Atividade 6 - Implementacao de Aplicacao Cliente/Servidor similar a telnet e concorrente com TCP- Códigos

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//Q1-2 cliente
 #include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include "netutils.h"
#define MAXLINE 4096
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
  int sockfd, n;
  char recvline[MAXLINE + 1];
  char error[MAXLINE + 1];
  struct sockaddr_in servaddr;
  if (argc != 3){
     strcpy(error,"uso: ");
     strcat(error,argv[0]);
     strcat(error," <IPaddress> <Port Number>");
     perror(error);
     exit(1);
  }
  int pnumber;
```

```
sscanf(argv[2],"%d",&pnumber);
  /* Abre o socket */
  sockfd = Socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
  /* Prepara as estruturas que serao usadas */
  bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
  servaddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
  servaddr.sin_port = htons(pnumber);
  /* Aqui e criada a estrutura que sera usada para a conexao */
  Inet_pton(AF_INET, argv[1], &servaddr.sin_addr);
  /* A conexao e feita */
  Connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr *) &servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
  printf("Connected to %s:%d\n",argv[1],pnumber);
  char command[1025];
  while (1) {
    /* Le a linha de comando */
    n = scanf(" %[^\n]", command);
    if (n == 0) {
      break;
    }
    /* Envia o comando */
    Write(sockfd,command,strlen(command));
    /* Recebe a resposta */
    n = Read(sockfd, recvline, MAXLINE);
    if (n == 0) {
      break;
    }
    recvline[n] = 0;
    printf("%s\n",recvline);
  close(sockfd);
  exit(0);
}
 //Q1-2 servidor
 #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
```

#include <netdb.h>
#include <sys/types.h>

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include "netutils.h"
#define LISTENQ 10
#define MAXDATASIZE 4096
void deal_with_client(int connfd)
 char command[MAXDATASIZE];
 int n;
 while(1) {
   n = Read(connfd,command,MAXDATASIZE-1);
   if (n == 0) {
     break;
   }
   command[n] = 0;
   //Thats a security flaw, try to chroot this server
   system(command);
   Write(connfd,command,n);
 }
}
int main (int argc, char **argv)
        listenfd, connfd;
 struct sockaddr_in servaddr;
 int pnumber = 12344;
 if (argc == 2) {
   sscanf(argv[1],"%d",&pnumber);
  /* No trecho abaixo um socket e inicializado */
  listenfd = Socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
  /* Estruturas sao preparadas */
  bzero(&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
  servaddr.sin_family
                         = AF_INET;
  servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
  servaddr.sin_port
                         = htons(pnumber);
  /* A porta e reservada */
  Bind(listenfd,(struct sockaddr *) &servaddr, sizeof(servaddr));
```

```
/* O servidor passa a receber conexoes */
  Listen(listenfd,LISTENQ);
  for (;;) {
    struct sockaddr_in client;
    connfd = Accept(listenfd,&client);
    char client_address[128];
    int client_port = ntohs(client.sin_port);
    inet_ntop(AF_INET,&client.sin_addr.s_addr,client_address,128);
    printf("Serving client %s:%d\n",client_address,client_port);
     int chid = fork();
     if (chid == 0) {
  deal_with_client(connfd);
  close(connfd);
  exit(0);
     } else {
  close(connfd);
     }
  }
  return(0);
}
//Netutils.c
#include "netutils.h"
int Socket(int family, int type, int flags)
 int sockfd;
 if ((sockfd = socket(family, type, flags)) < 0) {</pre>
   perror("socket");
   exit(1);
 } else
   return sockfd;
void Bind(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *servaddr, int size)
 if (bind(sockfd,
     servaddr, size) == -1) {
   perror("bind");
   exit(1);
 }
}
```

```
void Listen(int listenfd, int flags)
 if (listen(listenfd, flags) == -1) {
     perror("listen");
     exit(1);
  }
}
int Read(int connfd, char *command, int size) {
 n = read(connfd,command,size);
 if (n < 0) {
   perror("read");
 return n;
int Accept(int listenfd, struct sockaddr_in *client)
 int connfd;
 socklen_t client_size = sizeof(*client);
 if ((connfd = accept(listenfd, (struct sockaddr *) client,
     &client_size)) == -1 ) {
        perror("accept");
        exit(1);
     }
 return connfd;
}
void Write(int connfd, char *command, int n)
 if(write(connfd, command, n) < 0) {</pre>
   perror("write");
   exit(1);
 }
void Connect(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *servaddr, int size)
 if (connect(sockfd, servaddr, size) < 0) {</pre>
     perror("connect");
     exit(1);
  }
void Inet_pton(int family, char *in, struct in_addr *servaddr)
 if (inet_pton(family, in, servaddr) <= 0) {</pre>
```

```
perror("inet_pton error");
  exit(1);
}
```

```
//netutils.h
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
/* Poderia ter simplificado algumas chamadas, eliminando */
/* os int size fazendo os mesmos dentro dos wrappers, mas */
/* do jeito que fiz eles sao compativeis o bastante para */
/* serem usados como drop-in replacements para as
/*funcoes de baixo nivel
                                                     */
int Socket(int family, int type, int flags);
void Bind(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *servaddr, int size);
void Listen(int listenfd, int flags);
int Read(int connfd, char *command, int size);
int Accept(int listenfd, struct sockaddr_in *client);
void Write(int connfd, char *command, int n);
void Connect(int sockfd, struct sockaddr *servaddr, int size);
void Inet_pton(int type, char *in, struct in_addr *servaddr);
```