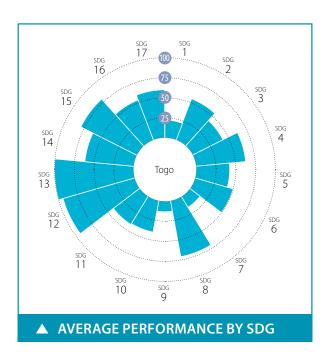
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT **GOALS**

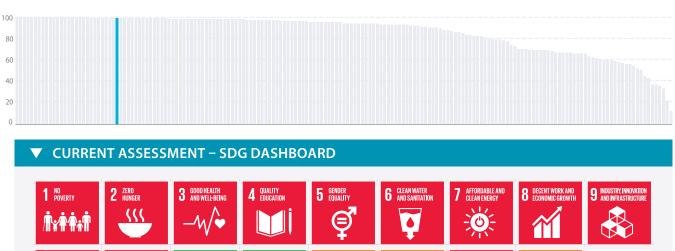


▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 53.1 52.7 SDG Global rank 147 (OF 166)

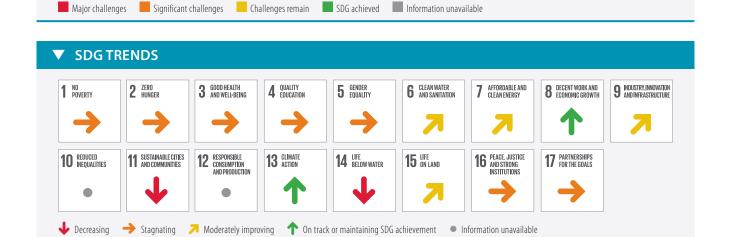


▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



13 CLIMATE ACTION



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals and title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals are supported by the support of the suppo



SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Rating	g Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	41.0 2020 • →	Population using the internet (%)	12.4 2017 •	\rightarrow
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	65.5 2020 • →	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	32.0 2018 •	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger		Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.2 2018	7
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	16.1 2017 • 🞵			
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	27.5 2014 • 7	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 * universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0 2020	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.7 2014 • 🔱	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0 2018	→
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	8.4 2016 • 1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3 2014	
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1 2017 • 🛧	l	0.5 2011	_
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.1 2017 • 🔸	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	49.0 201E	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (worst 0–1.41 best)	0.9 2015 • ->	·	48.9 2015	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	396 2017 • →	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	35.7 2017	1
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	24.9 2018 • →		44.7.2017	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	69.8 2018 • 7	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	44.7 2017	•
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	36.0 2018 • 🛧	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	32.4 2019 •	7
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.7 2018 • 🛧	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	23.6 2016 • →	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9 2014 •	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.0 2010	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	0.9 2016 •	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	250 2016	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	19.0 2012 •	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	230 2010 -	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.6 2012	•
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	29.2 2016 • →	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	9.9 2010 •	•
Life expectancy at birth (years)	60.6 2016 • →	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.6 2010 •	•
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	89.1 2017 • →	SDG13 – Climate Action		
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	44.6 2014 • •	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.3 2017 •	1
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	85 2018 • →	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.0 2015	1
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	43.0 2017 • 7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2017	•
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.2 2019 • 🞵	SDG14 – Life Below Water		
SDG4 – Quality Education		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA •	•
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	90.7 2018 • →	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	21.4 2019	→
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	47.9 2018 • 7	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA •	•
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	84.3 2015 • •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	15.4 2014	T
SDG5 – Gender Equality		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018	•
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females	37.4 2014 • ->	SDG15 – Life on Land		
aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	37.4 2014 • →	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.0 2018 •	4
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	50.0 2018 • 🔱	Mean area that is protected in teriestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA •	
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	95.6 2019 • 🛧	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2019	_
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	18.7 2020 • →	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.7 2018	
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation		Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.7 2010	
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	65.1 2017 • →	(per million population)	0.0 2018 •	
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	16.1 2017 • →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	2.6 2000	Homicides (per 100,000 population) *	9.0 2015	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0 2018	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	64.6 2018	7
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	0.4 2013 • 🛧	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	04.0 2010	×
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	•	city or area where they live (%)	50.6 2019	4
Population with access to electricity (%)	48.0 2017 • →	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	NA NA •	•
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	6.7 2016 • →	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	78.1 2018	
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	0.7 2010	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	29 2019	1
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	8.9 2017 • 🛧	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	27.9 2016	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD **	0.0.2010	
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-4.6 2018	per 100,000 population)	0.0 2019	_
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.8 2018	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.7 2019 •	1
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	45.3 2017 • 🛧	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.4 2016	7
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	2.0 2019 • 🛧	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NIA NIA	
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.0 2010 • 🛧	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA •	_
		Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	20.3 2018 •	\rightarrow
		Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0 2019	

^{*} Imputed data point.

Source: Sachs, J., Schmidt-Traub, G., Kroll, C., Lafortune, G., Fuller, G., Woelm, F. 2020. The Sustainable Development Goals and COVID-19. Sustainable Development Report 2020. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

