

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

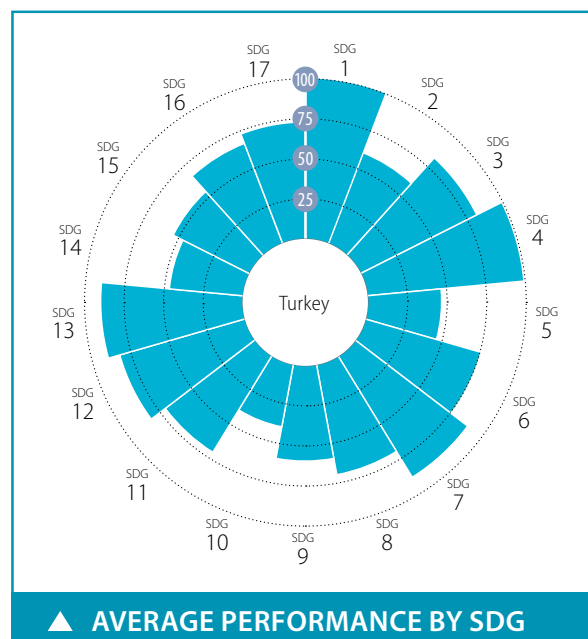
Index score



Regional average score

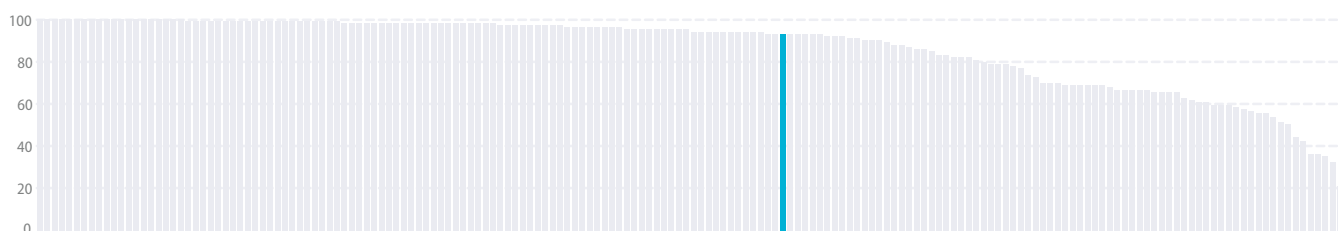


SDG Global rank **70** (OF 166)



SPILOVER INDEX

100 (best) to 0 (worst)



CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD



Major challenges Significant challenges Challenges remain SDG achieved Information unavailable

SDG TRENDS



Decreasing Stagnating Moderately improving On track or maintaining SDG achievement Information unavailable

Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals>

SDG1 – No Poverty				SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			
Indicator	Value	Year	Rating Trend	Indicator	Value	Year	Rating Trend
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0	2020	● ↑	Population using the internet (%)	71.0	2018	● ↑
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.3	2020	● ↑	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	74.2	2018	● ↑
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	17.2	2015	● ↓	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2	2018	● ↑
SDG2 – Zero Hunger				The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	39.4	2020	● ●
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2017	● ↑	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4	2018	● ↓
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	9.5	2013	● ↑	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0	2017	● ↑
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	1.7	2013	● ↑	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	4.0	2017	● ↑
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	32.1	2016	● ↓	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.7	2017	● →
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3	2017	● ↑	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	NA	NA	● ●
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.3	2017	● ↑	Women in science and engineering (% of tertiary graduates in science and engineering)	30.7	2015	● ●
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (worst 0–1.41 best)	0.6	2015	● →	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Yield gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA	NA	● ●	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	49.0	2016	● ↓
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Palma ratio	1.9	2015	● ↓
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17	2017	● ↑	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	17.0	2015	● ↑
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.5	2018	● ↑	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	10.6	2018	● ↑	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	44.3	2017	● ↓
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0	2018	● ↑	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.6	2017	● ↑
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA	● ●	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	57.8	2018	● ↓
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.1	2016	● ↑	Population with rent overburden (%)	NA	NA	● ●
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	47	2016	● ●	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	12.3	2016	● ↓	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.9	2016	● ●
Life expectancy at birth (years)	76.4	2016	● ↑	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.7	2012	● ●
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 adolescent females aged 15 to 19)	26.6	2017	● ↑	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.7	2012	● ●
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4	2014	● ●	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	25.5	2010	● ●
Percentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	96.0	2018	● ↑	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.7	2010	● ●
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	74.0	2017	● ↑	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0	2018	● ●
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.2	2018	● ↓	SDG13 – Climate Action			
Gap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.9	2016	● ●	Energy-related CO ₂ emissions (tCO ₂ /capita)	4.4	2017	● ↓
Gap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	13.1	2017	● ↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5	2015	● ↑
Daily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	26.5	2016	● ↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	3.0	2018	● ●
SDG4 – Quality Education				Effective carbon rate (EUR/tCO ₂)	8.1	2016	● ●
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	* 99.0	2017	● ↑	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
Lower secondary completion rate (%)	* 99.0	2017	● ↑	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.1	2018	● →
Literacy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8	2017	● ●	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	50.5	2019	● ↓
Participation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	67.6	2017	● ↓	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	61.6	2014	● ↓
Tertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	33.3	2018	● ↑	Fish caught by trawling (%)	33.8	2014	● ↑
PISA score (worst 0–600 best)	462.7	2018	● ↑	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018	● ●
Variation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	11.0	2018	● ↓	SDG15 – Life on Land			
Underachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	25.2	2018	● ↑	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	2.5	2018	● →
Resilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	48.2	2018	● ↑	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.4	2018	● →
SDG5 – Gender Equality				Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9	2019	● →
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (% of females aged 15 to 49 who are married or in unions)	59.7	2013	● →	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	● ●
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	82.1	2018	● →	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.7	2018	● ●
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	46.2	2019	● →	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.3	2020	● →	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	4.3	2012	● ●
Gender wage gap (% of male median wage)	6.9	2014	● ●	Unsented detainees (% of prison population)	30.6	2018	● ↓
Gender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	237.5	2015	● ●	Percentage of population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where they live (%)	56.8	2018	● ↓
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.3	2019	● ●
Population using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.9	2017	● ●	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	98.8	2018	● ●
Population using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.3	2017	● ●	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	39.0	2019	● ↓
Freshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	42.9	2015	● ●	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	5.9	2016	● ●
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	30.4	2018	● ●	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.3	2019	● ●
Scarce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	13.2	2013	● ↑	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	52.8	2019	● ↓
Population using safely managed water services (%)	NA	NA	● ●	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	322.0	2017	● ↓
Population using safely managed sanitation services (%)	65.2	2017	● →	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
SDG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	* 7.0	2015	● ↓
Population with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2017	● ↑	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA	NA	● ●
Population with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	NA	NA	● ●	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	30.7	2018	● ↑
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3	2017	● →	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	* 0.0	2019	● ●
Share of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	13.1	2018	● ↑	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	59.5	2020	● ●
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth				Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	3.9	2016	● ●
Adjusted GDP growth (%)	-1.5	2018	● ●				
Victims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.5	2018	● ●				
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	68.6	2017	● ↑				
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2	2010	● ↑				
Employment-to-population ratio (%)	50.3	2019	● →				
Youth not in employment, education or training (NEET) (% of population aged 15 to 29)	26.5	2018	● ↑				

* Imputed data point. Source: Sachs, J., Schmidt-Traub, G., Kroll, C., Laforune, G., Fuller, G., Woelm, F. 2020. The Sustainable Development Goals and COVID-19. Sustainable Development Report 2020. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.