## Sviluppi asintotici

Principali polinomi di Taylor in x = 0, o polinomi di Mc Laurin

$$e^{x} = 1 + x + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \frac{x^{4}}{4!} + \frac{x^{5}}{5!} + o(x^{5})$$

$$\log(1+x) = x - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{3}}{3} - \frac{x^{4}}{4} + \frac{x^{5}}{5} + o(x^{5})$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \frac{x^{5}}{5!} + o(x^{6})$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{4!} + o(x^{5})$$

$$\tan x = x + \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{2x^{5}}{15} + o(x^{5})$$

$$\arctan x = x - \frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{x^{5}}{5} + o(x^{5})$$

$$(1+x)^{r} = 1 + rx + \frac{r(r-1)}{2}x^{2} + \frac{r(r-1)(r-2)}{3!}x^{3} + o(x^{3})$$

$$\frac{1}{1+x} = 1 - x + x^{2} - x^{3} + o(x^{3}) \qquad \text{(scegliendo } r = -1)$$

$$\sqrt{1+x} = 1 + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^{2}}{8} + \frac{1}{16}x^{3} + o(x^{3}) \qquad \text{(scegliendo } r = \frac{1}{2}\text{)}$$

$$\sinh x = x + \frac{x^{3}}{3!} + \frac{x^{5}}{5!} + o(x^{6})$$

$$\cosh x = 1 + \frac{x^{2}}{2} + \frac{x^{4}}{4!} + o(x^{5}).$$