# Ecosustainable Energy Production

STAT 430: Unsupervised Learning





- **Gas turbine** in Turkey's northwestern region
- 2000 instances of 11 sensor measures aggregated over one hour

Variable	Abbr.	$\operatorname{Unit}$
Ambient temperature	AT	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Ambient pressure	AP	mbar
Ambient humidity	AH	(%)
Air filter difference pressure	AFDP	mbar
Gas turbine exhaust pressure	GTEP	mbar
Turbine inlet temperature	TIT	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Turbine after temperature	TAT	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
Compressor discharge pressure	CDP	mbar
Turbine energy yield	TEY	MWH
Carbon monoxide	CO	$\mathrm{mg/m^3}$
Nitrogen oxides	$NO_x$	${ m mg/m^3}$

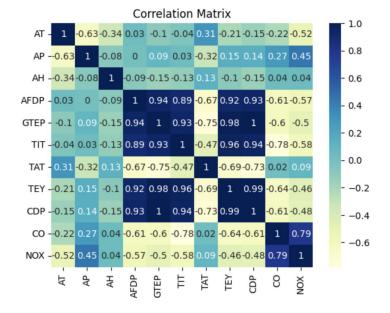
- **GOAL:** identify general clustering **structure**, as well as clusters with:
  - High **TEY**, low **CO & NOx** (desirable)
  - Low TEY, high CO & NOx (undesirable)

### • IMPORTANT FOR:

- Emissions regulation
- Reducing total measurement costs

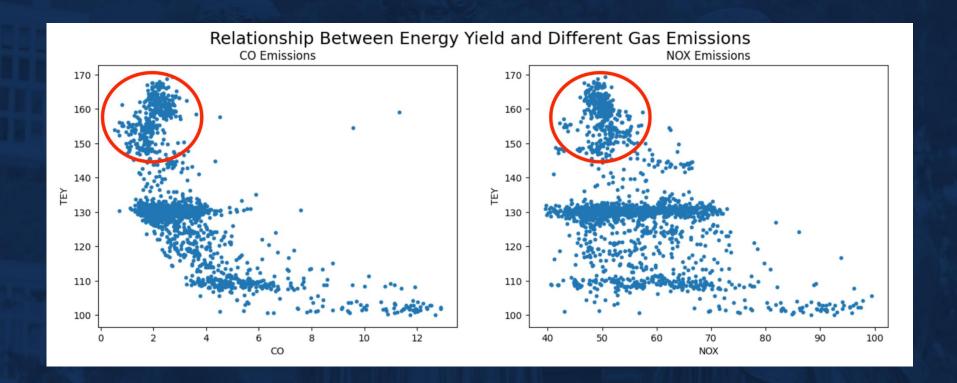
## **EDA** of the data

- The scale of variables is very different mean-scaling is needed
- Existence of **highly-correlated** variables
- Looked at pairwise scatter plots



	AT	AP	АН	AFDP	GTEP	TIT	TAT	TEY	CDP	со	NOX
count	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000	1965.000000
mean	14.480507	1018.535099	74.536957	3.520607	24.417182	1074.869160	546.917746	131.269863	11.883762	3.206167	56.271015
std	5.589764	7.693844	10.385808	0.560008	4.073701	17.560745	5.822548	15.612174	1.078619	1.955137	9.511217

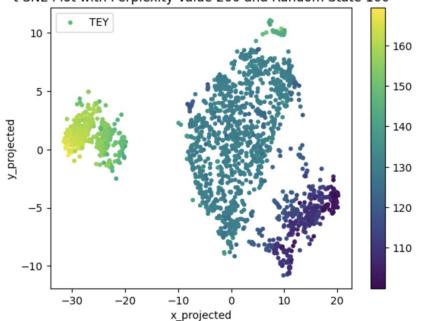
# Observations we are interested in:









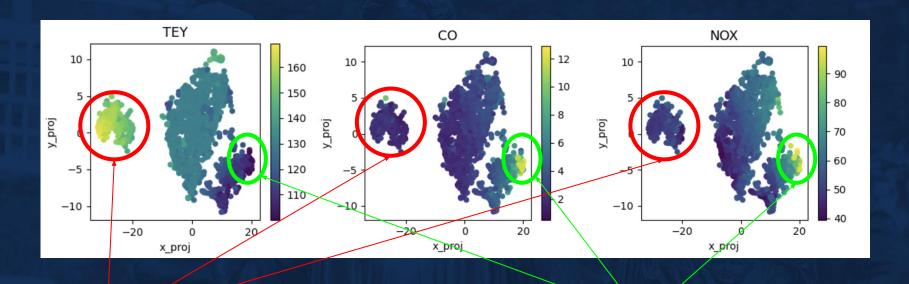


 Both Hopkins (~0.08) and t-SNE suggested that the dataset is CLUSTERABLE

### STRUCTURE:

- 3 main clusters + 2-3 subclusters in each
- Convex shaped
- Similar density, but different size
- Main clusters well-separated; subclusters may be overlapping
- According to t-SNE not many noisy points

# Observations we are interested in:

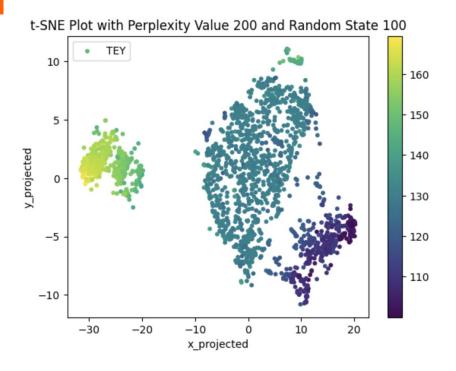


Max Energy - Min Emissions

Min Energy - Max Emissions



# Algorithm selection motivation



### K-Means:

- convex shape of clusters
- same sparsity
- well-separated
- little to **no fuzziness**

### HAC:

- nested structure
- clusters have different sizes

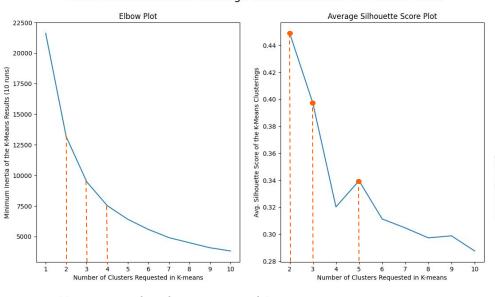
### DBSCAN:

- doesn't assume number of clusters
- clusters have different sizes
- same sparsity
- potential noise points

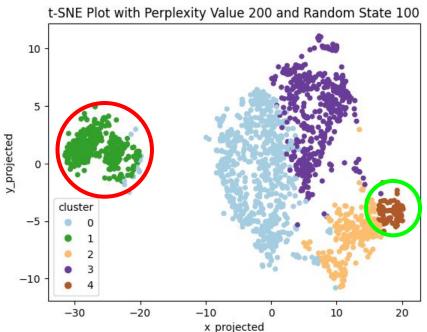




Elbow Method Results & Average Silhouette Scores for Turbine Data



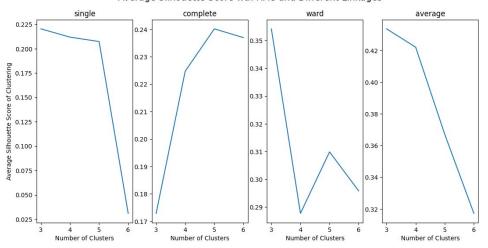
Elbow method suggested k = 2, 3 or 4 Silhouette plot suggested k = 2, 3 or 5 t-SNE plot comparison suggested k = 5



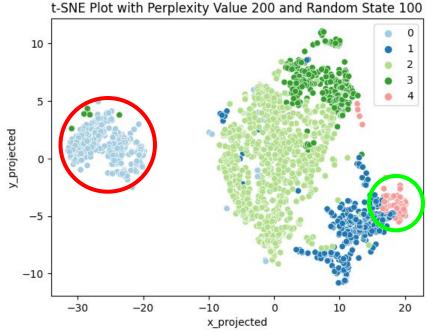






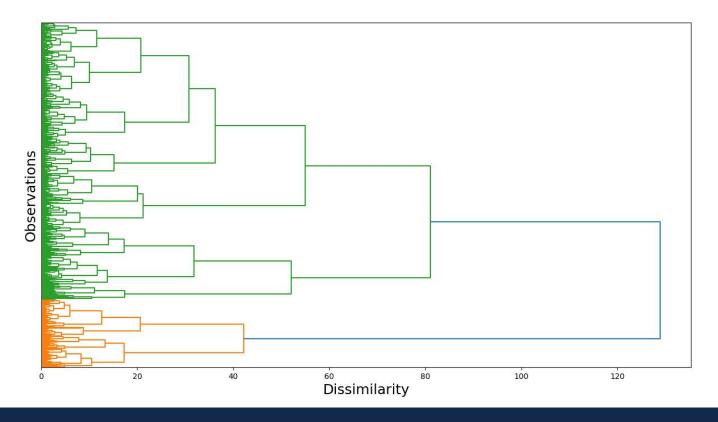


**Average** linkage had highest average Silhouette scores **Ward** linkage was the most **meaningful** 



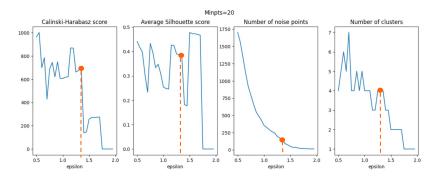
# **Dendrogram for HAC with Ward Linkage**





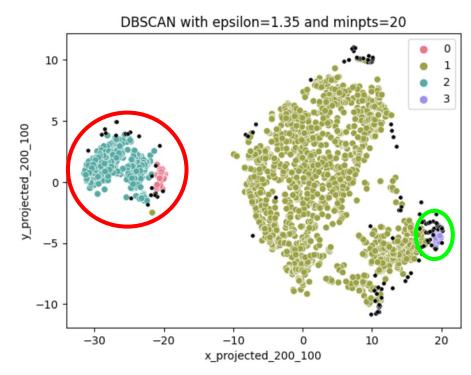
# **DBSCAN**





Parameters: **minpts=20, eps=1.35**Output: 4 clusters, **139 noise** points
Summary:

- Separated the data into 4 clusters aligns with t-SNE
- Identified "extreme" clusters



# Comparison

### General Clustering Structure:

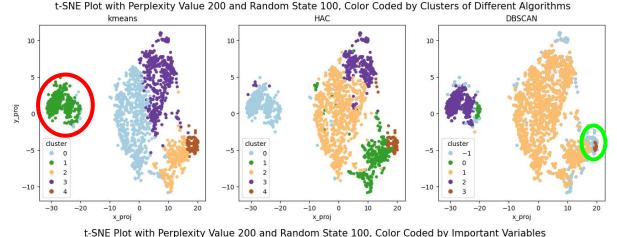
- K-Means did the best
- Difference in separation of the middle cloud

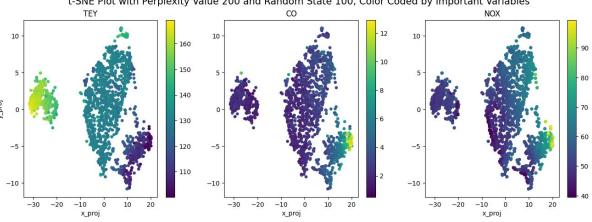
### • "Extreme" observations:

- Leftmost: K-Means and HAC
- Rightmost: DBSCAN

### Average Silhouette Score:

- 0.34 for K-Means
- 0.31 for HAC
- o 0.30 for DBSCAN





# **Summary**



# **Clustering Structure**

- All algorithms found 4-5 cluster the data has underlying clustering structure
- Compared the similarities and differences of each cluster
- Helpful to estimate the energy output and emissions for the turbine.

# **Observing extreme subsets**

- All the clustering algorithms labeled extreme sets
- Variables like "AT" or "AP" don't affect TEY and emissions values
- "AFDP" or "TAT" are highly associated with energy yield
- Maintaining those parameters at the level specified in this subsets, the factory could regulate the emissions as well as associated costs.

