SOFE 4630U: Cloud Computing

February 15, 2022

Group 11 - Group Report

Project Milestone - Data Storage Implementation: KV + relational

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GitHub Link: <a href="https://github.com/fzayed/Project-Milestone-Group-11.git">https://github.com/fzayed/Project-Milestone-Group-11.git</a>

#### **Sink and Source Connectors**

- Sink Connector
  - A type of connector that connects to a Kafka topic, where the data from that topic can be exported to a relational database
  - Ability to export data from topic(s) to a relational database
  - Don't need to know where the data comes from
    - Loose coupling
  - Gets generic representation of the data and then sink connector plugin writes it to the target system
- Source Connector
  - A type of connector that connects to a relational database, and imports data from that database into a Kafka topic
  - Ability to import data/information from a relational database to a topic
  - Source doesn't need to know where the data is being synced to
    - Loose coupling
  - Interfaces with the source API and extracts the schema and then creates an external object (connect record = an object within the API) and passes it on

#### The applications/advantages of using Kafka Connectors with data storage.

- Applications use Kafka Connectors in the case where you need to receive data from external systems
- Advantages of using Kafka Connectors are:
  - Flexibility
    - Decouples source and target
    - Changes in source/sink can be done without impacting the other
  - Scalability
    - Buffer for the data
    - When there is too much happening it provides a basic queuing functionality
  - Fault tolerance
    - Connection to sink/source may go down, with knowing that you are still producing data
      - Data is stored into kafka
  - Building pipelines
    - With the data in some exterior location and you want to through kafka to another location → transactional db to an object store

## How do Kafka connectors maintain availability?

- Kafka connectors maintain availability through taking in large amounts of data from databases into a topic. This is where data then would become available towards stream processing
- Since data flow through Kafka Connect, the connectors wouldn't be congested with high amounts of data

### List the popular Kafka converters for values and the properties/advantages of each

- Converters receive connect records and turns them into bytes
  - Writes it as key and value into a kafka cluster
- Serializer in a regular kafka producer
- Popular converters
  - Json Schema
    - The data can be serialized or deserialized through JSON, which is commonly used for formatting and grouping data that is highly used in common platforms
    - Advantages include that it generates clear and readable documentation
  - Avro
    - Advantages:
      - It's binary format
      - Fast as it doesn't require code generation
      - Flexibility as it has wide variety of programming languages
  - ProtoBuf
    - Advantages include
      - that it is faster, simpler and smaller
      - Has RPC support
      - Structure validation allows a predefined + larger structure

#### What's a Key-Value (KV) database?

- Stores messages as key and value pairs
  - Ability to store, retrieve and update data
- Non relational database
- The key that is associated with the value can then be used for various reasons
  - CRUD operations
  - Provide horizontal scaling
  - Can be highly partitional

## What are KV databases' advantages and disadvantages?

- Advantages of Key-Value databases include:
  - Scalable
    - Increase on database load/data has no negative impact on performance
    - Infinitely scalable horizontally
  - Speed/responsiveness
  - Reliability
  - Flexibility
    - DB can be easily relocated w/o change in structure
  - Easy-to-use
    - Easy to implement KV database, compared to other types of databases
- Disadvantages of Key-Value databases include:
  - Single key value

- No Query language
  - May not be able to import data into a different KV database
  - Not optimized for lookup
- Values cannot be filtered
- Performance with big data
  - The more complex the queries and data is, the more it affects the performance

## List some popular KV databases.

- Amazon DynamoDB
- Aerospike
- Redis
- BerkeleyDB
- NoSQL Database (Oracle)

#### Video Link

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1AHV-axfHvXO0PNC1w0eL6AVXv5Hetz Z/view?usp=sharing

# List some possible applications that can be implemented by using the uploaded dataset

- Ensure a robot is working
- Measure accuracy of implemented robotics algorithms
- Adjust robot movements on the fly