1.2.18 Matgeo

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Question

If the points $\mathbf{A}(6,1)$, $\mathbf{B}(8,2)$, $\mathbf{C}(9,4)$ and $\mathbf{D}(p,3)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram, taken in order. find the value of p .

Solution

The given the points
$$\mathbf{A} \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{B} \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{C} \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{D} \begin{bmatrix} p \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

If ABCD be a parallelogram with AB $\mid\mid$ CD ,

$$\boldsymbol{B}-\boldsymbol{A}=\boldsymbol{C}-\boldsymbol{D}$$

Solution

The vector components are:

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{D} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} p \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9 - p \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{2}$$

By comparing

$$9 - p = 2 \tag{3}$$

We get

$$p=7 (4)$$

Graphical Representation

Hence the coordinates of \mathbf{D} are (7, 3)

