RcppRidge Package Documentation

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pRidge-package Parallel Bayesian Ridge Regression

Description

A more detailed description of what the package does. A length of about one to five lines is recommended.

Details

This package was developed for a group project (Bristol Compass CDT), to perform Bayesian ridge regression using Rcpp and parallel programming. The package is demonstrated on an electricity demand dataset.

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fit_rr

Fit a single ridge regression model

Description

Fit a single ridge regression model

Usage

fit_rr(X, y, lambda)

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Arguments

Χ	Data	matrix

y Column matrix of responses

lambda Numeric hyperparameter controlling the strength of the L2 penalisation (non-

negative)

Value

Vector of penalised regression coefficients

get_ocv	Fast calculate leave one out cross validation error (OCV)

Description

Fast calculate OCV given a singular value decomposition (SVD) decomposition of data matrix X

Usage

```
get_ocv(X, y, lambda, U, s)
```

Arguments

X Data matrix

y Column matrix of responses

1ambda Numeric hyperparameter controlling the strength of the L2 penalisation (non-

negative)

U Matrix U from SVD of X = UDV

Elements of diagonal matrix D from SVD of X = UDV

Value

Numeric OCV

get_ocv_once 3

get_ocv_once	Calculate leave one out cross validation error (OCV) for a single re-
	gression model

Description

Calculate leave one out cross validation error (OCV) for a single regression model

Usage

```
get_ocv_once(X, y, lambda)
```

Arguments

X Data matrix

y Column matrix of responses

lambda Numeric hyperparameter controlling the strength of the L2 penalisation (non-

negative)

Value

Numeric OCV

k_means

Our implementation of the k-means algorithm

Description

Given an data matrix x, samples are clustered into a given number of groups.

Usage

```
k_{means}(x, centers = 5)
```

Arguments

x numeric matrix of data, where rows are samples

centers the number of groups

Value

vector of integers indicating the group allocations

par_reg

optim_rr	Find the optimal regularisation parameter through optimised leave
	one out cross validation

Description

Find the optimal regularisation parameter through optimised leave one out cross validation

Usage

```
optim_rr(X, y, lams)
```

Arguments

X Data matrix

y Column matrix of responses

lams Vector of regularisation parameters to test

Value

Vector of OCVs

par_reg	Fit a ridge regression model to multiple groups in parallel

Description

Fit a ridge regression model to multiple groups in parallel

Usage

```
par_reg(X, y, lams, idx)
```

Arguments

X Data	matrix

y Column matrix of responses

lams Vector of regularisation parameters to test

idx Vector of sample groups

Value

List with two objects lambdas A vector of the optimal value of lambda for each group betas A matrix where columns are the fitted regression coefficients for each group variances A 3D array, where variances[,,1] will be the covariance matrix for Bly for the first model

pca 5

рса

Our implementation of principal component analysis (PCA)

Description

Given an data matrix x, a linear projection is applied to maximise sample variation. The first two prinicpal components are returned.

Usage

```
pca(x, sigma = 1.5)
```

Arguments

x numeric matrix of data, where rows are samples sigma

Value

dataframe of sample projections onto PC1 and PC2

predict_groups

Predict new samples using the results from par_reg

Description

Predict new samples using the results from par_reg

Usage

```
predict_groups(X, betas, idx)
```

Arguments

X Data matrix of test samples
betas Matrix of regression coefficients

idx Vector of sample groups, corresponding to the columns of betas (e.g. idx=c(1,

3) means betas[,1] will be used to predict X[1,], and betas[,3] will be used to

predict X[2,])

Value

Vector of fitted values

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predict_rr

Predict new sample responses using a tuned regression model

Description

Predict new sample responses using a tuned regression model

Usage

```
predict_rr(X, beta)
```

Arguments

X Data matrix of test samples

beta Vector of regression coefficients

Value

Vector of fitted values

rmvn_omp

Sample from a multivariate Gaussian

Description

Sample from a multivariate Gaussian

Usage

```
rmvn_omp(n, mu, sigma)
```

Arguments

n Integer number of samples to draw

mu Vector of means sigma Covariance matrix

Value

Matrix of MVN samples (n rows)

spectralClustering 7

 ${\tt spectralClustering}$

Our implementation of spectral clustering

Description

Given a data matrix x, samples are clustered into k groups using a spectral (eigen-) decomposition of the graph Laplacian. Uses the implementation of kmeans from this package 'k_means'.

Usage

```
spectralClustering(x, c = 1, k = 10)
```

Arguments

x numeric matrix of data, where rows are samples

С

k the number of groups

Value

vector of groups

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