VR Headset Protector

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Problem Statement

- Augmented reality (AR) is implemented in the training regime for astronauts to prepare for the environmental conditions of space.
- A culprit in the malfunction of the internal components of the virtual reality headsets is sweat.
- The VR Wearable technology team aims to create a cost-effective design implementing Arduino sensors and certain fabrics surrounding the headset to mitigate sweat secretion while not sacrificing mobility, comfort, or time.
- Sweat will be detected as it reaches a critical level where the internal components can be potentially compromised.

Design Requirements

- Inexpensive and Reusable
- Must not limit Mobility
- Materials used must not release more than the acceptable levels of outgases
- Easy to Sanitize

Technology & Hardware

A Parts Used: FC-37 Rain Sensor- Detects Water KY-016 3-color LED module- Light Buzzer DHT11 Humidity and Temperature Sensor Arduino Nano- Intelligence Chip Breadboard 3 AAA Battery Compartment Cooling Mask

Software

```
29 //Declare the variables, set them to their appropriate pins
30 dht DHT; //For interpreting DHT sensor
31 int DHTPin = 13; //Digital pin for DHT sensor, set pin to D13
32 int DHTRead; //Reads input from DHT sensor
34 int LEDPin = 2; //Digital pin for LED light, set pin to D2
35 int buzzerPin = 3; //Digital pin for buzzer, set pin to D3
36
37 const int SENS MIN = 0; //Limits for reading sweat sensor
38 const int SENS MAX = 1024;
39 int sweatPin = A0; //Analog pin for sweat sensor, set pin to A0
40 int sweatRead; //Reads input from sweat sensor
41
42 void setup()
43 {
    //Set LED pin for output
    pinMode(LEDPin, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
47 Serial.println("Starting up sensors...");
48 }//End of setup function
49
50 void loop()
51 {
    //Read in the sweat and DHT sensor for their inputs
    DHTRead = DHT.read11(DHTPin);
    sweatRead = analogRead(sweatPin);
55
    //If temperature too low, continue loop
57 //Create sweatRead restriction for sweat sensor to limit itself
```

```
56 //If temperature too low, continue loop
57 //Create sweatRead restriction for sweat sensor to limit itself
   //TODO: Find percentage that is considered "too sweaty", default: 100
sweatRead = 99-map(sweatRead, SENS MIN, SENS MAX, 0, 100);
60
    //Output temperature and sweat level to serial monitor
62 Serial.print("Temperature: ");
63 Serial.println(DHT.temperature);
64 Serial.print("Sweat level: ");
65 Serial.print(sweatRead);
66
   //Reduce the sweatRead to 4 cases: drenched in sweat, warning of being drenched,
   //normal amount of sweat, and no sweating
   if (sweatRead > 75)
      sweatRead = 3;
71 else if (sweatRead > 50)
      sweatRead = 2;
73 else if (sweatRead > 0)
      sweatRead = 1;
75
76 //If both temperature and sweat levels are high, flash the light
77 //Temperature evaluation
78 if (DHT.temperature > 30)
79
      //Sweat evaluation
      switch (sweatRead)
82
       //Drenched case
        case 3:
```

Continued...

```
75
76 //If both temperature and sweat levels are high, flash the light
77 //Temperature evaluation
    if(DHT.temperature > 30)
79
       //Sweat evaluation
 80
       switch(sweatRead)
81
 82
 83
         //Drenched case
         case 3:
 84
 85
           Serial.println(" - Very High");
 86
           digitalWrite(LEDPin, HIGH);
           tone (buzzerPin, 1000);
 87
 88
          delay(1000);
 89
          break;
         //Warning case
 90
         case 2:
 91
 92
           Serial.println(" - High");
           digitalWrite(LEDPin, HIGH);
 93
           tone(buzzerPin, 500);
 94
 95
           delay(300);
 96
           digitalWrite(LEDPin, LOW);
 97
           noTone (buzzerPin);
 98
           delay(700);
99
           break;
100
         //Normal case
101
         case 1:
102
          Serial.println(" - Normal");
103
           delay(1000);
104
           break;
```

```
93
           digitalWrite(LEDPin, HIGH);
94
           tone (buzzerPin, 500);
95
           delay(300);
           digitalWrite(LEDPin, LOW);
96
97
          noTone (buzzerPin);
98
          delay(700);
99
           break:
100
        //Normal case
101
         case 1:
          Serial.println(" - Normal");
102
          delay(1000);
103
          break;
104
105
        //No sweat case
106
        case 0:
107
         Serial.println(" - Not Sweating");
         delay(1000);
108
109
          break;
      }//End of switch statement
| 111 | }//End of if human temperature statement
112
113 //Turn LED and buzzer off
114 digitalWrite(LEDPin, LOW);
115 noTone (buzzerPin);
116
117 //Add 2 new line statements to prepare the monitor written for the next prompt
118 Serial.print("\n \n");
119
120 //Delay 1 second
121 delay(1000);
122 }//End of loop function
```

Analysis





	REQUIREMENTS	OUR HEADSET	SWEAT GLADIATOR (Previous Team)	Just with VR Headset
	Inexpensive & Reusable	2	2	0
	Must Not Limit Mobility	2	1	2
	Does Not Cause Outgassing	2	2	2
	Kills 95% of Bacteria	1	1	0

numbers	Requirements
2	Exceed the requirements
1	Pass the requirements
0	Failed the requirements

Conclusion

• A Cooling Mask that can hold sweat with sensors that can warn the user when they are in danger of breaking the VR system is an incredible breakthrough. The device can let astronauts train longer without fear of damaging the technology. The device can also test the body. This can help in the medical field to learn more about the body while training, along with in space to learn about the effect of long periods of time in space on the human body. As more studies occur, there will be more research on better materials to use at a cheaper price. Continued testing will also allow the device to be as efficient in collecting sweat and cooling the user as possible.

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Previous Team: Josue Zuniga- VR teams' leader, Shane Martin-VR teams 2nd in Command/lead designer/Researcher, Osvaldo Rodriguez- Hardware/Software researcher, Arnold Garcia-Hardware researcher, Diana Thomas- Technical Writer

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