'A' and 1%. For this reason, returns from portfolios are expressed as a percentage.

Daily returns can be very marginal, as the time period is very small, often being smaller than 1%. In the interest of readability, *basis points* (also known as bps or bips) are used in lieu of a percentage, where 1 bip is equivalent to 0.01%. This makes it much easier to represent very small returns as are common in daily returns.

Creating a portfolio

A portfolio is constructed using a number of stocks and can be either bought (taking the 'long' position) or sold (taking the 'short' position). For stocks that are bought, the returns can be calculated from the difference in price at the time that the stock is sold. More concretely, if a stock has value S_t at time t, and held for n days before being sold, the long returns in percentage form can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\frac{S_t}{S_{t+n}} - 1$$

Similarly, for short returns, as the stock is being sold, profit is acquired if the stock falls in value, therefore the returns can be calculated using the following formula:

$$\frac{S_{t+n}}{S_t} - 1$$

Of course, these simple formulae negect transaction fees that can apply when constructing real portfolios. However, as we are creating portfolios in a theoretical sense, this suits our needs.

Once the portfolio has been constructed, the weighting for each stock must be considered. Each portfolio will have a value, which is the amount of money invested into it, and each stock will in turn get an investment that is a percentage of this overall value. There are two strategies that we will consider: equal weighted and value weighted strategies. Equal weighted is very simple: if a portfolio is comprised of n stocks and has some investment v, each stock has v/n invested into it. This strategy glosses over differences in stock size or price. On the other hand, value weighted portfolios assign much more money to stocks with higher value associated to them. This can be calculated in a number of ways, but the way we calculate this is if stock s_i in portfolio $P = [s_1, ..., s_n]$ has market value $P_{i,t}$ at time t, the weight of stock s_i would be:

$$w_i = \frac{p_{i,t}}{\sum_{n=0}^{1} p_{n,t}}$$

The amount invested into stock s_i would then be $w_i \times v$.

Fama French 3 and 5 Factor Models

Sharpe Ratio

2.4 SHUT

This chapter is intended to describe the background on which execution of the project depends. This may be a technical or a contextual background, or both. The goal is to provide a detailed explanation of the specific problem at hand, and existing work that is relevant (e.g., an existing algorithm that you use, alternative solutions proposed, supporting technologies).

Per the same advice in the handbook, note there is a subtly difference from this and a full-blown literature review (or survey). The latter might try to capture and organise (e.g., categorise somehow) all related work, potentially offering meta-analysis, whereas here the goal is simple to ensure the dissertation is self-contained. Put another way, after reading this chapter a non-expert reader should have obtained enough background to understand what you have done (by reading subsequent sections), then accurately assess your work against existing relevant related work. You might view an additional goal as giving the reader confidence that you are able to absorb, understand and clearly communicate highly technical material and to situate your work within existing literature.

Chapter 3

Project Execution

This chapter is intended to describe what you did: the goal is to explain the main activity or activities, of any type, which constituted your work during the project. The content is highly topic-specific, but for many projects it will make sense to split the chapter into two sections: one will discuss the design of something (e.g., some hardware or software, or an algorithm, or experiment), including any rationale or decisions made, and the other will discuss how this design was realised via some form of implementation.

This is, of course, far from ideal for many project topics. Some situations which clearly require a different approach include:

- In a project where asymptotic analysis of some algorithm is the goal, there is no real "design and implementation" in a traditional sense even though the activity of analysis is clearly within the remit of this chapter.
- In a project where analysis of some results is as major, or a more major goal than the implementation that produced them, it might be sensible to merge this chapter with the next one: the main activity is such that discussion of the results cannot be viewed separately.

Note that it is common to include evidence of "best practice" project management (e.g., use of version control, choice of programming language and so on). Rather than simply a rote list, make sure any such content is useful and/or informative in some way: for example, if there was a decision to be made then explain the trade-offs and implications involved.

3.1 Example Section

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Figure 3.1: This is an example figure.

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:	:	:			
9	9	9			

Table 3.1: This is an example table.

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3.1.1 Example Sub-section

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```

Algorithm 3.1: This is an example algorithm.

```
for( i = 0; i < n; i++ ) {
  t[ i ] = 0;
}</pre>
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Listing 3.1: This is an example listing.

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Chapter 4

Critical Evaluation

4.1 Unorganised Figures

4.1.1 Daily returns

	Sharpe	Average	Daily	FF3		FF3 FF5		F5	FF5 + MOM	
Formation	Ratio	Return	Turnover	α	R^2	α	R^2	$\overline{\alpha}$	R^2	
EW L-S	1.82	16.48	95.71%	15.00	2.09%	15.43	3.27%			
EWL	0.86	9.14	95.49%	8.77	2.88%	8.56	2.60%			
EW S	0.57	7.34	95.93%	6.23	1.68%	6.17	1.97%			
VW L-S	1.97	30.13	94.99%	27.16	2.21%	27.19	4.86%			
VWL	0.91	12.00	94.67%	10.83	6.29%	10.52	6.21%			
VWS	1.11	18.13	95.30%	16.34	1.16%	16.70	2.21%			

Table 4.1: Performance of Daily News Sentiment Portfolios

Table 4.1 describes the

4.1.2 Most impactful words

Following the construction of matrix O, figure 4.1 demonstrates the list of sentiment charged words on average over all training 19 windows. At each training and validation window, the sentiment lists are generated completely from scratch, and while there is some overlap, each list can vary significantly. The font size corresponds to the average tone (calculated by $\frac{1}{2}(O_+ - O_-)$) of the words across all windows. Of the top 50 positive sentiment words, the following appeared in more than 75% of windows, with words highlighted in **bold** appearing in all windows:

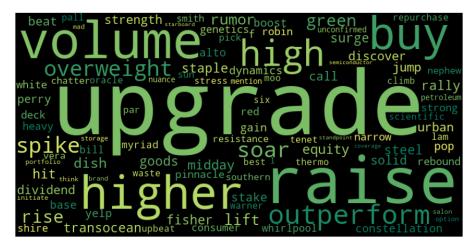
soar, raise, high, volume, upgrade

The following words are the equivalent with respect to top 50 negative sentiment words:

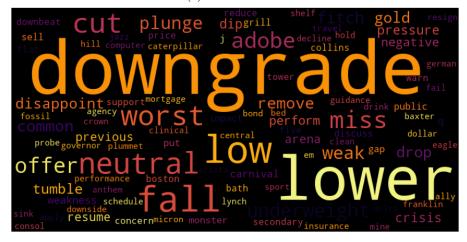
disappoint, fall, cut, plunge, low, miss, weak, lower, downgrade, underweight

Simply by inspection, each group appears sane, in the sense that many of the words with high values in either sentiment could be assumed. However, some words are somewhat surprising and this may offer an insight into subconsious bias that exists in writing headlines as opposed to article bodies. For example, the word *volume* is, under normal circumstances, a sentiment neutral word, but according to the model generated by SESTM, is a highly positive word. Examples of headlines including this word include:

- Agilent spikes to high of \$60.40 on Volume
- Markets gather some momentum as volume remains light, geopolitical tension improving
- Tuesday's Mid-day options for Volume Leaders



(a) Positive words



(b) Negative words

Figure 4.1: Word clouds demonstrating sentiment charged words. Font size corresponds to average tone across all training samples

Included in the sample are headlines from 'Benzinga', which is a company that offers realtime news articles, and has a significant quantity of headlines of the form Benzinga's top upgrades and Benzinga's volume

The headline of a news article is often packed with more impactful words to grab the attention of a reader

4.1.3 Speed of information Assimilation

4.1.4 Comparison to other methods

4.2 What to do

A topic-specific chapter

This chapter is intended to evaluate what you did. The content is highly topic-specific, but for many projects will have flavours of the following:

- 1. functional testing, including analysis and explanation of failure cases,
- 2. behavioural testing, often including analysis of any results that draw some form of conclusion wrt. the aims and objectives, and

3. evaluation of options and decisions within the project, and/or a comparison with alternatives.

This chapter often acts to differentiate project quality: even if the work completed is of a high technical quality, critical yet objective evaluation and comparison of the outcomes is crucial. In essence, the reader wants to learn something, so the worst examples amount to simple statements of fact (e.g., "graph X shows the result is Y"); the best examples are analytical and exploratory (e.g., "graph X shows the result is Y, which means Z; this contradicts [1], which may be because I use a different assumption"). As such, both positive and negative outcomes are valid if presented in a suitable manner.

Chapter 5

Conclusion

The concluding chapter of a dissertation is often underutilised because it is too often left too close to the deadline: it is important to allocate enough attention to it. Ideally, the chapter will consist of three parts:

- 1. (Re)summarise the main contributions and achievements, in essence summing up the content.
- 2. Clearly state the current project status (e.g., "X is working, Y is not") and evaluate what has been achieved with respect to the initial aims and objectives (e.g., "I completed aim X outlined previously, the evidence for this is within Chapter Y"). There is no problem including aims which were not completed, but it is important to evaluate and/or justify why this is the case.
- 3. Outline any open problems or future plans. Rather than treat this only as an exercise in what you could have done given more time, try to focus on any unexplored options or interesting outcomes (e.g., "my experiment for X gave counter-intuitive results, this could be because Y and would form an interesting area for further study" or "users found feature Z of my software difficult to use, which is obvious in hindsight but not during at design stage; to resolve this, I could clearly apply the technique of Smith [7]").

Bibliography

[1] TIM LOUGHRAN and BILL MCDONALD. When is a liability not a liability? textual analysis, dictionaries, and 10-ks. The Journal of Finance, 66(1):35-65, 2011.

Appendix A

An Example Appendix

Content which is not central to, but may enhance the dissertation can be included in one or more appendices; examples include, but are not limited to

- lengthy mathematical proofs, numerical or graphical results which are summarised in the main body,
- sample or example calculations, and
- results of user studies or questionnaires.

Note that in line with most research conferences, the marking panel is not obliged to read such appendices. The point of including them is to serve as an additional reference if and only if the marker needs it in order to check something in the main text. For example, the marker might check a program listing in an appendix if they think the description in the main dissertation is ambiguous.