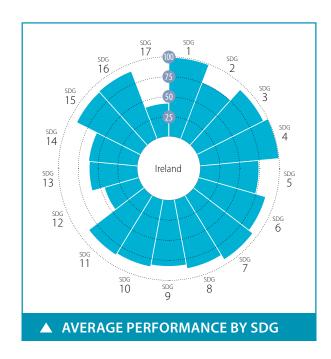
IRELAND

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE Index score Regional average score 79.4 SDG Global rank 14 (OF 166)



▼ SPILLOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)





Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals



5. Country Profiles

SDG1 – No Poverty		Year F	_		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year F		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2020		↑	Population using the internet (%)	84.5 2018		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2020		1	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	103.8 2018		1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	9.0	2017		1	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.3 2018	•	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger					The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3	F2 4 2020		
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2017		Ť	universities (worst 0–100 best)	53.4 2020		
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		↑	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.5 2018	•	
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2016		1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0 2017	•	
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		4	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	11.6 2018	•	
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		7	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	21.8 2017	•	
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	25.4 2018	0	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (worst 0–1.41 best)		2015		T	Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science	23.4 2015	•	
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	/4.3	2015	_		and engineering)			_
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		1	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.1 2015	•	
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ţ	Palma ratio	1.1 2017	•	
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2018		Ţ	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	11.4 2017	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2018		1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2018		1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	0.2.2017		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	10.3	2016	•	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	8.2 2017	•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)					Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.0 2017	•	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12	2016	•	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60.6 2019	0	
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4 1	2016	•	1	Population with rent overburden (%)	6.9 2017	•	
ife expectancy at birth (years)		2016		†	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)		2017		木	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	19.9 2016	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2015		†	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	103.0 2012		
ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2018		木	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	19.5 2012		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		7	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	57.0 2010		
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2019		Λ.	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	19.8 2010		
Sap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016		•	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.9 2017		
Sap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2017		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			_
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2018		1		7.6 2017		
DG4 – Quality Education				•	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	7.6 2017		
	* 100.0	2017		A		2.8 2015		
1 /	* 100.0			†	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	10.1 2018		
ower secondary completion rate (%) iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		NA				21.8 2016		_
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2017		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2017		4	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.5 2018		
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	504.7			*	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	61.3 2019		
'ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		A	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	21.4 2014		
Inderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		Ţ	Fish caught by trawling (%)	85.9 2014		
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		*	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 2018		
•				•	SDG15 – Life on Land			
SDG5 – Gender Equality					Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.7 2018		
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	* 80.2	2017		1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	97.7 2018	•	
latio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	103.3	2018		4	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2019		
latio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		†	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		7	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	1.7 2018		
iender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2014			(per million population)	1.7 2010	, _	
sender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	165.5			•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
	105.5	2003		_	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.9 2017	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	^-	201-		6	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	18.7 2018	•	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		•	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	75.9 2019		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		•	city or area where they live (%)			
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2010		•	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.7 2019		
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2018		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)		2013		7	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	74.0 2019		
opulation using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	* 0.0 2016	•	
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	82.4	2017	•	<u>T</u>	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	* 0.0 2019	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					per 100,000 population)			
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0			1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	15.0 2019		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	1	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	78.5 2017	•	_
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	1.2	2017		1	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)				•	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.0 2016	0	
hare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.3	2018	•	7	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	0.3 2017	•	
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)			
djusted GDP growth (%)	3.3	2018	•		Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA		
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	1.7	2018	•	•	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	75.7 2019		
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	05.2	2017			Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	48.2 2020		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)				T	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	-117.1 2016	•	
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.7	2010		1				
mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	69.6	2019		T				

^{*} Imputed data point. Source: Sachs, J., Schmidt-Traub, G., Kroll, C., Lafortune, G., Fuller, G., Woelm, F. 2020. The Sustainable Development Goals and COVID-19. Sustainable Development Report 2020. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.