

EL GWAS :D

Santiago Orozco Barrera & Gabriel Ramírez Vilchis

GWAS

Desarrollo

```
# Crear data frames con los datos de los SNPs
rs4988235_observed_counts <- data.frame(brown_or_other = c(21, 55, 76),
                                         blue_or_green = c(10, 12, 22), total = c(31, 67, 98),
                                         row.names = c("A", "G", "total"))
rs4988235_observed_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	21	10	31
G	55	12	67
total	76	22	98

```
rs7495174_observed_counts <- data.frame(brown_or_other = c(55, 21, 76),
                                         blue_or_green = c(22, 0, 22), total = c(77, 21, 98),
                                         row.names = c("A", "G", "total"))
rs7495174_observed_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	55	22	77
G	21	0	21
total	76	22	98

```
rs713598_observed_counts <- data.frame(brown_or_other = c(32, 44, 76),
                                         blue_or_green = c(16, 6, 22), total = c(48, 50, 98),
                                         row.names = c("C", "G", "total"))
rs713598_observed_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	32	16	48
G	44	6	50
total	76	22	98

```
rs17822931_observed_counts <- data.frame(brown_or_other = c(41, 35, 76),
                                          blue_or_green = c(16, 6, 22), total = c(57, 41, 98),
                                          row.names = c("C", "T", "total"))
rs17822931_observed_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	41	16	57
T	35	6	41
total	76	22	98

```
rs4481887_observed_counts <- data.frame(brown_or_other = c(21, 55, 76),
                                          blue_or_green = c(4, 18, 22), total = c(25, 73, 98),
                                          row.names = c("A", "G", "total"))
rs4481887_observed_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	21	4	25
G	55	18	73
total	76	22	98

```
# Calcular frecuencias observadas
rs4988235_observed_frequencies <-
  rs4988235_observed_counts / rs4988235_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs4988235_observed_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.2142857	0.1020408	0.3163265
G	0.5612245	0.1224490	0.6836735
total	0.7755102	0.2244898	1.0000000

```
rs7495174_observed_frequencies <-
  rs7495174_observed_counts / rs7495174_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs7495174_observed_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.5612245	0.2244898	0.7857143
G	0.2142857	0.0000000	0.2142857
total	0.7755102	0.2244898	1.0000000

```
rs713598_observed_frequencies <-
  rs713598_observed_counts / rs713598_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs713598_observed_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	0.3265306	0.16326531	0.4897959
G	0.4489796	0.06122449	0.5102041
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.0000000

```
rs17822931_observed_frequencies <-
  rs17822931_observed_counts / rs17822931_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs17822931_observed_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	0.4183673	0.16326531	0.5816327
T	0.3571429	0.06122449	0.4183673
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.0000000

```
rs4481887_observed_frequencies <-
  rs4481887_observed_counts / rs4481887_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs4481887_observed_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.2142857	0.04081633	0.255102
G	0.5612245	0.18367347	0.744898
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.000000

```
# rs4988235
## Calcular frecuencias esperadas
rs4988235_expected_frequencies <- data.frame(
  brown_or_other = c(rs4988235_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs4988235_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
    rs4988235_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs4988235_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  blue_or_green = c(rs4988235_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
```

```

        rs4988235_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
        rs4988235_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
        rs4988235_observed_frequencies["G", "total"])),
  row.names = c("A", "G"))

## Agregar la fila de totales
rs4988235_expected_frequencies <- rbind(rs4988235_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs4988235_expected_frequencies["A", ] +
  rs4988235_expected_frequencies["G", ])

## Agregar la columna de totales
rs4988235_expected_frequencies <- cbind(rs4988235_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs4988235_expected_frequencies[, "brown_or_other"] +
  rs4988235_expected_frequencies[, "blue_or_green"])

## Visualizar frecuencias esperadas
rs4988235_expected_frequencies

```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.2453145	0.07101208	0.3163265
G	0.5301958	0.15347772	0.6836735
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.0000000

```

# rs7495174
## Calcular frecuencias esperadas
rs7495174_expected_frequencies <- data.frame(
  brown_or_other = c(rs7495174_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  blue_or_green = c(rs7495174_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs7495174_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  row.names = c("A", "G"))

## Agregar la fila de totales
rs7495174_expected_frequencies <- rbind(rs7495174_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs7495174_expected_frequencies["A", ] +
  rs7495174_expected_frequencies["G", ])

```

```
## Agregar la columna de totales
rs7495174_expected_frequencies <- cbind(rs7495174_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs7495174_expected_frequencies[, "brown_or_other"] +
  rs7495174_expected_frequencies[, "blue_or_green"])

## Visualizar frecuencias esperadas
rs7495174_expected_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.6093294	0.17638484	0.7857143
G	0.1661808	0.04810496	0.2142857
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.0000000

```
# rs713598
## Calcular frecuencias esperadas
rs713598_expected_frequencies <- data.frame(
  brown_or_other = c(rs713598_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["C", "total"],
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  blue_or_green = c(rs713598_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["C", "total"],
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs713598_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  row.names = c("C", "G"))

## Agregar la fila de totales
rs713598_expected_frequencies <- rbind(rs713598_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs713598_expected_frequencies["C", ] +
  rs713598_expected_frequencies["G", ])

## Agregar la columna de totales
rs713598_expected_frequencies <- cbind(rs713598_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs713598_expected_frequencies[, "brown_or_other"] +
  rs713598_expected_frequencies[, "blue_or_green"])

## Visualizar frecuencias esperadas
rs713598_expected_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	0.3798417	0.1099542	0.4897959

G	0.3956685	0.1145356	0.5102041
total	0.7755102	0.2244898	1.0000000

```
# rs17822931
## Calcular frecuencias esperadas
rs17822931_expected_frequencies <- data.frame(
  brown_or_other = c(rs17822931_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["C", "total"],
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["T", "total"]),
  blue_or_green = c(rs17822931_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["C", "total"],
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
    rs17822931_observed_frequencies["T", "total"]),
  row.names = c("C", "T"))

## Agregar la fila de totales
rs17822931_expected_frequencies <- rbind(rs17822931_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs17822931_expected_frequencies["C", ] +
    rs17822931_expected_frequencies["T", ])

## Agregar la columna de totales
rs17822931_expected_frequencies <- cbind(rs17822931_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs17822931_expected_frequencies[, "brown_or_other"] +
    rs17822931_expected_frequencies[, "blue_or_green"])

## Visualizar frecuencias esperadas
rs17822931_expected_frequencies
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	0.4510621	0.1305706	0.5816327
T	0.3244481	0.0939192	0.4183673
total	0.7755102	0.2244898	1.0000000

```
# rs4481887
## Calcular frecuencias esperadas
rs4481887_expected_frequencies <- data.frame(
  brown_or_other = c(rs4481887_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs4481887_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
    rs4481887_observed_frequencies["total", "brown_or_other"] *
    rs4481887_observed_frequencies["G", "total"]),
  blue_or_green = c(rs4481887_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
```

```

        rs4481887_observed_frequencies["A", "total"],
        rs4481887_observed_frequencies["total", "blue_or_green"] *
        rs4481887_observed_frequencies["G", "total"])),
  row.names = c("A", "G"))

## Agregar la fila de totales
rs4481887_expected_frequencies <- rbind(rs4481887_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs4481887_expected_frequencies["A", ] +
  rs4481887_expected_frequencies["G", ])

## Agregar la columna de totales
rs4481887_expected_frequencies <- cbind(rs4481887_expected_frequencies,
  total = rs4481887_expected_frequencies[, "brown_or_other"] +
  rs4481887_expected_frequencies[, "blue_or_green"])

## Visualizar frecuencias esperadas
rs4481887_expected_frequencies

```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	0.1978342	0.05726781	0.255102
G	0.5776760	0.16722199	0.744898
total	0.7755102	0.22448980	1.000000

```

# Calcular conteos esperados
rs4988235_expected_counts <- rs4988235_expected_frequencies *
  rs4988235_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs4988235_expected_counts

```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	24.04082	6.959184	31
G	51.95918	15.040816	67
total	76.00000	22.000000	98

```

rs7495174_expected_counts <- rs7495174_expected_frequencies *
  rs7495174_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs7495174_expected_counts

```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	59.71429	17.285714	77
G	16.28571	4.714286	21
total	76.00000	22.000000	98

```
rs713598_expected_counts <- rs713598_expected_frequencies *
  rs713598_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs713598_expected_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	37.22449	10.77551	48
G	38.77551	11.22449	50
total	76.00000	22.00000	98

```
rs17822931_expected_counts <- rs17822931_expected_frequencies *
  rs17822931_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs17822931_expected_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
C	44.20408	12.795918	57
T	31.79592	9.204082	41
total	76.00000	22.000000	98

```
rs4481887_expected_counts <- rs4481887_expected_frequencies *
  rs4481887_observed_counts["total", "total"]
rs4481887_expected_counts
```

	brown_or_other	blue_or_green	total
A	19.38776	5.612245	25
G	56.61224	16.387755	73
total	76.00000	22.000000	98

```
# Retirar totales de los conteos observados
rs4988235_observed_counts_reduced <- rs4988235_observed_counts[-3, -3]
rs7495174_observed_counts_reduced <- rs7495174_observed_counts[-3, -3]
rs713598_observed_counts_reduced <- rs713598_observed_counts[-3, -3]
rs17822931_observed_counts_reduced <- rs17822931_observed_counts[-3, -3]
rs4481887_observed_counts_reduced <- rs4481887_observed_counts[-3, -3]

# Aplicar el test de Fisher
fisher.test(rs4988235_observed_counts_reduced)
```

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data


```
data: rs4988235_observed_counts_reduced
p-value = 0.126
alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.1551857 1.3878965
sample estimates:
odds ratio
 0.4621524
```

```
fisher.test(rs7495174_observed_counts_reduced)
```

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

```
data: rs7495174_observed_counts_reduced
p-value = 0.002897
alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.0000000 0.540205
sample estimates:
odds ratio
 0
```

```
fisher.test(rs713598_observed_counts_reduced)
```

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

```
data: rs713598_observed_counts_reduced
p-value = 0.01522
alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.07939309 0.84575962
sample estimates:
odds ratio
 0.2763657
```

```
fisher.test(rs17822931_observed_counts_reduced)
```

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

```
data: rs17822931_observed_counts_reduced
p-value = 0.1444
alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.1275718 1.3549809
sample estimates:
odds ratio
 0.4428437
```

```
fisher.test(rs4481887_observed_counts_reduced)
```

Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data

```
data: rs4481887_observed_counts_reduced
p-value = 0.4218
alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.4822422 7.7563361
sample estimates:
odds ratio
 1.709419
```

```
# ODDS RATIOS
## rs4988235
### Brown or other
#### Calcular probabilidades
brown_A_prob <- rs4988235_observed_counts["A", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs4988235_observed_counts["A", "total"]
brown_G_prob <- rs4988235_observed_counts["G", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs4988235_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- brown_A_prob / (1 - brown_A_prob)
odds_G <- brown_G_prob / (1 - brown_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G
```

```
[1] 0.4581818
```

```

### Blue or green
#### Calcular probabilidades
blue_A_prob <- rs4988235_observed_counts["A", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs4988235_observed_counts["A", "total"]
blue_G_prob <- rs4988235_observed_counts["G", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs4988235_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- blue_A_prob / (1 - blue_A_prob)
odds_G <- blue_G_prob / (1 - blue_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G

```

[1] 2.18254

```

## rs7495174
### Brown or other
#### Calcular probabilidades
brown_A_prob <- rs7495174_observed_counts["A", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs7495174_observed_counts["A", "total"]
brown_G_prob <- rs7495174_observed_counts["G", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs7495174_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- brown_A_prob / (1 - brown_A_prob)
odds_G <- brown_G_prob / (1 - brown_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G

```

[1] 0

```

### Blue or green
#### Calcular probabilidades
blue_A_prob <- rs7495174_observed_counts["A", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs7495174_observed_counts["A", "total"]
blue_G_prob <- rs7495174_observed_counts["G", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs7495174_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- blue_A_prob / (1 - blue_A_prob)
odds_G <- blue_G_prob / (1 - blue_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio

```

```
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G
```

```
[1] Inf
```

```
## rs713598
### Brown or other
#### Calcular probabilidades
brown_C_prob <- rs713598_observed_counts["C", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs713598_observed_counts["C", "total"]
brown_G_prob <- rs713598_observed_counts["G", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs713598_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_C <- brown_C_prob / (1 - brown_C_prob)
odds_G <- brown_G_prob / (1 - brown_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_C_G <- odds_C / odds_G
odds_ratio_C_G
```

```
[1] 0.2727273
```

```
### Blue or green
#### Calcular probabilidades
blue_C_prob <- rs713598_observed_counts["C", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs713598_observed_counts["C", "total"]
blue_G_prob <- rs713598_observed_counts["G", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs713598_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_C <- blue_C_prob / (1 - blue_C_prob)
odds_G <- blue_G_prob / (1 - blue_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_C_G <- odds_C / odds_G
odds_ratio_C_G
```

```
[1] 3.666667
```

```
## rs17822931
### Brown or other
#### Calcular probabilidades
brown_C_prob <- rs17822931_observed_counts["C", "brown_or_other"] /
```

```

rs17822931_observed_counts["C", "total"]
brown_T_prob <- rs17822931_observed_counts["T", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs17822931_observed_counts["T", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_C <- brown_C_prob / (1 - brown_C_prob)
odds_T <- brown_T_prob / (1 - brown_T_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_C_T <- odds_C / odds_T
odds_ratio_C_T

```

[1] 0.4392857

```

### Blue or green
#### Calcular probabilidades
blue_C_prob <- rs17822931_observed_counts["C", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs17822931_observed_counts["C", "total"]
blue_T_prob <- rs17822931_observed_counts["T", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs17822931_observed_counts["T", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_C <- blue_C_prob / (1 - blue_C_prob)
odds_T <- blue_T_prob / (1 - blue_T_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_C_T <- odds_C / odds_T
odds_ratio_C_T

```

[1] 2.276423

```

## rs4481887
### Brown or other
#### Calcular probabilidades
brown_A_prob <- rs4481887_observed_counts["A", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs4481887_observed_counts["A", "total"]
brown_G_prob <- rs4481887_observed_counts["G", "brown_or_other"] /
  rs4481887_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- brown_A_prob / (1 - brown_A_prob)
odds_G <- brown_G_prob / (1 - brown_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G

```

[1] 1.718182

```
### Blue or green
#### Calcular probabilidades
blue_A_prob <- rs4481887_observed_counts["A", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs4481887_observed_counts["A", "total"]
blue_G_prob <- rs4481887_observed_counts["G", "blue_or_green"] /
  rs4481887_observed_counts["G", "total"]
#### Calcular odds
odds_A <- blue_A_prob / (1 - blue_A_prob)
odds_G <- blue_G_prob / (1 - blue_G_prob)
#### Calcular odds ratio
odds_ratio_A_G <- odds_A / odds_G
odds_ratio_A_G
```

[1] 0.5820106