$$55. \text{ B } 1^{\circ} \text{ APPRIO COTRISTO}$$

$$5(w) = \sum_{i=1}^{2} x_{i}(w), w \in \Omega \quad 77 = 4min \text{ f me N}, P(S \leq m) \geq 0.p,$$

$$5(x_{i}) = \frac{1}{100}, \quad 6[57 = \frac{1}{1000}, 1000 = \frac{5}{2}] \quad 7000 = \frac{389}{160}$$

$$6[x_{i}) = \frac{1}{100}, \quad 6[57 = \frac{1}{1000}, 1000 = \frac{399}{160}] \quad 7000 = \frac{399}{160}$$

$$9(x_{i}) = \frac{1}{1000}, \quad 1 = \frac{1}{1000}, \quad 1000 = \frac{399}{160}, \quad 1000 = \frac{399}{160}$$

$$9(x_{i}) = \frac{1}{1000}, \quad 1 = \frac{1}{1000}, \quad 1000 = \frac{399}{160}, \quad 1000 = \frac{399}{1600}, \quad 1000 =$$

X (K-3(5) 3 1395 (K= 1395+36)

(P) POLISSON X = 1000. 1 = 5 700 = 7 Froiss (x) = 9 = 3 (x=7) 5[5]= 5/2 Non (1)= 355 160 B) NONTACE 5 = 1 (5-5(57) = 1 (7000. vor(x)) = 1000 (2000. vor(x)) = 1000 (K-6[5]) 2095 (Novo un unimocito Vivoria) 2(33)

$$\frac{295}{160} = 233 \rightarrow \text{K} = 233 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{395}{160}} + \frac{5}{2}$$