Structure of an Induction Proof – CS16 Spring 2019

The left side of the handout is a step-by-step stencil for an inductive proof. The right side walks through these steps given an example.

To prove: write out statement here...

To prove: if a > -1, then for every integer $n \ge 1$, $(1 + a)^n \ge 1 + an$

We'll prove this by induction. Let P(n) be the statement:

We'll prove this by induction. Let P(n) be the statement:

fill in predicate here...

$$(1+a)^n \ge 1 + an$$

Base case: We'll first prove that P(1) is true.

Base case: We'll first prove that P(1) is true.

write out P(1) here, and give an explanation of why it's true.

$$(1+a)^1 \ge 1 + a \cdot 1$$

P(1) is true because it simplifies to $1 + a \ge 1 + a$

Inductive step: Assume P(k) is true for some positive integer k:

Inductive step: Assume P(k) is true for some positive integer k:

write out P(k) here

 $P(k): (1+a)^k \ge 1 + ak$

We'll show that P(k) implies P(k+1):

We'll show that P(k) implies P(k+1):

write out P(k+1) here.

 $P(k+1): (1+a)^{k+1} > 1 + a(k+1)$

Start from P(k) and argue the truth of P(k+1).

We've assumed:

$$(1+a)^k \ge 1 + ak$$

Multiplying both sides by 1 + a, we get:

$$(1+a)^k(1+a) \ge (1+ak)(1+a)$$

$$(1+a)^{k+1} \ge 1 + a + ak + a^2k$$

Refactoring the right hand side, we get:

$$(1+a)^{k+1} \ge 1 + a(k+1) + a^2k$$

If this is true, then the following is also true, because a^2k is positive

$$(1+a)^{k+1} > 1 + a(k+1)$$

which is exactly the statement P(k + 1), which we promised to prove.

Since P(1) is true, and $P(k) \to P(k+1)$, by induction P(n) is true for all integers $n \ge 1$

Since P(1) is true, and $P(k) \to P(k+1)$, by induction P(n) is true for all integers $n \ge 1$