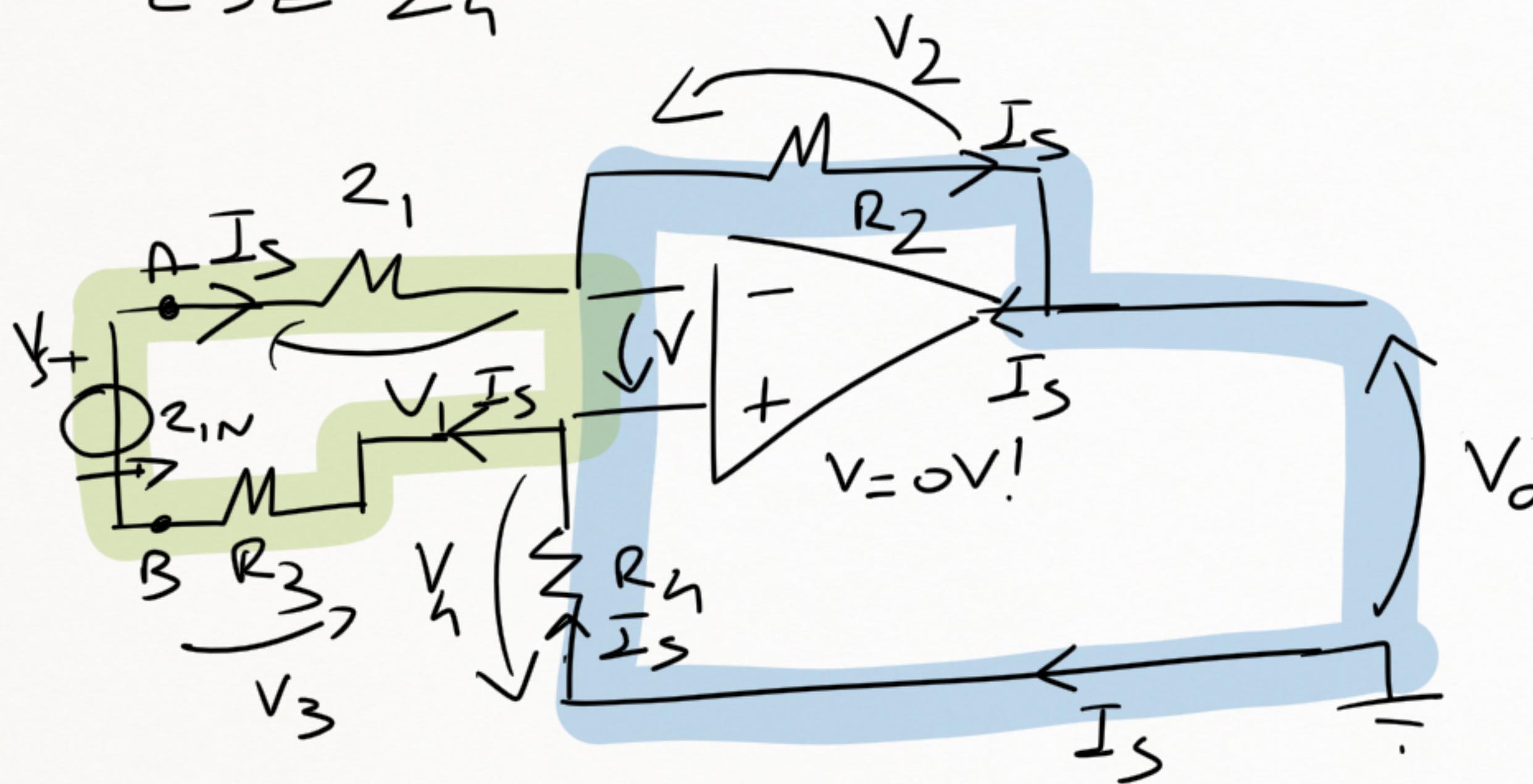


ESE 24



$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = R$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = ?$$

$$R_{IN} = ?$$

$V_s + V = V_1 + V_3 \Rightarrow V = V_1 + V_3 = I_s R_1 + I_s R_3 \Rightarrow I_s = \frac{V_s}{R_1 + R_3}$

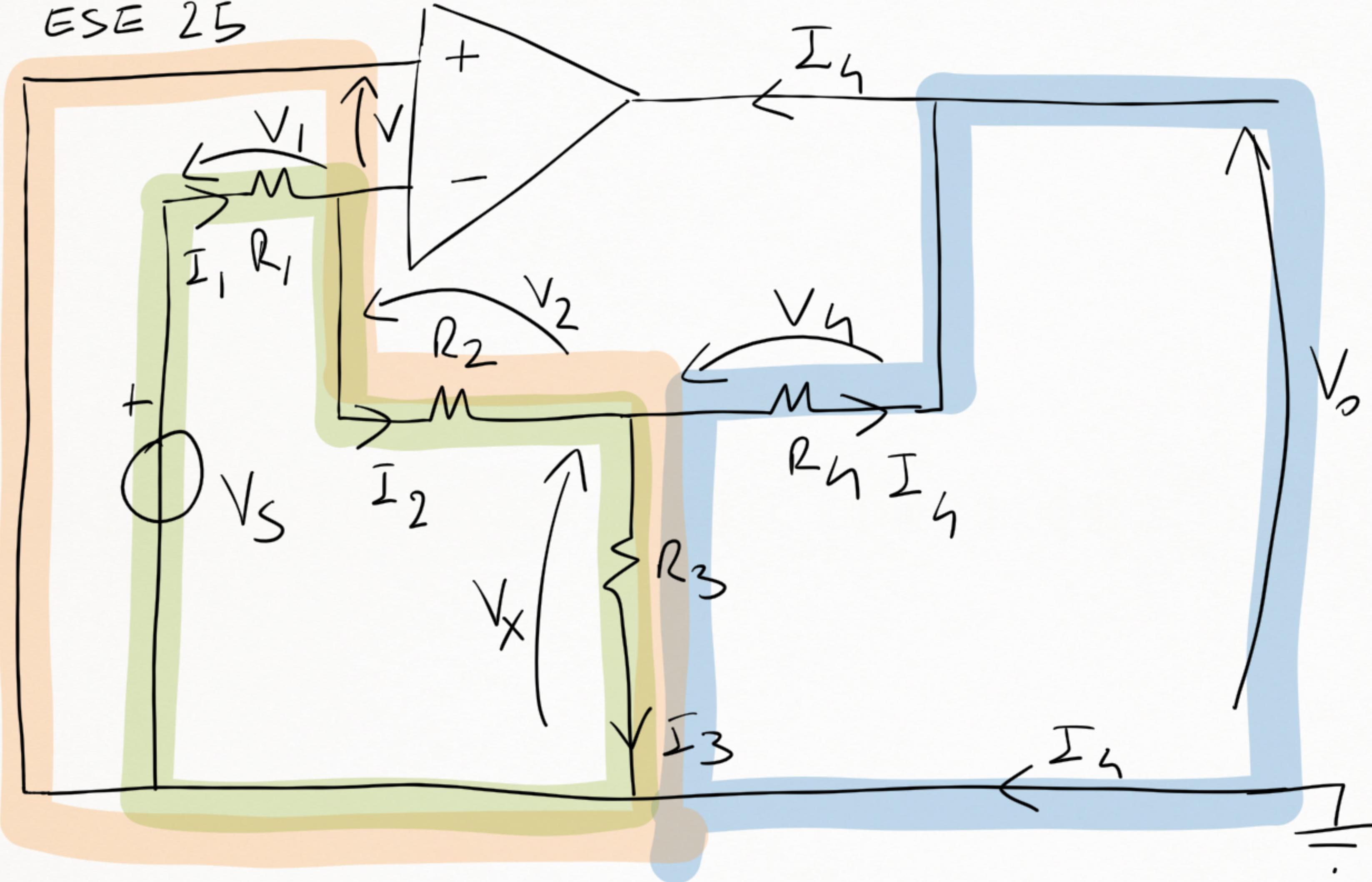
$$R_{IN} = \frac{V_s}{I_s} = \frac{I_s (R_1 + R_3)}{I_s} = R_1 + R_3 = 2R$$

$V_0 + V_2 + V + V_1 = 0 \Rightarrow V_0 = -V_2 - V_1 = -I_s R_2 - I_s R_4$

$$V_o = - I_S (R_2 + R_L) = - \frac{V_s}{R_3 + R_1} (R_2 + R_L)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = - \frac{R_2 + R_L}{R_1 + R_3} = - 1$$

ESE 25



$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = ?$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = \frac{V_x}{V_s} \cdot \frac{V_o}{V_x}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{V_s}{R_1}, \quad I_2 = I_1$$

$$V_s = V_x + V_2 + V_1$$

$$V_s = V_x + I_1 R_1 + I_2 R_2 = V_x + I_1 (R_1 + R_2) = V_x + \frac{V_s}{R_1} (R_1 + R_2)$$

$$\frac{V_x}{V_s} = -\frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

■ $V_x + V_2 + V = 0 \Rightarrow V_2 = -V_x$

■ $V_o + V_h = V_x \Rightarrow V_o = V_x - V_h = V_x - I_h R_h$

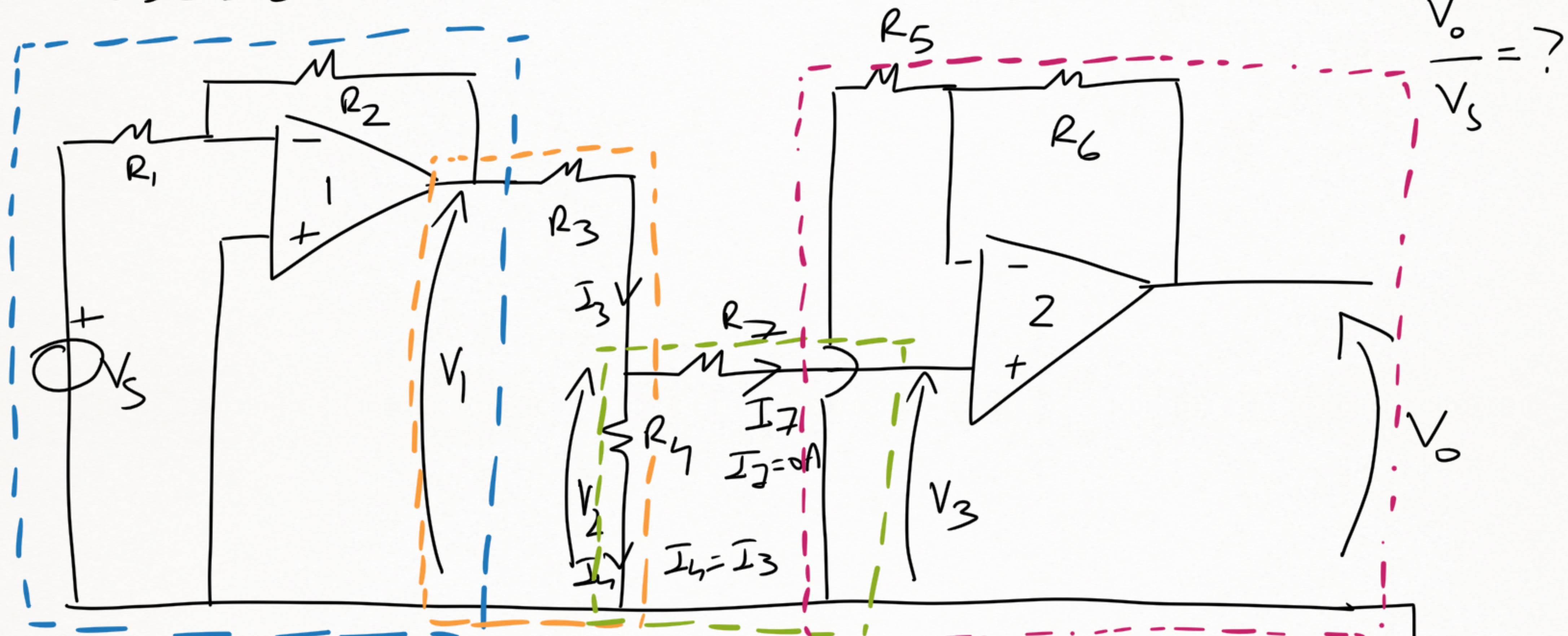
$$\begin{aligned} I_2 &= I_3 + I_h \Rightarrow I_h = I_2 - I_3 = \frac{V_2}{R_2} - \frac{V_x}{R_3} = -V_x \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \right) = \\ &= -V_x \left(\frac{R_3 + R_2}{R_2 R_3} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_o = V_x - R_h \cdot \left(-V_x \left(\frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_2 R_3} \right) \right)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_x} = 1 + R_h \cdot \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_2 R_3}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = - \frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot \left(1 + R_h \frac{R_2 + R_3}{R_2 R_3} \right)$$

ESE 26



↳ CONF. INV.

$$\frac{V_1}{V_s} = -\frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

PART.
TENS.

$$\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4}$$

$$\frac{V_3}{V_2} = 1$$

↳ CONF. NON INV.

$$\frac{V_o}{V_3} = 1 + \frac{R_6}{R_5}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_s} = \frac{V_1}{V_s} \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_1} \cdot \frac{V_3}{V_2} \cdot \frac{V_6}{V_3} = - \frac{R_2}{R_1} \cdot \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \cdot 1 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{R_6}{R_5} \right)$$

CIRCUITI A SINGOLA COSTANTE DI TEMPO

CONDENSATORE

$$V_C \left(\frac{\downarrow v_C}{\text{---}} \right) \quad i_C = C \frac{dV_C}{dt}$$

$$V_C(t_0^-) = V_C(t_0^+)$$

INDUTTORE

$$V_L \left(\frac{\downarrow v_L}{\text{---}} \right) \quad V_L = L \frac{di_L}{dt}$$

$$i_L(t_0^-) = i_L(t_0^+)$$

COND. STAZIONARIE = COND. EQUILIBRIO

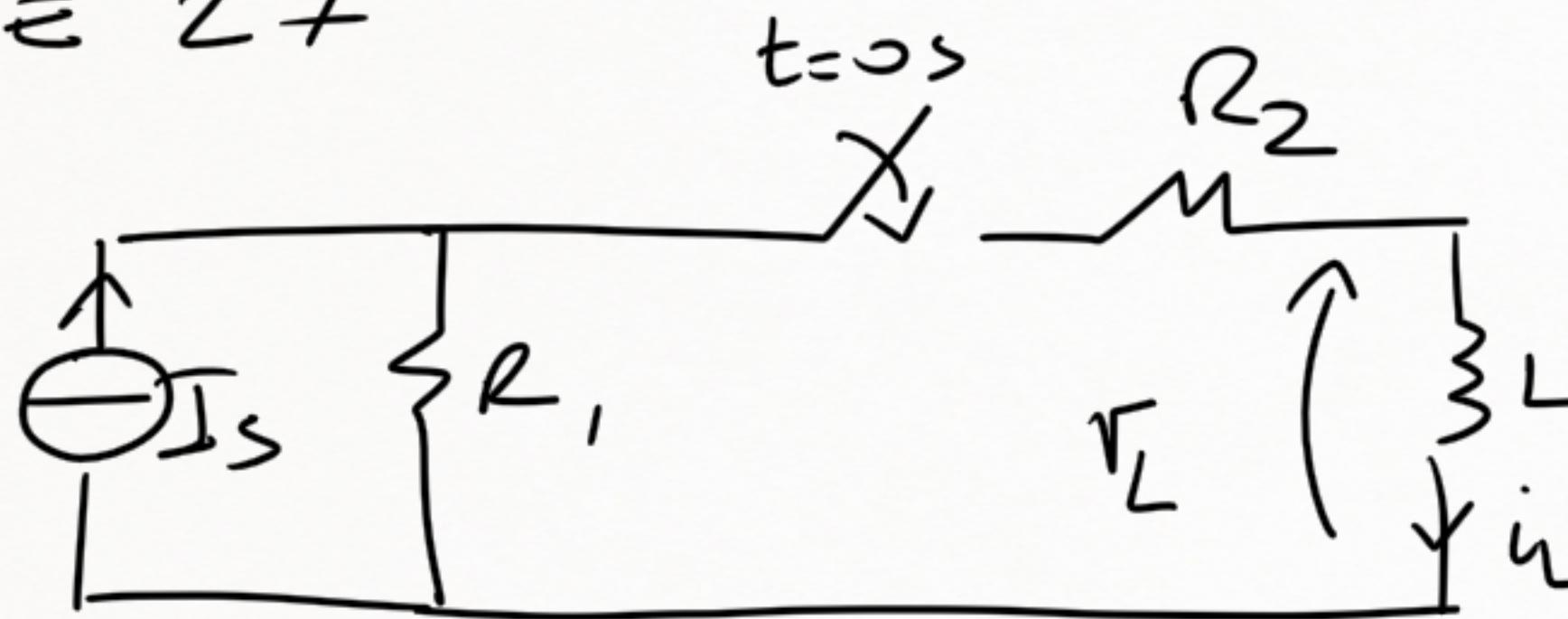
$$\frac{dV_C}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow v_C = 0V$$

COND. SI COMPORTA COME UN
CIRCUITO APERTO!

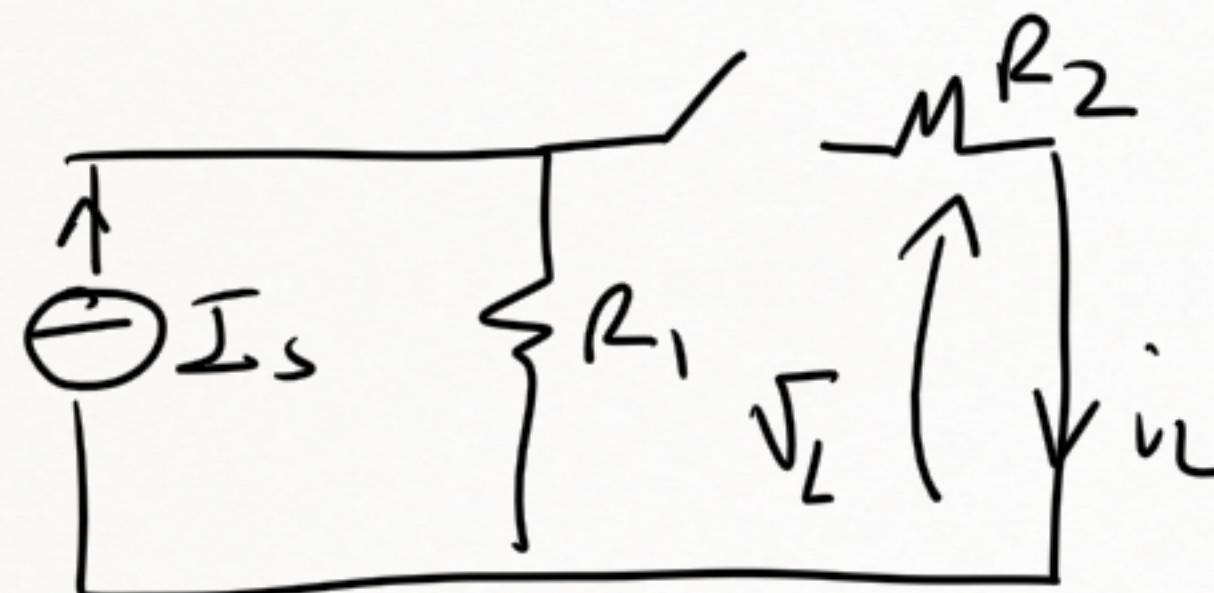
$$\frac{di_L}{dt} = 0 \Rightarrow V_L = 0V$$

IND. SI COMPORTA COME UN
FILO!

ESE 27



$t = 0^-s$: COND. S-T A2.



$$i_L(0^-) = 0A$$

$$v_L(0^-) = 0V$$

$$I_s = 6A$$

$$R_1 = 2\Omega$$

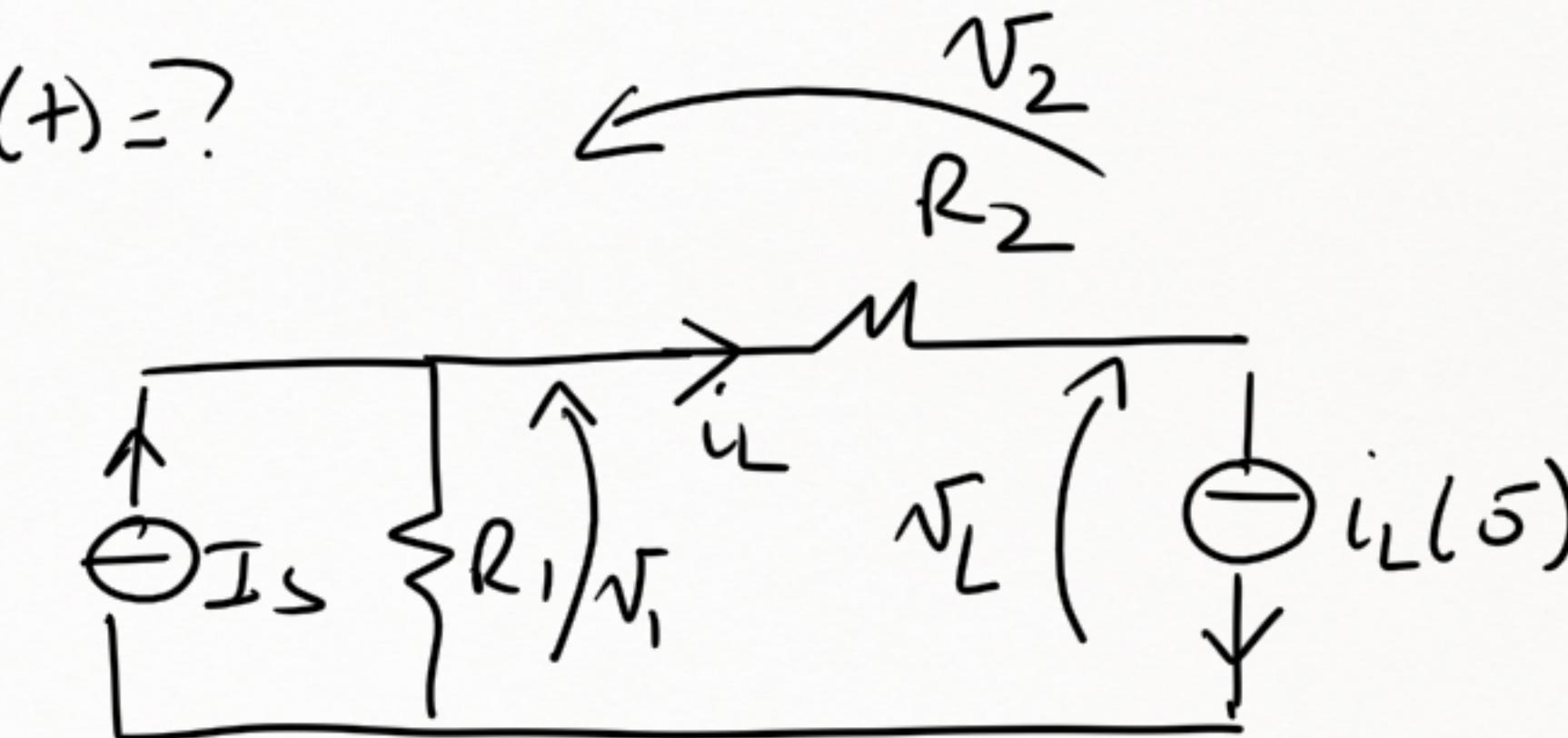
$$R_2 = 4\Omega$$

$$L = 3H$$

$$i_L(+) = ?$$

$$v_L(+) = ?$$

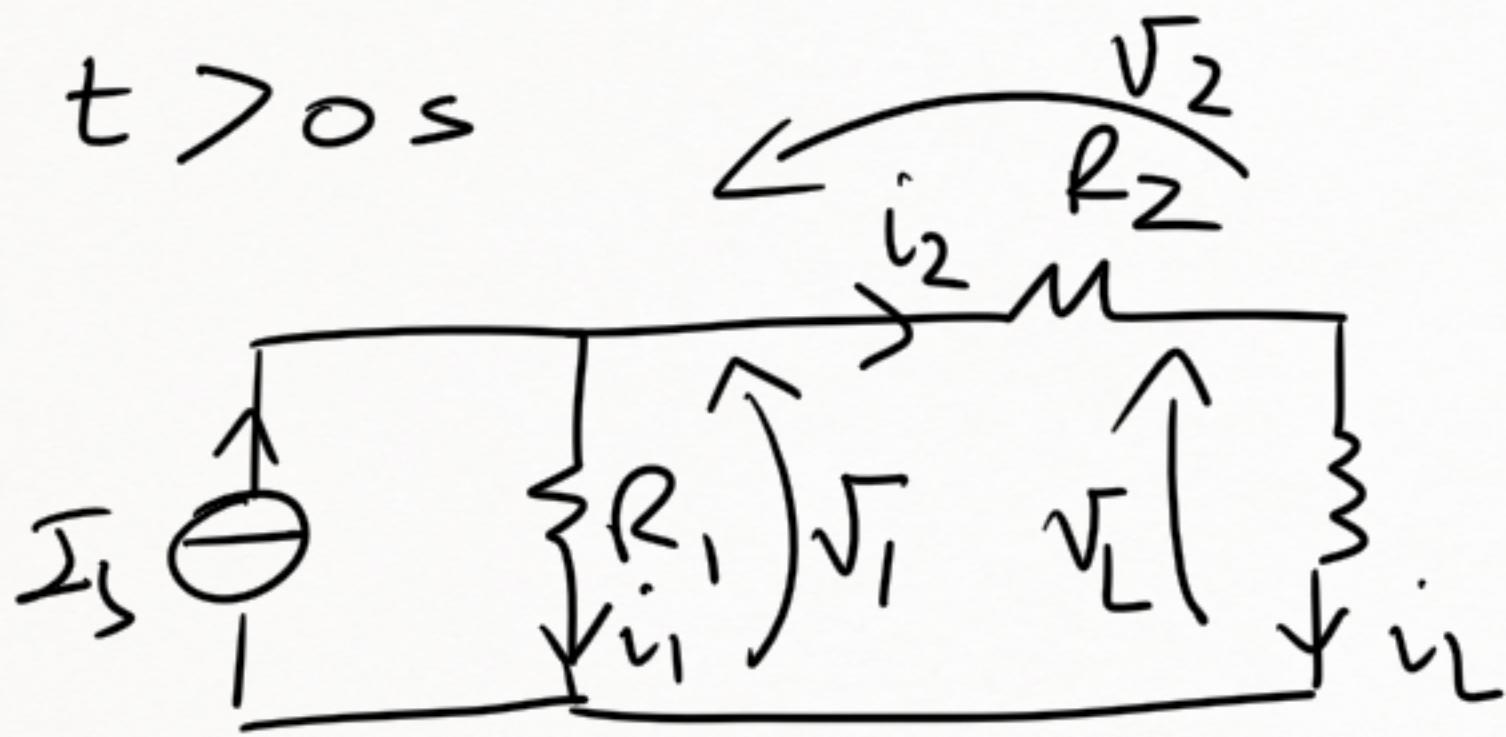
$t = 0^+s$:



$$v_2(0^+) = 0V \Rightarrow v_L(0^+) = v_L(0^-) = I_s R_1 = 12V$$

$$v_L(0^+) = L \frac{di_L(0^+)}{dt} > 0 \Rightarrow i_L(+) \nearrow \Rightarrow v_2(t) \nearrow$$

$$\Rightarrow V_L (+) \rightarrow$$



$$i_L = \frac{V_2}{R_2} = \frac{V_1 - V_L}{R_2}$$

$$\frac{V_L}{R_2} = \frac{V_1}{R_2} - i_L \quad ; \quad V_L = L \frac{di_L}{dt}$$

$$i_L = \frac{L}{R_{EQ}} \left(\frac{1}{R_1 + R_2} \right) \frac{di_L}{dt} + i_L = \left[\frac{I_s}{R_1 + R_2} \right] \Rightarrow i_L(+\infty)$$

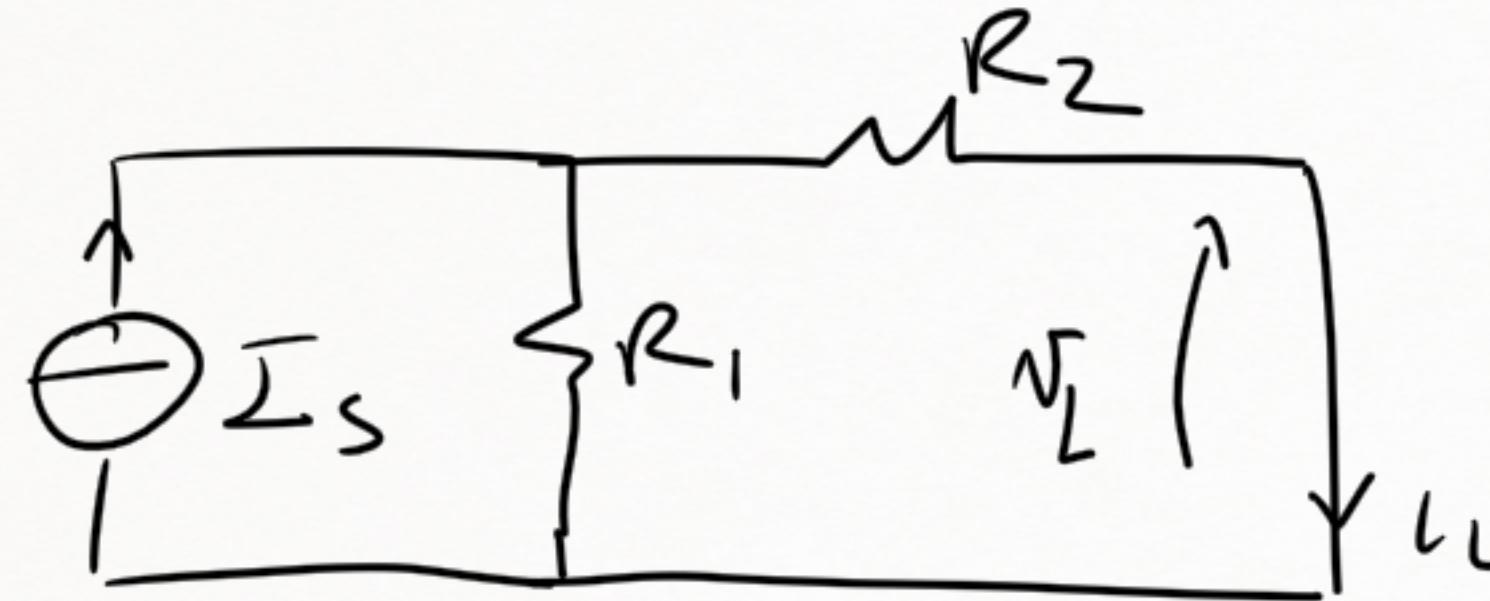
$$i_2 = i_L$$

$$I_s = i_1 + i_L \Rightarrow i_1 = I_s - i_L$$

$$V_1 = i_1 R_1 = (I_s - i_L) R_1$$

$$V_2 = V_1 - V_L$$

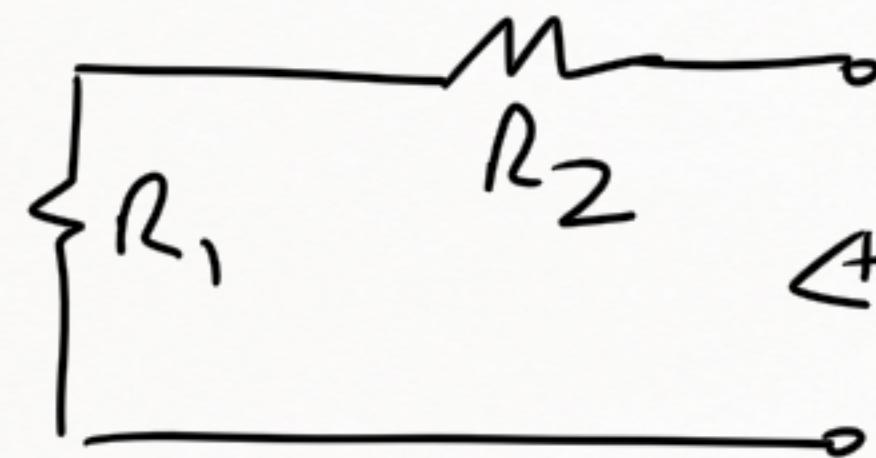
$t = +\infty$: NUOVE COND. STAZIONARIE



$$i_L(+\infty) = I_s \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = 2 \text{ A}$$

$$V_L(+\infty) = 0 \text{ V}$$

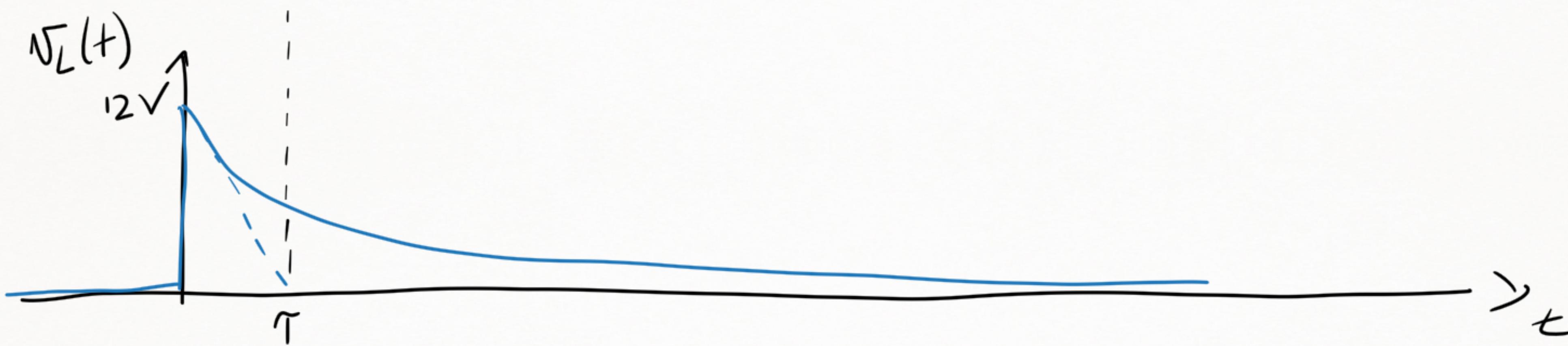
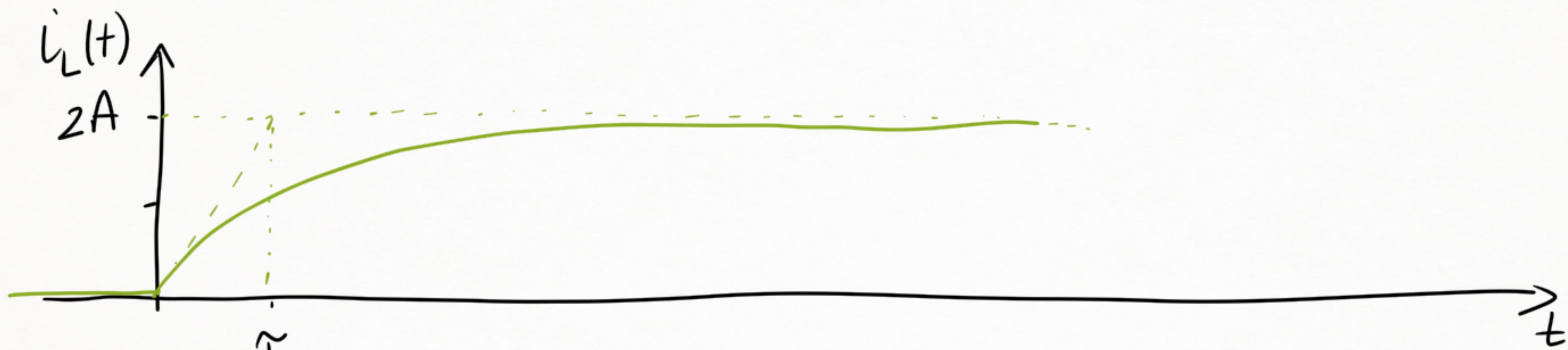
γ :



$$\leftarrow R_{EQ} = R_1 + R_2 \Rightarrow \gamma = \frac{L}{R_{EQ}} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ s}$$

$$i_L(t) = [i_L(0^+) - i_L(+\infty)] e^{-t/\gamma} + i_L(+\infty) = i_L(+\infty) (1 - e^{-t/\gamma}) [\text{A}]$$

$$V_L(t) = L \frac{di_L}{dt} = [V_L(0^+) - V_L(+\infty)] e^{-t/\gamma} + V_L(+\infty) = V_L(0^+) e^{-t/\gamma} [\text{V}]$$



RISPOSTA:

$$x(t) = [x(0^+) - x(+\infty)] e^{-t/\gamma} + x(+\infty) \quad [x, i \text{ oppure } v]$$

$$x(0^+) = ?$$

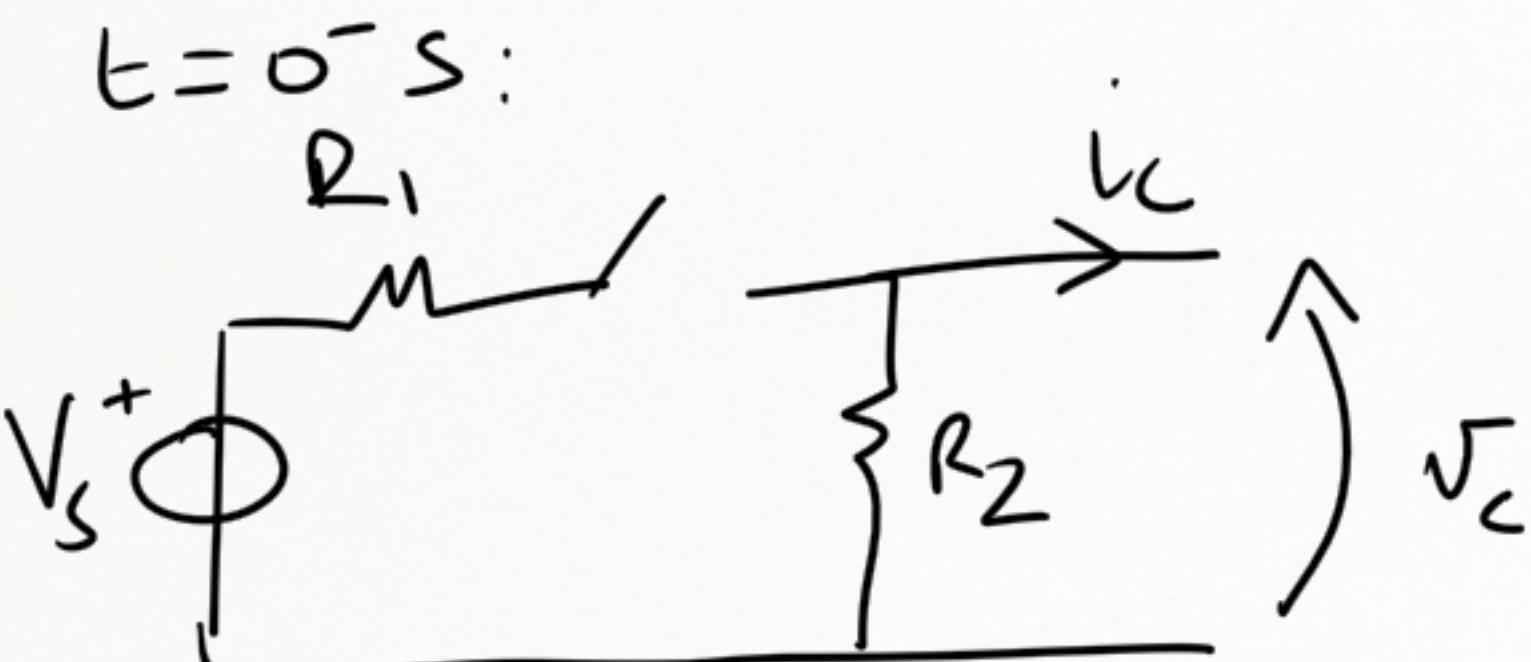
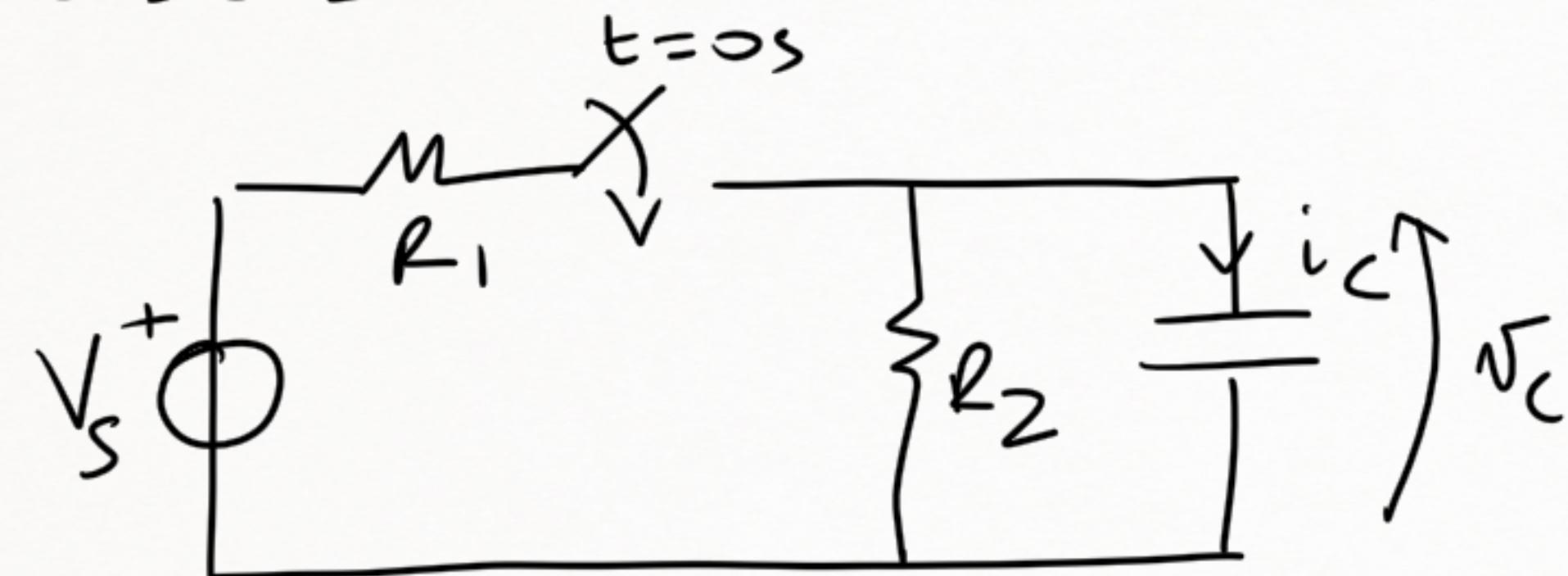
$$x(+\infty) = ?$$

$$\gamma = ?$$

$$Y(L) = \frac{C}{R+L}$$

$$C \cdot \gamma = C \cdot R + C$$

ESE 28



$$i_C(0) = 0A$$

$$V_C(0) = 0V$$

$$V_s = 12V$$

$$R_1 = 3\Omega$$

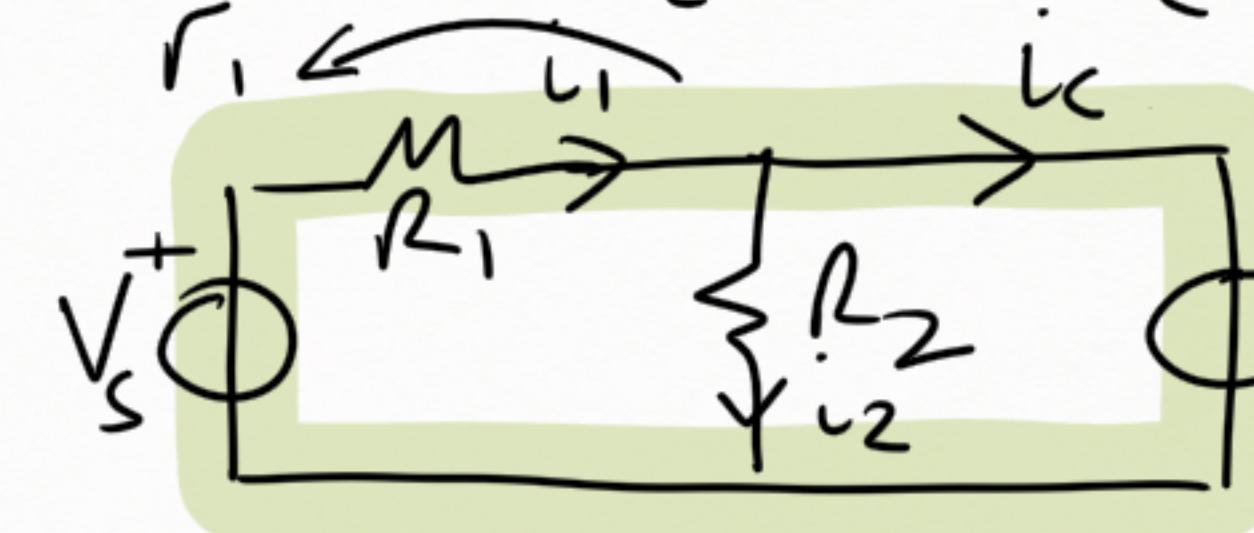
$$R_2 = 6\Omega$$

$$C = \frac{1}{2} F$$

$$i_C(+) = ?$$

$$V_C(+) = ?$$

$$t = 0^+ \leq: V_C(0^+) = V_C(0^-) = 0V \Rightarrow i_2(0^+) = 0A$$

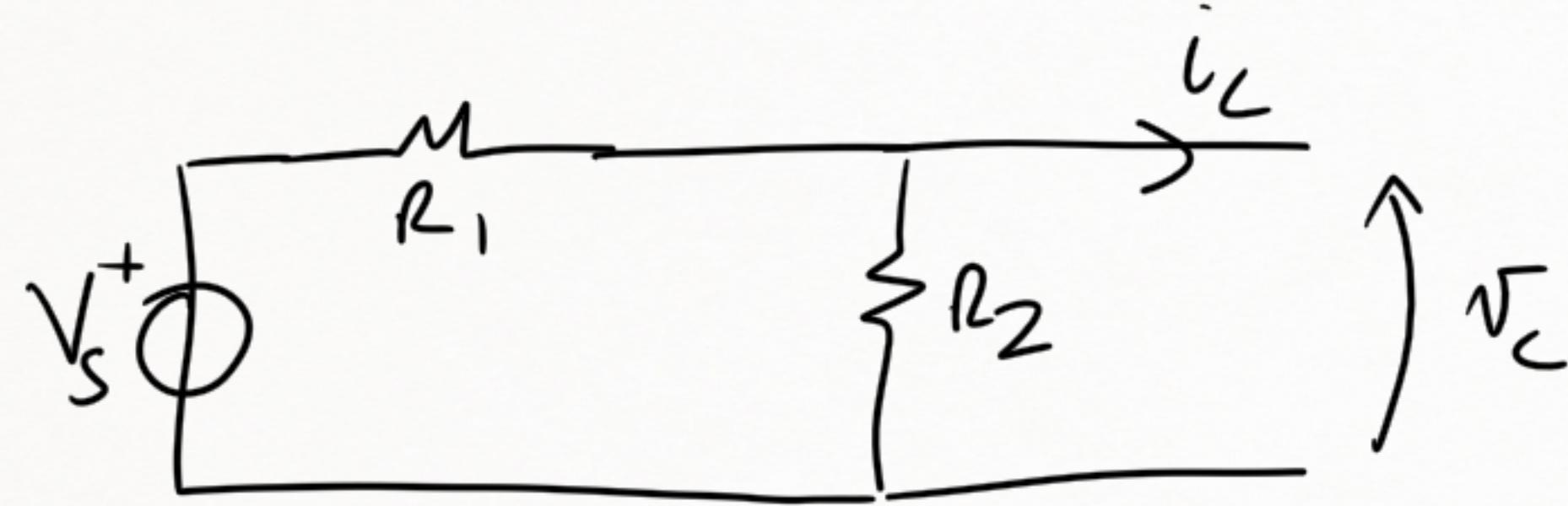


$$V_s = V_C + V_1 = V_1$$

$$i_1(0^+) = i_2(0^+) + i_C(0^+)$$

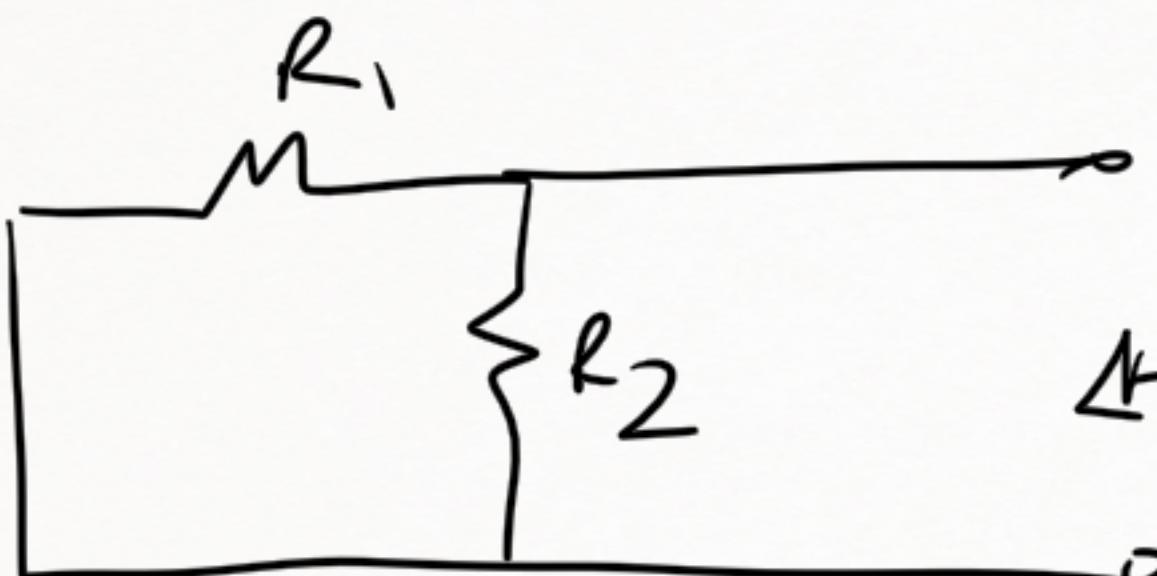
$$i_C(0^+) = i_1(0^+) = \frac{V_s}{R_1} = 4A$$

$t = +\infty$:



$$V_C(+\infty) = V_s \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = 8V$$

$$i_C(+\infty) = 0A$$

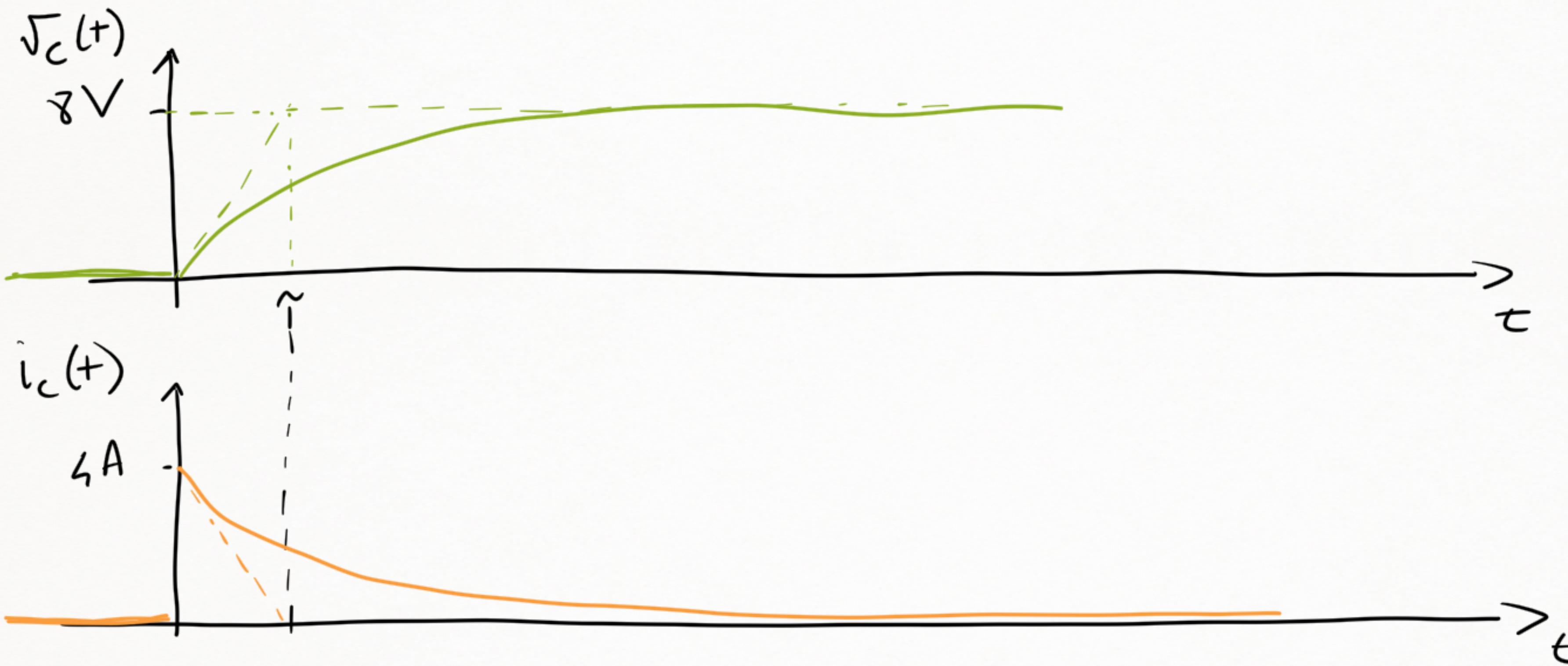


$$\Delta R_{eq} = R_1 // R_2 = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = 2\Omega$$

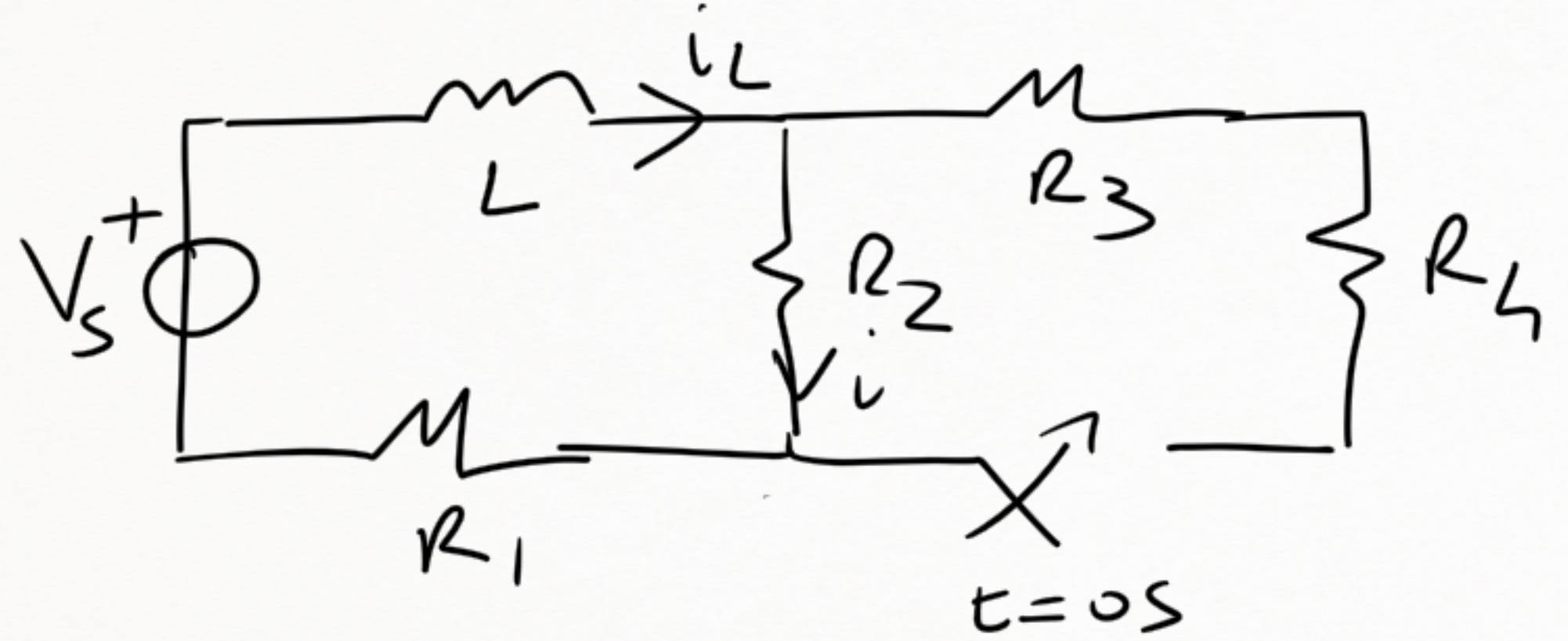
$$\tau = C R_{eq} = 1s$$

$$V_C(+) = [V_C(0) - V_C(+\infty)] e^{-t/\tau} + V_C(+\infty) = V_C(+\infty)[1 - e^{-t/\tau}] [V]$$

$$i_C(+) = C \frac{dV_C}{dt} = i_C(0^+) e^{-t/\tau} = [i_C(0^+) - i_C(+\infty)] e^{-t/\tau} + i_C(+\infty) [A]$$



ESE 2)



$$V_s = 10V$$

$$R_1 = R_4 = 3\Omega$$

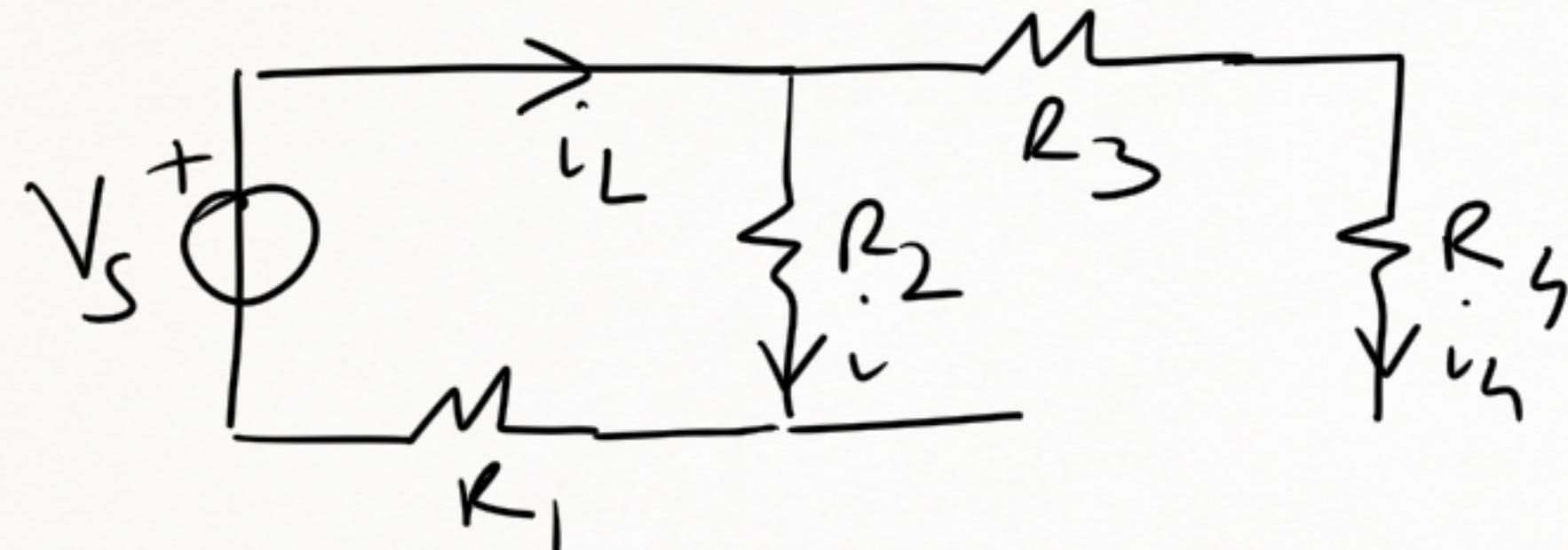
$$R_2 = 1\Omega$$

$$R_3 = 2\Omega$$

$$L = 1H$$

$$i(+)=?$$

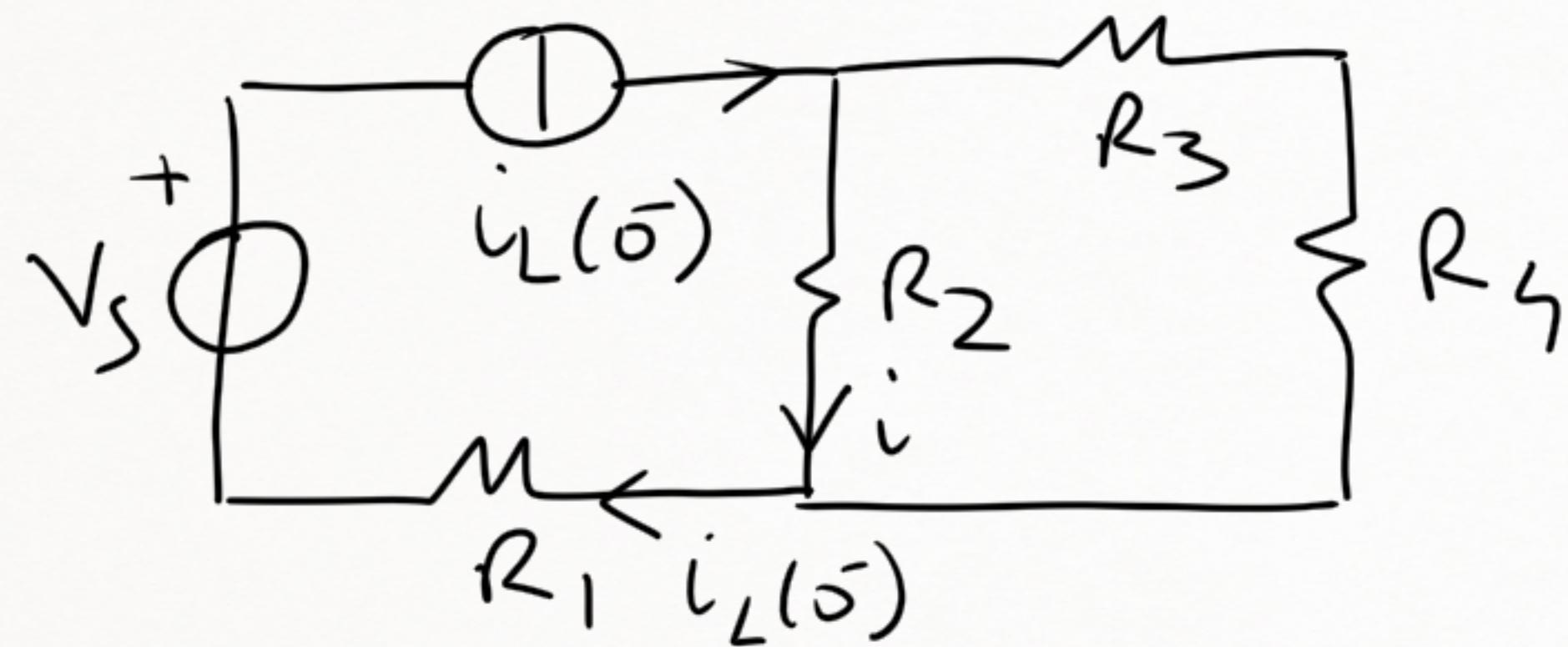
$t = 5^- s$:



$$i_L(5^-) = 0A$$

$$i_L(5^-) = i(5^-) = \frac{V_s}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{5}{2} A$$

$t = 0^+$ s :

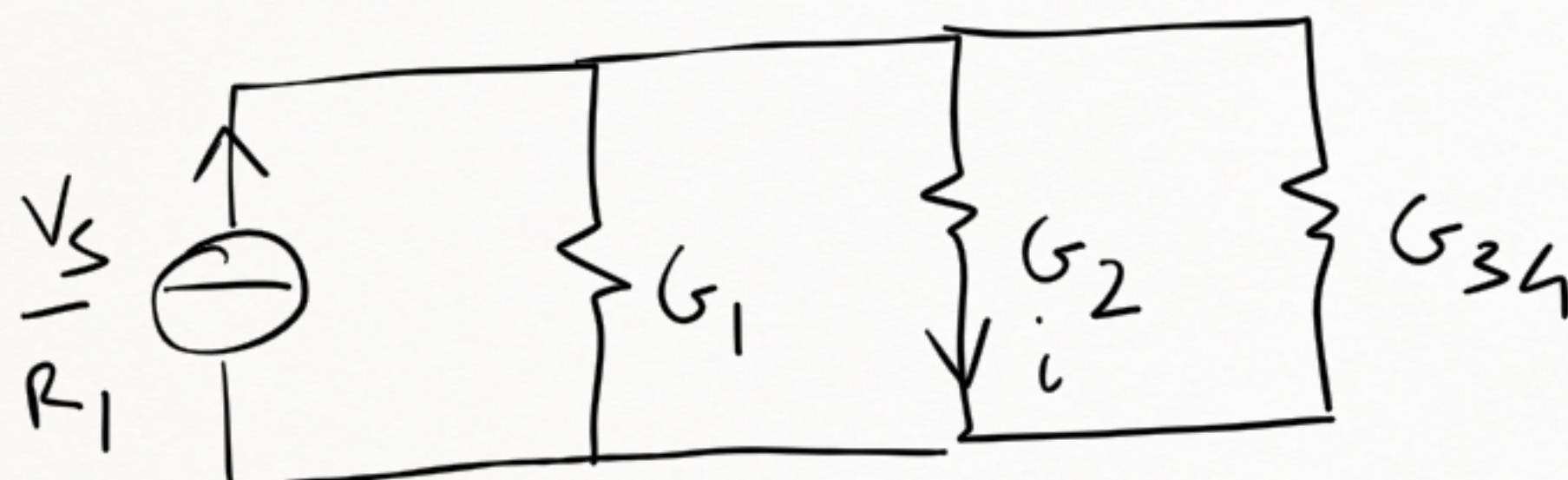
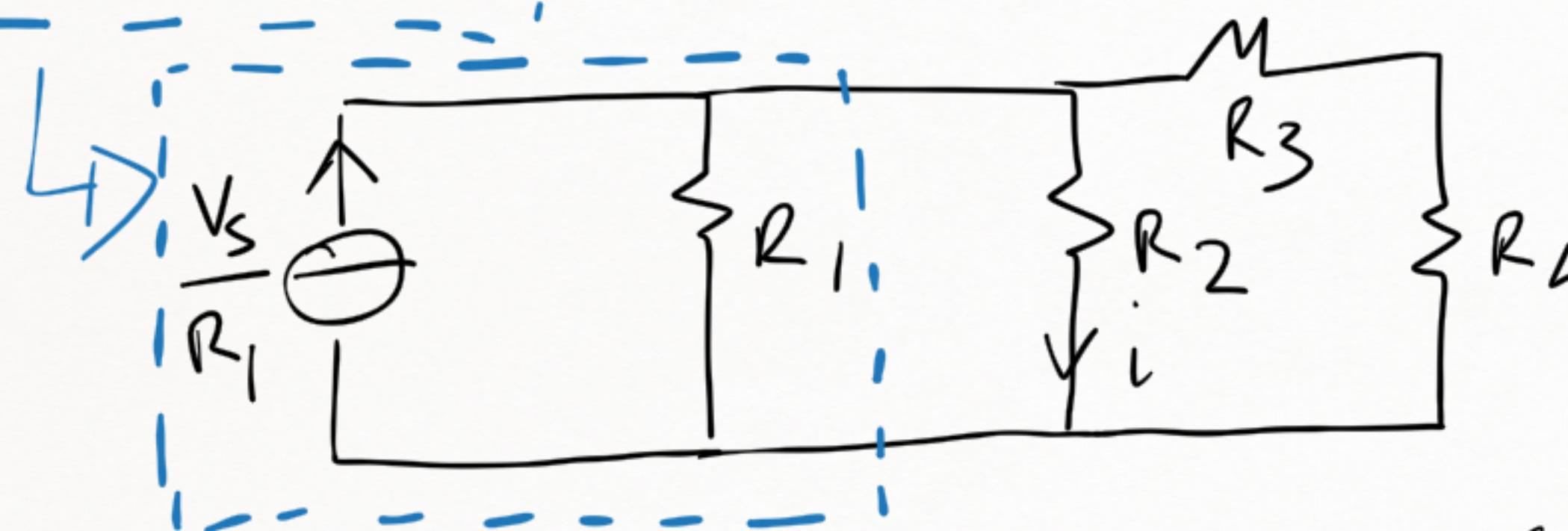
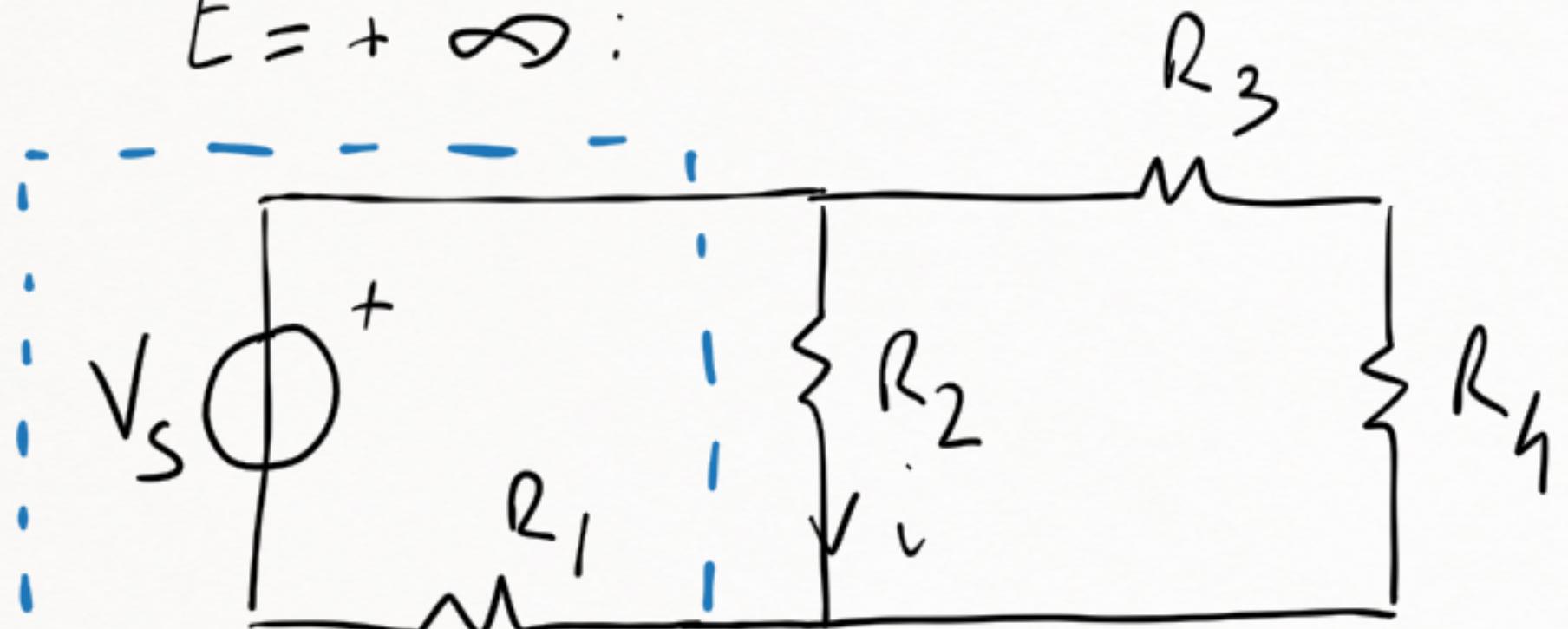


$$G_2 = \frac{1}{R_2} = 1 S$$

$$G_{34} = \frac{1}{R_3 + R_4} = \frac{1}{5} S$$

$$i(0^+) = i_L(0^-) \cdot \frac{R_3 + R_4}{R_2 + R_3 + R_4} = \frac{G_2}{G_2 + G_{34}} i_L(0^-) = \frac{25}{12} A$$

$t = +\infty$:

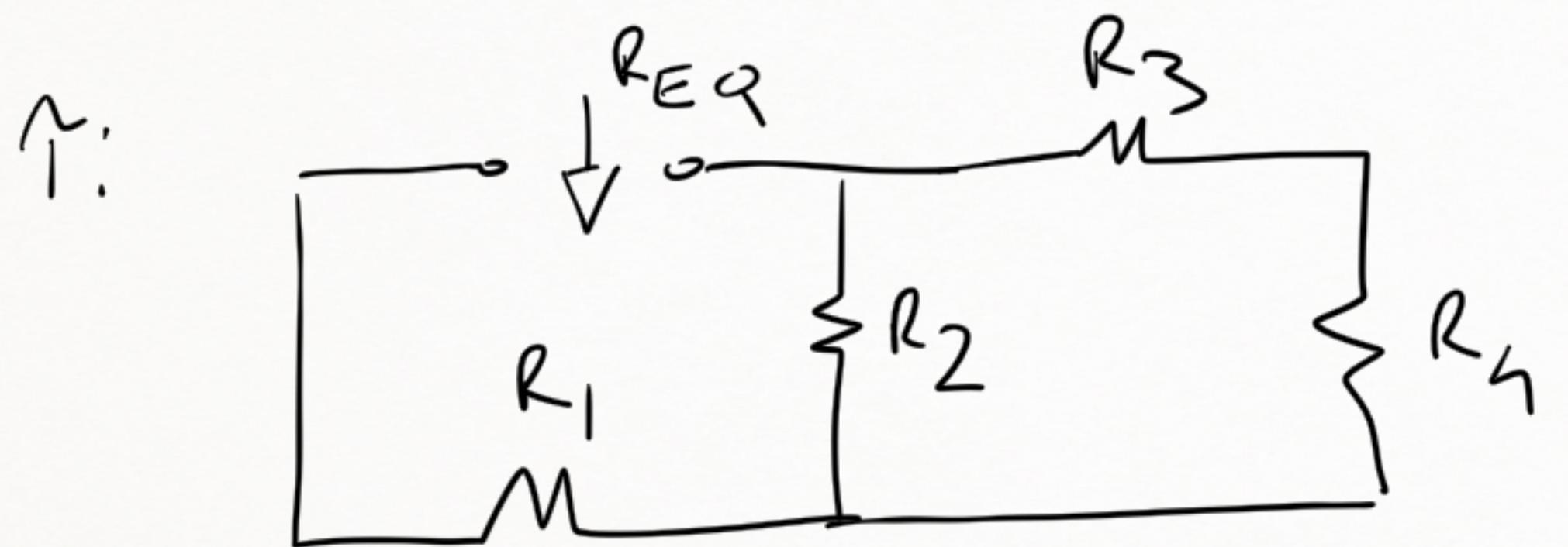


$$G_1 = \frac{1}{R_1} = \frac{1}{3} S$$

$$G_2 = \frac{1}{R_2} = 1 S$$

$$G_{3L} = \frac{1}{R_3 + R_L} = \frac{1}{5} S$$

$$i(+\infty) = \frac{V_s}{R_1} \cdot \frac{G_2}{G_1 + G_2 + G_{3h}} = \frac{V_s}{R_1} \cdot \frac{\frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_3 + R_h}}{\frac{R_2}{R_2 + R_1} + \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_3 + R_h}} = \frac{50}{23} A$$



$$R_{EQ} = R_1 + R_2 // (R_3 + R_h) = \frac{23}{6} \Omega$$

$$\tilde{\gamma} = \frac{L}{R_{EQ}} = \frac{6}{23} s$$

$$i(t) = [i(0^+) - i(+\infty)] e^{-t/\tilde{\gamma}} + i(+\infty) = \left[\frac{25}{12} - \frac{50}{23} \right] e^{-t/\tilde{\gamma}} + \frac{50}{23} A$$

