Amplificatore differentiale (LUC 20)
$$V_{02} = -\frac{R_2}{R_1} V_2$$

$$\mathcal{N}_{01} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{V}_1 \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{R_1} \cdot R_2 + \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{V}_1 \cdot \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \end{pmatrix} = \mathcal{N}_{-}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1 + R_2}{R_1}\right) \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot \mathcal{V}_1 = \frac{R_2}{R_1} \mathcal{V}_1$$

$$\mathcal{V}_0 = \mathcal{V}_{01} + \mathcal{V}_{02} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} \left(\mathcal{V}_1 - \mathcal{V}_2 \right)$$