Altri esercizi per cosa.

(a)
$$T(m) = 2T\left(\frac{m}{2}\right) + \log m$$

(b)
$$T(m) = 2T(\frac{m}{2}) + m^2$$

(c)
$$T(m) = 2T(m) + m \log m$$

$$W_{608}^{\circ} = W$$

$$f(m) = \log m$$

$$w = f(m) = log m = O(m)$$

$$\log m = O(m^{1-\epsilon})$$

$$T(m) = \Theta(m)$$

$$f(w) = w_s$$

$$f(w) = w_s = v_s(w)$$

$$= \nabla (W_{7} + \varepsilon)$$

per
$$0 \le \varepsilon < 4$$

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Imoltre vale la comaizione di tapolarità
           a + f(m) \leq \kappa + f(m) por \kappa < 1
           2\left(\frac{m}{2}\right)^2 \leqslant K m^2
             ms € K ws
                                      90. K= 1
  pordanto si conclude
            T(m) = \Theta(m^2)
(C) Rispetto alla schema generale
             0 = 2 b = 2
            megg = m
                               f(m) = m \log m
Volu dhe
           f(m) = m \log m = -22 (m)
                              4 Q (MME) VE >0
mo invece
misseaft tested It work comsiced mon ibning
Obrigation of more plants all maggin alor man
         a f(\frac{m}{b}) + 2 \frac{m}{2} e_{\theta} \frac{m}{2} + m e_{\theta} \frac{m}{2}
40 00 mm wor (*)
          a + (m) = m e^{a} + k + (m) = k m e^{a} + k m e^{a}
                                                           K<1
ma
         quindi (x) mon può unere vera asintotra mente
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= cm (logm + log 2) + m logm $= cm ((eggm)^2 - 2 egg 2 eggm + (egg 2)^2) + m eggm$ $cm\left(lopn\right)^{2}-m\left(lopm\left(2clop2+1\right)-c\left(lop2\right)^{2}\right) \leq cm\left(lopm\right)^{2}$ Chipramente vela se C> 1/2 2002 e m "oboostameo grande" 2) Dobbiomo mostrore du eniste d > 0 tc $T(m) > d m (log m)^2$ osimtolicamente induti vo mente $T(m) = 2T(m) + m \log m$ $P \text{ ind} \rightarrow 2 2 d M \left(log \frac{m}{2} \right) + m log m$ come primo $= dm (log m)^2 - m (log m (2C-1) - c)$ \$ dm (logn)2 stavoeta se le termine (megativo, quimdi c< }

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