**Figures**

**Albatross**

***Kuhlia marginata***

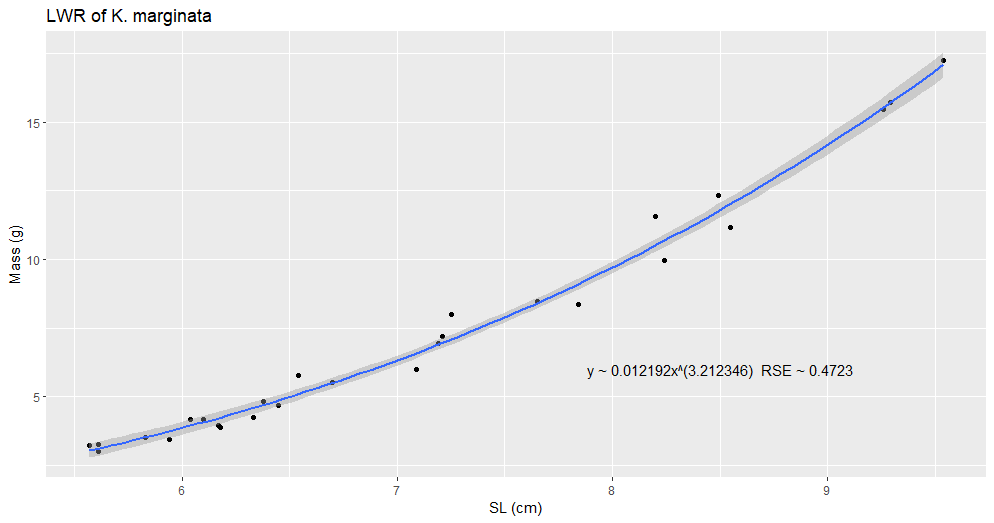


Figure 2a. Length-weight Relationship of *Kuhlia marginata* (Cuvier, 1829) (K\_marginata\_LWR\_SL\_2.png).

Description

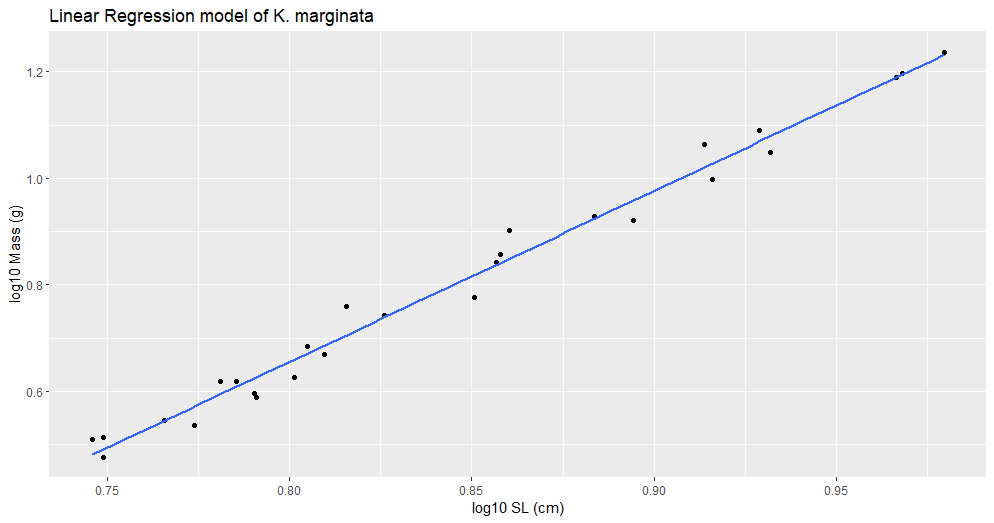


Figure 2b. Linear Regression model of *Kuhlia marginata* (Cuvier, 1829) (K\_marginata\_lm.png).

Linear regression analysis of standard length (SL) and mass (g), showing that the predictive relationship between length and weight is strong.

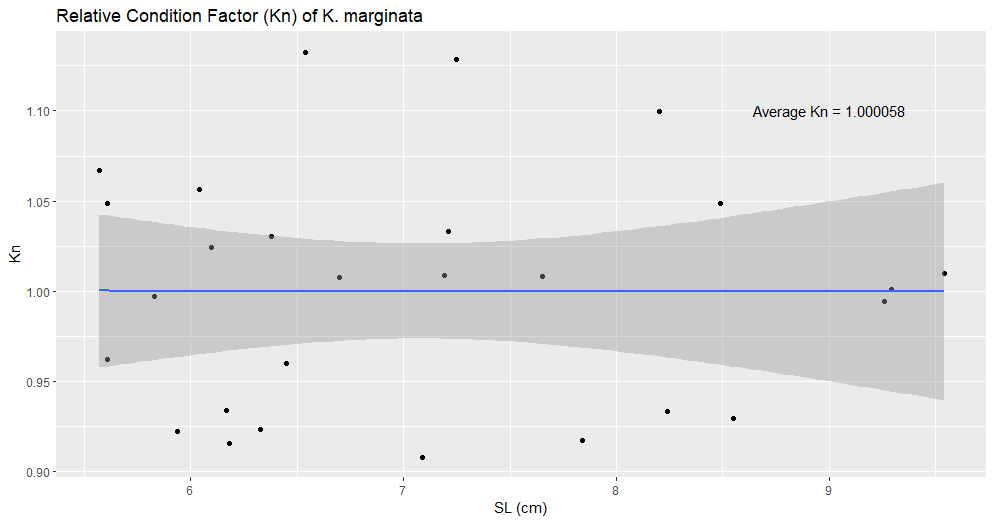


Figure 2c. Relative Condition Factor (Kn) of *Kuhlia marginata* (Cuvier, 1829) (K\_marginata\_kn.png).

Relationship between Le Cren’s (Kn = observed weight (w) / expected weight (W)) relative condition factor (Kn) and standard length (SL) (Le Cren, 1951). SL is used to highlight its relationship to Kn, which could be influenced by the increased loss of fluids by larger individuals while stored in ethanol.Chart, line chart

Description automatically generated

Figure 2d. Comparison of the Length-weight Relationship of *Kuhlia marginata* (Cuvier, 1829) between Locality/Study (K\_marginata\_log10a\_b).

Values are collected from Fishbase and are color coded based on geographic location of each available study. Studies deemed “Doubtful” by Fishbase were excluded. This study is labelled as “Albatross”, but it is important to keep in mind that they were collected by the USS Albatross from various locations in the Philippine archipelago.