Clustering de proteínas

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Introducción

Desarrollo

Para realizar el análisis de clustering de proteínas, se realizó un BLAST de proteína-proteína del archivo FASTA desde línea de comandos, haciendo uso del servidor *chaac* de la Licenciatura en Ciencias Genómicas de la UNAM.

```
# Create BLAST database
makeblastdb -in ABC.faa -dbtype prot -out ABC_blastdb

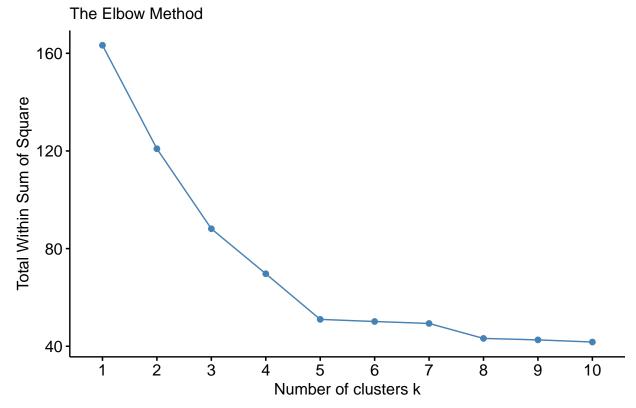
# Execute BlastP
blastp -query ABC.faa -db ABC_blastdb -outfmt 7 -max_hsps 1 -use_sw_tback -out ABC.blastp
```

Formateo de los datos

Posteriormente, se realizó un análisis de clustering de proteínas haciendo uso de R. Con este fin se cargaron los datos del archivo de salida del BLAST y se generó una matriz de disimilitud, usando los bit scores obtenidos con BLAST.

```
# Import libraries
library(cluster)
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(tidyverse))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(factoextra))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(dendextend))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(ape))
suppressPackageStartupMessages(library(corrplot))
# Read the data
data <- read.table("data/ABC.blastp", sep = "\t", header = FALSE, comment.char = "#")
# Assign names to the columns
colnames(data) <- c("query",</pre>
                    "subject",
                    "identity",
                    "alignment_length",
                    "mismatches",
                    "gap opens",
                    "q start",
```

```
"q_end",
                     "s_start",
                     "s_end",
                     "evalue",
                     "bit score")
# Calculate the normalized similarity
similarity <- select(data, query, subject, bit_score)</pre>
similarity <- mutate(similarity, normalized_bit_score = bit_score / max(data$bit_score))</pre>
# Regularize diagonal in matrix
for(row in 1:nrow(similarity)) {
  if(similarity[row, "query"] == similarity[row, "subject"]) {
    similarity[row, "normalized_bit_score"] <- 1</pre>
  }
}
# Calculate dissimilarity
dissimilarity <- mutate(similarity, dissimilarity = 1 - normalized_bit_score)</pre>
# Create a dissimilarity matrix
dissimilarity_matrix <- dissimilarity %>%
  select(query, subject, dissimilarity) %>%
  spread(key = subject, value = dissimilarity) %>%
  column_to_rownames(var = "query")
fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "single", method = "wss", k.max = 10) +
  labs(subtitle = "The Elbow Method")
```



fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "single", method = "silhouette", k.max = 10)
 labs(subtitle = "The Silhouette Method")

Optimal number of clusters The Silhouette Method 0.4 0.3 0.2 0.1

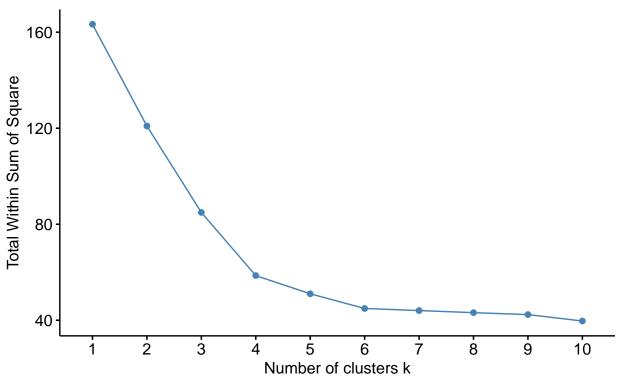
fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "average", method = "wss", k.max = 10) +
 labs(subtitle = "The Elbow Method")

Number of clusters k

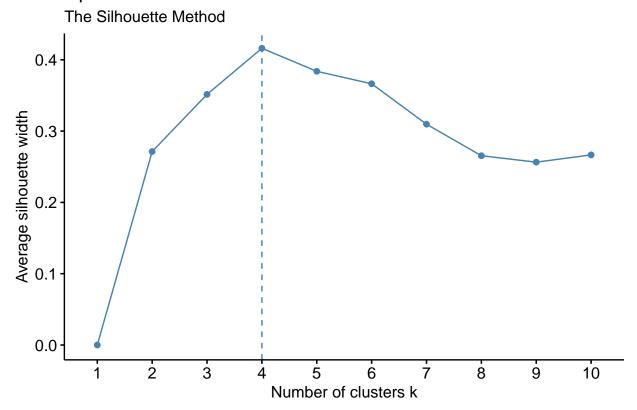
ż

0.0

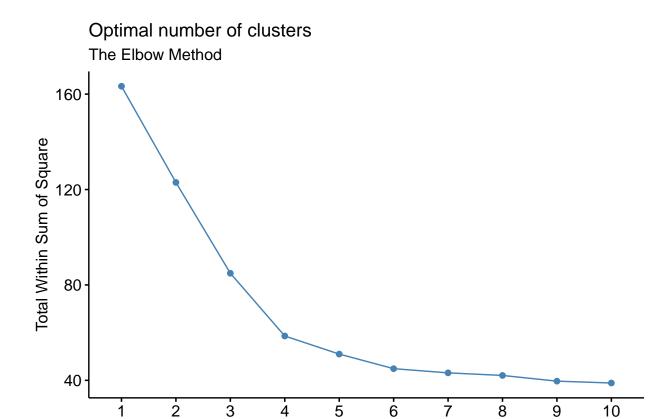
Optimal number of clusters The Elbow Method



fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "average", method = "silhouette", k.max = 10
labs(subtitle = "The Silhouette Method")

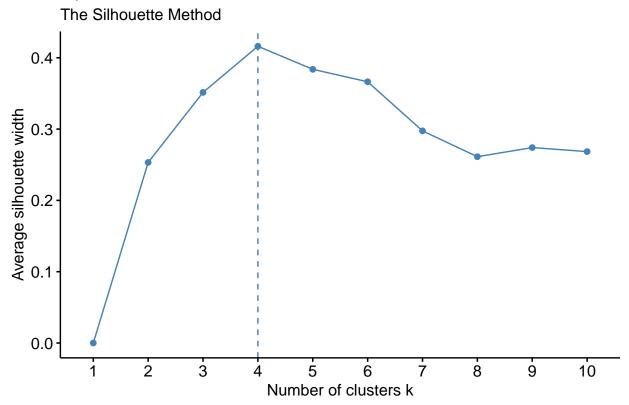


fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "complete", method = "wss", k.max = 10) +
 labs(subtitle = "The Elbow Method")



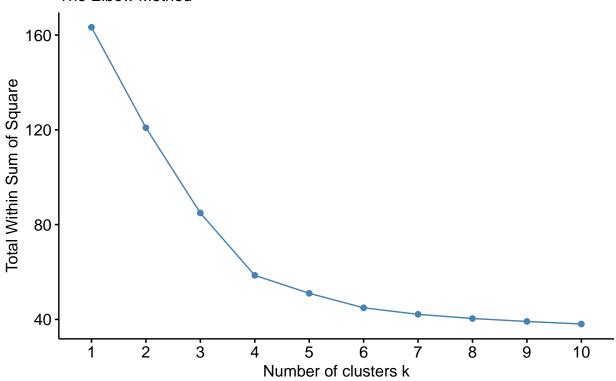
fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "complete", method = "silhouette", k.max = 1
labs(subtitle = "The Silhouette Method")

Number of clusters k

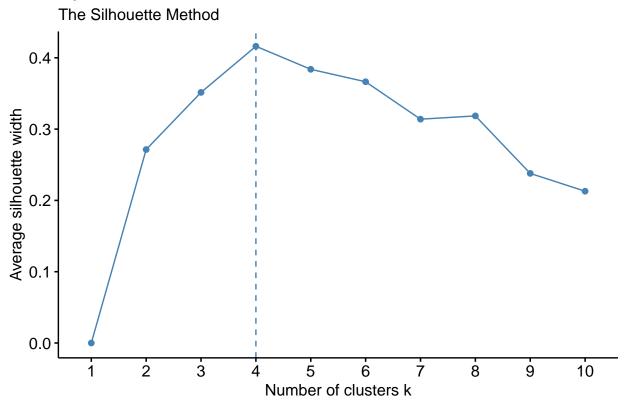


fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "ward.D", method = "wss", k.max = 10) +
 labs(subtitle = "The Elbow Method")

Optimal number of clusters The Elbow Method



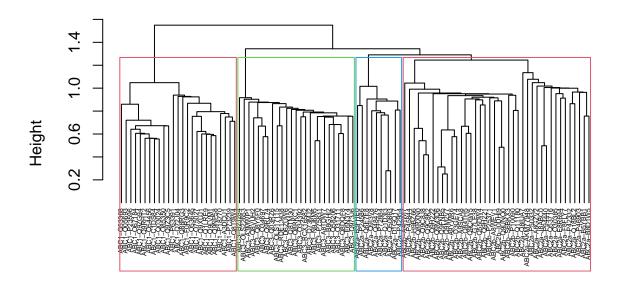
fviz_nbclust(dissimilarity_matrix, FUN = hcut, hc_method = "ward.D", method = "silhouette", k.max = 10)
 labs(subtitle = "The Silhouette Method")



```
hierarchical_clustering <- hclust(dist(dissimilarity_matrix), method = "single")
coeff <- coef(hierarchical_clustering)
plot(hierarchical_clustering, hang = -1, main = "Hierarchical Dendogram", cex=0.4)
cls3 <- cutree(hierarchical_clustering, k=4)

#cut the dendogram such that 3 clusters are produced
rect.hclust(hierarchical_clustering, k=4, border=2:4)
```

Hierarchical Dendogram



dist(dissimilarity_matrix)
 hclust (*, "single")