# **Author: Gabriel Petcu**

## Student number: 984159

#### Aim (aim):

From this visualisation we can see time periods of different civilization from the ancient history to nowadays from different continents.

### **Visual Design Type (vistype):**

Interactive scatter plot with tooltip

#### **Visual Mappings (vismapping):**

X axis: minimum date

Y axis: maximum date

color: Depending on the continent

tooltip: Period Name

#### **Data Preparation (dataprep):**

Using the coordinates provided I have tried to represent each raw with it's continent using a formula created in Excel file.

#### Improvements (improvements):

The continents might not be very accurate as it is hard to determine continents based on longitute and latitude.

```
import altair as alt
In [ ]:
         import pandas as pd
         from vega_datasets import data
In [4]:
         data = pd.read_csv('pleiades-locations.csv')
In [5]:
         alt.data_transformers.disable_max_rows()
         points = alt.Chart(data).mark_point(size=60).encode(
             alt.X('minDate', axis = alt.Axis(title = "Starting year of each civilization"),
                 scale=alt.Scale(domain=(-1000, 2100))
            alt.Y('maxDate',axis = alt.Axis(title = "Ending year of each civilization"),
                 scale=alt.Scale(domain=(-600, 2100))
             color=alt.Color('Continent', scale=alt.Scale(scheme='darkmulti')),
             tooltip=[alt.Tooltip
                      ('timePeriodsRange', title="Span time"),
                      alt.Tooltip
                      ('Continent', title="Continent"),
                      alt.Tooltip
                      ('timePeriodsKeys', title="Period name"),
                      alt.Tooltip
                      ('timePeriods', title="Abreviation")
         ).interactive().properties(
             title ="Time period of each civilizations"
```

In [6]: points

Out[6]:

Time period of each civilizations

Continent

AFRICA

ASIA

EUROPE

OTHER CONTINENT

Starting year of each civilization

## **Author: Gabriel Petcu**

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#### Aim (aim):

A visual representation of numbers of civilization in each continent and different period of times

#### **Visual Design Type (vistype):**

Interval selection scatter plot and bar chart

#### **Visual Mappings (vismapping):**

X axis: minimum date

Y axis: maximum date

color: Depending on the continent

size of circles: existence period

#### **Data Preparation (dataprep):**

For existence period I have subtracted maxDate and minDate.

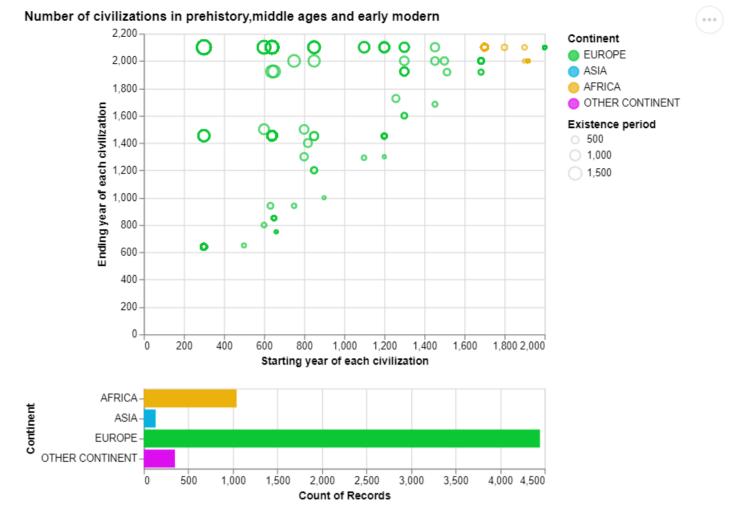
Using the coordinates provided I have tried to represent each raw with it's continent using a formula created in Excel file.

### Improvements (improvements):

As some civilizations in different continents lived in the same period of time you can't visualise on the scatter plot, but you can see them on the bar chart.

```
In [2]: | import altair as alt
         import pandas as pd
         from vega_datasets import data
         data = pd.read_csv('prehistory-modern.csv')
In [3]:
         scale = alt.Scale(domain=['EUROPE','ASIA','AFRICA','OTHER CONTINENT'],
In [4]:
                            range=['#0AC734', '#0AB1E0', '#EBB10D',"#DC0EF0"])
         color = alt.Color('Continent:N', scale=scale)
         brush = alt.selection_interval(encodings=['x'])
In [5]:
         click = alt.selection_multi(encodings=['color'])
         alt.data_transformers.disable_max_rows()
In [6]:
         points = alt.Chart().mark_point().encode(
             alt.X('minDate', axis = alt.Axis(title = "Starting year of each civilization"),
            alt.Y('maxDate',axis = alt.Axis(title = "Ending year of each civilization"),
             ),
             color=alt.condition(brush, color, alt.value('lightgray')),
            size=alt.Size('Existence period:Q', scale=alt.Scale(range=[0, 200]))
         ).properties(
         ).add_selection(
             brush
         ).transform_filter(
             click
In [7]: | bars = alt.Chart().mark_bar().encode(
             x='count()',
             y='Continent:N',
             color=alt.condition(click, color, alt.value('lightgray')),
         ).transform_filter(
             brush
         ).properties(
         ).add_selection(
             click
         )
In [8]:
         alt.vconcat(
             points,
             bars,
             data=data,
             title="Number of civilizations in prehistory, middle ages and early modern"
         )
```

Out[8]:



In [ ]:			
In [ ]:			

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#### Aim (aim):

A map representation of an ancient city with the oldest locations.

#### Visual Design Type (vistype):

World projection with dots.

#### **Visual Mappings (vismapping):**

Points are represented depending on latitude and longitude

Tooltip to see the oldest date along with period names

Highlighting all other points with the same oldest date.

#### **Data Preparation (dataprep):**

I have sorted the data set depending on the minimum date. And took all the data that had the minimum date < -400 Improvements (improvements):

```
It's hard to determine each location as there are a lot of settlements(e.g. Italy) An improvement could be to make the map zoomable
In [1]:
         import altair as alt
         import pandas as pd
         from vega_datasets import data
In [2]: | # data generators for background
         sphere = alt.sphere()
         graticule = alt.graticule()
In [3]: | #import data and map
         alt.data_transformers.disable_max_rows()
         source = alt.topo_feature(data.world_110m.url, 'countries')
         data = pd.read_csv('Prehistory.csv')
         background = alt.Chart(source).mark_geoshape(
In [4]:
             fill='lightgray',
             stroke='black'
         ).project(
             type= 'mercator',
             center = [10,40],
             scale=500,
             ).properties(
             title='Oldest settlements in prehistory',
             width=800,
             height=600,
         highlight = alt.selection_single(on='mouseover', fields=['minDate'], empty='none')
In [6]:
         points = alt.Chart(data).mark_circle(
             size=9,
             color='steelblue'
         ).encode(
             longitude='reprLong:Q',
             latitude='reprLat:Q',
             tooltip=[alt.Tooltip
                       ('featureType', title="Type of settlement"),
                       alt.Tooltip
                       ('reprLong', title="Longitudinal coordinate"),
                       alt.Tooltip
                       ('reprLat', title="Latitudinal coordinate"),
                       alt.Tooltip
                       ('description', title="description"),
                       alt.Tooltip
                       ('minDate', title="Starting year")
                      ],
             color=alt.condition(highlight, alt.value('red'),
                                  'minDate:Q',
                                  title = "Starting year",
                                  scale=alt.Scale(scheme='greens'))
         ).add_selection(
             highlight
         ).project(
             scale = 500,
             center = [10,40],
         )
```

background + points In [7]: Oldest settlements in prehistory Out[7]: Starting year -2,000 -4,000 -6,000 -8,000 -10,000 In [ ]: In [ ]: In [ ]:

In [ ]:

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#### Aim (aim):

A visual representation of how settlements evolved e early modern ages depending on major feature types

#### Visual Design Type (vistype):

Interactive Chart with Cross-Highlight

#### **Visual Mappings (vismapping):**

minimum date, maximum date, number of occurences in different periods of time, major feature types

## **Data Preparation (dataprep):**

Bar Chart: number of apparition of each settlement type and took only the feature types that occured frequently

Interactive Chart: number of occurences in different periods of time and size of the circle depending on the number of appearence

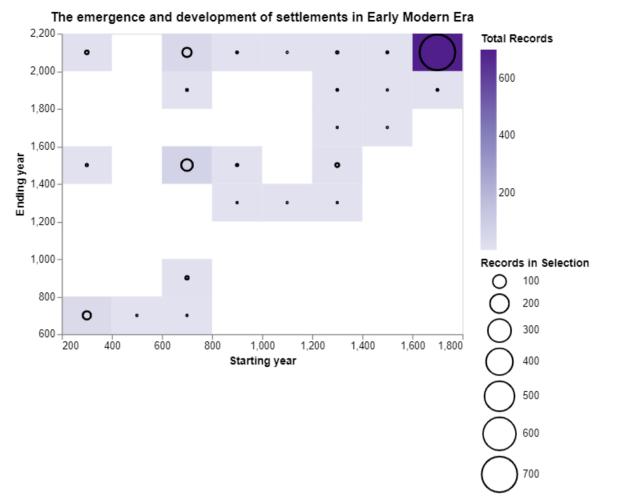
## Improvements (improvements):

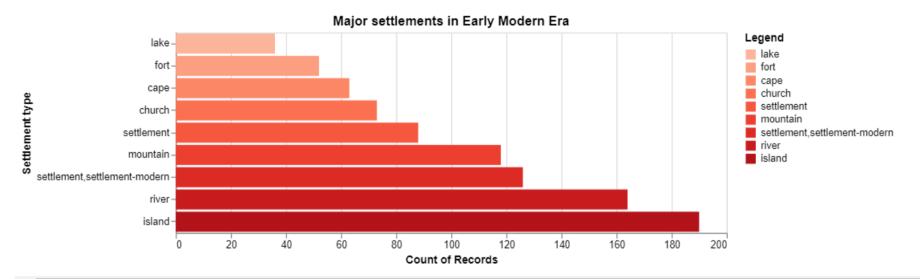
The feature types are not the most relevant ones as the most occured ones are not the one created by humans(e.g island or mountein).

```
In [12]:
          import altair as alt
          import pandas as pd
          from vega_datasets import data
          data = pd.read_csv('emodern.csv')
In [13]:
          pts = alt.selection(type="single", encodings=['y'])
In [14]:
          circ = rect.mark point().encode(
In [15]:
              alt.ColorValue('black'),
              alt.Size('count()',
                  legend=alt.Legend(title='Records in Selection')
          ).transform_filter(
              pts
          rect = alt.Chart(data).mark_rect().encode(
In [16]:
              alt.X('minDate:Q', bin=True, title="Starting year"),
              alt.Y('maxDate:Q', bin=True, title="Ending year"),
              alt.Color('count()',
                  scale=alt.Scale(scheme='purples'),
                  legend=alt.Legend(title='Total Records')
          ).properties(
              title = "The emergence and development of settlements in Early Modern Era"
          bar = alt.Chart(data).mark_bar().encode(
In [17]:
              alt.X('count()'),
              alt.Y("featureType:N", axis = alt.Axis(title="Settlement type"),sort = "x"),
              color = alt.Color("featureType:N", scale=alt.Scale(scheme="reds"),sort = "x",title="Legend"),
          ).properties(
              title = "Major settlements in Early Modern Era",
              width=550,
              height=200
In [18]:
          alt.vconcat(
              rect + circ,
              bar
          ).resolve_legend(
              color="independent",
              size="independent"
```

file:///C:/Users/Gabriel/Downloads/Design 4.html

Out[18]:





In []:

In []:

## **Author: Gabriel Petcu**

# Student number: 984159

### Aim (aim):

A visual representation of starting year of different timpe periods in modern era

### **Visual Design Type (vistype):**

Parallel coordinates

#### **Visual Mappings (vismapping):**

value of years from 0 to 2100 for y

key: minimum date to maximum date for each period for x time periods keys

### **Data Preparation (dataprep):**

I have selected all the data where the minimum date was higher than 1750

## Improvements (improvements):

Not enough data for all the time periods as the all time periods have started in the same year for all locations.

```
In [69]:
           import altair as alt
           import pandas as pd
           from vega_datasets import data
           from altair import datum
           data = pd.read_csv('Modern.csv')
In [70]:
           alt.data_transformers.disable_max_rows()
In [76]:
           alt.Chart(data).transform_window(
                index='count()'
           ).transform_fold(
                ['minDate','maxDate']
           ).mark_line().encode(
                 x=('key:N'),
                 y=('value:Q'),
                color=alt.Color('timePeriodsKeys:N',title="Time Periods"),
                detail='index:N',
                opacity=alt.value(0.5)
           ).properties(width=500,
                         title="Emergence of periods in Modern Era").interactive()
                                        Emergence of periods in Modern Era
Out[76]:
                                                                                                                                   000
             2,200
                                                                                                     Time Periods
                                                                                                     modern
             2,000

    modern-middle-east

    nineteenth-ce,twentieth-ce,twenty.

             1,800

    twentieth-ce

    twentieth-ce,twenty-first-ce

             1,600

    twenty-first-ce

             1,400
          1,200
1,000
              800
              600
                                                         key
```