

EE5603:Conceention Inequalities

J. Balasubramaniam[†] and G V V Sharma*

1 CONVERGENCE

1.1 Definitions

2 BENNTL'S INEQUALITY

Let

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \quad (2.1)$$

be independent RVS with finite vaniance and $xi \leq b$ almost surely for $i \leq n$. let $v = \sum_{i=1}^n E xi^2$. if,

$S = \sum_{i=1}^N xi - E xi$, then for any $\lambda > 0$

$$\log E[e^{\lambda S}] \leq n \cdot \log(1 + \frac{v}{nb^2} \phi(\lambda b)) \leq \frac{v}{b^2} \phi(\lambda b) \quad (2.2)$$

where

$$\phi(u) = e^u - u - 1, u \in \mathbb{R} \quad (2.3)$$

proof: • let no assume $b=1 \rightarrow$
1

• Observe that $u^2 \cdot \phi(u)$ is a non decreasing function $\rightarrow 2$

from 1 or 2 we can write

$$(\lambda xi)^2 \cdot \phi(\lambda xi) \leq \lambda^2 \cdot \phi(\lambda) \quad (2.4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi(\lambda xi) \leq xi^2 \phi(\lambda) \quad (2.5)$$

$$e^{\lambda xi} - \lambda xi - 1 \leq xi^2 \phi(\lambda) \quad (2.6)$$

$$E[e^{\lambda xi} - \lambda xi - 1] \leq E[xi^2] \cdot \phi(\lambda). \quad (2.7)$$

$$E[e^{\lambda xi}] \leq E[\lambda xi] + 1 + E[xi^2] \cdot \phi(\lambda) \quad (2.8)$$

$$\log E[e^{\lambda xi}] \leq \log[E[\lambda xi] + 1 + E[xi^2] \phi(\lambda)] \quad (2.9)$$

$$\log E[e^{\lambda xi} - \lambda E[xi]] \leq \log(1 + E[\lambda xi] + E[xi^2] \phi(\lambda)) \quad (2.10)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \log\left[\frac{E[e^{\lambda xi}]}{e^{\lambda E[xi]}}\right] \leq \log(1 + E[\lambda xi] + E[xi^2] \phi(\lambda) \lambda E[xi]) \quad (2.11)$$

$$\psi_s(\lambda) \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \quad (2.12)$$

observe that $\log()$ is a concave function i.e.

$$f(\lambda x + (1 - \lambda) \cdot y) \geq \lambda \cdot f(x) + (1 - \lambda) \cdot f(y) - 3 \quad (2.13)$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n [1 + \lambda \cdot E[xi] + E[xi^2] \cdot \phi(\lambda)] = \quad (2.14)$$

$$\eta \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{n} \cdot \log[1 + \lambda E[xi] + E[xi^2] \cdot \phi(\lambda)] \quad (2.15)$$

from-3

$$\eta \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n \log[1 + \lambda \cdot E[xi] + E[xi^2] \phi(\lambda)] \leq \quad (2.16)$$

$$\eta \cdot \log\left(\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (1 + \lambda E[xi] + E[xi^2] \cdot \phi(\lambda))\right) \quad (2.17)$$

$$= \eta \cdot \log\left(1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda \frac{E[xi]}{n} + \frac{\vartheta}{n} \phi(\lambda)\right) \quad (2.18)$$

Applying 4 and 2b give us

$$\psi_s(\lambda) \leq \eta \left[\log\left(1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\lambda \cdot E[xi]}{n} + \frac{\vartheta}{n} \cdot \phi(\lambda)\right) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda E[xi] \right] \quad (2.19)$$

observe $\log(1+x) \leq x$ $x \geq 0$. this helps us show

$$\eta \cdot \left[\log\left(1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda \frac{E[xi]}{n} + \frac{\vartheta}{n} \phi(\lambda)\right) - \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda E[xi] \right] \quad (2.20)$$

[†] The author is with the Department of Mathematics, IIT Hyderabad. *The author is with the Department of Electrical Engineering, IIT, Hyderabad 502285 India e-mail: {jbalagadepall}@iith.ac.in. All material in the manuscript is released under GNU GPL. Free to use for all.

$$\leq n[\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\lambda.E[xi]}{n} + \frac{\vartheta}{n}.\phi(\lambda) - \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda E[xi]] \quad (2.21)$$

$$= \vartheta.\phi(\lambda) \quad (2.22)$$