# Assignment 2

## Security Assessment and Improvement

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# 1. Open Sockets

## 1.1 Portas TCP:

## nmap -sT localhost

```
PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
25/tcp open smtp
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
```

#### 1.2 Portas UDP:

## sudo nmap -sU -p- localhost

```
Not shown: 65531 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
68/udp open|filtered dhcpc
111/udp open rpcbind
123/udp open ntp
933/udp open|filtered unknown
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 9686.36 seconds
nuno@debian-9:~$ _
```

# 2. Endpoints

### sudo repinfo

```
uno@debian–9:~$ sudo rpcinfo
sudo] password for nuno:
  program version netid
                              address
                                                      service
                                                                  owner
                   tcp6
                                                      portmapper superuser
   100000
                                                      portmapper superuser
                   udp6
                                                      portmapper superuser
                                                      portmapper superuser
                   udp6
                                                      portmapper superuser
                             0.0.0.0.0.111
0.0.0.0.0.111
                                                      portmapper superuser
   100000
                                                      portmapper superuser
                                                      portmapper superuser
                   udp
                             0.0.0.0.0.111
                                                      portmapper superuser
                   udp
                   udp
                                                      portmapper superuser
                                                      portmapper superuser
                              /run/rpcbind.sock
                              /run/rpcbind.sock
                                                      portmapper superuser
```

#### 2.1 Named pipes:

### sudo find /\* -type p

Como alternativa, instalando o metasploit ou numa Kali VM era possível usar o "pipe\_auditor" scanner

```
nuno@debian—9:~$ sudo find /* —type p
[sudo] password for nuno:
Sorry, try again.
[sudo] password for nuno:
/run/dmeventd—client
/run/dmeventd—server
/run/rpc_pipefs/gssd/clntXX/gssd
/run/systemd/sessions/1.ref
/run/systemd/initctl/fifo
/run/systemd/inaccessible/fifo
nuno@debian—9:~$ _
```

### 2.2 Dynamic Web pages:

```
nuno@debian–9:~$ ls /var/www/simple–ecomme
                                                           order.php
access-denied.php config.php
                                                                         register.php
                                 dump.sql
                                 favicon.ico
                                               index.php
                                                           product.php
                                                                        robots.txt
                   contact.php
                                                           profile.php
auth.php
                                                                         store.php
                                               login.php
                   default.php
                                                           README.md
cart.php
                                               logout.php
nuno@debian–9:~$ .
```

### 3. Services

### systemctl --type=service --state=running

```
uno@debian–9:~$ systemctl ––type=service ––s
MTT LOAD ACTIVE SUB
acpid.service
                                   loaded active running ACPI event daemon
apache2.service
                                   loaded active running The Apache HTTP Server
 containerd.service
                                   loaded active running containerd container runtime
cron.service
                                   loaded active running Regular background program processing daemon
                                   loaded active running D–Bus System Message Bus
loaded active running Docker Application Container Engine
dbus.service
docker.service
exim4.service
                                   loaded active running LSB: exim Mail Transport Agent
                                   loaded active running Getty on tty1
loaded active running LVM2 metadata daemon
loaded active running MariaDB 10.1.47 database server
getty@tty1.service
lvm2–lvmetad.service
mariadb.service
ntp.service
                                   loaded active running LSB: Start NTP daemon
postgresql@9.6-main.service loaded active running PostgreSQL Cluster 9.6-main
 pcbind.service
                                   loaded active running RPC bind portmap service
                                   loaded active running System Logging Service
 syslog.service
ssh.service
                                   loaded active running OpenBSD Secure Shell server
systemd–journald.service
systemd–logind.service
                                   loaded active running Journal Service
loaded active running Login Service
systemd–udevd.service
                                   loaded active running udev Kernel Device Manager
                                   loaded active running User Manager for UID 1001
user@1001.service
                                   loaded active running vboxadd—service.service
vboxadd–service.service
                                   loaded active running LSB: Very secure FTP server
vsftpd.service
        = Reflects whether the unit definition was properly loaded.
ACTIVE = The high-level unit activation state, i.e. generalization of SUB.

SUB = The low-level unit activation state, values depend on unit type.
21 loaded units listed. Pass ——all to see loaded but inactive units, too.
To show all installed unit files use 'systemctl list—unit—files'.
 nuno@debian-9:~$ _
```

#### 3.1 Services running by default

nuno@debian—9:/etc/default\$ ls										
acpid	bluetooth	cron	docker–storage	keyboard	nfs–common	rsyslog				
anacron	bsdmainutils	cryptdisks	exim4	locale	nss	ssh				
apache-htcacheclean	console–setup	dbus	grub	mysql	ntp	sysstat				
aufs	crda	docker	hwclock	networking	rsync	useradd				
nuncadobios Oxiotoid	lofou 1+ m									

#### 011

nuno@debian–9:/etc/rc2.	d\$ ls				
<01apache-htcacheclean	S01apache2	S01cron	S011vm2-1vmetad	S01postgresql	S01sysstat
<pre>&lt;01puppet</pre>	S01bluetooth	S01dbus	S011vm2-lvmpolld	S01rsync	S01vsftpd
301acpid	S01cgroupfs-mount	S01docker	S01mysql	S01rsyslog	
301anacron	S01console–setup.sh	S01exim4	S01ntp	S01ssh	

# 3.2 Services running as SYSTEM

# system-cgtop | grep system | grep service

/system.slice/apache2.service	9	-	29.6M	-
/system.slice/containerd.service	9		29.0M	-
/system.slice/cron.service	1		45.3M	-
/system.slice/dbus.service	1		1.8M	-
/system.slice/exim4.service	1		2.8M	-
- /system.slice/ifup@enpOs3.service	1		4.7M	_
- /system.slice/lvm2-lvmetad.service	1		504.0K	_
/system.slice/mariadb.service	27		84.7M	_
- /system.slice/ntp.service	2		1.9M	_
/system.slice/rpcbind.service	1		2.5M	_
- /system.slice/rsyslog.service	4		2.5M	_
- /system.slice/ssh.service	1		3.0M	_
- /system.slice/system-postgresql.slice/postgresql@9.6-main.service	6			_
- /system.slice/systemd-journald.service	1		6.0M	_
- /system.slice/systemd-logind.service	1		1016.0K	_
	1		23.2M	_
- /system.slice/vboxadd-service.service	8		1.6M	_
/system.slice/vsftpd.service	1		2.3M	_
nuno@debian-9:/\$				

### 4. Enabled Accounts

### 4.1 Enabled accounts in admin group

Accounts (cat \etc\group): sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin:/bin/sync games:x:5:60:games:/usr/games:/usr/sbin/nologin man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin uucp:x:10:10:uucp:/var/spool/uucp:/usr/sbin/nologin proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin www–data:x:33:33:www–data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin list:x:38:38:Mailing List Manager:/var/list:/usr/sbin/nologin irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug–Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/nonexistent:/usr/sbin/nologin systemd-timesync:x:100:102:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false systemd-network:x:101:103:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/bin/false systemd-resolve:x:102:104:systemd Resolver,,,:/run/systemd/resolve:// systemd–bus–proxy:x:103:105:systemd Bus Proxy,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false \_apt:x:104:65534::/nonexistent:/bin/false Debian–exim:x:105:109::/var/spool/exim4:/bin/false avahi—autoipd:x:106:110:Avahi autoip daemon,,,:/var/lib/avahi—autoipd:/bin/false messagebus:x:107:111::/var/run/dbus:/bin/false statd:x:108:65534::/var/lib/nfs:/bin/false sshd:x:109:65534::/run/sshd:/usr/sbin/nologin vagrant:x:900:900:vagrant,,,:/home/vagrant:/bin/bash vboxadd:x:999:1::/var/run/vboxadd:/bin/false puppet:x:110:114:Puppet configuration management daemon,,,:/var/lib/puppet:/bin/false mysql:x:111:116:MySQL Server,,,:/nonexistent:/bin/false ntp:x:112:117::/home/ntp:/bin/false

```
ntp:x:112:117::/home/ntp:/bin/false
manager:x:1000:1000:manager:/home/manager:/bin/bash
nuno:x:1001:1001:nuno:/home/nuno:/bin/bash
helpdesk:x:1002:1002:helpdesk:/home/helpdesk:/bin/bash
nopwd:x:1003:1003:nopwd:/home/nopwd:/bin/bash
ftp:x:507:0::/var/ftp:
postgres:x:113:118:PostgreSQL administrator,,,:/var/lib/postgresql:/bin/bash
```

#### cat /etc/sudoers (para ver quem tem a permissão de sudo):

```
This file MUST be edited with the 'visudo' command as root.
 Please consider adding local content in /etc/sudoers.d/ instead of
 directly modifying this file.
 See the man page for details on how to write a sudoers file.
Defaults
                 env_reset
Defaults
                 mail badoass
                 secure_path="/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin"
# Host alias specification
# User alias specification
# Cmnd alias specification
# User privilege specification
        ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL
# Allow members of group sudo to execute any command
%sudo ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL
 See sudoers(5) for more information on "#include" directives:
#includedir /etc/sudoers.d
Defaults !requiretty
manager ALL=(ALL) ALL
nuno ALL=(ALL) ALL
nuno@debian-9:/etc$
```

## 4.2 Guest accounts enabled

# grep guest /etc/passwd

nuno@debian–9:/etc\$ grep guest passwd jnuno@debian–9:/etc\$ \_

(Não existem)

# Measuring Attack Surfaces

Avenues of Attack (AoA)	Bias	Identified AoA	Resulting Bias- Applied Values
Open Sockets	1	11	11
Open RCP endpoints	0.9	12	10.8
Open named pipes	0.8	6	4.8
Services	0.2	21	4.2
Services running by default	0.8	28	22.4
Services running as SYSTEM	0.9	18	16.2
Dynamic Web Pages	0.6	23	13.8
Enabled Accounts	0.7	36	25.2
Enabled Accounts in admin group	0.9	3	2.7
Guest Accounts Enabled	0.9	0	0

b,c) Instalei uma máquina virtual Kali para fazer o scan de vulnerabilidades. O output encontra-se em "vulnerability\_scan.txt". O comando usado foi:

## db\_nmap -v --script vuln 192.168.56.200

A partir do mesmo, foram descobertas algumas vulnerabilidades, entre as quais:

- Portas Abertas;
- Possíveis vulnerabilidades de CSRF (Cross-site request forgery);
- Possível SQL Injections;
- CVE-2011-2523.

Entre as possíveis SQL Injections sugeridas, escolhi a seguinte para tentar explorar a vulnerabilidade, criando um ataque.

```
http-sql-injection:
Possible sqli for queries:
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=7%27%200R%20sqlspider
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=11%27%200R%20sqlspider
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=1%27%200R%20sqlspider
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=7%27%200R%20sqlspider
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=11%27%200R%20sqlspider
http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=1%27%200R%20sqlspider
```

Para isso usei a ferramenta "sql.map", juntamente com o path escolhido para tentar ter acesso à base de dados.

python3 sqlmap.py -u 'http://192.168.56.200:80/store.php?category=11' --dump - D ecommerce -T tbl  $\,$ user

### Resultado:

# d) Analysis according to CIS Benchmarks

	2.1.1	2.1.2	2.2.1.1	2.2.1.2	2.2.1.3	2.2.2	2.2.3	2.2.4	2.2.5
Compliant	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

	2.1.6	2.1.7	2.2.1.8	2.2.1.9	2.2.1.10	2.2.11	2.2.12	2.2.13	2.2.14
Compliant	X	X	X				X	X	X

	2.2.15	2.2.16	2.2.17	2.3.1	2.3.2	2.3.3	2.3.4	2.3.5
Compliant	X		X	X	X	X		X

	3.1.1	3.1.2	3.2.1	3.2.2	3.2.3	3.2.4	3.2.5	3.2.6	3.2.7
Compliant							X	X	X

	3.2.8	3.2.9	3.2.1	3.3.1
Compliant				

# 2. Security Improvement

Fixar todos os pontos não "compliance" de acordo com o manual CIS Benchmarks:

### 2.2.9 Ensure FTP Server is not enabled (fixed)

```
nuno@debian-9:~$ systemctl is-enabled vsftpd
vsftpd.service is not a native service, redirecting to systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install is-enabled vsftpd
enabled
nuno@debian-9:~$ systemctl disable vsftpd
vsftpd.service is not a native service, redirecting to systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable vsftpd
Failed to reload daemon: The name org.freedesktop.PolicyKit1 was not provided by any .service files
update-rc.d: error: Permission denied
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo systemctl disable vsftpd
vsftpd.service is not a native service, redirecting to systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable vsftpd
```

### 2.2.10 Ensure HTTP server is not enabled (fixed)

```
nuno@debian-9:~$ systemctl is-enabled apache2
enabled
nuno@debian-9:~$ systemctl disable apache2
Synchronizing state of apache2.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable apache2
Failed to reload daemon: The name org.freedesktop.PolicyKit1 was not provided by any .service files update-rc.d: error: Permission denied
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo systemctl disable apache2
[sudo] password for nuno:
Synchronizing state of apache2.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable apache2
```

### 2.2.11 Ensure IMAP and POP3 server is not enabled(fixed)

```
nuno@debian-9:~$ dpkg -s exim4

Package: exim4

Status: install ok installed

Priority: standard

Section: mail

Installed-Size: 27

Maintainer: Exim4 Maintainers <pkg-exim4-maintainers@lists.alioth.debian.org>

Architecture: all

Version: 4.89-2+deb9u3

Depends: debconf (>= 0.5) | debconf-2.0, debconf (>= 1.4.69) | cdebconf (>= 0.39), exim4-base (>= 4.89-2+deb9u3), exim4-base (<< 4.89-2+deb9u3.1), exim4-daemon-light | exim4-daemon-heavy | exim4-daemon-custom

Description: metapackage to ease Exim MTA (v4) installation

Exim (v4) is a mail transport agent. exim4 is the metapackage depending

on the essential components for a basic exim4 installation.
```

```
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo apt-get remove exim4
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages will be REMOVED:
    exim4
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 1 to remove and 115 not upgraded.
After this operation, 27.6 kB disk space will be freed.
```

```
bian-9:~$ systemctl is-enabled rsync
enabled
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo systemctl disable rsync
Synchronizing state of rsync.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install disable rsync
```

### 2.3.4 Ensure telnet client is not installed

```
nuno@debian-9:~$ dpkg -s telnet
Package: telnet
Status: install ok installed
Priority: standard
Section: net
Installed-Size: 157
Maintainer: Mats Erik Andersson <mats.andersson@gisladisker.se>
Architecture: amd64
Source: netkit-telnet
Version: 0.17-41
Replaces: netstd
Provides: telnet-client
Depends: netbase, libc6 (>= 2.15), libstdc++6 (>= 5)
Description: basic telnet client
The telnet command is used for interactive communication with another host
using the TELNET protocol.
For the purpose of remote login, the present client executable should be
depreciated in favour of an ssh-client, or in some cases with variants like
 telnet-ssl or Kerberized TELNET clients. The most important reason is that
this implementation exchanges user name and password in clear text.
On the other hand, the present program does satisfy common use cases of
network diagnostics, like protocol testing of SMTP services, so it can
become handy enough.
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo apt-get remove telnet
[sudo] password for nuno:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages will be REMOVED:
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 1 to remove and 115 not upgraded.
After this operation, 161 kB disk space will be freed.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
(Reading database ... 50933 files and directories currently installed.)
Removing telnet (0.17-41) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.7.6.1-2) ...
```

# 3.1.1 Ensure IP forwarding is disabled

```
uno@debian-9:~$ sudo sysctl net.ipv4.ip_forward
[sudo] password for nuno:
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 1
nuno@debian-9:~$ grep "net\.ipv4\.ip_forward" /etc/sysctl.conf /etc/sysctl.d/*
/etc/sysctl.conf:#net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
/etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf:#net.ipv4.ip_forward=1
uno@debian-9:~$ sysctl net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding
-bash: sysctl: command not found
nuno@debian-9:~$ sudo sysctl net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding
net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding = 0
nuno@debian-9:~$ grep "net\.ipv6\.conf\.all\.forwarding" /etc/sysctl.conf /etc/sysctl.d/*
/etc/sysctl.conf:#net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding=1
/etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf:#net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding=1
# Uncomment the next line to enable packet forwarding for IPv4
net.ipv4.ip_forward=0
# Uncomment the next line to enable packet forwarding for IPv6
# Enabling this option disables Stateless Address Autoconfiguration
```

# 3.1.2 Ensure packet redirect sending is disabled

net.ipv6.conf.all.forwarding=0

based on Router Advertisements for this host

```
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo sysctl net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects
net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects = 1
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo sysctl net.ipv4.conf.default.send_redirects
net.ipv4.conf.default.send_redirects = 1
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo grep "net\.ipv4\.conf\.all\.send_redirects" /etc/sysctl.conf /etc/sysctl.d/*
/etc/sysctl.conf:#net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects = 0
/etc/sysctl.d/99-sysctl.conf:#net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects = 0
# Do not send ICMP redirects (we are not a router)
net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects = 0
#
```

#### 3 2 1

```
# Do not accept IP source route packets (we are not a router)
net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_source_route = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.accept_source_route = 0
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_source_route = 0
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept_source_route = 0
#
```

#### 3.2.2 Ensure ICMP redirects are not accepted

```
net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept_redirects = 0
```

## 3.2.3 Ensure secure ICMP redirects are not accepted

```
Do not accept ICMP redirects (prevent MITM attacks)
et.ipv4.conf.all.secure_redirects = 0
et.ipv4.conf.default.secure_redirects = 0
```

• Instalar uma Firewall para impedir ataques ou intrusões à rede:

apt-get install ufw ufw enable ufw default deny incoming ufw default allow outgoing ufw status verbose

```
he following NEW packages will be installed:
upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 115 not upgraded.
leed to get 164 kB of archives.
After this operation, 848 kB of additional disk space will be used.
et:1 http://cdn-fastly.deb.debian.org/debian stretch/main amd64 ufw all 0.35-4 [164 kB]
etched 164 kB in 0s (211 kB/s)
reconfiguring packages ...
electing previously unselected package ufw.
(Reading database ... 50921 files and directories currently installed.)
reparing to unpack .../archives/ufw_0.35-4_all.deb ...
Unpacking ufw (0.35-4) ..
etting up ufw (0.35-4) ...
reating config file /etc/ufw/before.rules with new version
reating config file /etc/ufw/before6.rules with new version
reating config file /etc/ufw/after.rules with new version
reating config file /etc/ufw/after6.rules with new version
reated symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/ufw.service → /lib/systemd/system/ufw.servic
Processing triggers for systemd (232-25+deb9u9) ...
rocessing triggers for man-db (2.7.6.1-2) ...
rocessing triggers for rsyslog (8.24.0-1) ...
uno@debian-9:/etc$ ufw enable
bash: ufw: command not found
uno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo ufw enable
ommand may disrupt existing ssh connections. Proceed with operation (y|n)? y
irewall is active and enabled on system startup
uno@debian-9:/etc$ ufw default deny incoming
bash: ufw: command not found
uno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo ufw default deny incoming
Default incoming policy changed to 'deny
(be sure to update your rules accordingly)
uno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo default allow outgoing
udo: default: command not found
uno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo ufw default allow outgoing
Default outgoing policy changed to 'allow'
(be sure to update your rules accordingly)
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ ufw status verbose
bash: ufw: command not found
uno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo ufw status verbose
tatus: active
ogging: on (low)
```

• Instalar um IDS (Intrusion detection system):

Para que sejam detetadas quaiquer atividades suspeitas e maliciosas que possam ser uma intrusão ao sistema.

# apt-get install tripwire && tripwire -init

```
9:/etc$ sudo apt-get install tripwire && tripwire --init
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  tripwire
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 115 not upgraded.
Need to get 1,569 kB of archives.
After this operation, 11.8 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://cdn-fastly.deb.debian.org/debian stretch/main amd64 tripwire amd64 2.4.3.1-2+b4 [1,569 kB]
Fetched 1,569 kB in 0s (1,981 kB/s)
Preconfiguring packages ...
Selecting previously unselected package tripwire.
(Reading database ... 51030 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../tripwire_2.4.3.1-2+b4_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking tripwire (2.4.3.1-2+b4) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.7.6.1-2) ...
Setting up tripwire (2.4.3.1-2+b4) ...
Generating site key (this may take several minutes)...
 Generating local key (this may take several minutes).
```

Site key: qwertyui Local key: qwertyui

• Update packages:

sudo apt-get install sudo apt-get upgrade

# • Fechar todos os *ports* que não estão a ser utilizados

Para que seja mais difícil para os atacantes se conectarem ao servidor.

```
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":21"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":22"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
          0
                  0 0.0.0.0:22
                                            0.0.0.0:*
tcp
                                                                     LISTEN
tcp6
          0
                  0 :::22
                                                                     LISTEN
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":25"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                  0 127.0.0.1:25
tcp
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                     LISTEN
                  0 ::1:25
                                            :::*
tcp6
          0
                                                                     LISTEN
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":80"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":111"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                  0 0.0.0.0:111
          0
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                     LISTEN
tcp
tcp6
          0
                  0 :::111
                                                                     LISTEN
udp
          0
                  0 0.0.0.0:111
                                            0.0.0.0:*
udp6
          0
                  0 :::111
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":3306"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                  0 127.0.0.1:3306
                                            0.0.0.0:*
                                                                     LISTEN
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":5432"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                  0 127.0.0.1:5432
                                            0.0.0.0:*
tcp
                                                                     LISTEN
                                            :::*
          0
                  0 ::1:5432
                                                                     LISTEN
tcp6
nuno@debian-9:/etc$
```

O sport 21 e 80 tcp não estão a utilizar nenhum processo.

# \$ sudo ufw deny 80

# \$ sudo ufw deny 21

```
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ sudo ufw deny 21
[sudo] password for nuno:
Rule added
Rule added (v6)
```

--

```
nuno@debian-9:<mark>/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":123"</mark>
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                                             0.0.0.0:*
                  0 10.0.2.15:123
udp
           0
           0
                  0 192.168.56.200:123
                                             0.0.0.0:*
udp
udp
           0
                  0 127.0.0.1:123
                                             0.0.0.0:*
           0
                  0 0.0.0.0:123
                                             0.0.0.0:*
udp
                  0 fe80::a00:27ff:fe5a:123 :::*
           0
udp6
           0
                  0 fe80::a00:27ff:fee9:123 :::*
udp6
           0
                  0 ::1:123
udp6
           0
                  0 :::123
udp6
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":111"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                                             0.0.0.0:*
           0
                  0 0.0.0.0:111
                                                                      LISTEN
tcp
tcp6
           0
                  0 :::111
                                                                      LISTEN
udp
           0
                  0 0.0.0.0:111
                                             0.0.0.0:*
          0
                  0 :::111
                                             :::*
udp6
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":68"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
                                             0.0.0.0:*
          0
                  0 0.0.0.0:68
nuno@debian-9:/etc$ netstat -tulpn | grep ":933"
(Not all processes could be identified, non-owned process info
will not be shown, you would have to be root to see it all.)
```

Nenhu port udp está a ser utilizado.

```
nuno@debian—9:~$ sudo u+w deny 933
Skipping adding existing rule
Skipping adding existing rule (v6)
nuno@debian—9:~$ sudo u+w deny 123
Rule added
Rule added (v6)
nuno@debian—9:~$ duso u+w deny 111
—bash: duso: command not found
nuno@debian—9:~$ sudo u+w deny 111
Rule added
Rule added (v6)
nuno@debian—9:~$ sudo u+w deny 68
Rule added
Rule added
Rule added
```

- Retirar contas desnecessárias do grupo admin do sistema
- Parar os serviços desnecessários

Reparei que o port 111 que fechei está a utilizar o serviço *rpcbind* que é um serviço utilizado NFS para partilha de ficheiros. Representa um potencial risco de segurança por isso decidi fechar este serviço.

```
nuno@debian–9:~$ sudo systemctl disable rpcbind.service
Synchronizing state of rpcbind.service with SysV service script with /lib/systemd/systemd–sysv–insta
ll.
Executing: /lib/systemd/systemd–sysv–install disable rpcbind
Removed /etc/systemd/system/sockets.target.wants/rpcbind.socket.
nuno@debian–9:~$
```