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Question

If the LU-decomposition of a square real matrix \mathbf{A} exists, and the matrix \mathbf{L} happens to be a diagonal matrix, then

Correct Answer

☐ \mathbf{A} is always an upper triangular matrix.

☐ \mathbf{A} is always a lower triangular matrix.

☐ The information is not sufficient to conclude whether \mathbf{A} is upper or lower triangular.

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Question

Which of the following is a valid LU decomposition of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 6 & 12 \\ 4 & 5 & 8 \\ 6 & 3 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$?

☐ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3/4 & -3/4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 6 & 12 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 5/2 \end{bmatrix}$

☐ $\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 6 & 12 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 5/2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3/4 & -3/4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

☐ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 3/4 & -3/4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 6 & 12 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 5/2 \end{bmatrix}$

Correct Answer

🔍

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Question

Consider 2-by-2 matrix $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}$ where

$$\mathbf{L} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3/5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{U} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ 0 & 17/5 \end{bmatrix}$$

The determinant of matrix \mathbf{A} is

☐ 1

☐ 17

☐ Not enough information available to compute the determinant.

Correct Answer

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Question

A nonzero matrix that is BOTH upper triangular and lower triangular, must be a diagonal matrix.

☐ TRUE

☐ FALSE

Correct Answer

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Question

The system of linear equations

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + 4x_2 + \alpha x_3 &= 6, \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + 2\alpha x_3 &= 3, \\ \alpha x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3 &= 5, \end{aligned}$$

has unique solution (x_1, x_2, x_3) for

☐ $\alpha = 0$.

☐ $\alpha = 1$.

☐ $\alpha = -1$.

Correct Answer

⋮

Question

The square linear system $\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$, where vector \mathbf{b} is nonzero, and matrix $\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ 3 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$

☐ will either have no solution or multiple solutions depending on the choice of \mathbf{b} .

☐ will always have a unique solution independent of the choice of \mathbf{b} .

☐ will have either no solution or a single solution depending on the choice of \mathbf{b} .

Correct Answer

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Question

For applying the contraction mapping theorem to the fixed point equation $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{x})$, the mapping \mathbf{g}

☐ need not be differentiable.

☐ must be differentiable.

Correct Answer

⋮

Question

Which of the following is a correct way to rewrite the nonlinear equation $f(x) := x^5 + x - 7 = 0$, as a fixed point equation $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{g}(\mathbf{x})$?

☐ $g(x) = \frac{7}{x^4 + 1}$

☐ $g(x) = \frac{7}{x^4 - 1}$

☐ $g(x) = 7 + x^5$

Correct Answer

⋮

Question

The fixed point recursion $x_{k+1} = ax_k$, where $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, will converge to $x = 0$ for any initial guess $x_0 \in (-\infty, +\infty)$ provided

☐ $-1 \leq a \leq 1$.

☐ $-1 < a < 1$.

☐ a is any real number.

Correct Answer

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Question

Which of the following is TRUE for the fixed point recursion algorithm?

☐ If it converges then it must converge for ANY initial guess.

☐ It is guaranteed to converge but may converge to the wrong solution.

☐ If it converges then the convergence may only be local.

Correct Answer