```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
#Class to model our exponential RV
class ExponentialRv:
    def __init__(self, param):
        if(param <= 0):
            raise ValueError("Parameter must be > 0")
        self.param = param
    def sample(self):
        return np.random.exponential(self.param)
#Class to model our uniform RV
class UniformRv:
    def __init__(self, low, high):
        if (high <= low):</pre>
            raise ValueError("Parameter must be low < high")</pre>
        self.low = low
        self.high = high
    def sample(self):
        return np.random.uniform(self.low, self.high)
MEAN = 1
myexp = ExponentialRv(1 / MEAN)
LOW, HIGH = 0, 5
myuni = UniformRv(LOW, HIGH)
#number of samples to draw
N = 5_{000}_{00}
samples_exp = []
samples_uni = []
for i in range(N):
    samples_exp.append(myexp.sample())
    samples_uni.append(myuni.sample())
#just count how many examples in the sample are actually greater
empirical_probability = sum(1 for x, y in zip(samples_exp, samples_uni) if x > y) / N
#see the formula on the report
\label{eq:low_lower_low} \mbox{theoretical\_probability = (1 / (HIGH - LOW)) * (np.exp(LOW) - np.exp(-HIGH))}
print(f"Empirical probability P(X > Y): {empirical_probability:.6f}")
print(f"Theoretical probability P(X > Y): {theoretical_probability:.6f}")
```