

## Fixed Income Derivatives E2025 - Problem Set Week 2

### Problem 1

In this problem, we will examine an interest rate payer swap where payments to the floating leg are more frequent than payments to the fixed leg. Assume that we consider an interest rate swap that pays coupons of size  $R$  to the fixed leg  $I$  times a year, pays simple LIBOR rate coupons to the floating leg  $J$  times a year, matures in exactly  $N$  years and has a principal of  $K$ . Also assume that  $M = J/I$  and  $N$  are positive integers. If it helps, you can think of  $I = 2$ ,  $J = 4$  and  $N = 10$ . Initially, we will consider the interest rate swap at time of issuance at  $t = T_0 = 0$ . Denote the times of coupon payments to the floating leg by  $T_1, T_2, \dots, T_{JN}$  corresponding to fixings announced at times  $T_0, T_1, \dots, T_{JN-1}$  and denote the LIBOR rate announced at time  $T_i$  to be paid at time  $T_{i+1}$  by  $L(T_i, T_{i+1})$ . Finally, we assume that zero coupon bond prices  $p(t, T)$  are available for all  $T \geq 0$ .

- a) Find an expression for the value of the fixed leg.
- b) Find an expression for the value of the floating leg.
- c) Find an expression for the par swap rate and identify for each of the elements of the expression, if they originate from the fixed or the floating leg.
- d) Find an expression for the accrual factor and identify for each of the elements of the expression, if they originate from the fixed or the floating leg.
- e) Compare the par swap rate and the accrual factor you found to the case where coupons to both the fixed and floating legs occur at the same time.

Assume now that some time has passed and that  $t$  is in-between coupon dates on the floating leg. Specifically assume that a little more than one year has passed so that  $T_J < t < T_{J+1}$ . The question is now slightly complicated by the fact that the fixing at time  $T_J$  has already been announced and that the coupon  $L(T_J, T_{J+1})$  to the floating leg at time  $T_{J+1}$  is already known. In this case

- f) Find an expression for the value of the fixed leg.
- g) Find an expression for the value of the floating leg.
- h) Find an expression for the par swap rate and the accrual factor.
- i) Find an expression for the PnL of the payer swap. Does the expression for the PnL depend on  $L(T_J, T_{J+1})$ ?

## Problem 2

For this problem, assume for simplicity that the year consists of 12 months each with exactly 30 days and that all payments occur at the end of day on the last day of the month. Also assume that there is no credit risk and that the principal of all bonds is 100.

The date today is December 30, 2019, the last day of the year, and the BBA have just at 11 AM announced the 3M LIBOR fixing to be 0.01570161 and the 6M LIBOR fixing to be 0.01980204. In addition, the following bonds are traded in the market.

- i) A 3 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing December 30, 2020 paying quarterly simple coupons of 4% annually and a price of 102.33689177.
- ii) A 5 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing December 30, 2020 paying semi-annual simple coupons of 5% annually and a price of 104.80430234.
- iii) A 10 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing June 30, 2021 paying semi-annual simple coupons of 5% annually and a price of 105.1615306.
- iv) An 8 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing June 30, 2021 paying quarterly simple coupons of 6% annually and a price of 105.6581905.
- v) A 5 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing December 30, 2021 paying quarterly simple coupons of 5% annually and a price of 104.028999992.
- vi) A 30 year fixed rate bullet bond maturing December 30, 2021 paying annual simple coupons of 3% annually and a price of 101.82604116.

Given this information, please solve the following problems

- a) Set up the cashflow matrix corresponding to this information.
- b) Find the vector of zero coupon prices for all the times that you can based on the above information and find the term structure of continuously compounded zero coupon spot rates (the yield curve). Report the results and plot both curves in an appropriate diagram.
- c) Find 3M forward rates and plot these in the diagram from b).
- d) Find the price of a 2 year floating rate bullet note with principal 100 paying 6M LIBOR issued today.
- e) Find the par swap rate for a 2-year interest rate swap paying semi-annual fixed coupons at annual rate  $R$  to the 'receiver' and quarterly 3M LIBOR to the 'payer' issued today.
- f) Compare the par swap rate to the forward rates you computed in c).