

T1. Let x = the length of a side of the square.

$$\text{Then } (x+6)(x-3) = \frac{9}{8}x^2; x^2 + 3x - 18 = \frac{9}{8}x^2; 8x^2 + 24x - 144 = 9x^2; x^2 - 24x + 144 = 0; x = 12.$$

T2. The radius of the dodecagon is equal to the radius of the hexagon which is equal to the length of a side of the hexagon. The central angle of the dodecagon measures 30° . The area of the dodecagon is twelve times the area of each of the triangles formed by drawing the radii of the dodecagon.

$$A = 12 \cdot \frac{1}{2}(9\sqrt{2})^2 \sin 30^\circ = 486.$$

$$\textbf{T3. } 3 \cdot 9^x + 12^x = 2 \cdot 16^x, x = \log_{\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} y \Rightarrow y = \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x.$$

$$3\left(\frac{9}{16}\right)^x + \left(\frac{12}{16}\right)^x = 2; 3\left(\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x\right)^2 + \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x = 2 \Rightarrow 3y^2 + y - 2 = 0.$$

$$(3y-2)(y+1) = 0; \text{ reject } y = -1; \text{ accept } y = \frac{2}{3}.$$

T4. A total of seven questions can be answered correctly by choosing 5 MC and 2 TF, 4 MC and 3 TF, 3 MC and 4 TF, or 2 MC and 5 TF. The probabilities of each outcome are as follows:

$${}_5C_5\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^5\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^0 \cdot {}_5C_2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3 + {}_5C_4\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^1 \cdot {}_5C_3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 +$$

$${}_5C_3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 \cdot {}_5C_4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^1 + {}_5C_2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^3 \cdot {}_5C_5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0 =$$

$$\frac{1}{32768}(10+150+450+270) = \frac{55}{2048}.$$

T5. Let t be the time for the faster elevator and $t+14$ be the time for the slower elevator. The rate for the faster elevator is $\frac{600}{t}$ and the rate for the slower one is $\frac{600}{t+14}$.

$$\frac{27.6}{\left(\frac{600}{t} + \frac{600}{t+14}\right)} = 0.48; 2760 = 48\left(\frac{600}{t} + \frac{600}{t+14}\right) \Rightarrow 23 = \frac{240}{t} + \frac{240}{t+14} \Rightarrow 23t^2 + 322t = 480t + 3360 \Rightarrow$$

$$23t^2 - 158t - 3360 = 0; (23t+210)(t-16) = 0 \Rightarrow t = 16; \frac{600}{t} = 37.5$$

T6. The radius of circle P is $6\sqrt{2}$. $OA = OB = 3\sqrt{6}$; $\therefore OP = 3\sqrt{2}$ and $m\angle APB = 120^\circ$.

$OC = 3\sqrt{2} + 6\sqrt{2} = 9\sqrt{2}$. Area_{oo} = $\pi(9\sqrt{2})^2 = 162\pi$. The area of the shaded region is

$$81\pi - \frac{2}{3}(72\pi) - \frac{1}{2}(3\sqrt{2})(6\sqrt{6}) = 33\pi - 18\sqrt{3}.$$