Course Code 123: Assignment n

This .tex LATEX file is the learning version, prepared by Kat Matheson. Any questions should be directed to g3.matheson@gmail.com

For the template, simply delete everything below the comment %% delete-me and save your own. Make sure to keep the $\end{document}$ line, though!

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$1 \quad ETEX$

LATEX has odd spacing.

if you write a line and continue on the next one, you might notice a problem if you write a line and something else and continue on the next one, you might notice it's fixed, sort of? what if... hmmmmm now?

how about now?

where are my spaces?

i guess i only need one...

this is normal text, **but this is bolded.** this is normal text, *this is italicized*, and *this is emphasized*

this is normal text, and this is cool math-ish pc-looking text this is large this is Large this is large with spacing from this is Large

over here weeeeeeeeeee

reeeeeeeeee

weeeee

a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w,x,y,z 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0 a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j,k,l,m,n,o,p,q,r,s,t,u,v,w,x,y,z 1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0

$$a, b, c = 1, 2, 3 = \sum_{i=1}^{j} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{ix} dx$$

greek letters for variables $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \sigma, \theta, \epsilon, \varepsilon$

math symbols

$$\begin{split} \sum_{i=1}^n, & \prod_{i=1}^n, \bigcap_{i=1}^n, \bigcup_{i=1}^n \\ a+b, & a-b, a\pm b \\ \frac{a}{b}, a/b \\ a>b, & a\geq b, a< b, a\leq b \\ a\neq b, & a\sim b, a\approx b, a\simeq b \\ a\cdot b, & a\times b, a*b \\ a^b, & a^{2b}, a^2b \\ a_b, & a_{2b}, a_2b \\ A\cup B, & A\cap B, & A\setminus B \\ A\subset B, & A\subseteq B, & A\supset B, & A\supseteq B \\ \in, \notin \\ \forall, & \exists, \implies, \iff a \land b, a \lor b \\ \mathbb{P}(a+b) < \mathbb{E}(c\pm d) \\ x\in \mathbb{N}, & y\in \mathbb{R}, & z\notin Z, & \alpha\in \mathbb{Q}\setminus (\mathbb{N}\cap\mathbb{Q}^c) \\ \text{and so on } \cdots \\ \text{and so on } \ldots \end{split}$$

math functions

$$\sin(x), \cos^2(x), \tan(\theta)$$
$$e^{x_i^2}, \log_2(x)$$

$$f'' = f^{(2)} = \frac{d^2 f}{dx^2} \neq \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$$

math auto-sizing brackets

$$\begin{array}{l} (2+2) \\ \left[\left(2 + \frac{1}{2} \right) \right] \\ \left\{ ((2+2)) > \bigcap_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (i+1)^{2}}{\theta_{1}} \right\} \end{array}$$

$$\left(1 + \bigcap_{i=1}^{n} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (i+1)^{2}}{\theta_{1}}\right)$$

math comments

a = b because science

andd = e because

b = c

according to my mom

x = y $\sim \theta - 3$ because i said so = z + 1 because i said so < z + 3 because i said so

$$\begin{aligned} x &= 2 \\ x &= 3 \end{aligned} \qquad i = 1 \\ i &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

matrices

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0,1,2\\3,4,5\\6,7,8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0,1,2\\3,4,5\\6,7,8 \end{pmatrix}$$

cases

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } x > 0\\ \theta_0 & \text{if } x = 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Examples

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{x_i + y_i}{2^i} \right)^{i-1}, \quad \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i}{n}, \quad \frac{\int_0^1 \frac{a}{x^{-2}} dx}{2}$$

3 Algorithms