

Problem 1

Let $B = \{\text{pancakes, bacon, coffee}\}$, $L = \{\text{sandwich, salad, coffee}\}$, and $D = \{\text{pasta, soup, coffee}\}$.

- Compute $|B|$, $|L|$, and $|D|$.
- Compute $|B \times L|$ and $|B \times L \times D|$.
- Compute $|B \cap L|$ and $|B \cup L|$.

a) $|B| = \boxed{3}$

$|L| = \boxed{3}$

$|D| = \boxed{3}$

b) $|B \times L| = |B| \cdot |L| = 3 \cdot 3 = \boxed{9}$

$|B \times L \times D| = |B| \cdot |L| \cdot |D| = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = \boxed{27}$

c) $B \cap L = \{ \text{coffee} \}$

$\therefore |B \cap L| = \boxed{1}$

$|B \cup L| = |B| + |L| - |B \cap L| = 3 + 3 - 1 = \boxed{5}$

Suppose that your favorite restaurant has different options for breakfast, lunch, and dinner. B is their breakfast menu, L is their lunch menu, and D is their dinner menu.

- How many options are there for breakfast?
- You go to the restaurant for all three meals, and order one item for each meal. How many possible daily diets are there?
- If you go to the restaurant for either breakfast or lunch (but not both), how many possible items could you order?

d) 3 options for breakfast

e) $|B \times L \times D| = |B| \cdot |L| \cdot |D| = 3^3 = \boxed{27}$

f) $|B \cup L| = |B| + |L| - |B \cap L| = \boxed{5}$

Problem 2

- a) How many functions are there from $\{1\}$ to $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$?

$\forall x \in \{1\}, \exists y \in \{a, b, c, d, e\} \text{ st. } x \mapsto y$

There are $\boxed{5}$ functions.

namely, $\begin{matrix} 1 \mapsto a \\ 1 \mapsto b \\ 1 \mapsto c \\ 1 \mapsto d \\ 1 \mapsto e \end{matrix}$

- b) How many functions are there from $\{1, 2\}$ to $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$?

$\forall x \in \{1, 2\}, \exists y \in \{a, b, c, d, e\} \text{ st. } x \mapsto y$

There $5 \times 5 = \boxed{25}$ functions.

1 can map to one of 5 letters in $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$

2 can map to one of the 5 letters in $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$

c) How many injective functions are there from $\{1, 2\}$ to $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$?

one-to-one

There are $5 \times 4 = \boxed{20}$ functions

1 can map to one of 5 letters in $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$

2 can map to one of the 4 remaining letters in $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$.

d) How many surjective functions are there from $\{1, 2\}$ to $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$?

There are $\boxed{10}$ such surjections.

values in $\{1, 2\}$ can each only map to one value in $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$. The range then is only, at max, of size 2.

But $|\{a, b, c, d, e\}| = 5$. $2 \neq 5$. So the range is not the codomain.

e) How many functions are there from $\{1, \dots, m\}$ to $\{1, \dots, n\}$?

There are $\boxed{n^m}$ such functions

Each value in $\{1, \dots, m\}$ can map to one of n values, so $n \times n \times n \times \dots$ m times.

Problem 3

There are 10 math majors, 10 ECE majors, and 3 CS majors in a room. Two of the people are math-ECE double majors and 1 is a math-CS double major (no triple majors). How many people are there?

a) How many people are either math majors or ECE majors?

b) How many people are there in total?

$$\text{a) } |M| = 10$$

$$|E| = 10$$

$$|C| = 3$$

$$|M \cap E| = 2$$

$$|M \cap C| = 1$$

$$|M \cup E| = |M| + |E| - |M \cap E| \\ = 10 + 10 - 2$$

$$= \boxed{18}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b) |M \cup E \cup C| &= |M| + |E| + |C| - |M \cap E| - |M \cap C| + |M \cap E \cap C| \\ &= 10 + 10 + 3 - 2 - 1 + 0 \\ &= \boxed{20} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 4

How many ways are there to permute the letters 'a' through 'z' so that at least one of the strings "fish," "cat," or "rat" appears as a substring?

Total possible permutations

$$\underline{36!}$$

A_1 - strings w/ "fish"

A_2 - strings w/ "cat"

A_3 - strings w/ "rat"

$$\begin{aligned} |A_1| &= (1, 4 \text{ letter word option} + \\ &\quad 22 \text{ remaining letters})! \\ &\approx 23! \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_2| &= (1, 3 \text{ letter word option} + \\ &\quad 23 \text{ remaining letters})! \\ &\approx 24! \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_3| &= (1, 3 \text{ letter word option} + \\ &\quad 23 \text{ remaining letters})! \\ &\approx 24! \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_1 \cap A_2| &= (1, 4 \text{ letter word} + \\ &\quad 1, 3 \text{ letter word} + \\ &\quad 23 \text{ remaining letters}) \\ &\approx 21! \end{aligned}$$

$$|A_1 \cap A_3| = (1, 4 \text{ letter word} +$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{1, 2 letter words} \\ & \text{(9 remaining letters)} \\ & = 21! \end{aligned}$$

$$|A_2 \cap A_3| = 0 \quad \text{bc both contain 'att'}$$

$$|A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3| = 0 \quad \Downarrow$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A_1 \cup A_2 \cup A_3| &= |A_1| + |A_2| + |A_3| \\ &\quad - |A_1 \cap A_2| - |A_1 \cap A_3| - |A_2 \cap A_3| \\ &\quad + |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3| \\ &= 23! + 24! + 24! - 21! - 21! - 0 + 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{23! + 24! + 24! - 21! - 21!}$$