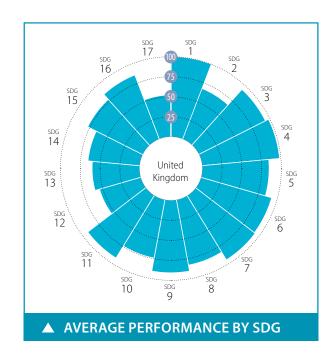
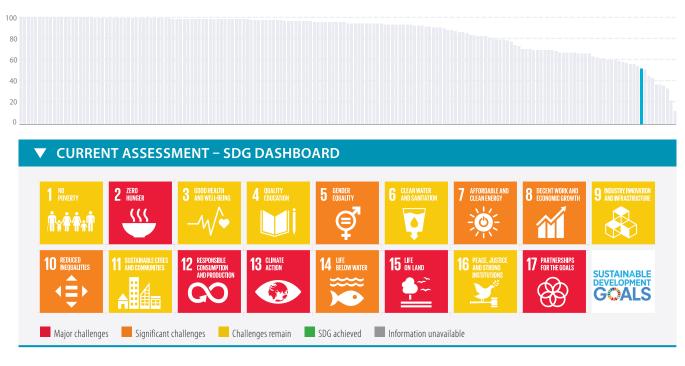
▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 79.8 SDG Global rank 13 (OF 166)



▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

UNITED KINGDOM

SDG1 – No Poverty		e Year I	_		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		- 1	Population using the internet (%)		2018		1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020			Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	98.5	2018	}	1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	11.9	2017	•	Ψ.	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	2.0	2017		•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	93.2	2020		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		T	universities (worst 0–100 best)	<i>JJ.</i> Z	2020		_
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016 2016		T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Ţ	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2017		1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2016			Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		_	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2017		1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (worst 0–1.41 best)		2017		1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	36.5	2008	}	
rield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015			Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	35.3	2015	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	-				SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				_
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	-	2017	•	1	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	37.0	2015		J
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		†	Palma ratio		2017		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		†	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2017		j
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		$\dot{\uparrow}$		15.5	2017	Ť	
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		NA			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,					Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) ($\mu g/m^3$)	10.5	2017	7	1
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.9	2016	•	T		00.0	2017	,	A
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	1/	2016	•		Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population) Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		1
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)					Population with rent overburden (%)		2019		1
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2016		↑		10.4	∠U I /		_1
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		1	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2016		
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		NA.			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		(
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		-
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	87.0	2017		1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		-
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.2	2019	•	1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.2	2010	•	
Sap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016			Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7	2018	•	-
Sap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		→	SDG13 – Climate Action				
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	17.2	2017	•	<u> </u>	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	5.5	2017	•	1
DG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		2015		
let primary enrollment rate (%)	98.4	2017	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	331.4			
·		2017		†	Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)		2016		•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		NA			SDG14 – Life Below Water				_
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	99.9	2017	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	940	2018		1
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	50.8	2018	•	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	503.7	2018	•	1					
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	10.7	2018	•	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		2014		
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	17.4	2018	•	→	Fish caught by trawling (%) Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		-
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.0	2018	•	1		0.2	2010) _	
DG5 – Gender Equality					SDG15 – Life on Land Man area that is protected in towardial sites important to binding rity (0/)	042	2010		
Name and face family, planning a satisfied by mandarn mostleads					Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.3			
(% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	93.0	2017	•	T	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		2018		
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	99.2	2018	•	1	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	84.4	2019	•	1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	•	•
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	33.9	2020	•	1	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	3.2	2018	•	•
sender wage gap (% of male median wage)	16.4	2018		\rightarrow	(per million population)				
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	108.6	2015	•		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		0.5		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	8.8	2018	3	
opulation using at least basic unifinity water services (%)		2017		•	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	74.5	2019	•	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	city or area where they live (%)				
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2010		•	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2019		(
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)		2010		7	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2013		^	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		3 2017		1	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0	2016		(
	٦١.٥	UI/			per 100,000 population)	1.6	2019	•	(
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy	100.0	2017			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.2	2019	•	
opulation with access to electricity (%)		2017		T	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	141.3			
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	Т	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				_
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.1	2017	•	1		122	2017		
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	11 9	2018		1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		2016		1
	111.	2010	_		public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.7	2017	•	1
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth		201-			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
djusted GDP growth (%)		2018			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	100.0			
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.1	2018	•	•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	96.4	2017	•	1	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2016		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				•		12.0	ZU10	, •	_
fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2010		T					
imployment-to-population ratio (%)	/ 3.2	2019		1					
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)		2018							

^{*} Imputed data point. Source: Sachs, J., Schmidt-Traub, G., Kroll, C., Lafortune, G., Fuller, G., Woelm, F. 2020. The Sustainable Development Goals and COVID-19. Sustainable Development Report 2020. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

