



≡ Skills > Plugins

Skills

Plugins

Quick start (new to plugins?)

A plugin is just a **small code module** that extends OpenClaw with extra features (commands, tools, and Gateway RPC).

Most of the time, you'll use plugins when you want a feature that's not built into core OpenClaw yet (or you want to keep optional features out of your main install).

Fast path:

1. See what's already loaded:

```
openclaw plugins list
```

2. Install an official plugin (example: Voice Call):

```
openclaw plugins install @openclaw/voice-call
```

Npm specs are **registry-only** (package name + optional version/tag).
Git/URL/file specs are rejected.

3. Restart the Gateway, then configure under `plugins.entries.
<id>.config` .

See [Voice Call](#) for a concrete example plugin. Looking for third-party listings? See [Community plugins](#).

>

Available plugins (official)

Microsoft Teams is plugin-only as of 2026.1.15; install `@openclaw/msteams` if you use Teams.

Memory (Core) – bundled memory search plugin (enabled by default via `plugins.slots.memory`)

Memory (LanceDB) – bundled long-term memory plugin (auto-recall/capture; set `plugins.slots.memory = "memory-lancedb"`)

[Voice Call](#) – `@openclaw/voice-call`

[Zalo Personal](#) – `@openclaw/zalouser`

[Matrix](#) – `@openclaw/matrix`

[Nostr](#) – `@openclaw/nostr`

[Zalo](#) – `@openclaw/zalo`

[Microsoft Teams](#) – `@openclaw/msteams`

Google Antigravity OAuth (provider auth) – bundled as `google-antigravity-auth` (disabled by default)

Gemini CLI OAuth (provider auth) – bundled as `google-gemini-cli-auth` (disabled by default)

Qwen OAuth (provider auth) – bundled as `qwen-portal-auth` (disabled by default)

Copilot Proxy (provider auth) – local VS Code Copilot Proxy bridge; distinct from built-in `github-copilot` device login (bundled, disabled by default)

OpenClaw plugins are **TypeScript modules** loaded at runtime via `jiti`. **Config validation does not execute plugin code**; it uses the plugin manifest and JSON Schema instead. See [Plugin manifest](#).

Plugins can register:



Gateway RPC methods

Gateway HTTP handlers

Agent tools

CLI commands

Background services

Optional config validation

Skills (by listing `skills` directories in the plugin manifest)

Auto-reply commands (execute without invoking the AI agent)

Plugins run **in-process** with the Gateway, so treat them as trusted code.

Tool authoring guide: [Plugin agent tools](#).

Runtime helpers

Plugins can access selected core helpers via `api.runtime` . For telephony TTS:

```
const result = await api.runtime.tts.textToSpeechTelephony({
  text: "Hello from OpenClaw",
  cfg: api.config,
});
```

Notes:

Uses core `messages.tts` configuration (OpenAI or ElevenLabs).

Returns PCM audio buffer + sample rate. Plugins must resample/encode for providers.

Edge TTS is not supported for telephony.

Discovery & precedence



OpenClaw scans, in order:

1. Config paths

```
plugins.load.paths (file or directory)
```

2. Workspace extensions

```
<workspace>/openclaw/extensions/*.ts
```

```
<workspace>/openclaw/extensions/*/index.ts
```

3. Global extensions

```
~/openclaw/extensions/*.ts
```

```
~/openclaw/extensions/*/index.ts
```

4. Bundled extensions (shipped with OpenClaw, **disabled by default**)

```
<openclaw>/extensions/*
```

Bundled plugins must be enabled explicitly via `plugins.entries`.

`<id>.enabled` or `openclaw plugins enable <id>` . Installed plugins are enabled by default, but can be disabled the same way.

Each plugin must include a `openclaw.plugin.json` file in its root. If a path points at a file, the plugin root is the file's directory and must contain the manifest.

If multiple plugins resolve to the same id, the first match in the order above wins and lower-precedence copies are ignored.

Package packs

A plugin directory may include a `package.json` with `openclaw.extensions` :



```
{  
  "name": "my-pack",  
  "openclaw": {  
    "extensions": [".src/safety.ts", ".src/tools.ts"]  
  }  
}
```

Each entry becomes a plugin. If the pack lists multiple extensions, the plugin id becomes `name/<fileBase>` .

If your plugin imports npm deps, install them in that directory so `node_modules` is available (`npm install` / `pnpm install`).

Security note: `openclaw plugins install` installs plugin dependencies with `npm install --ignore-scripts` (no lifecycle scripts). Keep plugin dependency trees “pure JS/TS” and avoid packages that require `postinstall` builds.

Channel catalog metadata

Channel plugins can advertise onboarding metadata via `openclaw.channel` and install hints via `openclaw.install` . This keeps the core catalog data-free.

Example:



```

"name": "@openclaw/nextcloud-talk",
"openclaw": {
  "extensions": [".index.ts"],
  "channel": {
    "id": "nextcloud-talk",
    "label": "Nextcloud Talk",
    "selectionLabel": "Nextcloud Talk (self-hosted)",
    "docsPath": "/channels/nextcloud-talk",
    "docsLabel": "nextcloud-talk",
    "blurb": "Self-hosted chat via Nextcloud Talk webhook bots.",
    "order": 65,
    "aliases": ["nc-talk", "nc"]
  },
  "install": {
    "npmSpec": "@openclaw/nextcloud-talk",
    "localPath": "extensions/nextcloud-talk",
    "defaultChoice": "npm"
  }
}
}

```

OpenClaw can also merge **external channel catalogs** (for example, an MPM registry export). Drop a JSON file at one of:

```
~/.openclaw/mpm/plugins.json
```

```
~/.openclaw/mpm/catalog.json
```

```
~/.openclaw/plugins/catalog.json
```

Or point `OPENCLAW_PLUGIN_CATALOG_PATHS` (or `OPENCLAW_MPM_CATALOG_PATHS`) at one or more JSON files (comma/semicolon/ `PATH` -delimited). Each file should contain `{ "entries": [{ "name": "@scope/pkg", "openclaw": { "channel": {...}, "install": {...} } }] }`.

Plugin IDs

Default plugin ids:



Package packs: `package.json` `name`

Standalone file: file base name (`~/.../voice-call.ts` → `voice-call`)

If a plugin exports `id` , OpenClaw uses it but warns when it doesn't match the configured id.

Config

```
{
  plugins: {
    enabled: true,
    allow: ["voice-call"],
    deny: ["untrusted-plugin"],
    load: { paths: ["~/Projects/oss/voice-call-extension"] },
    entries: {
      "voice-call": { enabled: true, config: { provider: "twilio" } },
    },
  },
}
```

Fields:

`enabled` : master toggle (default: true)

`allow` : allowlist (optional)

`deny` : denylist (optional; deny wins)

`load.paths` : extra plugin files/dirs

`entries.<id>` : per-plugin toggles + config

Config changes **require a gateway restart**.

Validation rules (strict):



Unknown plugin ids in `entries` , `allow` , `deny` , or `slots` are **errors**.

Unknown `channels.<id>` keys are **errors** unless a plugin manifest declares the channel id.

Plugin config is validated using the JSON Schema embedded in `openclaw.plugin.json` (`configSchema`).

If a plugin is disabled, its config is preserved and a **warning** is emitted.

Plugin slots (exclusive categories)

Some plugin categories are **exclusive** (only one active at a time). Use `plugins.slots` to select which plugin owns the slot:

```
{
  plugins: {
    slots: {
      memory: "memory-core", // or "none" to disable memory plugins
    },
  },
}
```

If multiple plugins declare `kind: "memory"` , only the selected one loads. Others are disabled with diagnostics.

Control UI (schema + labels)

The Control UI uses `config.schema` (JSON Schema + `uiHints`) to render better forms.

OpenClaw augments `uiHints` at runtime based on discovered plugins:

Adds per-plugin labels for `plugins.entries.<id>` / `.enabled` / `.config`



Merges optional plugin-provided config field hints under:


```
plugins.entries.<id>.config.<field>
```

If you want your plugin config fields to show good labels/placeholders (and mark secrets as sensitive), provide `uiHints` alongside your JSON Schema in the plugin manifest.

Example:

```
{
  "id": "my-plugin",
  "configSchema": {
    "type": "object",
    "additionalProperties": false,
    "properties": {
      "apiKey": { "type": "string" },
      "region": { "type": "string" }
    }
  },
  "uiHints": {
    "apiKey": { "label": "API Key", "sensitive": true },
    "region": { "label": "Region", "placeholder": "us-east-1" }
  }
}
```

CLI



```

openclaw plugins list
openclaw plugins info <id>
openclaw plugins install <path> # copy a local file/dir into ~/.openclaw
openclaw plugins install ./extensions/voice-call # relative path ok
openclaw plugins install ./plugin.tgz # install from a local tarball
openclaw plugins install ./plugin.zip # install from a local zip
openclaw plugins install -l ./extensions/voice-call # link (no copy) for dev
openclaw plugins install @openclaw/voice-call # install from npm
openclaw plugins update <id>
openclaw plugins update --all
openclaw plugins enable <id>
openclaw plugins disable <id>
openclaw plugins doctor

```

`plugins update` only works for npm installs tracked under `plugins.installs` .

Plugins may also register their own top-level commands (example: `openclaw voicecall`).

Plugin API (overview)

Plugins export either:

A function: `(api) => { ... }`

An object: `{ id, name, configSchema, register(api) { ... } }`

Plugin hooks

Plugins can ship hooks and register them at runtime. This lets a plugin bundle event-driven automation without a separate hook pack install.

Example

```
import { registerPluginHooksFromDir } from "openclaw/plugin-sdk";

export default function register(api) {
  registerPluginHooksFromDir(api, "./hooks");
}
```

Notes:

Hook directories follow the normal hook structure (`HOOK.md` + `handler.ts`).

Hook eligibility rules still apply (OS/bins/env/config requirements).

Plugin-managed hooks show up in `openclaw hooks list` with `plugin: <id>` .

You cannot enable/disable plugin-managed hooks via `openclaw hooks ; enable/disable` the plugin instead.

Provider plugins (model auth)

Plugins can register **model provider auth** flows so users can run OAuth or API-key setup inside OpenClaw (no external scripts needed).

Register a provider via `api.registerProvider(...)` . Each provider exposes one or more auth methods (OAuth, API key, device code, etc.). These methods power:

```
openclaw models auth login --provider <id> [--method <id>]
```

Example:

```

api.registerProvider({
  id: "acme",
  label: "AcmeAI",
  auth: [
    {
      id: "oauth",
      label: "OAuth",
      kind: "oauth",
      run: async (ctx) => {
        // Run OAuth flow and return auth profiles.
        return {
          profiles: [
            {
              profileId: "acme:default",
              credential: {
                type: "oauth",
                provider: "acme",
                access: "...",
                refresh: "...",
                expires: Date.now() + 3600 * 1000,
              },
            },
          ],
          defaultModel: "acme/opus-1",
        };
      },
    },
  ],
});

```

Notes:

`run` receives a `ProviderAuthContext` with `prompter`, `runtime`, `openUrl`, and `oauth.createVpsAwareHandlers` helpers.

Return `configPatch` when you need to add default models or provider config.

Return `defaultModel` so `--set-default` can update agent defaults.

Register a messaging channel



Plugins can register **channel plugins** that behave like built-in channels (WhatsApp, Telegram, etc.). Channel config lives under `channels.<id>` and is validated by your channel plugin code.

```
const myChannel = {
  id: "acmechat",
  meta: {
    id: "acmechat",
    label: "AcmeChat",
    selectionLabel: "AcmeChat (API)",
    docsPath: "/channels/acmechat",
    blurb: "demo channel plugin.",
    aliases: ["acme"],
  },
  capabilities: { chatTypes: ["direct"] },
  config: {
    listAccountIds: (cfg) => Object.keys(cfg.channels?.acmechat?.accounts ?? {}),
    resolveAccount: (cfg, accountId) =>
      cfg.channels?.acmechat?.accounts?.[accountId ?? "default"] ?? {
        accountId,
      },
  },
  outbound: {
    deliveryMode: "direct",
    sendText: async () => ({ ok: true }),
  },
};

export default function (api) {
  api.registerChannel({ plugin: myChannel });
}
```

Notes:

Put config under `channels.<id>` (not `plugins.entries`).

`meta.label` is used for labels in CLI/UI lists.



`meta.aliases` adds alternate ids for normalization and CLI inputs.

`meta.preferOver` lists channel ids to skip auto-enable when both are configured.

`meta.detailLabel` and `meta.systemImage` let UIs show richer channel labels/icons.

Write a new messaging channel (step-by-step)

Use this when you want a **new chat surface** (a “messaging channel”), not a model provider. Model provider docs live under `/providers/*`.

1. Pick an id + config shape

All channel config lives under `channels.<id>`.

Prefer `channels.<id>.accounts.<accountId>` for multi-account setups.

2. Define the channel metadata

`meta.label`, `meta.selectionLabel`, `meta.docsPath`, `meta.blurb` control CLI/UI lists.

`meta.docsPath` should point at a docs page like `/channels/<id>`.

`meta.preferOver` lets a plugin replace another channel (auto-enable prefers it).

`meta.detailLabel` and `meta.systemImage` are used by UIs for detail text/icons.

3. Implement the required adapters

`config.listAccountIds` + `config.resolveAccount`

`capabilities` (chat types, media, threads, etc.)

`outbound.deliveryMode` + `outbound.sendText` (for basic send)

4. Add optional adapters as needed



```
setup (wizard), security (DM policy), status (health/diagnostics)
gateway (start/stop/login), mentions , threading , streaming
actions (message actions), commands (native command behavior)
```

5. Register the channel in your plugin

```
api.registerChannel({ plugin })
```

Minimal config example:

```
{
  channels: {
    acmechat: {
      accounts: {
        default: { token: "ACME_TOKEN", enabled: true },
      },
    },
  },
}
```

Minimal channel plugin (outbound-only):

```

const plugin = {
  id: "acmechat",
  meta: {
    id: "acmechat",
    label: "AcmeChat",
    selectionLabel: "AcmeChat (API)",
    docsPath: "/channels/acmechat",
    blurb: "AcmeChat messaging channel.",
    aliases: ["acme"],
  },
  capabilities: { chatTypes: ["direct"] },
  config: {
    listAccountIds: (cfg) => Object.keys(cfg.channels?.acmechat?.accounts ?? {}),
    resolveAccount: (cfg, accountId) =>
      cfg.channels?.acmechat?.accounts?.[accountId ?? "default"] ?? {
        accountId,
      },
  },
  outbound: {
    deliveryMode: "direct",
    sendText: async ({ text }) => {
      // deliver `text` to your channel here
      return { ok: true };
    },
  },
};

export default function (api) {
  api.registerChannel({ plugin });
}

```

Load the plugin (extensions dir or `plugins.load.paths`), restart the gateway, then configure `channels.<id>` in your config.

Agent tools

See the dedicated guide:

Register a gateway RPC method



```
export default function (api) {  
  api.registerGatewayMethod("myplugin.status", ({ respond }) => {  
    respond(true, { ok: true });  
  });  
}
```

Register CLI commands

```
export default function (api) {  
  api.registerCli(  
    ({ program }) => {  
      program.command("mycmd").action(() => {  
        console.log("Hello");  
      });  
    },  
    { commands: ["mycmd"] },  
  );  
}
```

Register auto-reply commands

Plugins can register custom slash commands that execute **without invoking the AI agent**. This is useful for toggle commands, status checks, or quick actions that don't need LLM processing.

```

export default function (api) {
  api.registerCommand({
    name: "mystatus",
    description: "Show plugin status",
    handler: (ctx) => ({
      text: `Plugin is running! Channel: ${ctx.channel}`,
    }),
  });
}

```

Command handler context:

senderId : The sender's ID (if available)
channel : The channel where the command was sent
isAuthorizedSender : Whether the sender is an authorized user
args : Arguments passed after the command (if `acceptsArgs: true`)
commandBody : The full command text
config : The current OpenClaw config

Command options:

name : Command name (without the leading `/`)
description : Help text shown in command lists
acceptsArgs : Whether the command accepts arguments (default: `false`). If `false` and arguments are provided, the command won't match and the message falls through to other handlers
requireAuth : Whether to require authorized sender (default: `true`)
handler : Function that returns `{ text: string }` (can be `async`)

Example with authorization and arguments:

```
api.registerCommand({
  name: "setmode",
  description: "Set plugin mode",
  acceptsArgs: true,
  requireAuth: true,
  handler: async (ctx) => {
    const mode = ctx.args?.trim() || "default";
    await saveMode(mode);
    return { text: `Mode set to: ${mode}` };
  },
});
```

Notes:

Plugin commands are processed **before** built-in commands and the AI agent

Commands are registered globally and work across all channels


Command names are case-insensitive (/MyStatus matches /mystatus)

Command names must start with a letter and contain only letters, numbers, hyphens, and underscores

Reserved command names (like help , status , reset , etc.) cannot be overridden by plugins

Duplicate command registration across plugins will fail with a diagnostic error

Register background services

```
 export default function (api) {  
  api.registerService({  
    id: "my-service",  
    start: () => api.logger.info("ready"),  
    stop: () => api.logger.info("bye"),  
  });  
}
```

Naming conventions

Gateway methods: `pluginId.action` (example: `voicecall.status`)

Tools: `snake_case` (example: `voice_call`)

CLI commands: kebab or camel, but avoid clashing with core commands

Skills

Plugins can ship a skill in the repo (`skills/<name>/SKILL.md`). Enable it with `plugins.entries.<id>.enabled` (or other config gates) and ensure it's present in your workspace/managed skills locations.

Distribution (npm)

Recommended packaging:

Main package: `openclaw` (this repo)

Plugins: separate npm packages under `@openclaw/*` (example: `@openclaw/voice-call`)

Publishing contract:

Plugin `package.json` must include `openclaw.extensions` with one or more entry files.

Entry files can be `.js` or `.ts` (jiti loads TS at runtime).



`openclaw plugins install <npm-spec> uses npm pack , extracts into
~/.openclaw/extensions/<id>/ , and enables it in config.`

Config key stability: scoped packages are normalized to the
unscoped id for `plugins.entries.*` .

Example plugin: Voice Call

This repo includes a voice-call plugin (Twilio or log fallback):

Source: `extensions/voice-call`

Skill: `skills/voice-call`

CLI: `openclaw voicecall start|status`

Tool: `voice_call`

RPC: `voicecall.start , voicecall.status`

Config (twilio): `provider: "twilio" + twilio.accountSid/authToken/from`
(optional `statusCallbackUrl , twimlUrl`)

Config (dev): `provider: "log" (no network)`

See [Voice Call](#) and `extensions/voice-call/README.md` for setup and usage.

Safety notes

Plugins run in-process with the Gateway. Treat them as trusted code:

Only install plugins you trust.

Prefer `plugins.allow` allowlists.

Restart the Gateway after changes.

Testing plugins

Plugins can (and should) ship tests:



In-repo plugins can keep Vitest tests under `src/**` (example:
`src/plugins/voice-call.plugin.test.ts`).

Separately published plugins should run their own CI
(lint/build/test) and validate `openclaw.extensions` points at the
built entrypoint (`dist/index.js`).

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