

TIKZORBILTAL Package

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April 9, 2015

Abstract

This package provides several \LaTeX macros in order to draw easily molecular orbital diagrams and atomic orbital of type s , p and d inside `tikzpicture` environment. This documentation gives the syntax of the commands and complete examples of their utilization. The source code is give at the end.

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1 Requirements and licence

TIKZORBILTAL underlies the \LaTeX project public license (lppl) version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>). It requires the following packages which all are usually included in standard texlive or MikTeX distribution :

- `tikz`, `pgfkeys` (part of `tikz`) and `tikz` library shapes
- `ifthen`

Feel, free to send comments, contribution or suggestion by email.

2 Installation and utilization

Download the tarball which contains the files `tikzorbital.sty` and `tikzorbital.pdf` which are respectively the package file and its documentation (<http://gvallver.perso.univ-pau.fr/>). After extracting the files, copy them to directories where \LaTeX will be able to find them. For example, under Linux operating systems :

```
1 % for the .sty file
2 /home/you/texmf/tex/latex/tikzorbital
3
4 % for the pdf documentation file
5 /home/you/texmf/doc/latex/tikzorbital
```

Under a macOS operating system the `texmf` directory is not in your home directory but in the `Library` directory.

Package `TIKZORBILTAL` do not have any options. After you have copied it in a directory where \LaTeX will find it, simply load it as other \LaTeX package :

```
1 \usepackage{tikzorbital}
```

All macros provided by `TIKZORBILTAL` must be uses inside a `tikzpicture` environment. The `[<pos>]` option of all the macros is a position which can be given in the `tikz` syntax and between braces.

Options of macros provided by `TIKZORBILTAL` must be given in a `key = value` syntax. For example :

```
1 \command[option 1=<value1>, option2=<value2> ...]{argument}
```

3 Molecular orbital diagrams

The package `TIKZORBILTAL` provides the following command in order to draw easily molecular orbital diagrams :

```
\drawLevel [<options>] {<name> }
```

This command draw a thick line with zero, one or two electrons which represent the occupation of the orbital and are drew as vertical arrows which indicate the spin of each electron. `<name>` is the name of the orbital and is used in order to define anchors which could be used in order to draw correlation lines or to add labels (see example 3.1). The following anchor are created :

- `left name` : at the left of the orbital level
- `right name` : at the right of the orbital level
- `middle name` : at the middle of the orbital level

The following `[<options>]` are available :

`[<elec>]` : Number of electrons, `<value>` must be one of {up, down, updown, pair} where pair and updown have got the same effect.
default = no

`[<pos>]` : left position of the level
default = {(0,0)}

[<width>] : level width

default = 2

[<style>] : a set of tikz commands which define the way levels have to be drawn

default = {line width = 2pt, color = black!80, line cap = round}

[<spinstyle>] : a set of tikz commands which define the way the arrows which represents the electrons have to be drawn

default = {very thick, color = red!80, -stealth}

[<spinlength>] : length of spin arrows

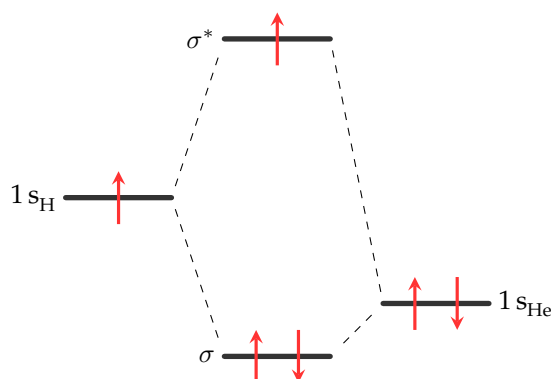
default = 1

Note that if the value of an option contains comma or parenthesis, you should enclose its in curly brace. The following macro allows you to change the length of levels :

`\levelWidth {<length>}` : this macro set the length of level.

Example 3.1 shows how to use `\drawLevel` for molecule HHe.

```
1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \drawLevel[elec=up, pos={(0,0)}]{1sH}
3   \drawLevel[elec=updown, pos={(6,-2)}]{1sHe}
4
5   \drawLevel[elec=pair, pos={(3,-3)}]{sigma}
6   \drawLevel[elec=up, pos={(3,3)}]{sigmastar}
7
8   \draw[dashed] (right 1sH) -- (left sigma)
9                 (right 1sH) -- (left sigmastar)
10                (left 1sHe) -- (right sigmastar)
11                (left 1sHe) -- (right sigma) ;
12
13   \node[left] at (left 1sH) {\ce{1s_H}} ;
14   \node[right] at (right 1sHe) {\ce{1s_He}} ;
15   \node[left] at (left sigma) {\sigma};
16   \node[left] at (left sigmastar) {\sigma^*};
17 \end{tikzpicture}
```



Example 3.1: Example of the molecular diagram of the molecule HHe^+ drew with the `\drawLevel` command.

4 Molecular orbitals drawings

The package `TIKZORBITAL`, provides the command `\orbital` in order to draw atomic orbital *s*, *p* or *d*. The general syntax is :

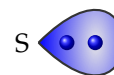
`\orbital [<options>] {<type>}`

where *<type>* is the type of the atomic orbital: *lobe*, $\pm s$, $\pm p_x$, $\pm p_y$, $\pm p_z$, *dxy*, *dxz*, *dyz*, *dx²-y²* or *dz²*. See example 4.1 to see all atomic orbital types. The *lobe* type simply draw one lobe of a *p* or *d* atomic orbital and may be used, for example, to draw hybrid orbital. With the *lobe* type you can also represent electrons as small spheres inside the orbital.

```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \node (s) {S};
3   \orbital[nelec=2, scale=1.5, pos=(s.east)]{lobe}
4 \end{tikzpicture}

```



General options of the `orbital` command

The following options, allow to change the position, the aspect and the size the atomic orbital. They are available for all type of atomic orbital. :

`[<pos>]` : position of the center of the atomic orbital

default = `{(0,0)}`

`[<scale>]` : scaling factor

default = 1

`[<opacity>]` : opacity of the atomic orbital. Useful if you wish to superimpose atomic orbital

default = 1

Color options

The color of atomic orbitals can be selected with options : `[<pcolor>]`, `[<ncolor>]` or `[<color>]`. The options `[<pcolor>]` and `[<ncolor>]` stand for the positive and the negative lobes of *p* or *d*-type atomic orbitals. The `[<color>]` option define the color of *s*-type or lobe-type orbital. For these types of atomic orbital, if no color is given the `[<pcolor>]` is used.

`[<color>]` : color of the atomic orbital for *s*-type or lobe-type orbital

`[<pcolor>]` is used

`[<pcolor>]` : color of the positive lobe (or color for *s* and lobe-type orbital if `[<color>]` is not given)

default = blue

`[<ncolor>]` : color of the negative lobe (for *p* and *d*-type orbital only)

default = black!30

The default values of `[<pcolor>]` and `[<ncolor>]` options can be set using the following macros :

`\setpcolor{<color>}` : this macro defines the color or positive lobes of orbitals.

`\setncolor{<color>}` : this macro defines the color or negative lobes of orbitals.

lobe-type specific options

The following options will have an effect only for the lobe type :

[<rotate>] : rotation of the atomic orbital

default = 0

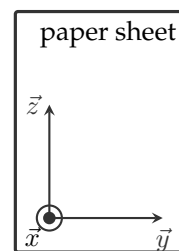
[<nelec>] : number of electron to draw inside the lobe

default = 0

Shapes of the atomic orbitals

Example 4.1 shows all atomic orbital types available. In order to decide the type of the atomic orbital you need, look at the axes definition below.

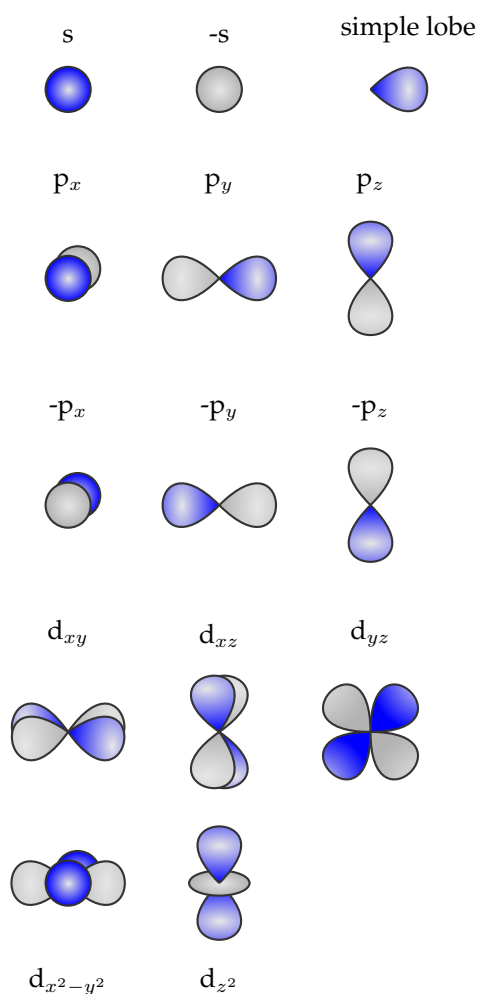
Cartesian axes definition :



```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \orbital[pos = {(0,5.5)}]{s}
3   \node[above] at (0,6) {s};
4   \orbital[pos = {(2,5.5)}]{-s}
5   \node[above] at (2,6) {-s};
6   \orbital[pos = {(4,5.5)}]{simple lobe}
7   \node[above] at (4.5,6) {simple lobe};
8
9   \orbital[pos = {(0,3)}]{p_x}
10  \node[above] at (0,4) {p_x};
11  \orbital[pos = {(2,3)}]{p_y}
12  \node[above] at (2,4) {p_y};
13  \orbital[pos = {(4,3)}]{p_z}
14  \node[above] at (4,4) {p_z};
15
16  \orbital[pos = {(0,0)}]{-p_x}
17  \node[above] at (0,1) {-p_x};
18  \orbital[pos = {(2,0)}]{-p_y}
19  \node[above] at (2,1) {-p_y};
20  \orbital[pos = {(4,0)}]{-p_z}
21  \node[above] at (4,1) {-p_z};
22
23  \orbital[pos = {(0,-3)}]{d_xy}
24  \node[above] at (0,-2) {d_xy};
25  \orbital[pos = {(2,-3)}]{d_xz}
26  \node[above] at (2,-2) {d_xz};
27  \orbital[pos = {(4,-3)}]{d_yz}
28  \node[above] at (4,-2) {d_yz};
29
30  \orbital[pos = {(0,-5)}]{d_x2y2}
31  \node[below] at (0,-6) {d_x2y2};
32  \orbital[pos = {(2,-5)}]{d_z2}
33  \node[below] at (2,-6) {d_z2};
34 \end{tikzpicture}

```



Example 4.1: All the atomic orbitals available from the command `\orbital`.

5 Atom and hybrid orbitals

The package `TIKZORBILTAL` provides the command `\satom` in order to quickly draw an atom with several orbital lobes around it. The general syntax of the command is :

```
\satom[<options>]{<lobes>}
```

The `<lobes>` argument is a comma separated list of lobe definition with the syntax

color/rotation-angle/anchor/number of electrons/scale

For each element of the list, the command `\satom` draw a lobe at the given anchor, with the given color, rotation, number of electrons and applies the scaling factor.

The following options are available in order to customize the drawing :

`[<pos>]` : position of the atom.

default = { (0,0) }

`[<name>]` : name of the atom. Give also the name to the node where the atom is drawn.

default = X

`[<color>]` : color of the atom.

default = green

`[<opacity>]` : opacity of the lobe drawn around the atom.

default = 0.8

`[<scale>]` : A global scaling factor of the whole atom and lobes.

default = 1.

For backward compatibility the `\atom` command is still available. It works in the same way but without the possibility of applying a scaling factor individually on each lobe.

Example 5.1 show several applications of the command `\satom`.

6 More customization

Orbital borders and inner color

It is possible to change the inner color of orbital and the color of orbital borders. These two colors are defined as follow in `TIKZORBILTAL` package :

```
1 % inner color for orbital filling
2 \colorlet{innerColor}{black!10}
3 % color for orbital drawing
4 \colorlet{drawColor}{black!80}
```

Thus if you change the definition of these colors you will change the desired color on the drawing of the atomic orbitals.

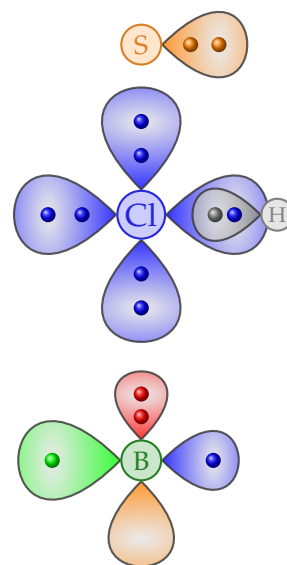
```

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \satom[color=orange, name=S]{orange/0/east/2/1.}
3 \end{tikzpicture}

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \atom[name=Cl, color=blue, scale=1.2]{
3     blue/90/north/2,
4     blue/0/east/1,
5     blue/270/south/2,
6     blue/180/west/2}
7   \atom[name=H, color=gray, pos={(1.8,0)}, scale=.8]{gray/180/west/1}
8 \end{tikzpicture}

1 \begin{tikzpicture}
2   \satom[name=B, color=green!50!black]{
3     red/90/north/2/.8,
4     blue/0/east/1/.9,
5     orange/270/south/0/1,
6     green/180/west/1/1.2}
7 \end{tikzpicture}

```



Example 5.1: Utilization example of the `\satom` command.

Orbital customization

You can give a set of tikz options to the command `\setOrbitalDrawing`. This command acts as a tikz style which is applied every time an atomic orbital is drawn. All options give in this command will overwrite default style of atomic orbital. For example, if you want to draw atomic orbital in red with very thick line thickness :

```

1 \setOrbitalDrawing{{very thick, color = red}}

```

Change default value globally with pgfkeys

If you want to change the default value of the `[<width>]` option of the `\drawLevel` command or whatever other option for a whole tikzpicture, you can do this using the `\pgfkeys` command. You simply have to give to this command one or several options you want to set globally.

All options of a `TIKZORBILTAL`'s command follow the tree : `/tikzorbital/command/option`. For example, if you want to change the `[<width>]` option of the `\drawLevel` command, you have to write :

```

1 \pgfkeys{tikzorbital/drawLevel/width = 1}
2 % or
3 \pgfkeys{tikzorbital/drawLevel/.cd, width = 1}

```

7 Inner macro `\@alobe`

In order to draw atomic orbital, `TIKZORBILTAL` use the inner macro `\@alobe`.

```
\@alobe {<pos>}{<rotation>}{<scale>}{<color>}{<nelec>}{<opacity>}
```

`\@alobe` macro draw one lobe of *p* or *d* orbital and corresponds to the `lobe` type of `\orbital` (see above).

`\@alobe` accepts six arguments :

#1 the position

#2 angle of rotation

#3 scaling factor

#4 the color

#5 the number of electron, namely 0, 1 or 2

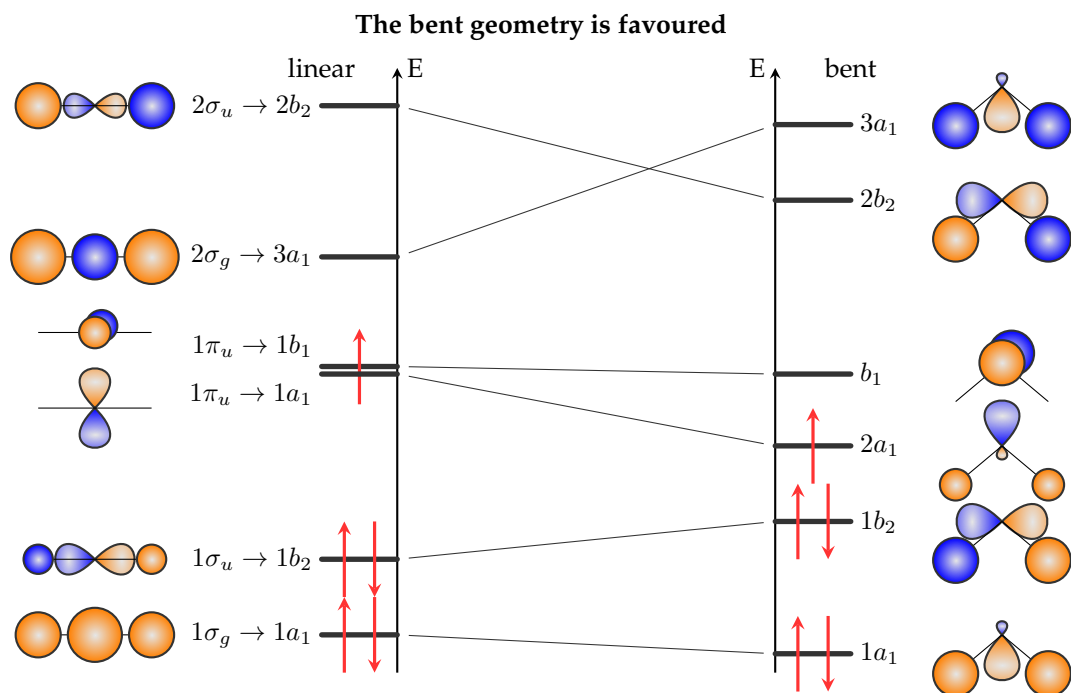
#6 the opacity of the lobe

no default are given. For example, the d_{yz} atomic orbital is defined as follow

```
1 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{45}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
2 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{135}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
3 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{225}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
4 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{315}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
```

8 A concrete example

Walsh diagram or correlation diagram of molecular orbital between a bent and a linear geometry of an AH_2 molecule. Here, for example the CH_2^+ cation.



9 Source code

```
1 % -----
2 % Package tikzorbital
3 % -----
4 %
5 % This package provides several commands in order to draw atomic orbitals and
6 % molecular diagrams.
7 %
8 % Germain Vallverdu <germain.vallverdu@univ-pau.fr>
9 % 05 decembre 2012
10 % http://gvallver.perso.univ-pau.fr/
11 %
12 % Licence : LaTeX Project Public Licence
13 % http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
14 %
15 % Feel free to contact me if you have any ideas, suggestions or bugs report !
16 %
17 % Change
18 % -----
19 % 27/02/2013 : add -px, -py, -pz orbital type
20 % 05/03/2015 : add satom macro, with scaling options for each lobe
21 % 08/04/2015 : add macros to customize orbitals, add -s type orbital
22 %
23 % -----
24 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
25 \ProvidesPackage{tikzorbital}[2012/12/05 draw atomic orbitals and molecular diagrams with tikz]
26 % -----
27
28 \RequirePackage{tikz}
29 \usetikzlibrary{shapes}
30 \RequirePackage{ifthen}
31
32 \pgfdeclarelayer{background}
33 \pgfdeclarelayer{main}
34 \pgfdeclarelayer{foreground}
35 \pgfsetlayers{background,main,foreground}
36
37 % -----
38 % keys in order to submit tikz command to macro
39 % -----
40 \pgfkeys{/tikz/.cd,
41   execute style = {#1},
42   execute macro/.style = {execute style/.expand once=#1}
43 }
44
45 % -----
46 % commande \drawLevel[key = value]{name}
47 % -----
```

```

48 % draw a level with a given name in order to draw molecular diagrams
49 %
50 % argument
51 %     name          : base name of level anchor.
52 %
53 % options
54 %     elec          : Number of electrons : up, down, updown or pair
55 %     pos           : left position of the level
56 %     width         : level width
57 %     style         : level style (a tikzstyle)
58 %     spinstyle     : style of arrows which represents electrons (a tikzstyle)
59 %     spinlength    : length of spin arrows
60 % -----
61
62 % macro \leveWidth allow to set up a default length of levels
63 \newcommand{\levelWidth}[1]{\def\@levelWidth{#1}}
64 \levelWidth{2}
65
66 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/drawLevel/.cd,
67 % number of electron in the level : up, down, updown or pair
68     elec/.store in = \drawLevel@elec,
69     elec/.default = no,
70 % position of the left anchor of the level
71     pos/.store in = \drawLevel@pos,
72     pos/.default = {(0,0)},
73 % width of levels
74     width/.store in = \drawLevel@width,
75     width/.default = \@levelWidth,
76 % style of levels
77     style/.store in = \drawLevel@style,
78     style/.default = {line width = 2pt, color = black!80, line cap = round},
79 % style of arrows
80     spinstyle/.store in = \drawLevel@spinstyle,
81     spinstyle/.default = {very thick, color = red!80, -stealth},
82 % length of spin arrows
83     spinlength/.store in = \drawLevel@spinlength,
84     spinlength/.default = 1,
85 % execute options
86     elec, pos, width, style, spinstyle, spinlength
87 }
88
89 % the drawLevel command
90 \newcommand{\drawLevel}[2][\%
91     \begingroup
92     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/drawLevel/.cd, #1}
93     \def\drawLevel@name{#2}
94
95     \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@style]
96         \drawLevel@pos

```

```

97     node (left \drawLevel@name) {}
98     -- ++ (\drawLevel@width, 0)
99     node (right \drawLevel@name) {}
100    node[pos=0.5] (middle \drawLevel@name) {}
101    node[pos=0.3] (pos1) {}
102    node[pos=0.7] (pos2) {};;
103
104    \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{updown} \or \equal{\drawLevel@elec}{pair}}{
105        \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
106            (pos1.center) ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
107                ++ (0,\drawLevel@spinlength);
108        \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
109            (pos2.center) ++ (0, \drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
110                ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength);
111    }{
112        \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{up}}{
113            \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
114                (middle #2.center) ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
115                    ++ (0,\drawLevel@spinlength);
116        }{
117            \ifthenelse{\equal{\drawLevel@elec}{down}}{
118                \draw[execute macro = \drawLevel@spinstyle]
119                    (middle #2.center) ++(0,\drawLevel@spinlength/2) --
120                        ++ (0,-\drawLevel@spinlength);
121            }{
122                }
123        }
124    }
125    \endgroup
126 }
127
128 % -----
129 % some customization of orbital
130 % -----
131
132 % inner color for orbital filling
133 \colorlet{innerColor}{black!10}
134
135 % color for orbital drawing
136 \colorlet{drawColor}{black!80}
137
138 % more style for lobe orbital drawing
139 \newcommand{\setOrbitalDrawing}[1]{\def\orbitalDrawing{#1}}
140 \setOrbitalDrawing{thick}
141
142 % color of positive coefficient
143 \newcommand{\setpcolor}[1]{\colorlet{pcolor}{#1}}
144 \setpcolor{blue}
145

```

```

146 % color of negative coefficient
147 \newcommand{\setncolor}[1]{\colorlet{ncolor}{#1}}
148 \setncolor{black!30}
149
150 % -----
151 % inner \@alobe command
152 % -----
153 % Draw one lobe of a p or d atomic orbital, at a given position with a given scale,
154 % color, rotation and opacity. Draw zero, one or two balls which represent electrons.
155 %
156 % arguments
157 %   #1 : position
158 %   #2 : rotation
159 %   #3 : scale
160 %   #4 : color
161 %   #5 : number of electron
162 %   #6 : opacity
163 % -----
164 \newcommand{\@alobe}[6]{
165   \begin{scope}[rotate around = {#2:#1}]
166     % draw orbital lobe
167     \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
168       \draw[draw = drawColor, outer color = #4, inner color = innerColor,
169         opacity = #6, execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]
170         #1 .. controls ++ (#3, #3) and ++ (#3, - #3) .. #1;
171     \end{pgfonlayer}
172
173     %Coordinates of the electrons
174     \path #1 ++ (0.50 * #3, 0) node (e1) {};
175     \path #1 ++ (0.25 * #3, 0) node (e2) {};
176   \end{scope}
177
178   % Draw the electrons
179   \ifnum#5>0
180     \foreach \n in {1,...,#5} {
181       \shade[ball color = #4] (e\n) circle (1mm);
182     }
183   \fi
184 }
185
186 % -----
187 % commande \orbital[key = value]{type}
188 % -----
189 % draw an atomic orbital of a given type.
190 %
191 % argument
192 %   type      : lobe, s, -s, px, py, pz, -px, -py, -pz, dxz, dyz, dxy, dz2, dx2y2
193 %
194 % options

```

```

195 %      pos      : left position of the level
196 %      pcolor   : color of the positive lobe
197 %      ncolor   : color of the negative lobe
198 %      scale    : scaling factor
199 %      opacity  : opacity of the orbital
200 %      rotate   : rotate of the AO (lobe type only)
201 %      nelec    : number of electron (lobe type only)
202 % -----
203
204 % define options
205 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd,
206 % position of the orbital
207     pos/.store in = \orbital@pos,
208     pos/.default = {(0,0)},
209 % color of the positive lobe
210     pcolor/.store in = \orbital@pcolor,
211     pcolor/.default = pcolor,
212 % color of the negative lobe
213     ncolor/.store in = \orbital@ncolor,
214     ncolor/.default = ncolor,
215 % color for s type
216     color/.store in = \orbital@color,
217     color/.default = empty,
218 % scale factor
219     scale/.store in = \orbital@scale,
220     scale/.default = 1,
221 % opacity of the orbital
222     opacity/.store in = \orbital@opacity,
223     opacity/.default = 1.,
224 % lobe type options
225 % rotation of the orbital
226     rotate/.store in = \orbital@rotate,
227     rotate/.default = 0,
228 % number of electrons
229     nelec/.store in = \orbital@nelec,
230     nelec/.default = 0,
231 % execute options
232     pos, pcolor, ncolor, scale, opacity, rotate, nelec, color
233 }
234
235 % orbital command
236 \newcommand{\orbital}[2][{}]{
237     \begingroup
238     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd, #1}
239
240     % orbital type
241     \def\orbital@type{#2}
242
243     % general style

```

```

244 \tikzstyle{base} = [draw = drawColor, thick, inner color = innerColor,
245                     circle, opacity = \orbital@opacity,
246                     execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]
247
248 % check if color was setted
249 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@color}{empty}}{
250     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/orbital/.cd, color = \orbital@pcolor}
251 }{}
252
253 % draw the whished orbital
254 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{lobe}}{
255     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{\orbital@rotate}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@color}{\orbital@nelec}{\orbital@ncolor}
256 }{
257     \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{py}}{
258         \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{0}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
259         \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{180}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
260     }{
261         \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{-py}}{
262             \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{180}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
263             \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{0}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
264         }{
265             \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{pz}}{
266                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
267                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
268             }{
269                 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{-pz}}{
270                     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
271                     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
272                 }{
273                     \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{px}}{
274                         \node[base, outer color = \orbital@ncolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8,
275                             xshift = 2pt, yshift = 2pt] at \orbital@pos {};
276                         \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
277                             at \orbital@pos {};
278                     }{
279                         \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{-px}}{
280                             \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8,
281                                 xshift = 2pt, yshift = 2pt] at \orbital@pos {};
282                             \node[base, outer color = \orbital@ncolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
283                                 at \orbital@pos {};
284                         }{
285                             \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dyz}}{
286                                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{45}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
287                                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{135}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
288                                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{225}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
289                                 \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{315}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
290                             }{
291                                 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dxz}}{
292                                     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{80}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}

```

```

293     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{280}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
294     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{100}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
295     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{260}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
296 }{
297 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dxy}}{
298     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{10}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
299     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{170}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
300     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{350}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
301     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{190}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
302 }{
303 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dx2y2}}{
304     \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
305     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8,
306         xshift = 2pt, yshift = 2pt] at \orbital@pos {};
307     \end{pgfonlayer}
308     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{0}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
309     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{180}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
310     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
311         at \orbital@pos {};
312 }{
313 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{dz2}}{
314     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
315     \begin{pgfonlayer}{background}
316     \node[ellipse, minimum width = \orbital@scale * .8cm,
317         minimum height = \orbital@scale * .3cm, draw = drawColor,
318         inner color = innerColor, outer color = \orbital@ncolor,
319         execute macro = \orbitalDrawing]
320         at \orbital@pos {};
321     \end{pgfonlayer}
322     \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
323 }{
324 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{s}}{
325     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@pcolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
326         at \orbital@pos {};
327 }{
328 \ifthenelse{\equal{\orbital@type}{-s}}{
329     \node[base, outer color = \orbital@ncolor, scale = \orbital@scale * 1.8]
330         at \orbital@pos {};
331 }{
332     \node[red] at \orbital@pos {\textit{orbital} type unknown};
333 }}}}
334 \endgroup
335 }
336
337 %
338 % other possibility for dxy and dxz atomic orbital
339 % -----
340 %
341 % dxz

```

```

342 % \begin{scope}[xshift = 2.2pt, yshift = 2pt]
343 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
344 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
345 % \end{scope}
346 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{90}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
347 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{270}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
348 %
349 % dxy
350 % \begin{scope}[xshift = 2.2pt, yshift = 2pt]
351 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{10}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
352 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{170}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
353 % \end{scope}
354 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{350}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@pcolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
355 % \@alobe{\orbital@pos}{190}{\orbital@scale}{\orbital@ncolor}{0}{\orbital@opacity}
356 %
357 % -----
358
359 % -----
360 % commande \atom[options]{lobes}
361 % -----
362 % quickly draw an atom with several orbital lobes around it.
363 % DEPRECATED, use satom instead.
364 %
365 % argument
366 % lobes : A comma separated list lobe definition with
367 % color/rotation-angle/anchor/number of electrons
368 %
369 % options
370 % pos : position of the atom
371 % name : name of the atom, also used to label the node
372 % color : color of the atom
373 % opacity : opacity of the orbital
374 % scale : scaling factor
375 % -----
376
377 % define options
378 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/atom/.cd,
379 % position of the atom
380 pos/.store in = \atom@pos,
381 pos/.default = {(0,0)},
382 % atom name
383 name/.store in = \atom@name,
384 name/.default = X,
385 % color of the atom
386 color/.store in = \atom@color,
387 color/.default = green,
388 % opacity of the orbitals
389 opacity/.store in = \atom@opacity,
390 opacity/.default = .8,

```



```

391 % scaling factor
392     scale/.store in = \atom@scale,
393     scale/.default = 1.,
394 % execute options
395     pos, name, color, opacity, scale
396 }
397
398 % atom definition
399 \newcommand{\atom}[2][] {
400     \beginpgfkeys
401     \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/atom/.cd, #1}
402     \colorlet{atomColor}{\atom@color}
403     \node[shape = circle, thick, inner sep = 0pt, minimum size = 1.5em,
404         draw = atomColor!40, color = atomColor!70!gray, fill = atomColor!20,
405         scale = \atom@scale]
406         at \atom@pos (\atom@name) {\atom@name};
407     \def\s{1.}
408     \foreach \acolor/\rot/\anchor/\Ne in {#2} {
409         \@alobe{(\atom@name.\anchor)}{\rot}{1.5*\atom@scale}{\acolor}{\Ne}{\atom@opacity}
410     }
411     \endpgfkeys
412 }
413
414 % -----
415 % commande \satom[options]{lobes}
416 % -----
417 % quickly draw an atom with several orbital lobes around it
418 %
419 % argument
420 %     lobes      : A comma separated list lobe definition with
421 %                  color/rotation-angle/anchor/number of electrons/scale
422 %
423 % options
424 %     pos        : position of the atom
425 %     name        : name of the atom, also used to label the node
426 %     color       : color of the atom
427 %     opacity     : opacity of the orbital
428 %     scale       : global scaling factor
429 % -----
430
431 % define options
432 \pgfkeys{/tikzorbital/satom/.cd,
433 % position of the atom
434     pos/.store in = \satom@pos,
435     pos/.default = {(0,0)},
436 % atom name
437     name/.store in = \satom@name,
438     name/.default = X,
439 % color of the atom

```

```

440     color/.store in = \satom@color,
441     color/.default = green,
442 % opacity of the orbitals
443     opacity/.store in = \satom@opacity,
444     opacity/.default = .8,
445 % scaling factor
446     scale/.store in = \satom@scale,
447     scale/.default = 1.,
448 % execute options
449     pos, name, color, opacity, scale
450 }
451
452 % atom definition
453 \newcommand{\satom}[2][]{
454     \beginpgfkeys{/tikzorbital/satom/.cd, #1}
455     \colorlet{atomColor}{\satom@color}
456     \node[shape = circle, thick, inner sep = 0pt, minimum size = 1.5em,
457         draw = atomColor!40, color = atomColor!70!gray, fill = atomColor!20,
458         scale = \satom@scale]
459         at \satom@pos (\satom@name) {\satom@name};
460     \foreach \acolor/\rot/\anchor/\Ne/\s in {#2} {
461         \@alobe{(\satom@name.\anchor)}{\rot}{1.5*\s*\satom@scale}{\acolor}{\Ne}{\satom@opacity}
462     }
463     \endpgfkeys
464 }
465
466 %% end of file %%

```