Algoritmi e Strutture Dati (25/10/2021)

\* Ordinamento in tempo ameare

amite informe 2 (n logar)

vimcoli: range / distribuzione

amite infaire: 2 (m)

\* Gounting Sort

assumzioni su elementi da ordinore

- interi

- im [O,K] com k moto

OUTPUT: B[1... m] copia ordinata di A

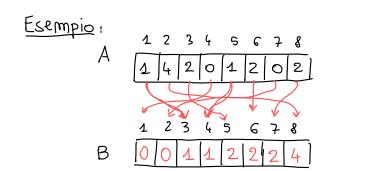
array C[o, K] di supposto

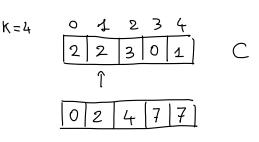
Coumling Sort (A, B, K)

(k) (0...) (0...) (0...)

 $\begin{cases}
for J = A.length downto 1 \\
B[C[A[J]]] = A[J]
\end{cases}$  C[A[J]] --

((x)-1



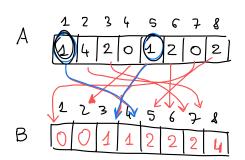


Costo?

$$K = O(1) \qquad \text{(m)}$$

$$K = O(m) \qquad \text{(m)}$$

Perché imisio a scover A del fondo mell'ultimo ciclo?



$$x = [i]A$$

x. key

Per overe un algoritano stabile!

- Quick Sort J mom stobili Heapsort J mom stobili

Counting Sort 
$$(A, B, K)$$
  
 $C[D...K] \leftarrow O$   
for  $J = 1$  to  $A.length$   
 $C[A[J]) ++$ 

OK solo se mom a somo

## \* Sbosio

## può esser un problemo

# bit

dim. C

$$2^8 \times 1$$
 byte  $\simeq 256$  byte

 $16$ 
 $2^{16} \times 2$  byte  $\simeq 128$  Kbyte

 $32$ 
 $2^{32} \times 4$  byte  $\simeq 16$  GB

 $2^{64} \times 8$  byte  $\simeq 128$  exabyte

 $10^{18}$ 

## \* RADIX SORT 80 colomme

Herman Hollwith

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$$

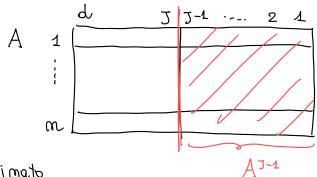
$$\frac{1}$$

İBM

## ESEMP10

$$329 \leftarrow 720 - 7720$$
 $457 \leftarrow 355 - 329$ 
 $855 \leftarrow 457 - 839$ 
 $457 \leftarrow 457 - 355$ 
 $657 \leftarrow 329 - 355$ 
 $657 \leftarrow 329 - 355$ 
 $657 \rightarrow 355 \leftarrow 339$ 

casm



INV: AJ-1 ordinato

• mountemimento:  $A^{J-1}$  ordinato e ordina mispetto alla jima cifra con algoritmo tobile  $A^{J-1}$  [i]  $A^{J-1}$  [i]  $A^{J-1}$  [i]  $A^{J-1}$  [i]

$$\dot{\lambda} \leq \dot{\lambda}'$$

ordiniamo com objeritmo stobile rispetto olla ci fra ,7

$$\dot{\lambda} \leq \dot{\lambda}'$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \alpha_{J} & \underline{\alpha_{J^{-1}...\alpha_{1}}} & \alpha_{J}' & \underline{\alpha_{J^{-1}...\alpha_{1}}'} \\ & & \underline{A^{J^{-1}}[i]} & & \underline{A^{J^{-1}}[i']} \end{array}$$

2 possibilator:

$$\bigcirc \quad \sigma^{2} \neq \sigma_{1}^{2}$$

$$\bigcirc \quad \alpha_{J} \neq \alpha_{J}' \quad \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J}' \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J}' \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J} < \alpha_{J} \Rightarrow \quad \alpha_{J}$$

2 aj = aj => doto che abbio mo usato um elidate amturagla

$$A^{J-1}[i] \leq A^{J-1}[i']$$

comclusione: 7 = d+1

\* complemita':

Rodix Sort (A,d) for J=1 to d ordino A rispetto alla afra j com um algoritmo storbile

m = # elem. dell'orray d afre b bose

suppornia mo dre sia il Coumting Sort

 $\Box$  (m + b)

x d iterazioni

costo to tale Radix Sort
(A) (d (m+b))

b = O(1) spews b = O(n)

~ (H (d m))

Se d = (1)

 $\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad$ 

M elem, distanti dz log m