

Investigation_on_5000_movies

May 24, 2022

1 Project: Investigation on 5000 movies

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1. Introduction

The selected dataset contains information about 5000 movies collected from 1916 to 2016 from The Movie Database (TMDb). It includes user ratings, revenues, genres, production companies, etc. Certain columns contain multiple dictionaries in one cell for example in genre and production companies. This project will focus on analyzing the popularity and profit of movies based on country of origin, year produced , production companies and genre of the movies, for axample which country produce most polular movies ? Which production company produces the most popular movies, and which one produces the movies that have high profits.

2. Data Wrangling

loading the data, check for cleanliness, trim and clean the dataset for analysis.

1.1.1 2.1. General Properties

Importing modules

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('ggplot')
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
%matplotlib inline
import json
from collections import OrderedDict
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize']=(14,8)
```

Loading the data

```
[2]: # Load your data
movies_df=pd.read_csv('tmdb_5000_movies.csv')
```

Knowing number of samples and features

```
[3]: #Discovering number of samples and number of features
movies_df.shape
```

```
[3]: (4803, 20)
```

Structure of dataset

```
[4]: # Displaying top 5 lines of dataset
movies_df.head()
```

```
[4]:      budget      genres \
0  237000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
1  300000000 [{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 14, "...
2  245000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
3  250000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 80, "nam...
4  260000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...

      homepage      id \
0      http://www.avatarmovie.com/  19995
1  http://disney.go.com/disneypictures/pirates/  285
2      http://www.sonypictures.com/movies/spectre/  206647
3      http://www.thedarkknighttrises.com/  49026
4      http://movies.disney.com/john-carter  49529

      keywords original_language \
0 [{"id": 1463, "name": "culture clash"}, {"id":...  en
1 [{"id": 270, "name": "ocean"}, {"id": 726, "na...  en
2 [{"id": 470, "name": "spy"}, {"id": 818, "name...  en
3 [{"id": 849, "name": "dc comics"}, {"id": 853,...  en
4 [{"id": 818, "name": "based on novel"}, {"id":...  en

      original_title \
0      Avatar
1  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End
2      Spectre
3      The Dark Knight Rises
4      John Carter

      overview popularity \
0  In the 22nd century, a paraplegic Marine is di...  150.437577
1  Captain Barbossa, long believed to be dead, ha...  139.082615
2  A cryptic message from Bond's past sends him o...  107.376788
3  Following the death of District Attorney Harve...
```

```
4 John Carter is a war-weary, former military ca... 43.926995
```

```

                                production_companies \
0 [{"name": "Ingenious Film Partners", "id": 289...
1 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}, {"nam...
2 [{"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}, {"nam...
3 [{"name": "Legendary Pictures", "id": 923}, {"nam...
4 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}]

```

```

                                production_countries release_date    revenue \
0 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2009-12-10  2787965087
1 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2007-05-19   961000000
2 [{"iso_3166_1": "GB", "name": "United Kingdom"... 2015-10-26   880674609
3 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2012-07-16  1084939099
4 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2012-03-07   284139100

```

```

runtime                                spoken_languages    status \
0    162.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso... Released
1    169.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
2    148.0 [{"iso_639_1": "fr", "name": "Fran\u00e7ais"},... Released
3    165.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
4    132.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released

```

```

                                tagline \
0                                Enter the World of Pandora.
1 At the end of the world, the adventure begins.
2                                A Plan No One Escapes
3                                The Legend Ends
4                                Lost in our world, found in another.

```

```

                                title  vote_average  vote_count
0                                Avatar             7.2        11800
1 Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End         6.9         4500
2                                Spectre            6.3         4466
3                                The Dark Knight Rises 7.6         9106
4                                John Carter          6.1         2124

```

```
[5]: # Displaying bottom 5 lines of dataset
movies_df.tail()
```

```

[5]:    budget                                genres \
4798  220000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 80, "nam...
4799    9000 [{"id": 35, "name": "Comedy"}, {"id": 10749, "...
4800      0 [{"id": 35, "name": "Comedy"}, {"id": 18, "nam...
4801      0 []
4802      0 [{"id": 99, "name": "Documentary"}]

```

	homepage	id	\
4798	NaN	9367	
4799	NaN	72766	
4800	http://www.hallmarkchannel.com/signedsealeddel...	231617	
4801	http://shanghaicalling.com/	126186	
4802	NaN	25975	

	keywords	original_language	\
4798	[{"id": 5616, "name": "united states\u2013mexi...	es	
4799	[]	en	
4800	[{"id": 248, "name": "date"}, {"id": 699, "nam...	en	
4801	[]	en	
4802	[{"id": 1523, "name": "obsession"}, {"id": 224...	en	

	original_title	\
4798	El Mariachi	
4799	Newlyweds	
4800	Signed, Sealed, Delivered	
4801	Shanghai Calling	
4802	My Date with Drew	

	overview	popularity	\
4798	El Mariachi just wants to play his guitar and ...	14.269792	
4799	A newlywed couple's honeymoon is upended by th...	0.642552	
4800	"Signed, Sealed, Delivered" introduces a dedic...	1.444476	
4801	When ambitious New York attorney Sam is sent t...	0.857008	
4802	Ever since the second grade when he first saw ...	1.929883	

	production_companies	\
4798	[{"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}]	
4799	[]	
4800	[{"name": "Front Street Pictures", "id": 3958}...	
4801	[]	
4802	[{"name": "rusty bear entertainment", "id": 87...	

	production_countries	release_date	revenue	\
4798	[{"iso_3166_1": "MX", "name": "Mexico"}, {"iso...	1992-09-04	2040920	
4799	[]	2011-12-26	0	
4800	[{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...	2013-10-13	0	
4801	[{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...	2012-05-03	0	
4802	[{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...	2005-08-05	0	

	runtime	spoken_languages	status	\
4798	81.0	[{"iso_639_1": "es", "name": "Espa\u00f1ol"}]	Released	
4799	85.0	[]	Released	
4800	120.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
4801	98.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	

```
4802      90.0      [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
```

```

tagline \
4798 He didn't come looking for trouble, but troubl...
4799 A newlywed couple's honeymoon is upended by th...
4800                                     NaN
4801 A New Yorker in Shanghai
4802                                     NaN
```

	title	vote_average	vote_count
4798	El Mariachi	6.6	238
4799	Newlyweds	5.9	5
4800	Signed, Sealed, Delivered	7.0	6
4801	Shanghai Calling	5.7	7
4802	My Date with Drew	6.3	16

```
[6]: # Getting some sample data
movies_df.sample(5)
```

```
[6]:      budget      genres \
3493      0      [{"id": 18, "name": "Drama"}]
4226 1500000 [{"id": 80, "name": "Crime"}, {"id": 18, "name...
4491      0      [{"id": 99, "name": "Documentary"}]
1255 42000000 [{"id": 53, "name": "Thriller"}, {"id": 18, "n...
170 135000000 [{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 28, "...
```

	homepage	id
3493	NaN	18602
4226	NaN	18079
4491	http://www.thehadzalastofthefirst.com/	296943
1255	NaN	80278
170	http://www.mgm.com/view/movie/231/The-World-Is...	36643

	keywords	original_language
3493	[{"id": 10183, "name": "independent film"}, {"id": 10184, "name": "independent film"}]	en
4226	[{"id": 612, "name": "hotel"}, {"id": 3202, "name": "hotel"}]	es
4491	[]	en
1255	[{"id": 3434, "name": "thailand"}, {"id": 6941, "name": "thailand"}]	en
170	[{"id": 6731, "name": "british"}, {"id": 10364, "name": "british"}]	en

	original_title
3493	Morvern Callar
4226	Nueve Reinas
4491	The Hadza: Last of the First
1255	Lo imposible
170	The World Is Not Enough

		overview	popularity	\
3493	Following her boyfriend's suicide, supermarket...		2.507912	
4226	An Argentinian crime drama revolving around a ...		8.589355	
4491	A look at human origins in the very place of o...		0.045648	
1255	In December 2004, close-knit family Maria, Hen...		47.559928	
170	Greed, revenge, world dominance and high-tech ...		39.604363	

		production_companies	\
3493		[{"name": "Company Pictures", "id": 11842}]	
4226		[{"name": "Naya Films S.A.", "id": 4718}, {"na...	
4491		[]	
1255		[{"name": "Summit Entertainment", "id": 491}, ...	
170		[{"name": "Eon Productions", "id": 7576}, {"na...	

		production_countries	release_date	\
3493		[{"iso_3166_1": "GB", "name": "United Kingdom"...	2002-01-01	
4226		[{"iso_3166_1": "AR", "name": "Argentina"}]	2000-08-31	
4491		[{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...	2014-10-31	
1255		[{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...	2012-09-09	
170		[{"iso_3166_1": "GB", "name": "United Kingdom"...	1999-11-08	

	revenue	runtime		spoken_languages	\
3493	0	97.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso...		
4226	0	114.0	[{"iso_639_1": "es", "name": "Espa\u00f1ol"}]		
4491	0	70.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]		
1255	180274123	113.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso...		
170	361832400	128.0	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso...		

	status		tagline	\
3493	Released		NaN	
4226	Released		Sticky & Square	
4491	Released		NaN	
1255	Released	Nothing is more powerful than the human spirit.		
170	Released	As the countdown begins for the new millennium...		

		title	vote_average	vote_count
3493		Morvern Callar	7.2	34
4226		Nine Queens	7.4	153
4491	The Hadza: Last of the First		0.0	0
1255		The Impossible	7.0	2025
170		The World Is Not Enough	6.0	862

displaying more information about dataset

```
[7]: #Displaying information of dataset
movies_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

RangeIndex: 4803 entries, 0 to 4802

Data columns (total 20 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	budget	4803 non-null	int64
1	genres	4803 non-null	object
2	homepage	1712 non-null	object
3	id	4803 non-null	int64
4	keywords	4803 non-null	object
5	original_language	4803 non-null	object
6	original_title	4803 non-null	object
7	overview	4800 non-null	object
8	popularity	4803 non-null	float64
9	production_companies	4803 non-null	object
10	production_countries	4803 non-null	object
11	release_date	4802 non-null	object
12	revenue	4803 non-null	int64
13	runtime	4801 non-null	float64
14	spoken_languages	4803 non-null	object
15	status	4803 non-null	object
16	tagline	3959 non-null	object
17	title	4803 non-null	object
18	vote_average	4803 non-null	float64
19	vote_count	4803 non-null	int64

dtypes: float64(3), int64(4), object(13)

memory usage: 750.6+ KB

Displaying Nan Values for every column in dataset

```
[8]: # Finding Nan values
      movies_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[8]: budget          0
      genres         0
      homepage      3091
      id            0
      keywords       0
      original_language  0
      original_title  0
      overview       3
      popularity     0
      production_companies  0
      production_countries  0
      release_date    1
      revenue        0
      runtime        2
      spoken_languages  0
      status         0
```

```

tagline          844
title            0
vote_average     0
vote_count       0
dtype: int64

```

```

[9]: # coverting special character to Nan Values
movies_df[movies_df['production_countries']=='[]']

```

```

[9]:      budget      genres \
272  90000000 [{"id": 35, "name": "Comedy"}, {"id": 10749, "...
1011         0 [{"id": 27, "name": "Horror"}]
1360         0 [{"id": 18, "name": "Drama"}]
1511         0 [{"id": 18, "name": "Drama"}, {"id": 10751, "n...
1898  26000000 [{"id": 35, "name": "Comedy"}, {"id": 10751, "...
...
4780         0 [{"id": 53, "name": "Thriller"}, {"id": 80, "n...
4784         0 [{"id": 18, "name": "Drama"}, {"id": 35, "name...
4787         0 [{"id": 878, "name": "Science Fiction"}, {"id"...
4797         0 [{"id": 10769, "name": "Foreign"}, {"id": 53, ...
4799         9000 [{"id": 35, "name": "Comedy"}, {"id": 10749, "...

      homepage      id \
272          NaN    24113
1011         NaN    53953
1360  http://therebedragonsmovie.com/  45054
1511         NaN    12920
1898         NaN    18147
...
4780         NaN    366967
4784  http://www.thepuffychairmovie.com  24055
4787         NaN    86304
4797         NaN    67238
4799         NaN    72766

      keywords original_language \
272  [{"id": 2301, "name": "architect"}, {"id": 345...      en
1011 [{"id": 10292, "name": "gore"}, {"id": 12339, ...      de
1360 [{"id": 5509, "name": "spanish civil war"}, {""...      en
1511 [{"id": 643, "name": "horse race"}, {"id": 267...      en
1898 [{"id": 65, "name": "holiday"}]      en
...
4780         []      en
4784 [{"id": 171993, "name": "mumblecore"}]      en
4787 [{"id": 9715, "name": "superhero"}]      en
4797         []      en
4799         []      en

```


	original_title \
272	Town & Country
1011	The Tooth Fairy
1360	There Be Dragons
1511	Dreamer: Inspired By a True Story
1898	Unaccompanied Minors
...	...
4780	Dutch Kills
4784	The Puffy Chair
4787	All Superheroes Must Die
4797	Cavite
4799	Newlyweds

	overview	popularity \
272	Porter Stoddard is a well-known New York archi...	1.004579
1011	A woman and her daughter (Nicole Muñoz) encoun...	0.716764
1360	Arising out of the horror of the Spanish Civil...	6.668679
1511	Ben Crane believes that a severely injured rac...	6.048743
1898	Five disparate kids snowed in at the airport o...	10.006282
...
4780	A desperate ex-con is forced to gather his old...	0.038143
4784	Josh's life is pretty much in the toilet. He's...	1.243955
4787	Masked vigilantes Charge (Jason Trost), Cutthr...	3.545991
4797	Adam, a security guard, travels from Californi...	0.022173
4799	A newlywed couple's honeymoon is upended by th...	0.642552

	production_companies	production_countries \
272	[{"name": "New Line Cinema", "id": 12}]	[]
1011	[]	[]
1360	[]	[]
1511	[{"name": "DreamWorks SKG", "id": 27}, {"name": ...	[]
1898	[]	[]
...
4780	[]	[]
4784	[]	[]
4787	[{"name": "Grindfest", "id": 18818}]	[]
4797	[]	[]
4799	[]	[]

	release_date	revenue	runtime \
272	2001-04-27	10372291	104.0
1011	2006-08-08	0	0.0
1360	2011-03-25	0	112.0
1511	2005-09-10	0	106.0
1898	2006-12-08	0	90.0
...

4780	2015-10-02	0	90.0
4784	2005-01-17	0	85.0
4787	2011-10-26	0	78.0
4797	2005-03-12	0	80.0
4799	2011-12-26	0	85.0

	spoken_languages	status	\
272	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
1011	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso...	Released	
1360	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
1511	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
1898	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
...	
4780	[]	Released	
4784	[]	Released	
4787	[{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}]	Released	
4797	[]	Released	
4799	[]	Released	

	tagline	\
272	There's no such thing as a small affair.	
1011	NaN	
1360	NaN	
1511	NaN	
1898	No plane, no parents, no problem!	
...	...	
4780	NaN	
4784	NaN	
4787	May The Best Man Win	
4797	NaN	
4799	A newlywed couple's honeymoon is upended by th...	

	title	vote_average	vote_count
272	Town & Country	3.7	16
1011	The Tooth Fairy	4.3	13
1360	There Be Dragons	5.9	27
1511	Dreamer: Inspired By a True Story	6.3	67
1898	Unaccompanied Minors	5.4	66
...
4780	Dutch Kills	0.0	0
4784	The Puffy Chair	6.2	15
4787	All Superheroes Must Die	4.2	13
4797	Cavite	7.5	2
4799	Newlyweds	5.9	5

[174 rows x 20 columns]

Since there are other special character in dataset as [] this have to be changed to Nan

values since they contain nothing for my analysis.

1.1.2 2.2. Data Cleaning

Deleting unnecessary columns

```
[10]: # dropping some column
movies_df.
↳ drop(['homepage', 'id', 'keywords', 'overview', 'tagline', 'spoken_languages'], axis=
↳ 1, inplace=True)
# displaying info
movies_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4803 entries, 0 to 4802
Data columns (total 14 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   budget                4803 non-null  int64
1   genres                4803 non-null  object
2   original_language     4803 non-null  object
3   original_title        4803 non-null  object
4   popularity            4803 non-null  float64
5   production_companies  4803 non-null  object
6   production_countries  4803 non-null  object
7   release_date          4802 non-null  object
8   revenue               4803 non-null  int64
9   runtime              4801 non-null  float64
10  status                4803 non-null  object
11  title                 4803 non-null  object
12  vote_average          4803 non-null  float64
13  vote_count            4803 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(8)
memory usage: 525.5+ KB
```

The dropped columns contains many Nan Values and others will not be used in dataset, I removed them to get a clean dataset

Replacing special character with Nan

```
[11]: #Replacing [] character with Nan
movies_df.replace('[]', np.nan, inplace=True)

# displaying Nan values for each column
movies_df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[11]: budget                0
genres                28
original_language     0
original_title        0
```

```

popularity          0
production_companies 351
production_countries 174
release_date        1
revenue             0
runtime             2
status              0
title               0
vote_average        0
vote_count          0
dtype: int64

```

More Nan Values have been found since there was some columns with only characters with is repaced by Nan

Dropping Nan Values

```

[12]: # Dropping Nans
      movies_df.dropna(inplace=True)

      # displaying Nan values for each column
      movies_df.isna().sum()

```

```

[12]: budget          0
      genres          0
      original_language 0
      original_title   0
      popularity       0
      production_companies 0
      production_countries 0
      release_date     0
      revenue          0
      runtime          0
      status           0
      title            0
      vote_average     0
      vote_count       0
      dtype: int64

```

There is no Nan Values in my dataset

New shape of modified dataset

```

[13]: # new shape
      movies_df.shape

```

```

[13]: (4429, 14)

```

Getting every production companies for each movie

```
[14]: """
The following loop will extract only production companies for each movie from
dictionaries containing lots of details of every production company for every_
↳movie

"""
# Initializing a list of production companies name
Company_names=[]
# looping through production companies columns
for name in movies_df['production_companies']:
    # converting object dictionaries into editable dictionaries
    dict_name=json.loads(name)
    #Initializing a list of each
    company_name=[]
    #appending the names into production names
    Company_names.append(company_name)

    #Looping through each dictionary for every production company
    for i in dict_name:
        # appending each production film in its list
        company_name.append(list(i.values())[0])
```

Getting every country of origin for each movie

```
[15]: """
The loop will extract only the original country of the movie from
a details dictionary with original country with other detail.
"""
# Initializing the original country list
country_original=[]

#Looping through production countries columns
for country in movies_df['production_countries']:
    # extracting only country of origin in the dictionary object
    country_original.append(country.split(',')[7])
```

Getting every country of origin for each movie

```
[16]: """
The following loop will extract only genre for each movie from
dictionaries containing lots of details of every genre company for every movie

"""
# creating a genre list
genre_names=[]
```

```

#Looping the genres column
for genre in movies_df['genres']:
    # converting object dictionaries into editable dictionaries
    dict_name_genre=json.loads(genre)

    #Initializing a list of each genre
    names=[]
    #appending the genre into genre list
    genre_names.append(names)
    #Looping through each dictionary for every genre
    for k in dict_name_genre:
        # extracting only genre the dictionary
        names.append(list(k.values())[1])

```

Creating a profit column

```

[17]: # creating a profit column from revenue and budget
movies_df['profit']=movies_df['revenue']-movies_df['budget']

```

Creating profit or loss status column

```

[18]: """
The loop will create a profit or loss status based on the profite or loss made
"""

# Initializing list of profit/ loss status
Loss_profit_status=[]

#looping through profit column
for profit in movies_df['profit']:

    # definning the profit
    if profit>=0:
        Loss_profit_status.append('Profit')
    # definning the loss
    else:
        Loss_profit_status.append('Loss')

```

```

[19]: # creating profit/loss status for every data
movies_df['P/L status']=Loss_profit_status

```

Creating cleaned columns

```

[20]: # creating cleaned genre column
movies_df['genre_names']=genre_names
#creating cleaned production company column

```

```

movies_df['production_company']=Company_names
#creating country of origin column
movies_df['country_original']=country_original

```

```

[21]: #Chwcking for the new added column
movies_df.head()

```

```

[21]:      budget      genres \
0  237000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
1  300000000 [{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 14, "...
2  245000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
3  250000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 80, "nam...
4  260000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...

      original_language      original_title      popularity \
0          en          Avatar  150.437577
1          en  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End  139.082615
2          en          Spectre  107.376788
3          en  The Dark Knight Rises  112.312950
4          en          John Carter   43.926995

      production_companies \
0 [{"name": "Ingenious Film Partners", "id": 289...
1 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}, {""...
2 [{"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}, {"nam...
3 [{"name": "Legendary Pictures", "id": 923}, {""...
4 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}]

      production_countries      release_date      revenue \
0 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...  2009-12-10  2787965087
1 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...  2007-05-19   961000000
2 [{"iso_3166_1": "GB", "name": "United Kingdom"...  2015-10-26   880674609
3 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...  2012-07-16  1084939099
4 [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o...  2012-03-07   284139100

      runtime      status      title      vote_average \
0    162.0  Released      Avatar          7.2
1    169.0  Released  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End      6.9
2    148.0  Released      Spectre          6.3
3    165.0  Released  The Dark Knight Rises          7.6
4    132.0  Released      John Carter          6.1

      vote_count      profit P/L      status \
0        11800  2550965087      Profit
1         4500   661000000      Profit
2         4466   635674609      Profit
3         9106   834939099      Profit

```

```
4          2124      24139100      Profit
```

```
                                genre_names \
0 [Action, Adventure, Fantasy, Science Fiction]
1          [Adventure, Fantasy, Action]
2          [Action, Adventure, Crime]
3          [Action, Crime, Drama, Thriller]
4          [Action, Adventure, Science Fiction]
```

```
                                production_company      country_original
0 [Ingenious Film Partners, Twentieth Century Fo... United States of America
1 [Walt Disney Pictures, Jerry Bruckheimer Films... United States of America
2          [Columbia Pictures, Danjaq, B24]      United Kingdom
3 [Legendary Pictures, Warner Bros., DC Entertai... United States of America
4          [Walt Disney Pictures]      United States of America
```

```
[22]: # dropping old uncleaned columns
movies_df.drop(['genres','production_countries','production_companies'],axis =_
↳1,inplace=True)
```

```
[23]: # Converting date into datetime for easy manipulation
movies_df['release_date']=pd.to_datetime(movies_df['release_date'])
```

```
[24]: #Checking for information for new cleaned data
movies_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 4429 entries, 0 to 4802
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   budget                4429 non-null  int64
1   original_language     4429 non-null  object
2   original_title        4429 non-null  object
3   popularity            4429 non-null  float64
4   release_date          4429 non-null  datetime64[ns]
5   revenue               4429 non-null  int64
6   runtime               4429 non-null  float64
7   status                4429 non-null  object
8   title                 4429 non-null  object
9   vote_average          4429 non-null  float64
10  vote_count            4429 non-null  int64
11  profit                4429 non-null  int64
12  P/L status            4429 non-null  object
13  genre_names           4429 non-null  object
14  production_company     4429 non-null  object
15  country_original      4429 non-null  object
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(3), int64(4), object(8)
```


memory usage: 588.2+ KB

Checking unique Values in Movie status

```
[25]: # checking the status unique values
movies_df['status'].unique()
```

```
[25]: array(['Released', 'Rumored'], dtype=object)
```

Removing outliers

```
[26]: # selecting released movies
movies_df=movies_df[movies_df['status']=='Released']
```

I removed the rumored movies in my dataset because it is not logical to know the revenue of the unrealised movies. Therefore I remained with only released movies

Exploratory Data Analysis

Statistical analysis

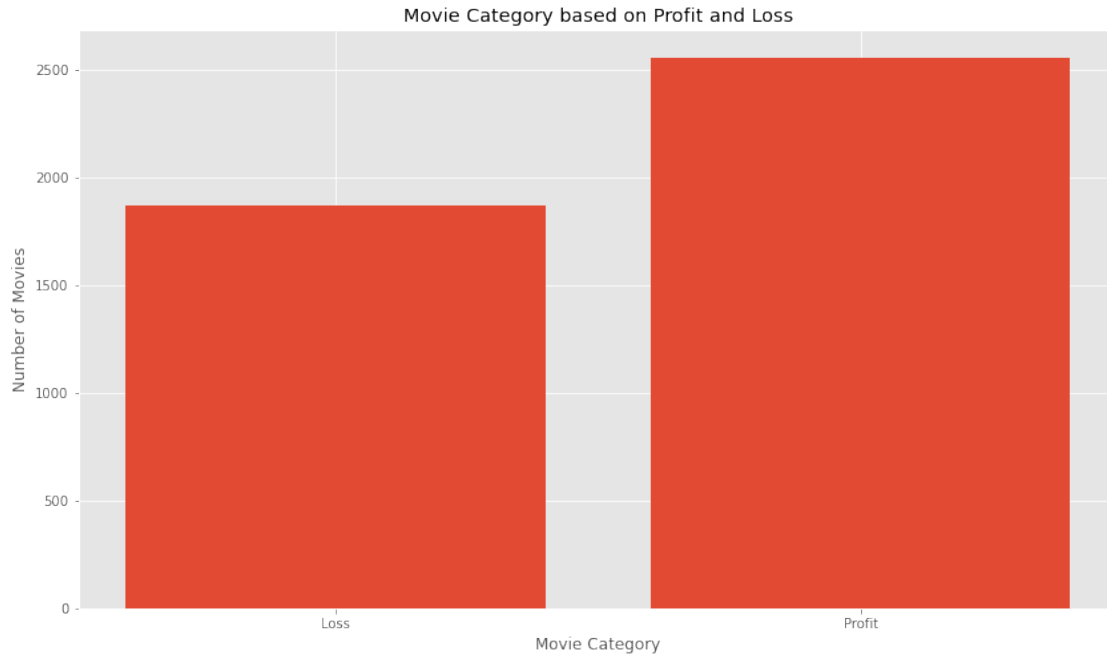
```
[27]: # statistical analysis of data
movies_df.describe()
```

```
[27]:
```

	budget	popularity	revenue	runtime	vote_average \
count	4.427000e+03	4427.000000	4.427000e+03	4427.000000	4427.000000
mean	3.139422e+07	23.184470	8.918173e+07	108.246216	6.178993
std	4.154151e+07	32.577603	1.678161e+08	20.929225	1.024830
min	0.000000e+00	0.001586	0.000000e+00	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2.500000e+06	6.236937	6.000000e+00	94.000000	5.700000
50%	1.700000e+07	14.730796	2.560502e+07	105.000000	6.300000
75%	4.183885e+07	29.986632	1.015800e+08	118.000000	6.800000
max	3.800000e+08	875.581305	2.787965e+09	338.000000	10.000000

	vote_count	profit
count	4427.000000	4.427000e+03
mean	747.501694	5.778751e+07
std	1269.530348	1.406690e+08
min	0.000000	-1.657101e+08
25%	79.000000	-1.298568e+06
50%	284.000000	6.154592e+06
75%	824.500000	6.305509e+07
max	13752.000000	2.550965e+09

```
[28]: loss=movies_df[movies_df['profit']<=0]
loss_profit= {'Loss':len(loss),'Profit':len(movies_df)-len(loss)}
plt.bar(loss_profit.keys(),loss_profit.values())
plt.title('Movie Category based on Profit and Loss')
plt.xlabel('Movie Category')
plt.ylabel('Number of Movies')
plt.show()
```



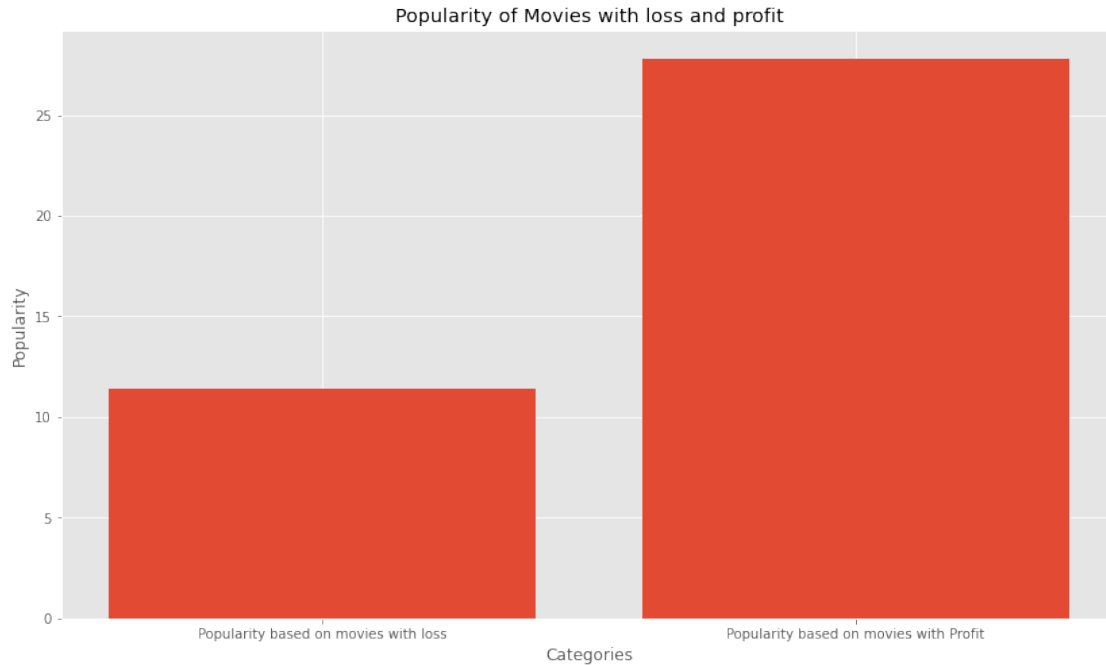
Popularity based on Loss and profit

```
[29]: # Average popularity of movies which have loss
pop_mean_loss=movies_df.groupby('P/L status').get_group('Loss').
↳mean()['popularity']

# Average popularity of movies which have profit
pop_mean_prof = movies_df.groupby('P/L status').get_group('Profit').
↳mean()['popularity']

[30]: # Popularity of profit and loss movies dictionary
loss_profit_popularity={'Popularity based on movies with loss':pop_mean_loss,
                        'Popularity based on movies with Profit':pop_mean_prof}

[31]: #ploting the graph
plt.bar(loss_profit_popularity.keys(),loss_profit_popularity.values())
plt.title('Popularity of Movies with loss and profit')
plt.xlabel('Categories')
plt.ylabel('Popularity')
plt.show()
```



1.1.3 Research Question 1 : How countries are ranked in producing popular movies ?

Selecting countries with at least 10 movies in dataset

```
[32]: # Selecting countries with at least 10 movies in dataset
country_original=pd.DataFrame(movies_df['country_original'].explode().
    ↳value_counts())['country_original'].head(22)
```

country_original

```
[32]: United States of America    2965
United Kingdom                  360
Canada                          211
Germany                         196
France                         166
Australia                       86
China                           37
India                           35
Japan                           34
Spain                           33
Italy                           24
Ireland                         22
Hong Kong                       22
New Zealand                     21
Mexico                         21
```

Belgium	17
Czech Republic	17
Denmark	14
South Korea	13
Brazil	12
Russia	11
Switzerland	10

Name: country_original, dtype: int64

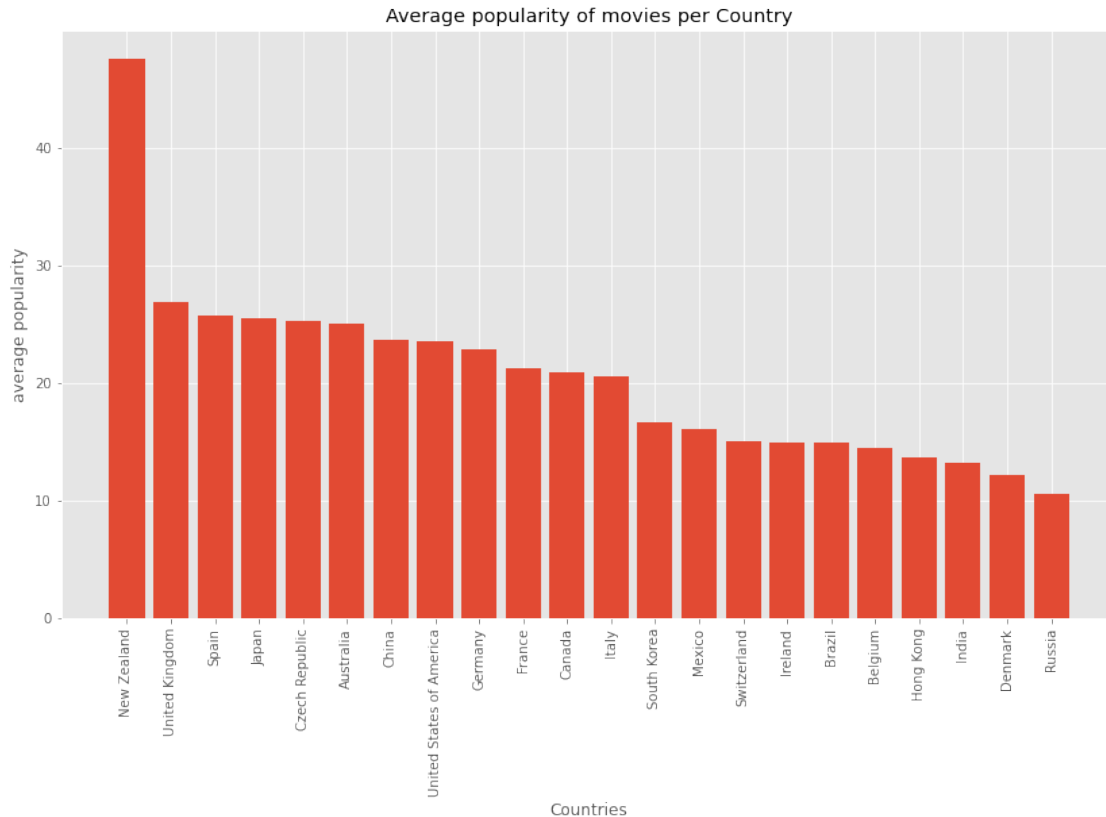
There are 22 countries with more than 10 movies in the dataset. with United State of America ranking the first and United Kingdom the second.

Popularity mean for each country with more than 10 movies

```
[33]: '''
The loop below will calculate the mean popularity by country
'''
mean_popularity=[]
for i in country_original.index:
    mean_popularity.
    ↳append(movies_df[movies_df['country_original']==i]['popularity'].mean())

# creating average popularity by country dictionary
means_by_country=dict(zip(country_original.index,mean_popularity))
#Sorting the means from big to small
means_by_country = OrderedDict(sorted(means_by_country.items(), key=lambda x:↳
    ↳x[1],reverse=True))
```

```
[34]: plt.bar(means_by_country.keys(),means_by_country.values())
plt.xticks(rotation=90);
plt.title('Average popularity of movies per Country')
plt.xlabel('Countries')
plt.ylabel('average popularity')
plt.show()
```



From the graph above, movies from New Zealand are most popular and are much ahead than others around 50 of popularity index, the second is United Kingdom with around 27, followed by Spain and Japan. The United States of America occupy the 8th position while Denmark and Russia movies occupy the 21st and 22nd places respectively. Another insight is that despite having a lot of movies in the dataset, United States of America movies are not popular as expected, therefore the popularity index does not depend on how much movies are produced in your country.

1.1.4 Research Question 2 : which period in which popular movies were produced?

Sorting movies based on release date

```
[35]: movies_df=movies_df.sort_values('release_date')
      movies_df
```

```
[35]:
```

	budget	original_language	original_title	popularity	\
4592	385907	en	Intolerance	3.232447	
4661	245000	en	The Big Parade	0.785744	
2638	92620000	de	Metropolis	32.351527	
4457	0	de	Die Büchse der Pandora	1.824184	
4594	379000	en	The Broadway Melody	0.968865	
...

2273	20000000	en	Hands of Stone	7.444189
4036	35000000	en	Antibirth	3.674294
4720	8500000	en	The Birth of a Nation	9.452808
3249	0	en	Kicks	3.467923
3302	8000000	en	Mr. Church	7.828459

	release_date	revenue	runtime	status	title \
4592	1916-09-04	8394751	197.0	Released	Intolerance
4661	1925-11-05	22000000	151.0	Released	The Big Parade
2638	1927-01-10	650422	153.0	Released	Metropolis
4457	1929-01-30	0	109.0	Released	Pandora's Box
4594	1929-02-08	4358000	100.0	Released	The Broadway Melody
...
2273	2016-08-26	0	105.0	Released	Hands of Stone
4036	2016-09-02	0	94.0	Released	Antibirth
4720	2016-09-09	15861566	120.0	Released	The Birth of a Nation
3249	2016-09-09	0	80.0	Released	Kicks
3302	2016-09-16	0	104.0	Released	Mr. Church

	vote_average	vote_count	profit P/L	status \
4592	7.4	60	8008844	Profit
4661	7.0	21	21755000	Profit
2638	8.0	657	-91969578	Loss
4457	7.6	45	0	Profit
4594	5.0	19	3979000	Profit
...
2273	6.1	109	-20000000	Loss
4036	4.8	40	-35000000	Loss
4720	6.5	178	7361566	Profit
3249	7.5	18	0	Profit
3302	7.0	129	-8000000	Loss

	genre_names \
4592	[Drama]
4661	[Drama, Romance, War]
2638	[Drama, Science Fiction]
4457	[Drama, Thriller, Romance]
4594	[Drama, Music, Romance]
...	...
2273	[Drama]
4036	[Horror]
4720	[Drama]
3249	[Adventure]
3302	[Drama]

	production_company \
4592	[Triangle Film Corporation, Wark Producing Corp.]

```

4661 [Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer (MGM)]
2638 [Paramount Pictures, Universum Film (UFA)]
4457 [Nero Films]
4594 [Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer (MGM)]
...
2273 [Weinstein Company, The, La Piedra Films, Fueg...
4036 [Hideaway Pictures, Traverse Media, Culminatio...
4720 [Phantom Four, Mandalay Pictures, Bron Studios...
3249 [Bystorm Films, Animal Kingdom, Bow and Arrow ...
3302 [Envision Media Arts, Cinelou Films, Shenghua ...

country_original
4592 United States of America
4661 United States of America
2638 Germany
4457 Germany
4594 United States of America
...
2273 Panama
4036 United States of America
4720 United States of America
3249 United States of America
3302 United States of America

[4427 rows x 16 columns]

```

Definining period range

```

[36]: # movies released before 1949
range_df1 = ( movies_df['release_date'] >= '1916-09-04') &
↳(movies_df['release_date'] <= '1949-12-31')

# movies released between 1950 to 1999
range_df2=( movies_df['release_date'] >= '1950-01-01') &
↳(movies_df['release_date'] <= '1999-12-31')

# movies released between 2000 to 2010
range_df3 = ( movies_df['release_date'] >= '2000-01-01') &
↳(movies_df['release_date'] <= '2009-12-31')

# movies released after 2010
range_df4 = ( movies_df['release_date'] >= '2010-01-01') &
↳(movies_df['release_date'] <= '2022-12-31'),

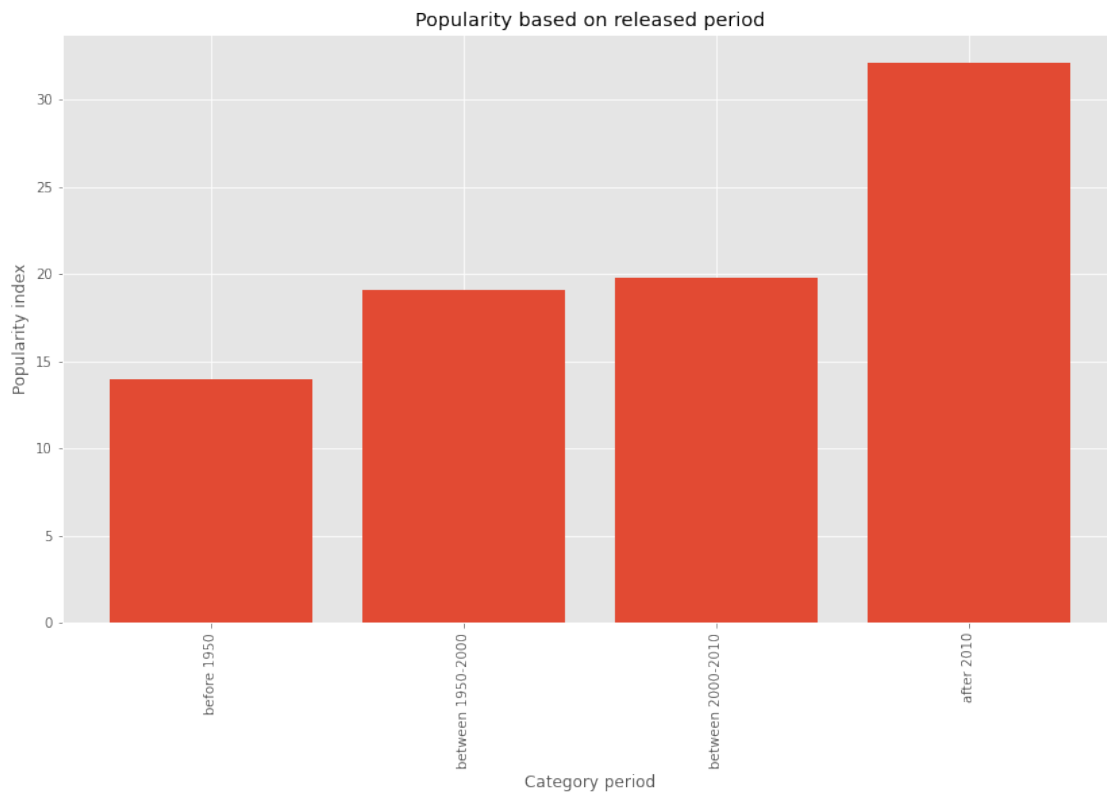
[37]: # movies released period dictionary
period_data={'before 1950':movies_df.loc[range_df1]['popularity'].mean(),
            'between 1950-2000':movies_df.loc[range_df2] ['popularity'].mean(),
            'between 2000-2010':movies_df.loc[range_df3] ['popularity'].mean(),

```

```
period_data['after 2010']:movies_df.loc[range_df4]['popularity'].mean()}
```

```
[37]: {'before 1950': 13.936031066666667,  
      'between 1950-2000': 19.036122541010773,  
      'between 2000-2010': 19.79205343494624,  
      'after 2010': 32.107002219011406}
```

```
[38]: plt.bar(period_data.keys(),period_data.values())  
plt.title('Popularity based on released period')  
plt.xlabel('Category period')  
plt.ylabel('Popularity index')  
plt.xticks(rotation=90);  
plt.show()
```



Bar graph shows that the movies popularity increased as the time goes on. The movies average popularity of movies before 1950 is around 14 while the ones between 1950 to 2000 have average popularity around 19 while the ones from 2000 to 2010 have average popularity around 20 while the ones after 2010 are more popular with average popularity 33 of popularity index.

1.1.5 Research Question 3 : Which production companies have most popular movies ?

Creating top 30 movies production companies in dataset with average popularity of their movies

```
[39]: """
      The loop will Create top 30 movies production companies in dataset with average_
      ↳popularity of their movies
      """

production_mean=[]
for i in pd.DataFrame(movies_df['production_company'].
↳explode())['production_company'].value_counts().head(30).index:
    production_mean.append(movies_df[movies_df['production_company'].str.
↳contains(i,regex=False)]['popularity'].mean())

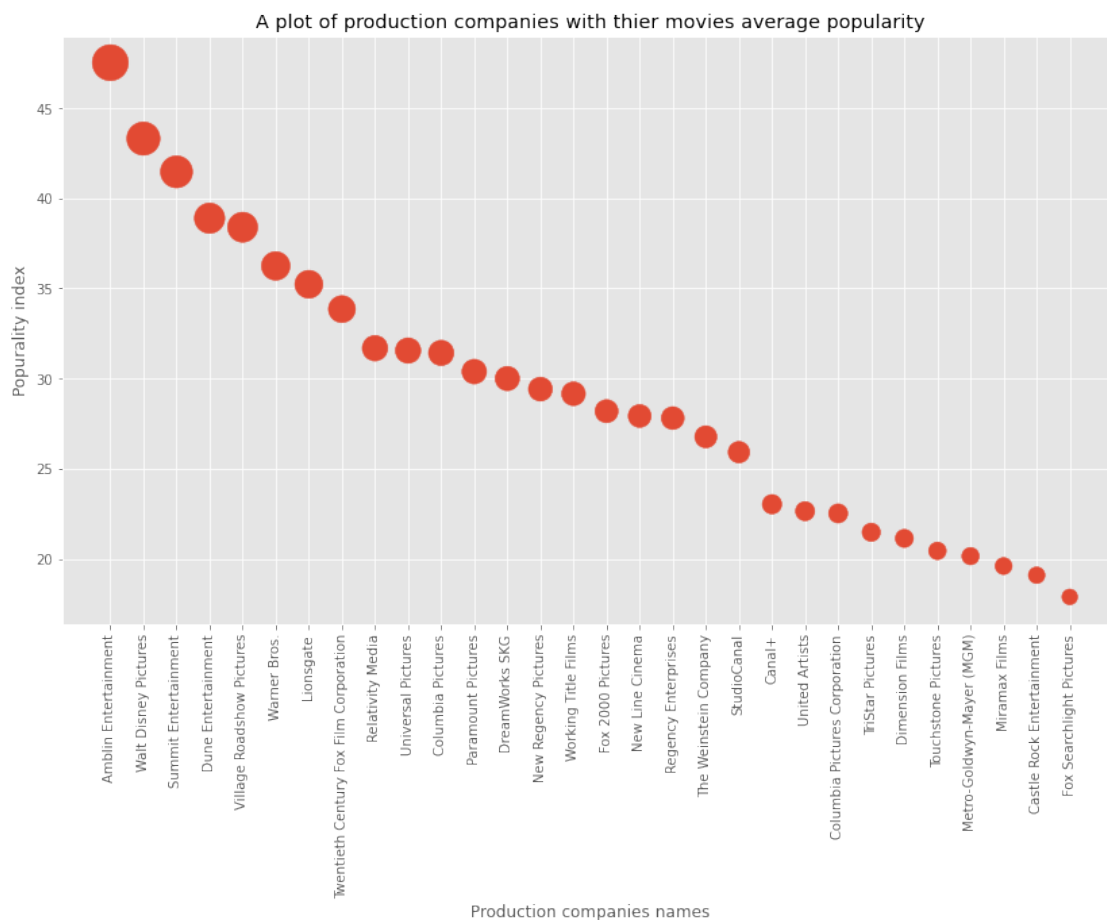
# top 30 movies production companies dictionary
production_mean_dict=dict(zip(pd.DataFrame(movies_df['production_company'].
↳explode())['production_company'].value_counts().head(30).
↳index,production_mean))
production_mean_dict = OrderedDict(sorted(production_mean_dict.items(),
↳key=lambda x: x[1],reverse=True))
production_mean_dict
```

```
[39]: OrderedDict([('Amblin Entertainment', 47.51972583673469),
                  ('Walt Disney Pictures', 43.310791876106194),
                  ('Summit Entertainment', 41.46614390384615),
                  ('Dune Entertainment', 38.89317925423729),
                  ('Village Roadshow Pictures', 38.39371525925926),
                  ('Warner Bros.', 36.247154263322884),
                  ('Lionsgate', 35.22953926785714),
                  ('Twentieth Century Fox Film Corporation', 33.85089831081081),
                  ('Relativity Media', 31.68398799019607),
                  ('Universal Pictures', 31.55245160967742),
                  ('Columbia Pictures', 31.421506597014925),
                  ('Paramount Pictures', 30.385787207017543),
                  ('DreamWorks SKG', 30.00171408974359),
                  ('New Regency Pictures', 29.4139214),
                  ('Working Title Films', 29.15677835849056),
                  ('Fox 2000 Pictures', 28.18877576363636),
                  ('New Line Cinema', 27.924684091463412),
                  ('Regency Enterprises', 27.806324768115942),
                  ('The Weinstein Company', 26.7687935952381),
                  ('StudioCanal', 25.91613763414634),
                  ('Canal+', 23.027730146666663),
                  ('United Artists', 22.644047733333334),
                  ('Columbia Pictures Corporation', 22.51928042105263),
```

```
(('TriStar Pictures', 21.47307623636364),
 ('Dimension Films', 21.133551314814813),
 ('Touchstone Pictures', 20.44103031355932),
 ('Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer (MGM)', 20.15020059836065),
 ('Miramax Films', 19.60111504255319),
 ('Castle Rock Entertainment', 19.0914079),
 ('Fox Searchlight Pictures', 17.887086484375))])
```

Movies production companies with their average popularity

```
[40]: z=production_mean_dict.keys()
y=production_mean_dict.values()
n=production_mean_dict.keys()
fig,ax=plt.subplots()
ax.scatter(z,y,s=[i**1.7 for i in list(y)])
plt.title('A plot of production companies with thier movies average popularity')
plt.xlabel('Production companies names')
plt.ylabel('Popurality index')
plt.xticks(rotation=90);
plt.show()
```



The scatter plot above shows how the production companies produce popular movies. The movies from Amblin Entertainment occupies the first place around 47 popularity index, followed by Walt Disney Pictures, Summit Entertainment occupies the third place and Dune Pictures occupies the fourth place while Village Roadshow Pictures occupies the fifth place . In the top thirty the 30th is Fox Searchlight Pictures

1.1.6 Research Question 4 : Which genre of the movies are most popular ?

Getting the average popularity of each genre movies

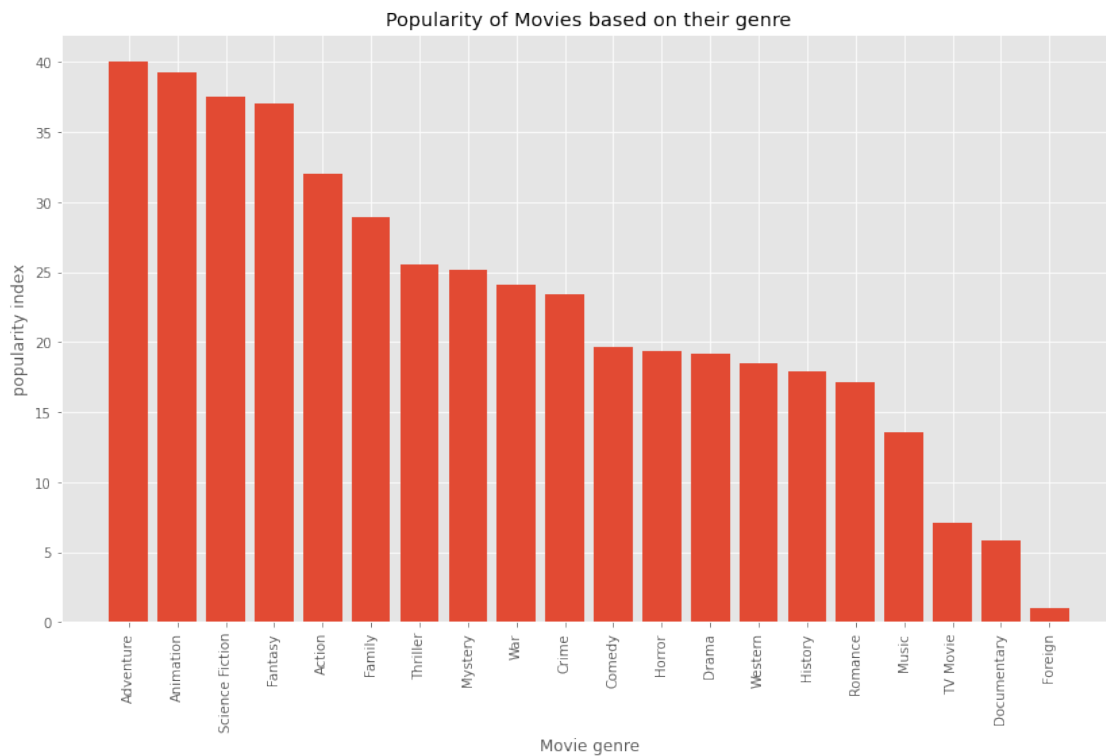
```
[41]: """
The loop is going to get every genre of the movie and their average popularity_
↳index
"""
Genre_means=[]
for genre in pd.DataFrame(movies_df['genre_names'].explode())['genre_names'].
↳value_counts().index:
    Genre_means.append(movies_df[movies_df['genre_names'].str.
↳contains(genre,regex=False)]['popularity'].mean())

# average genre popularity index dictionary
Genre_means_dict=dict(zip(pd.DataFrame(movies_df['genre_names'].
↳explode())['genre_names'].value_counts().index,Genre_means))
Genre_means_dict = OrderedDict(sorted(Genre_means_dict.items(), key=lambda x:
↳x[1],reverse=True))
Genre_means_dict
```

```
[41]: OrderedDict([('Adventure', 40.022213994832036),
('Animation', 39.30202294805195),
('Science Fiction', 37.532599949903656),
('Fantasy', 37.04356345432692),
('Action', 32.03698656834532),
('Family', 28.971218751527495),
('Thriller', 25.507213375205257),
('Mystery', 25.128864323529413),
('War', 24.09604402112676),
('Crime', 23.43035849187592),
('Comedy', 19.64457378192162),
('Horror', 19.39194707802875),
('Drama', 19.18519478605313),
('Western', 18.461373567901234),
('History', 17.899342136125657),
('Romance', 17.142549088484845),
('Music', 13.560474711864407),
('TV Movie', 7.140965571428572),
('Documentary', 5.812743071428572),
('Foreign', 0.9676196111111111)])
```

Plotting the bar graphs

```
[42]: plt.bar(Genre_means_dict.keys(),Genre_means_dict.values())
plt.title('Popularity of Movies based on their genre')
plt.xlabel('Movie genre')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.ylabel('popularity index')
plt.show()
```



From bar graph above, the adventure movies are most popular movies, followed by Animation, Science Fiction, Fantasy and then Action. Documentary movies and Foreign movies occupy the last two places.

1.1.7 Research Question 5 : How countries are ranked in based on average profit of their movies ?

```
[43]: """
This loop will get the average profit for movies produced in certain Countries
"""
mean_popularity=[]
for i in country_original.index:
    mean_popularity.
    →append(movies_df[movies_df['country_original']==i]['profit'].mean())
```

```

means_by_country=dict(zip(country_original.index,mean_popularity))
means_by_country = OrderedDict(sorted(means_by_country.items(), key=lambda x:
    ↪x[1],reverse=True))
means_by_country

```

```

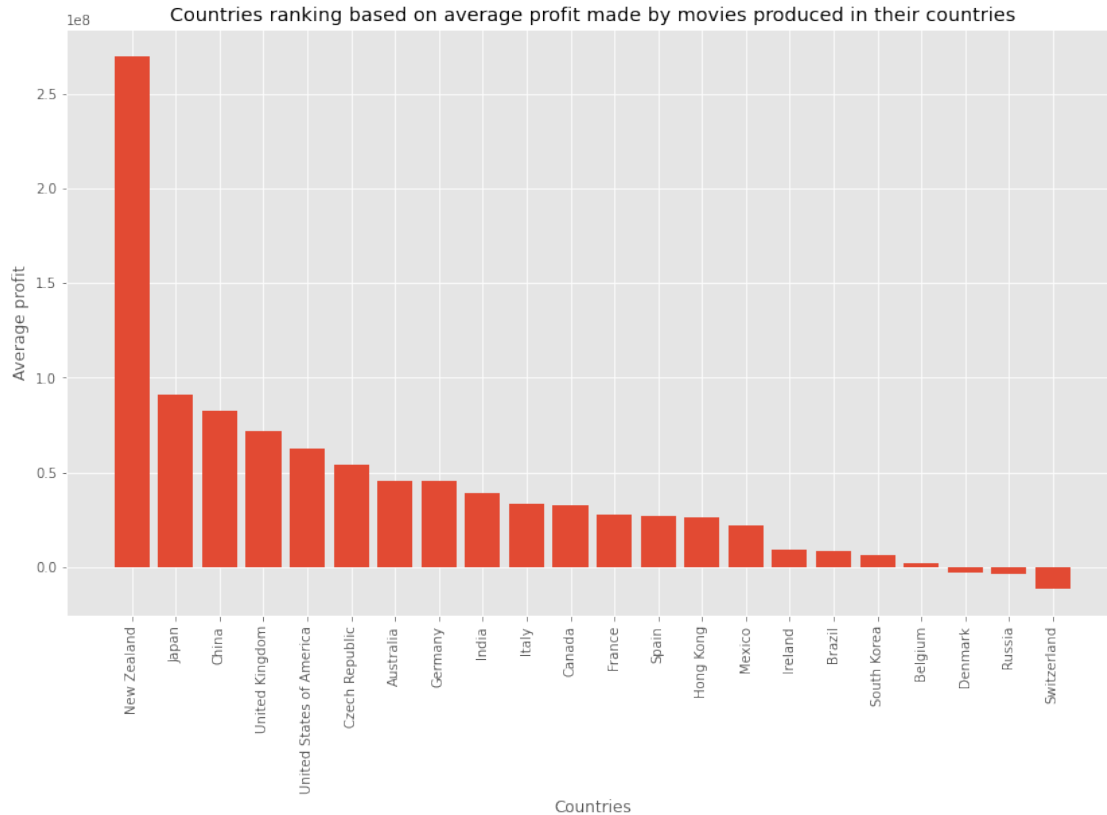
[43]: OrderedDict([('New Zealand', 270077563.95238096),
    ('Japan', 90925710.0),
    ('China', 82604548.48648648),
    ('United Kingdom', 71660680.28055556),
    ('United States of America', 62913271.694435075),
    ('Czech Republic', 54085828.23529412),
    ('Australia', 45453358.03488372),
    ('Germany', 45189326.89795918),
    ('India', 38729338.428571425),
    ('Italy', 33479999.208333332),
    ('Canada', 32734174.047393367),
    ('France', 27326890.277108435),
    ('Spain', 26967893.454545453),
    ('Hong Kong', 26503358.636363637),
    ('Mexico', 21919210.095238097),
    ('Ireland', 8799116.0),
    ('Brazil', 8135280.666666667),
    ('South Korea', 6224687.384615385),
    ('Belgium', 1862752.6470588236),
    ('Denmark', -2787057.0),
    ('Russia', -3549098.4545454546),
    ('Switzerland', -11779491.8)])

```

```

[44]: plt.bar(means_by_country.keys(),means_by_country.values())
plt.title('Countries ranking based on average profit made by movies produced in
    ↪their countries')
plt.xlabel('Countries')
plt.ylabel('Average profit')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()

```



Movies from New Zealand made most of the profit based on average , followed by Japan, China, United Kingdom and USA. Movies from Denmark, Russia and Switzerland are in losses

1.1.8 Research Question 5 : How movie genre are ranked in based on average profit of made?

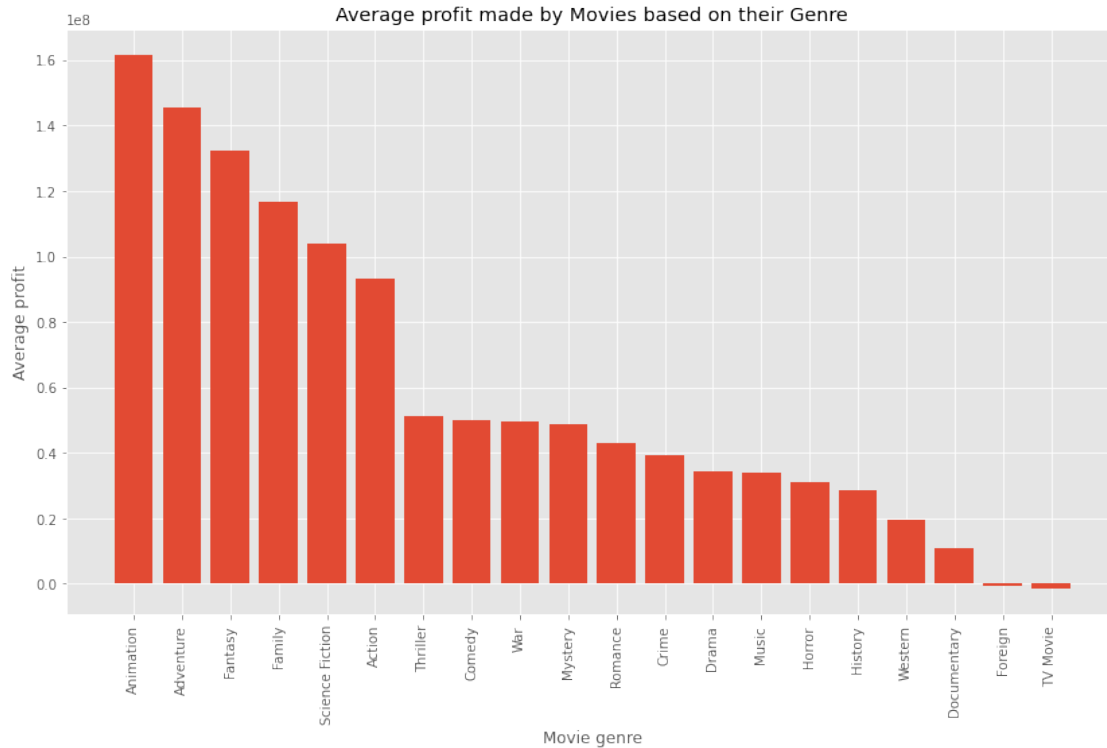
```
[45]: """
The loop will get the average profit made by each genre of the movie
"""
Genre_means=[]
for genre in pd.DataFrame(movies_df['genre_names'].explode())['genre_names'].
    ↳value_counts().index:
    Genre_means.append(movies_df[movies_df['genre_names'].str.
    ↳contains(genre,regex=False)]['profit'].mean())

Genre_means_dict=dict(zip(pd.DataFrame(movies_df['genre_names'].
    ↳explode())['genre_names'].value_counts().index,Genre_means))
```

```
Genre_means_dict = OrderedDict(sorted(Genre_means_dict.items(), key=lambda x:
↪x[1],reverse=True))
Genre_means_dict
```

```
[45]: OrderedDict([('Animation', 161450279.92640692),
('Adventure', 145317565.97545218),
('Fantasy', 132344290.8125),
('Family', 116717133.75763747),
('Science Fiction', 103739185.9884393),
('Action', 93149627.50089929),
('Thriller', 51367304.52545156),
('Comedy', 50153200.208596714),
('War', 49561774.873239435),
('Mystery', 48685533.26764706),
('Romance', 43105553.16969697),
('Crime', 39361804.14475628),
('Drama', 34293625.65227704),
('Music', 34066261.79096045),
('Horror', 30902223.147843942),
('History', 28573205.130890053),
('Western', 19403895.185185187),
('Documentary', 10876810.028571429),
('Foreign', -533369.2777777778),
('TV Movie', -1314285.7142857143)])
```

```
[46]: plt.bar(Genre_means_dict.keys(),Genre_means_dict.values())
plt.title('Average profit made by Movies based on their Genre')
plt.xlabel('Movie genre')
plt.ylabel('Average profit')
plt.xticks(rotation=90);
plt.show()
```



From the plot, Animation movies have high average profit, the second is Adventure and Fantasy as the third. Foreign Movies and Tv Movies have average losses

Conclusions

- The movies popularity increased as the time goes on. The average popularity of movies before 1950 is around 14 while the ones between 1950 to 2000 have average popularity around 19 while the ones from 2000 to 2010 have average popularity around 20 while the ones after 2010 are more popular with average popularity 33 of popularity index.
- Movies from New Zealand made most of the profit based on average , followed by Japan, China, United Kingdom and USA. Movies from Denmark, Russia and Switzerland are in losses
- The adventure movies are most popular movies, followed by Animation, Science Fiction, Fantasy and then Action. Documentary movies and Foreign movies occupy the last two places.
- The movies from Amblin Entertainment occupies the first place around 47 popularity index, followed by Walt Disney Pictures, Summit Entertainment occupies the third place and Dune Pictures occupies the fourth place while Village Roadshow Pictures occupies the fifth place . In the top thirty the 30th is Fox Searchlight Pictures
- The movies from New Zealand are most popular and are much ahead than others

around 50 of popularity index, the second is United Kingdom with around 27, followed by Spain and Japan. The united State of America occupy the 8th position while Denmark and Russia movies occupy the 21st and 22nd places respectively. Another insight is that despite having a lot of movies in the dataset, United State of America movies are not popular as expected, therefore the popularity of the movie do not deppend on how much movies are produced in the country.

[]: