# Performance Analysis and Optimization

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#### Resources

#### Reference card for OpenMP

- http://openmp.org/mp-documents/OpenMP3.1-CCard.pdf

#### Reference for Vector-Intrinsics

- https://software.intel.com/sites/landingpage/Intrins icsGuide/

#### Exercises

– github.com/g-koutsou/LAP2015/

git clone https://github.com/g-koutsou/LAP2015.git

#### Generic instructions:

- A Makefile for each exercise subdirectory
  - Type make to compile
- A job script, run.sh, requesting 1 node for 5-15 mins.
  - Type qsub run.sh to submit job
  - Type qstat -u \$USER to see the status (queued, running, completing)
  - Upon completion a file with a .log extension contains the output of the run
- \_\_\_TODO\_\_\_ tags in code indicate where you need to add code for completing the exercises

#### Exercise 1

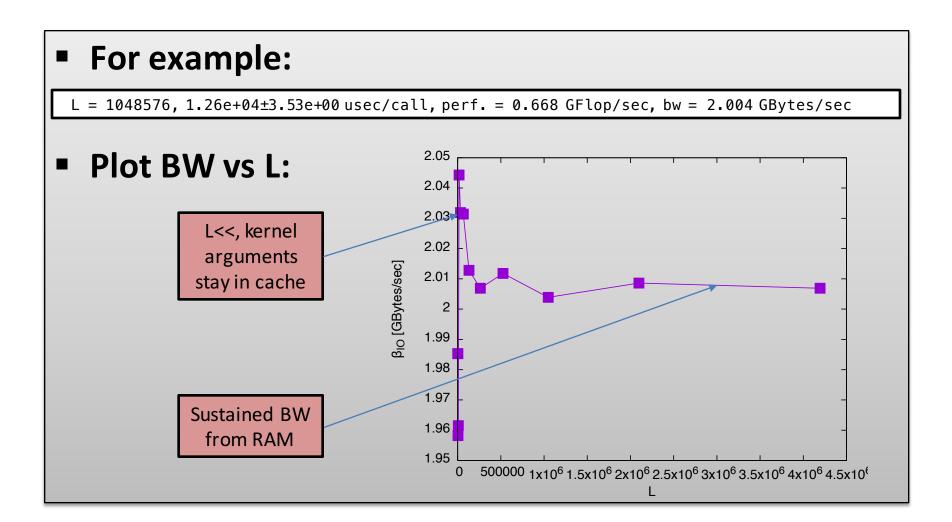
— Subdirs: Ex1a, Ex1b, Ex1c

#### Ex1a

– Complex, single precision, axpy kernel:

```
for(i=0; i<L; i++)
y[i] = a*x[i] + y[i]
```

- Modify program to report
  - Time per kernel call (μsec)
  - Floating point rate (Gflop/sec)
  - I/O rate (Gbytes/sec)



#### Implement Kernel using vector-intrinsics

```
for(i=0; i<L; i+=2) {
   y[i ].re = a.re*x[i ].re - a.im*x[i ].im + y[i ].re
   y[i ].im = a.re*x[i ].im + a.im*x[i ].re + y[i ].im
   y[i+1].re = a.re*x[i+1].re - a.im*x[i+1].im + y[i+1].re
   y[i+1].im = a.re*x[i+1].im + a.im*x[i+1].re + y[i+1].im
}</pre>
```

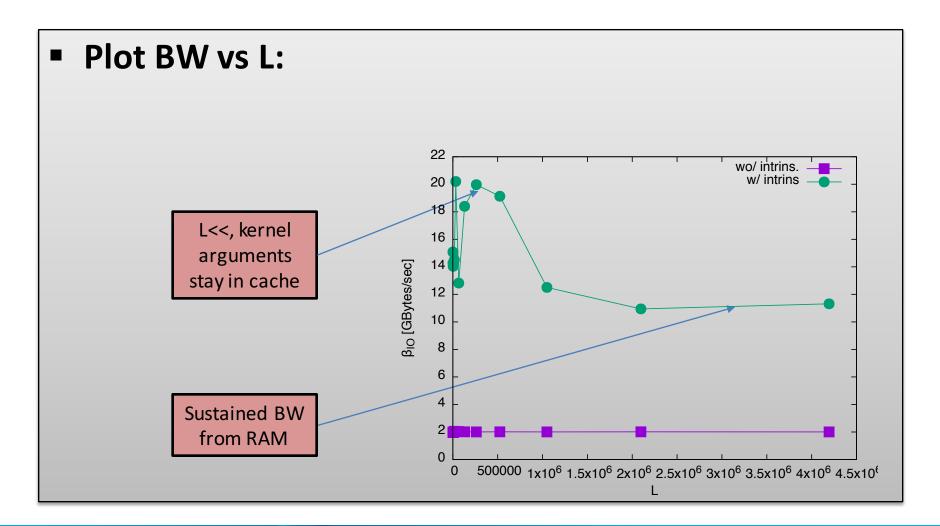
Implement Kernel using vector-intrinsics

Implement Kernel using vector-intrinsics

# Implement Kernel using vector-intrinsics

# For every (double-) iteration

- One shuffle
- Two add
- Two mul
- Two loads, one store

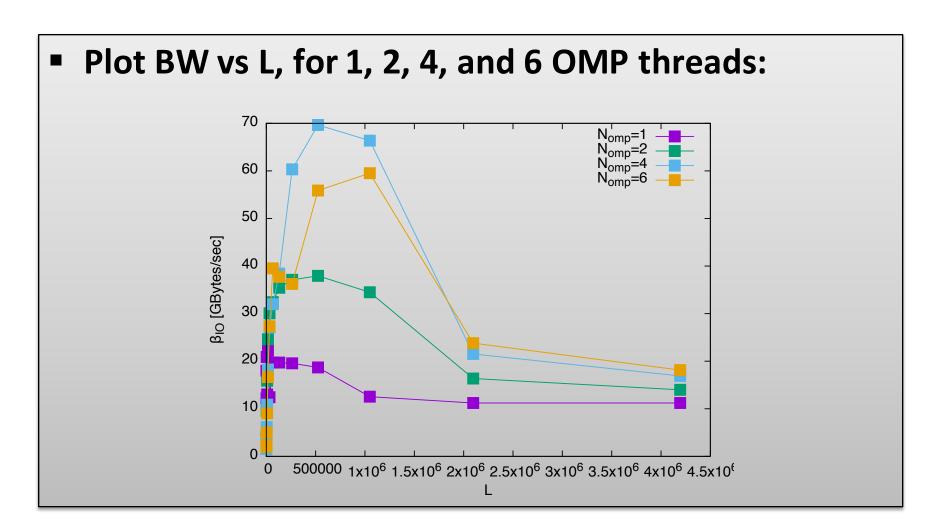




- Add OMP pragmas to parallelize the i-loop
- Use:

```
- #pragma omp parallel
{
    ...
}
- #pragma omp for
```

Which variables need to be made local (private)?



#### Ex2

Array of double NxN matrices times constant NxN matrix,

#### mxam:

```
for(i=0; i<L; i++)
  for(a=0; a<N; a++)
   for(b=0; b<N; b++)
    for(c=0; c<N; c++)
    y[i][a][b] += A[a][c]*x[i][c][b]</pre>
```

- Purpose is **not** to optimise this kernel
- This kernel will allow us to explore the transition between computational-bound and bandwidth-bound kernels (how?)

#### Ex2

Array of double NxN matrices times constant NxN matrix,

#### mxam:

```
for(i=0; i<L; i++)
  for(a=0; a<N; a++)
    for(b=0; b<N; b++)
    for(c=0; c<N; c++)
    y[i][a][b] += A[a][c]*x[i][c][b]</pre>
```

- As in Ex1, modify program to report
  - Time per kernel call (μsec)
  - Floating point rate (Gflop/sec)
  - I/O rate (Gbytes/sec)
- Run and plot: T/(N\*\*2\*L) vs N

