

Problem F – Favorite Tree

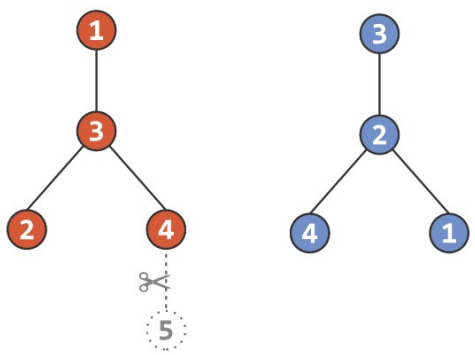
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After learning about tree isomorphism, Telio couldn’t avoid but wonder in how many trees out there his favorite tree is hiding.

Given two trees, T_1 and T_2 , can you help him determine if there is a subtree of T_1 isomorphic to T_2 ?

Two trees are isomorphic if it is possible to label their vertices in such a way that they become exactly the same tree. For instance, a tree having edges $\{(1, 2), (2, 3)\}$ is isomorphic to a tree having edges $\{(1, 3), (3, 2)\}$.

The figure below corresponds to the first sample, with tree T_1 on the left and tree T_2 on the right. The subtree of T_1 formed by all of its vertices but vertex 5 is isomorphic to T_2 .



Input

There are two groups of lines, each group describing a tree. The first group describes the tree T_1 , while the second group describes the tree T_2 .

Within each group describing a tree, the first line contains an integer N ($1 \leq N \leq 100$) representing the number of vertices in the tree. Vertices are identified by distinct integers from 1 to N . Each of the next $N - 1$ lines contains two integers U and V ($1 \leq U, V \leq N$ and $U \neq V$), indicating that the tree has the edge (U, V) .

It is guaranteed that the input describes two valid trees.

Output

Output a single line with the uppercase letter “Y” if there is a subtree of T_1 that is isomorphic to T_2 , and the uppercase letter “N” otherwise.

Sample input 1	Sample output 1
5 1 3 4 5 3 2 3 4 4 2 4 2 1 3 2	Y

Sample input 2 4 2 3 2 1 2 4 4 1 2 2 3 3 4	Sample output 2 N
Sample input 3 1 1	Sample output 3 Y