```
QUESTION 3
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```
class fraction {
      private var list = new fraction. Node (o, null) // Dummy header
     private van end = list
      Il Function that allows the user to add terms to the "continued fraction"
     def add (x: int): Unit = {
          Van m1 = new fraction. Node (x, null)
          end. next = n1
          end = m1
     11 (a)
     def print : String = 4
          van current = list mext
         van pan = 0 11 we count how many brackets we open to see how many we need to close
          von str = ""
                                                                                  at the end
          while (current != null)
          I if (current. next == null) str = str + current. datum II the last term of the sequence
            else if (current next next == mull) stn = stn + current datum + "+1/"
            else { st = st + current. datum + "+1/("; par += 1 }
          2 current = current. next
         for (i <- o until pan) str = str + ")"
         SIA
    11 (6)
    def nat 2 cf Rec (m: int, d: int): String = {
         if (m%d == 0) return (m/d). to String lexact division
         else if (n% d == 1) neturn (m/d). to String + "+1/"+ nat 20 f Rec (d, n% d)
         else neturn (m/d). to String + "+1/("+ not 20f Rec (d, n%d) +")"
```

```
11 (c)
   def natzcf (m1: int, d1: int): String = }
        Van frac = new fraction
         Vou m = m1
         van d = d1
         while (d!=0)
         I van a = mld
           van b= m %d
           frac. add (a)
            m=d
            d=b
         frac. print
   // (d)
   11 This function deletes the first term of the continued fraction, so that we keep recursing on
the list
    def del : Unit = list. mext = list. next. next
    def cf2 not Rec : (int, int) = {
         Van x = list. next. datum
         if (list. next. next = null) return (x,1)
         else
         1 this del
           Van (m1,d1) = this. cf2nat Rec
          1etum ( m1 x x + d1, m1)
   3
   // (e)
        cfanat: (int, int)= {
         Van curunt = list. next
         Van (m1, m2, m3, m4) = (curunt. datum, 1,1,0)
         van m=0; van d=0
             (current. next == mull) neturn (current. datum, 1) 1/the result is an integer
         else curent = current. next
```

```
while (current != null)
      if (current. mext == mull) of m = current. datum; d=13
        else // the matrix multiplication (m, m, m) (current datum 1)
          Van p1 = m1+ curunt. datum + m2
           Van P2 = m1
              p3 = m3 x current. datum+ m4
           m1 = p1; m2 = p2; m3 = p3; m4 = p4
       current = current. mext
       neturn (m1 × n+ m2 × d, m3 × n+ m4 × d) 11 (m, m2) (m)
11 Companion object
object fraction }
       private class Node (van datum: Int, van mext: Node)
```