Discrete and Algorithmic Geometry

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Sheet 4

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(1) Definition 9.2 in Ziegler's Lectures on Polytopes constructs the linear map

$$P \xrightarrow{\pi^c} Q^c := \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} \pi(x) \\ cx \end{pmatrix} : x \in P \right\} \subset \mathbb{R}^{q+1}$$

from a projection $\pi: P \subset \mathbb{R}^p \to Q \subset \mathbb{R}^q$ and a linear function $c \in (\mathbb{R}^q)^*$. Is it possible to give an algorithm to determine the set of lower faces $\mathcal{L}^{\downarrow}(Q^c)$ of Q^c from just the set of facet normals of Q, the projection π , and the linear function c, without running a convex hull algorithm on Q^c ?

(2) Show that

$$\int_{P} f(x) \, \mathrm{d}x = \operatorname{vol}(P) \cdot f(p_0)$$

for any polytope P, where $p_0 = \frac{1}{\text{vol}(P)} \int_P x \, dx$ denotes the barycenter of P.

(3) Complete the proof of Theorem 9.6 in Ziegler's *Lectures on Polytopes*, possibly referring to [1].

References

[1] Louis J. Billera and Bernd Sturmfels. Fiber polytopes. Ann. Math. (2), 135(3):527-549, 1992.