#### EXIREL® insecticide

#### **SUSPENSION**

FOR SALE FOR USE ON POME FRUIT GROUP, STONE FRUIT GROUP, TREE NUTS GROUP, CORM AND TUBEROUS VEGETABLES, ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet), BULB VEGETABLES, LEAFY VEGETABLES, CUCURBIT VEGETABLES, BRASSICA VEGETABLES, LEGUME VEGETABLES, FRUITING VEGETABLES, BUSH BERRIES, LOW GROWING BERRIES, PEANUTS, TOBACCO and GREENHOUSE TOMATOES, PEPPERS, EGGPLANTS, CUCUMBERS AND LETTUCE, CANEBERRIES AND STRAWBERRIES

#### **AGRICULTURAL**

#### READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Cyantraniliprole 100 g/L

Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.0193 % as a preservative -OR-

Contains 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one at 0.00085%, 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one at 0.00088% as a preservative

Warning, contains the allergen soy.

REGISTRATION NO 30895 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

WARNING - SKIN IRRITANT POTENTIAL SKIN SENSITIZER

**NET CONTENTS**: 0.5 - 3.79 - 100 LITRES

FMC of Canada Limited 6755 Mississauga Road, Suite 204 Mississauga, ON L5N 7Y2 1-833-362-7722

#### PRECAUTIONS:

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Causes skin irritation. Do not get on skin.
- During mixing, loading, applying, and clean-up and repair, workers must wear coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and chemical-resistant footwear. In addition, during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair workers must wear goggles or faceshield.
- When using open-cab airblast equipment operator must wear chemical-resistant headgear.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.
- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval of 12 hours.
- See the Aerial Application Label Instructions section of this label for additional precautions specific to aerial application.
- Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation or areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.
- When applied as a tank-mix combination, read and observe all label directions, including rates, and restrictions for each product used in the tank-mix. Follow the more stringent label precautionary measures stated on both product labels for mixing, loading and applying.

#### FIRST AID:

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

**IF SWALLOWED**: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF INHALED:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

**IF IN EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

For medical emergencies call **1-800-331-3148** (24 hours).

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Treat symptomatically.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:**

- Toxic to non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
- Toxic to aquatic organisms. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

- Toxic to certain beneficial insects. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial insects in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.
- Toxic to bees. DO NOT apply this product to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively
  visiting the treatment area. Apply early in the morning or late in the evening when bees are not
  active. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on bees in habitats close to the application
  site. To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a
  moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.
- **DO NOT** apply this product directly to freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, and wetlands), estuarine/marine habitats.
- **DO NOT** contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.
- **DO NOT** allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

#### STORAGE:

Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed. Not for use or storage in or around the home. Keep container closed. To prevent contamination store this product away from food or feed.

#### **DISPOSAL:**

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use.

If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

#### NOTICE TO USER:

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

#### <<DFU Booklet>>

GROUP 28 INSECTICIDE

#### **EXIREL®** insecticide

#### SUSPENSION

FOR SALE FOR USE ON POME FRUIT GROUP, STONE FRUIT GROUP, TREE NUTS GROUP, CORM AND TUBEROUS VEGETABLES, ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet), BULB VEGETABLES, LEAFY VEGETABLES, CUCURBIT VEGETABLES, BRASSICA VEGETABLES, LEGUME VGETABLES, FRUITING VEGETABLES, BUSH BERRIES, LOW GROWING BERRIES, PEANUTS, TOBACCO and GREENHOUSE TOMATOES, PEPPERS, EGGPLANTS, CUCUMBERS, AND LETTUCE CANEBERRIES AND STRAWBERRIES

#### **AGRICULTURAL**

#### READ THE LABEL AND ATTACHED BOOKLET BEFORE USING

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: Cyantraniliprole 100 g/L

Contains 1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one at 0.0193 % as a preservative -OR-

Contains 5-Chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one at 0.00085%, 2-Methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one at 0.00088% and Bronopol at 0.0088% as a preservative

Warning, contains the allergen soy.

REGISTRATION NO 30895 PEST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT

WARNING – SKIN IRRITANT POTENTIAL SKIN SENSITIZER

NET CONTENTS: 0.5 - 3.79, -100 LITRES

FMC of Canada Limited 6755 Mississauga Road, Suite 204 Mississauga, ON L5N 7Y2 1-833-362-7722

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

EXIREL® insecticide is a suspension that can be applied as a foliar spray, using ground or aerial application to control many important insect pests. EXIREL® insecticide is specially formulated for foliar application. EXIREL® insecticide is mixed with water for application. For greenhouse uses **DO NOT apply EXIREL® Insecticide in irrigation water.** 

EXIREL® insecticide is a member of the anthranilic diamide class of insecticides, which act on insect ryanodine receptors. Although EXIREL® insecticide has contact activity, it is most effective through ingestion of treated plant material. After exposure to EXIREL® insecticide, affected insects will rapidly stop feeding, become paralyzed, and typically die within 1 - 3 days. Time applications to the most susceptible insect pest stage, typically at egg hatch and/or newly hatched larvae or nymphs, before populations reach damaging levels. When pest populations are high, use the highest listed application rate for that pest. Use the higher rate and high spray volumes for large plants or dense foliage.

Apply at the labelled rates when insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Consult your local extension specialist or certified crop advisor to determine appropriate threshold levels for treatment in your area.

Use sufficient water to obtain thorough, uniform coverage.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### **TUBEROUS AND CORM VEGETABLES - Crop Sub-Group 1C**

**Spray Volume for Tuberous and Corm Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL®	RE-APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		insecticide/HA		
TUBEROUS	Colorado	750 to 1000	7-14	Begin applications when
AND CORM	potato beetle			treatment thresholds have been
<b>VEGETABLES</b>	Cabbage	250 to 500	7	reached. Thorough coverage is
Arrowroot;	looper			important to obtain optimum
Artichoke,	Armyworm	500		control.
Chinese;	Beet			
Artichoke,	armyworm			For optimum control of aphids,
Jerusalem;	Fall			apply Hasten NT Spray
Chufa;	armyworm			Adjuvant* at an application rate
Dasheen (taro);	_	500 to 750		of 0.25% v/v or MSO
Ginger;	cutworm			Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at
Potato;	Corn earworm	750		an application rate of 0.5% v/v.
Sweet potato	Tobacco			For Colorado potato bootlo, uno
	hornworm			For Colorado potato beetle, use
	(suppression)			the higher application rate when
	Tomato			larger larvae are present.
	hornworm			Colorado potato beetle
	(suppression)		_	resistance management: DO
	European	500 to 750	5	NOT apply EXIREL® Insecticide
	corn borer			for Colorado potato beetle
	Aphids	500 to 1500		control if any Group 28

Flea beetles	500 to 1000	insecticide was used at planting as an in-furrow, soil or seed-piece treatment.
		For control of the European corn borer, time the application to coincide with peak egg hatch. Scout for European corn borer by monitoring egg laying and egg hatch to determine application timing.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Tuberous and Corm Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 7 day before harvest. Observe a 7-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet) – Crop Sub-Group 1B**

**Spray Volume for Root Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/H A	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet) Beet, garden,	Cabbage looper Armyworm Beet armyworm Fall armyworm		7	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum control.
Burdock, Carrot, Celeriac (celery root)	Variegated cutworm Corn earworm	500 to 750 750		For optimum control of aphids, apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO Concentrate with Leci-
Chervil, Chicory, Ginseng, Horse radish,	European corn borer Aphids	500 to 750 500 to 1500	5	Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.  For control of the European corn
Parsley, turnip- footed, Parsnip, Radish, Radish, oriental Rutabaga, Salsify, Salsify, black Salsify, spanish Skirret, Turnip	Flea beetles	500 to 1000		borer, time the application to coincide with peak egg hatch. Scout for European corn borer by monitoring egg laying and egg hatch to determine application timing.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Root Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 7 day before harvest. Observe a 7-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

### **BULB VEGETABLES - Crop Group 3-07**

Spray Volume for Bulb Vegetables: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground.

Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		EXIREL®	
		insecticide /HA	
BULB VEGETABLES	Thrips	1000 to 1500	Begin applications when thrips
Chive, Chinese;	(suppression)		populations are low. Thorough
Chive, fresh leaves;	,		coverage is essential for optimum
Daylily, bulb;			control.
Elegans hosta;			
Fritillaria;			For optimum control, apply
Garlic, bulb;			Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an
Garlic, great-headed,			application rate of 0.25% v/v or
bulb;			MSO Contentrate with Leci-Tech*
Garlic, serpent, bulb;			at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.
Kurrat;			
Lady's leek;			If thrips populations are high, use
Leek;			a registered insecticide with a
Lily;			different mode of action to reduce
Onion, Beltsville			thrips populations before
bunching;			applying ™ EXIREL™ insecticide.
Onion, bulb;			
Onion, Chinese, bulb;			
Onion, fresh;			
Onion, green;			
Onion, macrostem;			
Onion, pearl;			
Onion, potato, bulb;			
Onion, tree, tops;			
Onion, Welsh, tops;			
Shallot, bulb;			
Shallot, fresh leaves;			
Wild leek			

## RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Bulb Vegetables

- For the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **LEAFY VEGETABLES – Crop Group 4**

**Spray Volume for Leafy Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
LEAFY VEGETABLES Amaranth (leafy amaranth, Chinese spinach, tampala); Arugula (Roquette); Cardoon; Celery; Celery, Chinese; Celtuce; Chervil; Chrysanthemum, edible-leaved; Chrysanthemum, garland; Corn salad; Cress, garden; Cress, upland (yellow rocket, winter cress); Dandelion; Dock (sorrel); Endive (escarole); Fennel, Florence (finochio); Lettuce, head and leaf; Orach; Parsley; Purslane, garden; Purslane, winter;	Cabbage looper Armyworm Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Cutworms Corn earworm Aphids Dipteran leafminers (larvae) Flea beetles	EXIREL®	APPLICATION INTERVAL	
Radicchio (red chicory); Rhubarb; Spinach; Spinach, New Zealand; Spinach, vine; Swiss chard				optimal control, apply to smaller plants or when lower portions of plant can receive adequate coverage.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS: Leafy Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **BRASSICA VEGETABLES - Crop Group 5**

**Spray Volume for Brassica Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
BRASSICA VEGETABLES Broccoli; Broccoli, Chinese; Broccoli raab; Brussels sprouts; Cabbage; Cabbage, Chinese	Cabbage looper Imported cabbageworm Diamondback moth	250 to 500	7	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum control.  For optimum control,
(bok choi); Cabbage, Chinese	Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm	500		apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an
(napa); Cabbage, Chinese, mustard (gai choi);	Cutworms	500 to 750		application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at an
Cauliflower; Cavolo broccolo;	Corn earworm	750		application rate of 0.5% v/v.
Collards; Kale;	Swede midge	500 to 750	5	For early season
Kohlrabi; Mizuna;	Aphids	500 to 1500		cutworm control, apply to foliage when rain is not expected in the next 24
Mustard greens; Mustard spinach; Rape greens	Dipteran leafminers (larvae)	1000 to 1500		hours. For optimal control, apply to smaller plants or when lower portions of plant can
	Flea beetles	500 to 1000		receive adequate coverage.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Brassica Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **LEGUME VEGETABLES - Crop Group 6**

**Spray Volume for Legume Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE EXIREL® insecticide /HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
LEGUME VEGETABLES	Cabbage looper	250 - 500	Begin applications
Bean (Lupinus) (includes grain lupin, sweet lupin, white lupin, and white sweet lupin); Bean (Phaseolus) (includes field bean, kidney bean, lima	Armyworm  Beet armyworm  Fall armyworm	500	when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum
bean, navy bean, pinto bean,	Cutworms	500 - 750	control.
runner bean, snap bean, tepary bean, wax bean); Bean (Vigna) (includes adzuki	European corn		For cutworm control, apply to foliage when
bean, asparagus bean, blackeyed pea, catjang,	Soybean aphid	750 - 1500	rain is not expected in the next 24 hours.
Chinese longbean, cowpea, crowder pea, moth bean, mung bean, rice bean, southern pea, urd bean, yardlong bean); Broad bean (fava); Chickpea (garbanzo); Guar; Jackbean; Lablab bean; Lentil; Pea (Pisum) (includes dwarf	Bean Leaf Beetle (suppression)	1000 - 1500	For optimal control, apply to smaller plants or when lower portions of the plant can receive adequate coverage.  For optimum control of aphids apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an
pea, edible-podded pea, English pea, field pea, garden pea, green pea, snowpea, sugar snap pea); Pigeon pea; Sword bean; Soybean			application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Legume Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest for succulent peas or beans. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not apply less than 7 day before harvest for dried peas or beans. Observe a 7-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## FRUITING VEGETABLES (EXCEPT CUCURBITS) - Crop Group 8-09

**Spray Volume for Fruiting Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
FRUITING VEGETABLES	Cabbage looper	250 to 500	7	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have
African eggplant; Currant tomato; Eggplant;	Armyworm Beet armyworm Fall armyworm	500		been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum control.
Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, non-bell;	Cutworms Tomato fruitworm (corn earworm) Tobacco hornworm (suppression) Tomato hornworm	500 to 750 750		For optimum control of aphids, apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.  Colorado potato beetle
Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo;	(suppression) Colorado potato beetle	750 to 1000	7-14	resistance management: DO NOT apply EXIREL® insecticide for Colorado
Tomato; Cultivars,	European corn borer	500 to 750	5	potato beetle control if any Group 28 insecticide was
varieties and/or hybrids of these	Aphids	500 to 1500		used at planting as an in- furrow, soil or seed
	Flea beetles	500 to 1000		treatment.  For early season cutworm control, apply to foliage when rain is not expected in the next 24 hours. For optimal control, apply to smaller plants or when lower portions of plant can receive adequate coverage.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Fruiting Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **CUCURBIT VEGETABLES - Crop Group 9**

**Spray Volume for Cucurbit Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 100 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
CUCURBIT VEGETABLES Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon); Citron melon; Cucumber;	Cabbage looper	250 to 500	7	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage
Gherkin; Gourd, edible (includes Chinese okra, cucuzza, hechima, hyotan); Momordica spp. (includes	Armyworm Fall armyworm	500		is important to obtain optimum control.
balsam apple, balsam pear, bitter melon, Chinese cucumber); Muskmelon (includes cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw melon, golden pershaw melon, honeydew melon, honey balls, mango melon, Persian melon, pineapple melon, Santa Claus melon, snake melon); Pumpkin; Squash, summer (includes crookneck squash, scallop squash, straightneck squash, vegetable marrow, zucchini); Squash, winter (includes acorn squash, butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, spaghetti squash);	Cutworms	500 to 750		of aphids and leafminers, apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an application rate of
	Corn earworm	750		0.25% v/v or MSO Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.
	Aphids	500 to 1500		For early season cutworm control, apply to foliage when rain is not
	Dipteran leafminers (larvae)	750 to 1000		expected in the next 24 hours. For optimal control, apply to smaller plants or when lower portions of
Watermelon	Flea beetles	500 to 1000		plant can receive adequate coverage.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Cucurbit Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **POME FRUITS – Crop Group 11-09**

**Spray Volume for Pome Fruits**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 450 L/ha by ground.

CITE	DECT	DATE!	CDECIFIC DIDECTIONS
SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL®	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		insecticide	
		/HA	
POME	Codling moth	500 to 750	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have
FRUITS	Oriental fruit moth		been reached. Thorough coverage is essential for
Apple; Azarole;	Spotted tentiform leafminer		optimum control.
Crabapple;	Western tentiform		For optimum control of 1st generation codling moth,
Mayhaw;	leafminer		apply before first egg hatch (80 – 110 degree days
Medlar;	Obliquebanded	500 to	Celsius after BIOFIX). Monitor populations and reapply
Pear;	leafroller	1000	10 – 14 days later if required. For 2nd generation
Pear,	Threelined		codling moth, timing of the first application is based on
Asian; Quince;	leafroller Fruittree leafroller		first egg hatch after establishing a new BIOFIX.  Monitor populations and reapply 10 – 14 days later if
Quince, Quince,	European leafroller		required. BIOFIX is determined to be set when a first
Japanese;	Eyespotted bud		consistent moth catch has been attained within the
Cultivars,	moth		orchard. For the determination of degree-days for
varieties	Tufted apple bud		codling moth, a lower and upper threshold of 10 and
and/or	moth	750 (	31 degrees Celsius is used.
hybrids of these	Green peach aphid	750 to 1500	For optimum control of oriental fruit moth, Apply at 1st
lilese	Rosy apple aphid	1500	egg hatch of the targeted generation. Monitor
	Apple maggot	1000 to	populations using pheromone traps and reapply 10 –
	Plum curculio	1500	14 days later if required.
	Japanese beetle		
	White apple	750 to	For optimum control of over-wintering generations of oblique-banded leafroller, monitor larval population in
	leafhopper European apple	1500 500 to	the spring, and apply when over-wintering larvae
	sawfly	1000	become active, from pink stage through petal fall. For
	, ca,		summer generations, monitor adult moth flight, and
			apply at first egg hatch (170 – 240 degree days
			Celsius) after the first sustained moth catch. A repeat
			application approximately 10 days after the initial application may be needed to control the extended
			emergence of the small larvae.
			For apple maggot control, apply 7-10 days after the
			first apple maggot fly is caught on the traps in orchard.
			Repeat in 10 -14 days if populations warrant.
			For Japanese beetle, monitor adult populations and
			insect damage. Follow provincial guidelines for
			treatment thresholds.
			For plum curculio, monitor trees along the edge of the
			orchard for the first sign of feeding damage after
			bloom. Repeat 10 – 14 days if population warrant.
			bloom. Repeat 10 – 14 days if population warrant.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Pome Fruits**

• DO NOT APPLY USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 3 days before harvest. Observe a 3-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

## **STONE FRUITS – Crop Group 12-09**

Spray Volume for Stone Fruits: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 450 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide /HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
STONE FRUITS Apricot;	Oriental fruit moth	500 to 750	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is essential for optimum control.
Cherry, black; Cherry, Nanking; Cherry, sweet; Cherry, tart; Chokecherr y; Nectarine;	Obliqueband ed leafroller Threelined leafroller Fruittree leafroller European leafroller Eyespotted bud moth	500 to 1000	For optimum control of green peach aphid, plum aphid, cherry fruit fly, western cherry fruit fly, and spotted wing drosophila, tank mix EXIREL® Insecticide with Xiameter® OFX-0309 Fluid at 0.03 % v/v. It is recommended that a small area be tested to demonstrate safety to fruit and leaves before using in large areas. Do not tank mix EXIREL® Insecticide with any surfactant except as directed on this label.
Peach; Plum; Plum, American; Plum,	Green peach aphid Plum aphid Cherry fruit fly	750 to 1500	For optimum control of oriental fruit moth, apply at 1st egg hatch of the targeted generation. Monitor populations using pheromone traps and reapply 7 – 10 days later if required.
beach; Plum, Canada;	Western cherry fruit fly		For optimum control of over-wintering generations of oblique-banded leafroller, monitor larval population in the spring, and apply when over-wintering larvae
Plum, cherry; Plum, Chickasaw; Plum, Damson; Plum, Japanese;	Plum curculio  Japanese beetle  Spotted Wing Drosophila	1000 to 1500	become active, from pink stage through petal fall. For summer generations, monitor adult moth flight, and apply at first egg hatch (170 – 240 degree days Celsius) after the first sustained moth catch. A repeat application approximately 10 days after the initial application may be needed to control the extended emergence of the small larvae.
Plum, Klamath; Plum, prune; Plumcot; Sloe; Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	Peach twig borer	750 to 1000	For optimal control of peach twig borer, use pheromone traps to monitor the male moth activity. Follow local recommendations for thresholds information. For spring/overwintering or first summer generation larvae: Apply within 7 days of first trap catch of adult male moths. For second summer generation larvae: To ensure good crop protection, continue monitoring for second brood moths until at least mid-August. If required, apply a second spray within 7 days of first trap catch of adult male moths.

For Japanese beetle, monitor adult populations and insect damage. Follow provincial guidelines for treatment thresholds.

For plum curculio, monitor trees along the edge of the orchard for the first sign of feeding damage after bloom. Repeat 10 – 14 days if population warrant.

For Spotted wing drosophila, begin applications when populations are low. EXIREL® insecticide targets the adult life stage of Spotted wing drosophila. If Spotted wing drosophila populations are high, use a registered insecticide with a different of mode of action to reduce the pest populations. Apply a subsequent application of

EXIREL® insecticide if required.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Stone Fruits**

- DO NOT APPLY USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.
- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 3 day before harvest. Observe a 3-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

## **BUSHBERRIES – Crop Sub-Group 13-07B**

**Spray Volume for Bushberries**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground.

Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

				application equipment.
SITE	PEST	RATE mL	RE-	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		EXIREL®	APPLICATION	
		insecticide/	INTERVAL	
		HA	(DAYS)	
<b>BUSHBERRIES</b>	Blueberry gall	750 to	5	Begin applications when treatment
Aronia berry;	midge	1000		thresholds have been reached.
Blueberry,				Thorough coverage is essential for
highbush;	Blueberry maggot	1000 to		optimum control.
Blueberry,	(suppression)	1500		
lowbush;				
Buffalo currant;	Plum curculio			For optimum control of blueberry
Currant, black;				aphid, spotted wing drosophila,
Currant, red;	Japanese beetle			blueberry maggot, and blueberry
Elderberry;				gall midge, tank mix EXIREL®
European	Spotted wing			Insecticide with an MSO surfactant
barberry;	drosophila			at 0.5-1.0% v/v. It is recommended
Gooseberry;	Flea beetles	500 to		that a small area be tested to
Highbush		1000		demonstrate safety to fruit and
cranberry;	Cranberry	500 to	7	leaves before using in large areas.
Honeysuckle,	fruitworm	1000	•	Do not tank mix EXIREL®
edible;	Inditwonin	1000		Insecticide with any surfactant
Huckleberry;	Obliquebanded			except as directed on this label.
Jostaberry;	leafroller			·
Juneberry				For blueberry maggot, begin
(Saskatoon	Threelined			applications when populations are
berry);	leafroller			low. If blueberry maggot
Lingonberry;				populations are high, use a
Native currant;	Fruittree			registered insecticide with a
Salal;	leafroller			different of mode of action to
Sea buckthorn;				reduce the pest populations before
Cultivars,	European			applying EXIREL® insecticide.
varieties and/or	leafroller			
hybrids of these				For Spotted wing drosophila, begin
-	Eyespotted bud			applications when populations are
	moth			low. EXIREL® insecticide targets
	Blueberry aphid	750 to		the adult life stage of Spotted wing
	Dideberry aprild	1500		drosophila. If Spotted wing
		1300		drosophila populations are high,
				use a registered insecticide with a
				different of mode of action to
				reduce the pest populations. Apply
				a subsequent application of
				EXIREL® insecticide if required.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Bushberries**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 3 days before harvest. Observe a 3-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

## Low Growing Berries (except strawberry) - Crop Sub-Group 13-07H

**Spray Volume for Low Growing Berries**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground or up to 3000 L/ha by overhead chemigation.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Low Growing berries (except Strawberry) Bearberry, Bilberry, Lowbush blueberry, Cloudberry, Cranberry, Lingonberry, Muntries, Partridgeberry,  Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	Cranberry fruitworm  Black headed fire worm  Sparganothis Fruitworm	750 to 1500	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is essential for optimum control.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Low Growing Berries**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 14 days before harvest. Observe a 14-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

## TREE NUTS – Crop Group 14-11

**Spray Volume for Tree Nuts Group**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 450 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL®	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		insecticide /HA	
TREE NUTS	Codling moth	500 to 750	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have
Almond; Beech nut; Bur oak;	Oriental fruit moth		been reached. Thorough coverage is essential for optimum control.
Butternut; Chestnut; Chinquapin; Ginkgo; Hazelnut (Filbert); Heartnut; Hickory nut; Monkey puzzle nut;	Obliqueband ed leafroller Threelined leafroller Fruittree leafroller European	500 to 1000	For optimum control of 1st generation codling moth, apply before first egg hatch (80 – 110 degree days Celsius after BIOFIX). Monitor populations and reapply 10 – 14 days later if required. For 2nd generation codling moth, timing of the first application is based on first egg hatch after establishing a new BIOFIX. Monitor populations and reapply 10 – 14 days later if required. BIOFIX is determined to be set when a first consistent moth catch has been attained within the orchard. For the determination of degree-days for codling moth, a
Pecan; Walnut, black;	leafroller Eyespotted		lower and upper threshold of 10 and 31 degrees Celsius is used.
Walnut, English	bud moth Peach twig borer	750 to 1000	For optimum control of oriental fruit moth, apply at 1st egg hatch of the targeted generation. Monitor populations using pheromone traps and reapply 7 – 10 days later if required.
			For optimum control of over-wintering generations of oblique-banded leafroller, monitor larval population in the spring, and apply when over-wintering larvae become active, from pink stage through petal fall. For summer generations, monitor adult moth flight, and apply at first egg hatch (170 – 240 degree days Celsius) after the first sustained moth catch. A repeat application approximately 10 days after the initial application may be needed to control the extended emergence of the small larvae.
			For optimal control of peach twig borer, use pheromone traps to monitor the male moth activity. Follow local recommendations for thresholds information. For spring/overwintering or first summer generation larvae: Apply within 7 days of first trap catch of adult male moths.
			For second summer generation larvae: To ensure good crop protection, continue monitoring for second brood moths until at least mid-August. If required, apply a second spray within 7 days of first trap catch of adult male moths.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Tree Nuts**

- DO NOT APPLY USING AERIAL APPLICATION EQUIPMENT.
- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 5 days before harvest. Observe a 5-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

#### **PEANUTS**

Spray Volume for Peanuts: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide /HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Peanuts	Armyworm Fall armyworm	500	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is
	Cutworms	500 to 750	essential for optimum control.
	Corn earworm	750	

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Peanuts**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 14 days before harvest. Observe a 14-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

#### **Tobacco**

**Spray Volume for Tobacco**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide /HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
Tobacco	Tobacco hornworm (suppression)  Tomato hornworm (suppression	750	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is essential for optimum control.
	Flea beetles	500-1000	

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Tobacco**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 7 days before harvest. Observe a 7-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

## FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE CUCUMBERS, GREENHOUSE PEPPERS, GREENHOUSE EGGPLANT AND GREENHOUSE TOMATOES

Recommended Spray Volume for Greenhouse Vegetables: .

SITE	PEST	RATE EXIREL® Insecticide / Hectare	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
GREENHOUSE CUCUMBERS;	Cabbage looper	250 ml	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is required to obtain optimum control. Select a
GREENHOUSE PEPPERS;	Thrips (Suppression)	500 - 1000 ml	spray volume appropriate for the size of plants and density of foliage. Use the higher listed rate and higher spray volumes for large plants or
GREENHOUSE TOMATOES	Whiteflies	750 – 1000 ml	dense foliage. Repeat applications if monitoring indicates it is necessary.
GREENHOUSE EGGPLANT			For optimum control of thrips and whiteflies, apply Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO Contentrate with Leci-Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v.
			If thrips populations are above threshold, use a registered knockdown product before applying EXIREL® Insecticide.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Greenhouse Vegetables**

- Foliar use only. DO NOT apply in irrigation water.
- Use of mist blowers, thermal foggers, ultra-low volume (ULV) and electrostatic sprayers is not permitted
- Do not make more than 4 applications per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Minimum time (PHI) between application and harvest is 1 day for peppers, eggplant and tomatoes and 0 days for cucumbers.
- For use only on tomatoes, peppers, eggplants and cucumbers being grown to harvest in commercial greenhouse crop production facilities. Do not treat plants grown for transplanting. Not for use in nurseries, plant propagation houses or greenhouses by commercial transplant producers on plants being grown for transplanting
- Do not allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

# NOTE TO USER: READ THE FOLLOWING BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT FOR SPECIAL USE APPLICATIONS:

The DIRECTIONS FOR USE for the uses described in this section of the label were developed by persons other than FMC of Canada Limited under the User Requested Minor Use Label Expansion program. For these uses FMC of Canada Limited has not fully assessed performance (efficacy) and/or crop tolerance (phytotoxicity) under all environmental conditions or for all crop varieties when used in accordance with the label. The user should test the product on a small area first, under local conditions and using standard practices, to confirm the product is suitable for widespread application.

#### **BUSHBERRIES – Crop Sub-Group 13-07B**

**Spray Volume for Bushberries**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL	RE-	SPECIFIC
		EXIREL®	APPLICATION	DIRECTIONS
		insecticide/HA	INTERVAL	
			(DAYS)	
BUSHBERRIES	Black Vine	1000-1500 ml	5	Begin applications
Aronia berry;	Weevil adults			when treatment
Blueberry, highbush;				thresholds have been
Blueberry, lowbush;	Clay Coloured			reached. Thorough
Buffalo currant;	Weevil adults			coverage is essential
Currant, black;				for optimum control.
Currant, red;				
Elderberry;				Clay coloured: Begin
European barberry;				application when
Gooseberry;				damage to buds is first
Highbush cranberry;				detected (in the spring).
Honeysuckle, edible;				
Huckleberry;				Black Vine: Apply when
Jostaberry;				most of adults have
Juneberry (Saskatoon berry);				emerged but before
Lingonberry;				they begin to lay eggs
Native currant;				(early summer).
Salal;Sea buckthorn;				(carry surfifier).
Cultivars, varieties and/or				
hybrids of these				

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Bushberries**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 3 days before harvest. Observe a 3-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

CANEBERRIES – Crop Sub-Group 13-07A
Spray Volume for Caneberries: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 500 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL	RE-	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
	0.	EXIREL®	APPLICATION	
		insecticide/HA	INTERVAL	
			(DAYS)	
CANEBERRIES	Black Vine	1000-1500 ml	5	Begin applications when
Blackberry (including	Weevil			treatment thresholds have
Andean blackberry,	adults			been reached. Thorough
arctic blackberry,				coverage is essential for
bingleberry,	Obscure			optimum control.
black satin berry,	root weevil			·
boysenberry,	adults			Obscure Root Weevil: Begin
brombeere,				applications when adults are
California blackberry,	Spotted			observed.
Chesterberry,	Wing			observed.
Cherokee blackberry,	Drosophila			
Cheyenne blackberry,	· ·			Black Vine: Apply when most
common blackberry,	Japanese			of adults have emerged but
coryberry,	Beetle			before they begin to lay eggs
darrowberry,				(early summer)
dewberry,				
Dirksen thornless berry,				Japanese Beetle: Begin
evergreen blackberry,				applications when thresholds
Himalayaberry,				have been reached
hullberry,				
lavacaberry,				For optimum control of
loganberry,				spotted wing drosophila, black
lowberry,				vine weevil and obscure root
Lucretiaberry,				weevil tank mix EXIREL®
mammoth blackberry,				Insecticide with Hasten NT
marionberry,				Spray Adjuvant* at an
mora,				application rate of 0.25% v/v.
mures deronce,				It is recommended that a
nectarberry,				small area be tested to
Northern dewberry,				demonstrate safety to fruit and
olallieberry,				leaves before using in large
Oregon evergreen berry,				areas.
phenomenalberry,				For Coottod wing droppedile
rangeberry,				For Spotted wing drosophila,
ravenberry,				begin applications when
rossberry,				populations are low. EXIREL® insecticide targets the adult
Shawnee blackberry,				
Southern dewberry,				life stage of Spotted wing
tayberry, youngberry,				drosophila. If Spotted wing
zarzamora, and cultivars,				drosophila populations are
varieties and/or hybrids of				high, use a registered insecticide with a different of
these);				mode of action to reduce the
Loganberry;				
Raspberry, black and red;				pest populations. Apply a
Wild raspberry;				subsequent application of EXIREL® insecticide if
Cultivars, varieties and/or				required.
hybrids of these				roquireu.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Caneberries**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

#### **Strawberries**

**Spray Volume for Strawberries**: Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 325 L/ha by ground sprayer.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL	RE-APPLICATION	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
		EXIREL®	INTERVAL (DAYS)	
		insecticide/HA		
Strawberries	Aphids	500 – 1500 ml	5	Begin applications when treatment
				thresholds have been reached.
	Thrips	4000 4500 1		Thorough coverage is essential for
	(Suppression)	1000-1500 ml		optimum control.
	Spotted Wing	1000-1500 ml		For optimum control of Spotted Wing
	Drosophila			Drosophila, aphids and thrips, apply
				Hasten NT Spray Adjuvant* at an
				application rate of 0.25% v/v or MSO
				Concentrate with Leci-Tech* at an application rate of 0.5% v/v. It is
				recommended that a small area be
				tested to demonstrate safety to fruit
				and leaves before using in large
				areas.
				If thrips populations are high, use a
				registered insecticide with a different
				mode of action to reduce thrips
				populations before applying TM EXIREL® insecticide
				EXITEE Insecticide
				For Spotted Wing Drosophila begin
				applications when populations are
				low. EXIREL ® insecticide targets the
				adult life stage of Spotted Wing
				Drosophila populations are high use
				Drosophila populations are high, use a registered insecticide with a
				different mode of action to reduce the
				pest populations. Apply a subsequent
				application of EXIREL® insecticide if
				required.

### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Strawberries**

- For any of the pests listed above, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 4.5 litres EXIREL® insecticide per ha per season.

#### FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE PEPPERS

SITE	PEST	RATE EXIREL® Insect Control / Hectare	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
GREENHOUSE PEPPERS	Pepper Maggot Pepper Weevil	1000 to 1500 ml/ha	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum control.
	(suppression)		Pepper maggot must be controlled at the adult life stage. Control may not be possible once oviposition has occurred. Proper scouting and application timing is key to controlling pepper maggot. Be sure to follow approved scouting and application timing recommendations for optimal control of this pest.
			Select a spray volume appropriate for the size of plants and density of foliage. Use the higher listed rate and higher spray volumes for large plants or dense foliage

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Greenhouse Peppers**

- Foliar use only. DO NOT apply in irrigation water.
- Use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Minimum time (PHI) between application and harvest is 1 day for peppers
- For use only on peppers being grown to harvest in commercial greenhouse crop production facilities. Do not treat plants grown for transplanting. Not for use in nurseries, plant propagation houses or greenhouses by commercial transplant producers on plants being grown for transplanting
- Do not allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

## FRUITING VEGETABLES (EXCEPT CUCURBITS) - Crop Group 8-09

**Spray Volume for Fruiting Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 300 L/ha by ground. Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 50 L/ha using aerial application equipment.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL® insecticide/HA	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
FRUITING VEGETABLES African eggplant; Currant tomato; Eggplant; Garden huckleberry; Goji berry; Groundcherry; Martynia; Okra; Pea eggplant; Pepino; Pepper, bell; Pepper, non-bell; Scarlet eggplant; Sunberry; Tomatillo; Tomato; Cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these	Pepper Maggot Pepper Weevil (suppression)	1000 to 1500 ml/ha	Begin applications when treatment thresholds have been reached. Thorough coverage is important to obtain optimum control.  Pepper maggot must be controlled at the adult life stage. Control may not be possible once oviposition has occurred. Proper scouting and application timing is key to controlling pepper maggot. Be sure to follow approved scouting and application timing recommendations for optimal control of this pest.

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Fruiting Vegetables**

- Use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 450 g of cyantraniliprole per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL® insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

## **ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet) - Crop Sub-Group 1B**

**Spray Volume for Root Vegetables:** Apply in a minimum finished spray volume of 200 L/ha by ground.

SITE	PEST	RATE mL EXIREL™ insecticide/HA	RE- APPLICATION INTERVAL (DAYS)	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS
ROOT VEGETABLES (except sugar beet) Beet, garden, Burdock, edible, Carrot, Celeriac (celery root), Chervil, turnip-rooted Chicory, Ginseng, Horseradish, Parsley, turnip-rooted, Parsnip, Radish, Radish, oriental (daikon), Rutabaga, Salsify (oyster plant), Salsify, black, Salsify, Spanish, Skirret, Turnip	Carrot Weevil	1,000 to 1,500	7	Begin applications at the 2-3 leaf stage or when scouting indicates the presence of weevils. Consult local agricultural authorities to determine appropriate threshold levels for carrot weevil in your area.  Use sufficient water volume to ensure thorough coverage. Recommended minimum water volume of 200L/ha for control of carrot weevil. Use the higher rate and a higher water volume when pest pressure is high.

## **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Root Vegetables**

- For pests with a range of application rates, use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 4 applications per season.
- Do not apply more than once every 7 days.
- Do not apply less than 1 day before harvest. Observe a 1-day PHI.
- Do not exceed a total of 450 g of cyantraniliprole per ha per season.
- Do not make a foliar application of EXIREL™ insecticide for a minimum of 60 days following an in-furrow or soil application or planting of seed or seed pieces treated with any Group 28 insecticide.

#### FOR USE ON GREENHOUSE LETTUCE

Control / Hectare	
GREENHOUSE LETTUCE;  750 to 1000 mL/Ha  Begin applications when treatment have been reached. Thorough coverequired to obtain optimum control.  Select a spray volume appropriate of plants and density of foliage. Us higher listed rate and higher spray for large plants or dense foliage. R applications if monitoring indicates necessary	for the size e the volumes epeat

#### **RESTRICTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS: Greenhouse Lettuce**

- Foliar use only. DO NOT apply in irrigation water.
- Use the high rate under heavy pest pressure.
- Do not make more than 3 applications per crop cycle.
- Do not apply more than once every 5 days.
- Minimum time (PHI) between application and harvest is 1 day for lettuce
- For use only on lettuce being grown to harvest in commercial greenhouse crop production facilities. Do not treat plants grown for transplanting. Not for use in nurseries, plant propagation houses or greenhouses by commercial transplant producers on plants being grown for transplanting
- Do not allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

#### FIELD SPRAYER, AIRBLAST, AND AERIAL APPLICATION

<u>Field sprayer application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) fine classification. Boom height must be 60 cm or less above the crop or ground.

<u>Airblast application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** direct spray above plants to be treated. Turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at the application site as measured outside of the treatment area on the upwind side.

<u>Aerial application</u>: **DO NOT** apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty. **DO NOT** apply when wind speed is greater than 16 km/h at flying height at the site of application. **DO NOT** apply with spray droplets smaller than the American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) fine classification. To reduce drift caused by turbulent wingtip vortices, the nozzle distribution along the spray boom length **MUST NOT** exceed 65% of the wing- or rotorspan.

#### **Buffer zones:**

Use of the following spray methods or equipment **DO NOT** require a buffer zone: hand-held or backpack sprayer and spot treatment.

The buffer zones specified in the table below are required between the point of direct application and the closest downwind edge of sensitive terrestrial habitats (such as grasslands, forested areas, shelter belts, woodlots, hedgerows, riparian areas and shrublands) and sensitive freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs and wetlands).

Method of application	Crop		Buffer Zones (metres) Required for the Protection of:		
αρριισατιστ			Freshwater Habitat of Depths:		Terrestrial habitat
			Less than 1 m	Greater than 1 m	
Field sprayer	Tub. Veg., bulb veg., leafy veg., cucurbits, brassica, fruiting veg., bushberries, root vegetables (except sugar beets), legume vegetables, low growing berries (except strawberry), peanuts, tobacco, caneberries, strawberries		2	1	1
Airblast	Pome fruit, stone fruit, tree nuts, low growing berries strawberries, caneberries	Early growth stage	5	2	2
		Late growth stage	3	1	1
Aerial	Tub. Veg., bulb veg., leafy veg., cucurbits, brassica, fruiting veg., bushberries, root vegetables (except sugar beets), legume vegetables	Fixed wing	5	1	15
		Rotary wing	2	1	15

For tank mixes, consult the labels of the tank-mix partners and observe the largest (most restrictive) buffer zone of the products involved in the tank mixture and apply using the coarsest spray (ASAE) category indicated on the labels for those tank mix partners.

Apply only by fixed-wing or rotary aircraft equipment, which has been functionally and operationally calibrated for the atmospheric conditions of the area and the application rates and conditions of this label.

Label rates, conditions and precautions are product specific. Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. Apply only at the rate recommended for aerial application on this label. Where no rate for aerial application appears for the specific use, this product cannot be applied by any type of aerial equipment.

Ensure uniform application. To avoid streaked, uneven or overlapped application, use appropriate marking devices.

#### Use Precautions for Aerial Application

Apply only when meteorological conditions at the treatment site allow for complete and even crop coverage. Apply only under conditions of good practice specific to aerial application as outlined in the "National Aerial Pesticide Application Manual, developed by the Federal/Provincial/Territorial Committee on Pest Management and Pesticides".

## Operator Precautions for Aerial Application

Do not allow the pilot to mix chemicals to be loaded onto the aircraft. Loading of premixed chemicals with a closed system is permitted.

It is desirable that the pilot have communication capabilities at each treatment site at the time of application.

The field crew and the mixer/loaders must wear chemical resistant gloves, coveralls and goggles or face shield during mixing/loading, cleanup and repair. Follow the more stringent label precautions in cases where the operator precautions exceed the generic label recommendations on the existing ground boom label.

All personnel on the job site must wash hands and face thoroughly before eating and drinking. Protective clothing, aircraft cockpit and vehicle cabs must be decontaminated regularly.

## Product Specific Precautions for Aerial Application

Read and understand the entire label before opening this product. If you have questions, call the manufacturer at 1-833-362-7722 or obtain technical advice from the distributor or your provincial agricultural representative. Application of this specific product must meet and/or conform to the following: Apply the recommended rate in a minimum spray volume of 50 litres per hectare.

#### **CHEMIGATION**

DO NOT apply EXIREL® insecticide by chemigation unless specified on this label. EXIREL® insecticide may be applied through a solid set overhead sprinkler irrigation system that will apply water uniformly and within the confines of a closed perimeter of dykes.

Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units are not recommended. Non-uniform distribution of treated water may reduce effectiveness or result in illegal pesticide residues on the crop.

Proper calibration of the chemigation system is essential to deliver the desired rate per hectare in a uniform manner and to minimize wash-off time. If you have questions about calibration, contact the equipment manufacturer or other expert.

#### **Equipment Requirements:**

- The system must contain an air gap, or approved backflow prevention device, or approved functional check valve, vacuum relief valve (including inspection port), and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from back flow unless the water is from a man-made self-contained source on private land.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve or oneway valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump. A secondary containment system around the injection port area must be in place.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, valve located on the intake side of the injection system to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection when the water pressure drops or water flow stops. Alternatively, in the absence of such an automatic system, the injection procedure must be continuously monitored by an operator who is able to manually shut off pesticide injection under the same circumstances.
- Systems must use a metering device, such as a positive displacement injection pump (or flow meter on eductor) effectively designed and compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be free of rust, fertilizer, sediment, and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injection point.
- To insure uniform mixing of the insecticide in the water line, inject the mixture in the center of the pipe diameter or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so the turbulence created at those points will assist in mixing. The injection point must be located after all back-flow prevention devices on the water line unless the water is from a man-made self-contained source on private land.

#### Precautions:

- DO NOT connect an irrigation system used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the required safety devices for public water systems are in place. Specific local regulations may apply and must be followed.
- A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall operate the system and shall shut the system down to make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- DO NOT apply when wind speed causes non-uniform distribution and/or favours drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- DO NOT apply during periods of dead calm. Avoid application of this product when winds are gusty.
- DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than the prescribed American Society of Agricultural Engineers (ASAE) fine classification. Applications must be conducted WITHOUT the use of end guns.
- DO NOT allow spray pattern to exceed the enclosed bed area.
- DO NOT apply by chemigation if the area to be treated is within 100 metres of a residential area or park.

#### **MIXING INSTRUCTIONS:**

Spray equipment must be clean and free of previous pesticide deposits before applying EXIREL® insecticide. Fill spray tank 1/4 to 1/2 full of water. Add EXIREL® insecticide directly to spray tank. Mix thoroughly to fully disperse the insecticide; once dispersed continued agitation is required. Use mechanical or hydraulic means; do not use air agitation. Spray mix should not be stored overnight in spray tank.

Tank mix and crop tolerance - EXIREL® insecticide is a suspo-emulsion. Tank mixing EXIREL® insecticide with some products formulated as emulsifiable concentrates (EC) and certain fungicides can result in crop injury. Strobilurin (Group 11) fungicides and copper- and captan-containing fungicides applied in tank mixes with EXIREL® insecticide, or applied close in time to application of EXIREL® insecticide, have been shown to cause crop injury under laboratory settings. Tank mixes of EXIREL® with some products formulated as emulsifiable concentrates (EC), strobilurin (Group 11) fungicides (for example Cabrio and Quadris), copper and sulfur based fungicides, chlorothalonil based fungicides (for example, Bravo Weather Stik), and the fungicides Captan, Tanos®, Rally and Manzate may result in adverse crop response. Some materials including oils, surfactants, adjuvants, nutritionals and pesticide formulations when applied individually, sequentially, or in tank mixtures may solubilize the plant cuticle, facilitate penetration into plant tissue, and increase the potential for crop injury. The application of strobilurin (Group 11) fungicides in a short time sequence (i.e., seven days apart or less between applications) before or after EXIREL® may also result in adverse crop response. Applying EXIREL® with any product that produces adverse crop response in a tank mixture, specifically including, but not limited to, those listed above, may also cause adverse crop response when applied in a short time sequence. Such uses should be tested as described below before broad application is made.

Crop varieties can differ in their responsiveness, and environmental conditions can have an influence. It is not possible to test EXIREL® insecticide alone or with all possible tank mix combinations on all crop varieties under all environmental conditions. To prevent potential crop injury, test the mixture in a limited area in accordance with label directions prior to using EXIREL® insecticide with any tank mix partner on a wide area. When considering the use of a tank mixture on a labeled crop without prior experience, or which is not specifically described on EXIREL® product labeling or in other product use instruction, or when applying any of the aforementioned products in close sequence with EXIREL®, it is important to check crop safety first. Follow the most restrictive label. Consult a representative for more information regarding use of EXIREL® insecticide in tank mixtures

## Acidification of Spray Tank

If the pH of the final spray solution is high (pH >8) and the spray solution is not going to be sprayed within 4 hours, then a spray tank acidifier should be added to the tank to adjust the pH to 7.5 or less.

Spray tanks of approximately pH 8 or less can be held for up to 8 hours before spraying. Do not store the spray mixture overnight in the spray tank.

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP:

Prior to application, start with clean, well-maintained application equipment. Immediately following application, thoroughly clean all spray equipment to reduce the risk of forming hardened deposits, which might become difficult to remove.

Drain spray equipment. Thoroughly rinse sprayer and flush hoses, boom and nozzles with clean water. Clean all other associated application equipment. Take all necessary safety precautions when cleaning equipment. Do not clean near wells, water sources or desirable vegetation.

Dispose of waste rinse water in accordance with local regulations.

#### PRECAUTIONS:

- KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- Causes skin irritation. Do not get on skin.
- During mixing, loading, applying, and clean-up and repair, workers must wear coveralls over a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, socks and chemical-resistant footwear. In addition, during mixing, loading, clean-up and repair workers must wear goggles or faceshield
- When using open-cab airblast equipment operator must wear chemical-resistant headgear.
- Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining personal protective equipment (PPE). If no such instructions for washables are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.
- Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval of 12 hours.
- See the Aerial Application Label Instructions section of this label for additional precautions specific to aerial application.
- Apply only when the potential for drift to areas of human habitation or areas of human activity such as houses, cottages, schools and recreational areas is minimal. Take into consideration wind speed, wind direction, temperature inversions, application equipment and sprayer settings.
- When applied as a tank-mix combination, read and observe all label directions, including rates, and restrictions for each product used in the tank-mix. Follow the more stringent label precautionary measures stated on both product labels for mixing, loading and applying.

#### FIRST AID:

Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

**IF SWALLOWED**: Call a poison control centre or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control centre or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

**IF INHALED:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control centre or doctor for further treatment advice.

**IF IN EYES:** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.

For medical emergencies call **1-800-331-3148** (24 hours).

**TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Treat symptomatically.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:**

- Toxic to non-target terrestrial plants. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USF
- Toxic to aquatic organisms. Observe buffer zones specified under DIRECTIONS FOR USE.
- Toxic to certain beneficial insects. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on beneficial insects in habitats next to the application site such as hedgerows and woodland.
- Toxic to bees. DO NOT apply this product to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively
  visiting the treatment area. Apply early in the morning or late in the evening when bees are not
  active. Minimize spray drift to reduce harmful effects on bees in habitats close to the application
  site. To reduce runoff from treated areas into aquatic habitats avoid application to areas with a
  moderate to steep slope, compacted soil, or clay.
- Avoid application when heavy rain is forecast.
- Contamination of aquatic areas as a result of runoff may be reduced by including a vegetative strip between the treated area and the edge of the water body.
- **DO NOT** apply this product directly to freshwater habitats (such as lakes, rivers, sloughs, ponds, prairie potholes, creeks, marshes, streams, reservoirs, and wetlands), estuarine/marine habitats.
- DO NOT contaminate irrigation or drinking water supplies or aquatic habitats by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes."
- **DO NOT** allow effluent or runoff from greenhouses containing this product to enter lakes, streams, ponds or other waters.

## **ROTATIONAL CROP RESTRICTIONS:**

Recommended Plant-Back Intervals (PBI) for Rotational Crops

PBI	CROPS
0 days	Crop Group 1C (Tuberous and corm vegetables); Crop 1B (root vegetables (except sugar beet), Crop Group 2 (Leaves of root and tuber vegetables; Crop Group 3-07 (Bulb vegetables); Crop Group 4 (Leafy vegetables; except <i>Brassica</i>

	vegetables); Crop Group 5 ( <i>Brassica</i> (Cole) leafy vegetables); Crop Group 6 (Legume Vegetables succulent or dried); Crop Group 8-09 (Fruiting vegetables); Crop Group 9 (Cucurbit vegetables); Crop Group 13-07B (Bushberry subgroup); Crop Group 13-07G (Lowgrowing berry subgroup – except strawberry); Crop Group 20 (Oilseed); peanuts	
30 days	Crop Group 1A (Root and tuber vegetables); Crop Group 7 (Foliage of legume vegetables); Crop Group 15 (Cereal grains); Crop Group 16 (Forage, fodder, and straw of cereal grains); Crop Group 17 (Grass forage, fodder, and hay); Crop Group 18 (Nongrass animal feeds: Forage, fodder, straw and hay)	
365 days	Other crops	

#### **RESISTANCE-MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS:**

For resistance management, please note that EXIREL® insecticide contains a Group 28 insecticide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to EXIREL® insecticide and other Group 28 insecticides. The resistant individuals may dominate the insect population if this group of insecticides is used repeatedly in the same fields. Other resistance mechanisms that are not linked to site of action but are specific for individual chemicals, such as enhanced metabolism, may also exist. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay insecticide resistance:

- Where possible, rotate the use of EXIREL® insecticide or other Group 28 insecticides with different groups that control the same pests.
- Make no more than 2 applications of EXIREL® insecticide or other group 28 insecticides per generation to the same insect species on a crop. The following application to the target pest(s) must be with a registered product with a different mode of action.
- Avoid using the same mode of action (same IRAC group number) on consecutive generations of insect pests.
- Use tank mixtures with insecticides from a different group when such use is permitted.
- Insecticide use should be based on an IPM program that includes scouting and record keeping, and considers cultural, biological and other chemical control practices.
- Monitor treated pest populations for resistance development.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for any additional pesticide resistance-management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and pest problems in your area. For further information or to report suspected resistance contact FMC of Canada Limited at 1-833-362-7722.

#### STORAGE:

Store product in original container only, away from other pesticides, fertilizer, food or feed. Not for use or storage in or around the home. Keep container closed. To prevent contamination store this product away from food or feed.

#### **DISPOSAL:**

Do not reuse this container for any purpose. This is a recyclable container, and is to be disposed of at a container collection site. Contact your local distributor/dealer or municipality for the location of the nearest collection site. Before taking the container to the collection site:

- 1. Triple- or pressure-rinse the empty container. Add the rinsings to the spray mixture in the tank.
- 2. Make the empty, rinsed container unsuitable for further use. If there is no container collection site in your area, dispose of the container in accordance with provincial requirements.

For information on disposal of unused, unwanted product, contact the manufacturer or the provincial regulatory agency. Contact the manufacturer and the provincial regulatory agency in case of a spill, and for clean-up of spills.

## **NOTICE TO USER:**

This pest control product is to be used only in accordance with the directions on the label. It is an offence under the *Pest Control Products Act* to use this product in a way that is inconsistent with the directions on the label.

<sup>®</sup> EXIREL is a Registered trademarks/trademarks of FMC Corporation or an affiliate.

\*All other products mentioned are trademarks of their respective companies.