

## **JEE Problems in Optimization**



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Abstract—A collection of problems from JEE papers related to 2D coordinate geometry are available in this document. These problems should be solved using Optimization techniques. Verify using cvxpy.

1. Let **P** be the point on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 8 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{1}$$

which is at a minimum distance from the centre C of the circle

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1 \tag{2}$$

Find the equation of the circle passing through C and having its centre at P.

2. Let **P** be a point on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{3}$$

Given that the distance of **P** from the centre of the circle

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 8 = 0 \tag{4}$$

is minimum. Find the equation of the tangent to the parabola at **P**.

- 3. Find the eccentricity of the hyperbola whose length of the latus rectum is equal to 8 and the length of its conjugate axis is equal to half the distance between its foci.
- 4. **P** and **Q** are two distinct points on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^{T} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{5}$$

with parameters t and  $t_1$  respectively. If the normal at P passes through Q, then find the minimum value of  $t_1^2$  using a descent algorithm.

5. A tangent at a point on the ellipse

$$\mathbf{x}^T V \mathbf{x} = 51 \tag{6}$$

where

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 27 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

meets the coordinate axes at A and B. If O be the origin, find the minimum area of  $\triangle OAB$ .

6. Find the shortest distance between the line

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0 \tag{8}$$

and the curve

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 2 = 0 \tag{9}$$

7. Let S be the set of all complex numbers z satisfying  $|z-2+j| \ge \sqrt{5}$ . If the complex number  $z_0$  is such that  $\frac{1}{|z_0-1|}$  is the maximum of the set  $\left\{\frac{1}{|z-1|}: z \in S\right\}$ , find the principal argument of

$$\frac{4 - z_0 - \bar{z}_0}{z_0 - \bar{z}_0 + 21} \tag{10}$$

8. Let  $\omega \neq 1$  be a cube root of unity. Find the minimum of the set

$$\left| a + b\omega + c\omega^2 \right|,\tag{11}$$

where a, b, c are distinct nonzero integers.

9. Let

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin^4 \theta & -1 - \sin^2 \theta \\ 1 + \cos^2 \theta & \cos^4 \theta \end{pmatrix} = \alpha \mathbf{I} + \beta \mathbf{M}^{-1}$$
(12)

where  $\alpha, \beta$  are real functions of  $\theta$  and **I** is the identity matrix. If

$$\alpha^* = \min_{\theta} \alpha(\theta)$$
 (13)  
$$\beta^* = \min_{\theta} \beta(\theta),$$
 (14)

$$\beta^* = \min_{\alpha} \beta(\theta), \qquad (14)$$

find  $\alpha^* + \beta^*$ .

10. Find the minimum value of

$$\cos(P+O)\cos(O+R)\cos(R+P) \qquad (15)$$

in  $\triangle PQR$ .

11. Find the minimum value of  $\alpha$  for which

$$4\alpha x^2 + \frac{1}{x} \ge 1, x > 0. \tag{16}$$

12. Let

$$S = S_1 \cap S_2 \cap S_3, \tag{17}$$

where

$$S_1 = \{ z \in C : |z| < 4 \} \tag{18}$$

$$S_2 = \left\{ z \in C : \mathfrak{I}\left[\frac{z - 1 + j\sqrt{3}}{1 - j\sqrt{3}}\right] \right\}, \tag{19}$$

$$S_3 = \{ z \in C : \Re(z) > 0 \}$$
 (20)

Find

$$\min_{z \in S} \left| 1 - 3j - z \right| \tag{21}$$

13. A line

$$L: (m-1)\mathbf{x} = -3 \tag{22}$$

passes through

$$\mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{23}$$

and

$$\mathbf{x} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0, 0 \le \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \le 6$$
(24)

at the point  $\mathbf{F}$ . Find m such that the area of  $\triangle EFG$  is maximum.

14. If  $|z - 3 - 2j| \le 2$ , find

$$\min_{z} \left| 2z - 6 + 5j \right| \tag{25}$$

15. Find

$$\max_{z} \left| Arg \left( \frac{1}{1-z} \right) \right| \tag{26}$$

$$s.t \quad |z| = 1, z \neq 1.$$
 (27)

16. Find the maximum value of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x - 48$$
 (28)

on the set

$$A = \left\{ x : x^2 + 20 \le 9x \right\} \tag{29}$$

17. Find the minimum distance of a point on the curve

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + (0 - 1) \mathbf{x} = 4 \tag{30}$$

from the origin.