

Control Systems

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Abstract—This manual is an introduction to control systems based on GATE problems. Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

```
svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/
control/codes
```

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1 MASON'S GAIN FORMULA

2 BODE PLOT

2.1 Introduction

2.2 Example

3 SECOND ORDER SYSTEM

3.1 Damping

3.2 Example

4 ROUTH HURWITZ CRITERION

4.1 Routh Array

4.2 Marginal Stability

4.3 Stability

5 STATE-SPACE MODEL

5.1 Controllability and Observability

5.1. The state equation and the output equation of a control system are given below :

$$\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1.5 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} U \quad (5.1.1)$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix} X \quad (5.1.2)$$

Then transfer function representation of the system is

5.2. **Solution:** when

$$\dot{X} = AX + BU \quad (5.2.1)$$

$$Y = CX + DU \quad (5.2.2)$$

where A, B, C, D are matrices

Then the transfer function can be find using

$$T(s) = C[(sI - A)^{-1}].B + D \quad (5.2.3)$$

From the given state space representation of the system, we can find matrices as

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1.5 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.4)$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.5)$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.6)$$

We can find the transfer function using

$$T(s) = C[(sI - A)^{-1}]B \quad (5.2.7)$$

$$(sI - A) = \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 \\ 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1.5 \\ 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.8)$$

$$(sI - A) = \begin{bmatrix} s+4 & -1.5 \\ -4 & s \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.9)$$

$$|sI - A| = s(s+4) - (-4) \times (-1.5) \quad (5.2.10)$$

$$|sI - A| = s^2 + 4s + 6 \quad (5.2.11)$$

and from (1.2.9)

$$Adj[sI - A] = \begin{bmatrix} s & -1.5 \\ 4 & s+4 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.12)$$

Hence

$$[sI - A]^{-1} = \frac{Adj[sI - A]}{|sI - A|} \quad (5.2.13)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s}{(s^2+4s+6)} & \frac{-1.5}{(s^2+4s+6)} \\ \frac{4}{(s^2+4s+6)} & \frac{(s+4)}{(s^2+4s+6)} \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.14)$$

$$[sI - A]^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s}{(s^2+4s+6)} & \frac{-1.5}{(s^2+4s+6)} \\ \frac{4}{(s^2+4s+6)} & \frac{(s+4)}{(s^2+4s+6)} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.15)$$

$$\therefore [sI - A]^{-1} \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4s}{(s^2+4s+6)} \\ \frac{16}{(s^2+4s+6)} \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.16)$$

*Substituting the values of $[sI - A]^{-1} \cdot B$
and C in equation (1.2.7)*

$$T(s) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.5 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4s}{(s^2+4s+6)} \\ \frac{16}{(s^2+4s+6)} \end{bmatrix} \quad (5.2.17)$$

$$T(s) = \left[\frac{6s}{(s^2+4s+6)} + \frac{10}{(s^2+4s+6)} \right] \quad (5.2.18)$$

the transfer function representation of the system is

$$\therefore \mathbf{T(s)} = \left[\frac{6s+10}{(s^2+4s+6)} \right] \quad (5.2.19)$$

5.3. verify the answer with python code

download python code:

<https://github.com/srikanth2001/EE2227-control-systems/tree/master/codes>

5.2 Second Order System

6 NYQUIST PLOT

7 PHASE MARGIN

8 GAIN MARGIN

9 COMPENSATORS

9.1 Phase Lead

10 OSCILLATOR