# DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS — HT 2019 **Problem Sheet 4**

## Answers for questions marked \*.

## DFS and connected components, cont'd

## **Shortest paths**

### **Answer to question 3**

- (a) *n*-vertex linear chain.  $(v_i, v_{i+1}), 0 \le i < n-1$
- (b) *n*-vertex star graph.  $(v_0, v_i), 0 \le i < n$

### **Greedy algorithms**

#### Answer to question 6

- (a) No. Take the series of denominations 40, 15, 1. The greedy algorithm yields change (1, 1, 5) for the amount of 60. A better solution is (0, 4, 0).
- (b) In the optimal solution, there cannot be more than p-1 coins of any denotation except the largest denomination  $p^k$ , as any p coins of denomination  $p^j$  can be replaced by one  $p^{j+1}$  denomination, resulting in a better solution. The greedy algorithm chooses the maximum possible number of coins of the highest denomination  $p^k$ . Any optimal solution must do the same, since otherwise the solution would have to contain p or more coins of some smaller denomination. This follows from the fact that

$$(p-1)(p^{k-1}+\cdots+p+1) < p^k.$$

The remaining value for which change has to be given needs to be given using a subset of the remaining coins, and the optimal solution will contain optimal change for this subproblem.