

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

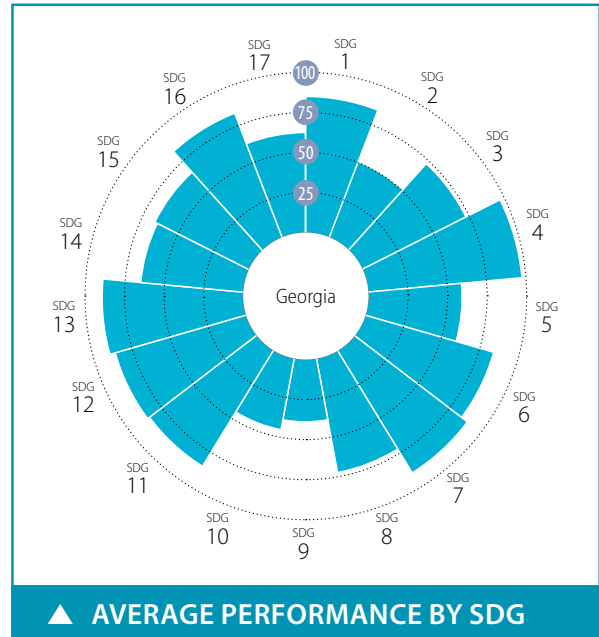
Index score



Regional average score



SDG Global rank **58** (OF 166)



SPILOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



Major challenges Significant challenges Challenges remain SDG achieved Information unavailable

SDG TRENDS



Decreasing Stagnating Moderately improving On track or maintaining SDG achievement Information unavailable

Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals>

SDG1 – No Poverty				SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure				SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	2.8	2020	● ↑	Population using the internet (%)	62.7	2018	● ↑	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	47.6	2017	● ●
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	12.7	2020	● ↗	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	73.7	2018	● ↑				
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4	2018	● ↓	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	7.9	2017	● ↓	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	16.4	2020	● ●	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	22.2	2017	● ↗
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.3	2009	● ↗	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	● ↗	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	95.9	2017	● ↑
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.6	2009	● ↑	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.3	2017	● ↗	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	66.5	2019	● ↓
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	21.7	2016	● ↓	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2015	● ●
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	● ↗					Electronic waste (kg/capita)	5.7	2016	● ●
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.0	2017	● ↓					Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	54.7	2012	● ●
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (worst 0–1.41 best)	1.1	2015	● ↓					SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	5.2	2012	● ●
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being								Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	13.0	2010	● ●
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	25	2017	● ↑	SDG13 – Climate Action				Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.6	2010	● ●
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.9	2018	● ↑	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7	2017	● ↑	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.8	2018	● ↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.9	2015	● ↗	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	26.5	2018	● ↗
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	80.0	2018	● ↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	4.8	2019	● ●	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	55.0	2019	● ↓
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.2	2018	● ↑	SDG15 – Life on Land				Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA	● ●
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	24.9	2016	● ↗	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	37.8	2018	● ↗	Fish caught by trawling (%)	6.4	2014	● ↑
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	102	2016	● ●	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.1	2018	● ↗	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	● ●
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.3	2016	● ↓	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	● ↗	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Life expectancy at birth (years)	72.6	2016	● ↓	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	● ●	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.0	2016	● ↑
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	46.4	2017	● ↗	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7	2018	● ●	Unsented detainees (% of prison population)	11.8	2018	● ↑
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	2015	● ↑	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	82.4	2019	● ↑
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	93	2018	● ↑	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.9	2016	● ↑	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.8	2019	● ●
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	66.0	2017	● ↗	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	● ●	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.6	2018	● ●
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.9	2019	● ↑	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	23.0	2018	● ↗	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	56	2019	● ↑
SDG4 – Quality Education								Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	4.2	2016	● ●
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	96.4	2018	● ↓					Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.2	2019	● ●
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	101.8	2018	● ↑					Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	29.0	2019	● ↑
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.6	2017	● ●					SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
SDG5 – Gender Equality								Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.9	2016	● ↑
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	52.8	2010	● ↗					For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	● ●
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.0	2018	● ↑					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	● ●
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	73.5	2019	● ↑								
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	14.1	2020	● ↗								
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation											
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.4	2017	● ↑								
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	90.0	2017	● ↗								
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	5.9	2010	● ●								
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	46.6	2018	● ●								
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	15.4	2013	● ↑								
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy											
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	● ↑								
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	77.8	2016	● ↑								
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	0.8	2017	● ↑								
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth											
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	0.0	2018	● ●								
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	4.3	2018	● ●								
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	61.2	2017	● ↑								
Unemployment rate (% of total labor force)	14.4	2019	● ↗								
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.3	2010	● ↑								

* Imputed data point.

Source: Sachs, J., Schmidt-Traub, G., Kroll, C., LaFortune, G., Fuller, G., Woelm, F. 2020. The Sustainable Development Goals and COVID-19. Sustainable Development Report 2020. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.