

Seven Segment Display control through STM32 GPIO



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Abstract—The objective of this manual is to introduce beginners to arm embedded programming by powering a seven segment display.

1 Components

Component	Value	Quantity
Breadboard		1
Resistor	220 Ω	1
		1
STM32F103C8T6		
Seven Segment	Common	1
Display	Anode	
Jumper Wires		20

TABLE 1.0

2 Hardware

The seven segment display in Fig. 2.1 has eight pins, a, b, c, d, e, f, g and dot that take an active LOW input, i.e. the LED will glow only if the input is connected to ground. Each of these pins is connected to an LED segment. The dot pin is reserved for the \cdot LED.

Problem 2.1. Connect one end of the 1K resistor to the COM pin of the display and the other end to an extreme pin of the breadboard.

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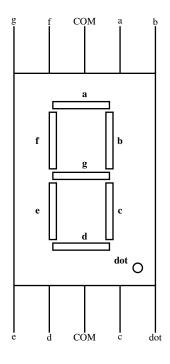


Fig. 2.1

The STM32F103C8T6 micro-controller in Fig. 2.2 has two ground pins, few analog input pins and few digital pins that can be used for both input as well as output. It has one Vcc (3.3V) pin that can generate 3.3V. In the following exercises, only the GND, 3.3V and digital pins will be used.

Problem 2.2. Make the pin connections in Table 2.2 using Figs. 2.1 and 2.2.

3 Software

Problem 3.1. Execute

https://github.com/gadepall/ STM32F103C8T6/blob/master/ examples/sevenseg example.c

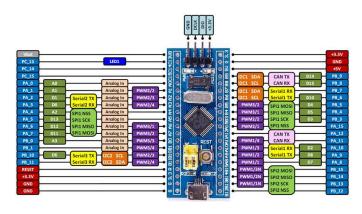


Fig. 2.2

STM32	PB9	PB8	PB7	PB6	PB5	PB4	PB3	3.3V
Display	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	COM
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	
2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	
3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	
4	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	
5	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	
6	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
7	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	

TABLE 2.2

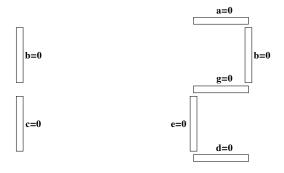


Fig. 3.1

Problem 3.2. Explain the process of generating the number 0 using the following instruction.

$$GPIOB->ODR = 0xFC08;$$

Solution: ODR is the Output Data Register, which is used to write outputs to the GPIO pins. The 16 bit number 0xFC08 on the RHS represents the pin configuration for the pins of port B of STM32F103C8T6, which are numbered PB15-PB0

in that order. See Table 2.2,

Problem 3.3. Repeat the above exercise to generate the numbers 1-9 on the display.

Problem 3.4. The previous instructions set the bits in the unused ports PB15-PB10 and PB2-PB0. This may be undesirable in some cases. Generate 0 by not disturbing the unused pins.

Solution: The following instructions help accomplish this. The first instruction resets PB4-PB9. The second instruction sets the PB3 pin. The other pins are undisturbed.

GPIOB->ODR &=
$$(0 \times 000003 \text{F0})$$
; // 0
GPIOB->ODR |= 0×00000008 ; // 0