

# MatGeo Assignment 1.2.13

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AI25BTECH11007

**Question:**

If  $(1, 2)$ ,  $(4, y)$ ,  $(x, 6)$  and  $(3, 5)$  are the vertices of a parallelogram taken in order, find  $x$  and  $y$ .

**Solution:**

Let us solve the given equation theoretically and then verify the solution computationally  
According to the question,

We are given the vertices of a parallelogram in order:

Given the vertices of a parallelogram:  $A(1, 2)$ ,  $B(4, y)$ ,  $C(x, 6)$ ,  $D(3, 5)$ .

Property: In a parallelogram, diagonals bisect each other.

Midpoint of  $AC$  = Midpoint of  $BD$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1+x}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{4+3}{y+5} \right)$$

$$\left( \frac{\frac{1+x}{2}}{\frac{8}{2}} \right) = \left( \frac{\frac{7}{2}}{\frac{y+5}{2}} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1+x}{2} = \frac{7}{2}, \quad \frac{8}{2} = \frac{y+5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 6, \quad y = 3$$

$$\therefore x = 6, \quad y = 3$$

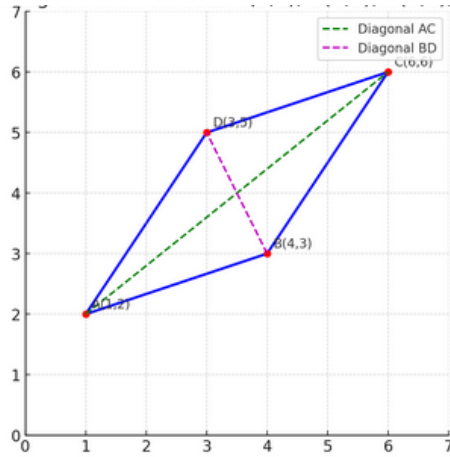


Fig. 0.1: The visual of the parallelogram with vertices labeled and diagonals shown

From the figure it is clearly verified that theoretical solution matches with the computational solution.