

**Abstract**—A collection of problems from JEE papers related to 2D coordinate geometry are available in this document. These problems should be solved using Optimization techniques. Verify using *cvxpy*.

1. Let  $\mathbf{P}$  be the point on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - (8 \ 0) \mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (1)$$

which is at a minimum distance from the centre  $\mathbf{C}$  of the circle

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + (0 \ 12) \mathbf{x} = 1 \quad (2)$$

Find the equation of the circle passing through  $\mathbf{C}$  and having its centre at  $\mathbf{P}$ .

2. Let  $\mathbf{P}$  be a point on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + (0 \ 4) \mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (3)$$

Given that the distance of  $\mathbf{P}$  from the centre of the circle

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{x} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} + 8 = 0 \quad (4)$$

is minimum. Find the equation of the tangent to the parabola at  $\mathbf{P}$ .

3. Find the eccentricity of the hyperbola whose length of the latus rectum is equal to 8 and the length of its conjugate axis is equal to half the distance between its foci.
4.  $\mathbf{P}$  and  $\mathbf{Q}$  are two distinct points on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - (4 \ 0) \mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (5)$$

with parameters  $t$  and  $t_1$  respectively. If the normal at  $\mathbf{P}$  passes through  $\mathbf{Q}$ , then find the minimum value of  $t_1^2$  using a descent algorithm.

5. A tangent at a point on the ellipse

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} = 51 \quad (6)$$

where

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 27 \end{pmatrix} \quad (7)$$

meets the coordinate axes at  $\mathbf{A}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ . If  $\mathbf{O}$  be the origin, find the minimum area of  $\triangle OAB$ .

6. Find the shortest distance between the line

$$(1 \ -1) \mathbf{x} = 0 \quad (8)$$

and the curve

$$\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - (1 \ 0) \mathbf{x} + 2 = 0 \quad (9)$$

7. Let  $S$  be the set of all complex numbers  $z$  satisfying  $|z - 2 + j| \geq \sqrt{5}$ . If the complex number  $z_0$  is such that  $\frac{1}{|z_0 - 1|}$  is the maximum of the set  $\left\{ \frac{1}{|z - 1|} : z \in S \right\}$ , find the principal argument of

$$\frac{4 - z_0 - \bar{z}_0}{z_0 - \bar{z}_0 + 2j} \quad (10)$$

8. Let  $\omega \neq 1$  be a cube root of unity. Find the minimum of the set

$$|a + b\omega + c\omega^2|, \quad (11)$$

where  $a, b, c$  are distinct nonzero integers.

9. Let

$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin^4 \theta & -1 - \sin^2 \theta \\ 1 + \cos^2 \theta & \cos^4 \theta \end{pmatrix} = \alpha \mathbf{I} + \beta \mathbf{M}^{-1} \quad (12)$$

where  $\alpha, \beta$  are real functions of  $\theta$  and  $\mathbf{I}$  is the identity matrix. If

$$\alpha^* = \min_{\theta} \alpha(\theta) \quad (13)$$

$$\beta^* = \min_{\theta} \beta(\theta), \quad (14)$$

find  $\alpha^* + \beta^*$ .

10. Find the minimum value of

$$\cos(P + Q) \cos(Q + R) \cos(R + P) \quad (15)$$

in  $\triangle PQR$ .

11. Find the minimum value of  $\alpha$  for which

$$4\alpha x^2 + \frac{1}{x} \geq 1, x > 0. \quad (16)$$

12. Let

$$S = S_1 \cap S_2 \cap S_3, \quad (17)$$

where

$$S_1 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 4\} \quad (18)$$

$$S_2 = \left\{ z \in \mathbb{C} : \Im \left[ \frac{z - 1 + j\sqrt{3}}{1 - j\sqrt{3}} \right] \right\}, \quad (19)$$

$$S_3 = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : \Re(z) > 0\} \quad (20)$$

Find

$$\min_{z \in S} |1 - 3j - z| \quad (21)$$

13. A line

$$L : (m - 1)\mathbf{x} = -3 \quad (22)$$

passes through

$$\mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (23)$$

and

$$\mathbf{x} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0, 0 \leq \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \leq 6 \quad (24)$$

at the point  $\mathbf{F}$ . Find  $m$  such that the area of  $\triangle EFG$  is maximum.

14. If  $|z - 3 - 2j| \leq 2$ , find

$$\min_z |2z - 6 + 5j| \quad (25)$$

15. Find

$$\max_z \left| \operatorname{Arg} \left( \frac{1}{1 - z} \right) \right| \quad (26)$$

$$s.t. \quad |z| = 1, z \neq 1. \quad (27)$$

16. Find the maximum value of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x - 48 \quad (28)$$

on the set

$$A = \{x : x^2 + 20 \leq 9x\} \quad (29)$$