

1-5 carry one mark each

- 1) The fishermen, _____ the flood victims owed their lives, were rewarded by the government.

GATE 2019 PI

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| a) whom | c) to whom |
| b) to which | d) that |

- 2) Some students were not involved in the strike.

If the above statement is true, which of the following conclusions is/are logically necessary?

1. Some who were involved in the strike were students.
2. No student was involved in the strike.
3. At least one student was involved in the strike.
4. Some who were not involved in the strike were students.

GATE 2019 PI

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| a) 1 and 2 | c) 4 |
| b) 3 | d) 2 and 3 |

- 3) The radius as well as the height of a circular cone increases by 10%. The percentage increase in its volume is _____.

GATE 2019 PI

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 17.1 | c) 33.1 |
| b) 21.0 | d) 72.8 |

- 4) Five numbers 10, 7, 5, 4 and 2 are to be arranged in a sequence from left to right following the directions given below:

- a) No two odd or even numbers are next to each other.
- b) The second number from the left is exactly half of the left-most number.
- c) The middle number is exactly twice the right-most number.

Which is the second number from the right?

GATE 2019 PI

- | | |
|------|-------|
| a) 2 | c) 7 |
| b) 4 | d) 10 |

- 5) Until Iran came along, India had never been _____ in kabaddi.

GATE 2019 PI

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) defeated | c) defeat |
| b) defeating | d) defeatist |

6-10 carry two marks each

- 6) Since the last one year, after a 125 basis point reduction in repo rate by the Reserve Bank of India, banking institutions have been making a demand to reduce interest rates on small saving schemes. Finally, the government announced yesterday a reduction in interest rates on small saving schemes to bring them on par with fixed deposit interest rates.

Which one of the following statements can be inferred from the given passage?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Whenever the Reserve Bank of India reduces the repo rate, the interest rates on small saving schemes are also reduced
- b) Interest rates on small saving schemes are always maintained on par with fixed deposit interest rates
- c) The government sometimes takes into consideration the demands of banking institutions before reducing the interest rates on small saving schemes
- d) A reduction in interest rates on small saving schemes follow only after a reduction in repo rate by the Reserve Bank of India
- 7) In a country of 1400 million population, 70% own mobile phones. Among the mobile phone owners, only 294 million access the Internet. Among these Internet users, only half buy goods from e-commerce portals. What is the percentage of these buyers in the country?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) 10.50
- b) 14.70
- c) 15.00
- d) 50.00
- 8) The nomenclature of Hindustani music has changed over the centuries. Since the medieval period dhrupad styles were identified as baanis. Terms like gayaki and baaj were used to refer to vocal and instrumental styles, respectively. With the institutionalization of music education the term gharana became acceptable. Gharana originally referred to hereditary musicians from a particular lineage, including disciples and grand disciples. Which one of the following pairings is NOT correct?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) dhrupad, baani
- b) gayaki, vocal
- c) baaj, institution
- d) gharana, lineage
- 9) Two trains started at 7AM from the same point. The first train travelled north at a speed of 80 km/h and the second train travelled south at a speed of 100 km/h. The time at which they were 540 km apart is _____ AM.

GATE 2019 PI

- a) 9
- b) 10
- c) 11
- d) 11.30
- 10) "I read somewhere that in ancient times the prestige of a kingdom depended upon the number of taxes that it was able to levy on its people. It was very much like the prestige of a head-hunter in his own community."

Based on the paragraph above, the prestige of a head-hunter depended upon _____

GATE 2019 PI

- a) the prestige of the kingdom
- b) the prestige of the heads
- c) the number of taxes he could levy
- d) the number of heads he could gather

1-25 carry one mark each

- a) Porosity
b) Relative permeability
- c) Capillary pressure
d) Wettability

8) Match the following:

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|
| P. Induction Log | I. Equivalent water resistivity |
| Q. Dielectric Log | II. Resistivity |
| R. Self-Potential Log | III. Conductivity |
| S. Electrical Log | IV. Permittivity |

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-II, Q-IV, R-III, S-I
b) P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-II
- c) P-III, Q-II, R-IV, S-I
d) P-III, Q-IV, R-I, S-II

9) Which one of the following rocks and reservoir fluids are arranged in the decreasing order of their electrical resistivity? Assume that rocks have equal porosity and are filled with brine.

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Shale > Brine > Sandstone > Limestone > Gas
b) Gas > Shale > Sandstone > Limestone > Brine
- c) Gas > Limestone > Sandstone > Shale > Brine
d) Shale > Brine > Limestone > Sandstone > Gas

10) Which one of the following is the correct sequence of events for hydrocarbon generation in the subsurface?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Catagenesis → Metagenesis → Diagenesis
b) Catagenesis → Diagenesis → Metagenesis
- c) Diagenesis → Catagenesis → Metagenesis
d) Diagenesis → Metagenesis → Catagenesis

11) Match the following:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| P. Bingham plastic | I. $\tau = ky^n$ |
| Q. Power law | II. $\tau = \tau_y + ky^n$ |
| R. Power law with yield stress | III. $\tau = \tau_y + \mu_p \gamma$ |

Here

- τ : shear stress
 τ_y : yield value or yield stress
 μ_p : shear viscosity
 n : power law index
 k : consistency index
 γ : shear rate

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-II, Q-I, R-III
b) P-I, Q-III, R-II
- c) P-III, Q-II, R-I
d) P-III, Q-I, R-II

12) Match the following for drill pipe failure:

- P. Twist off I. due to excessive tension
 Q. Parting II. due to excessive torque
 R. Collapse III. due to cyclic loading
 S. Fatigue IV. due to extensive external pressure

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-III, Q-IV, R-I, S-II c) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV
 b) P-II, Q-I, R-IV, S-III d) P-IV, Q-III, R-II, S-I

13) Which one of the following flow regimes is more favorable for gas lift operation?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Bubbly flow c) Churn flow
 b) Annular flow d) Stratified flow

14) H₂S gas is

GATE 2019 PI

- a) acidic. c) lighter than air.
 b) non-corrosive. d) non-flammable.

15) Which one of the following offshore platforms **DOES NOT** use buoyant columns or pontoons?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Tension leg platforms c) Spar platforms
 b) Jack up platforms d) Semi-submersible platforms

16) In which one of the following offshore platforms, the condition of the sea floor is a vital consideration?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Drill ship platforms d) Floating, production, storage and offload-
 b) Tension leg platforms ing (FPSO) platforms
 c) Concrete gravity platforms

17) The 'Klinkenberg effect' is related to

GATE 2019 PI

- a) viscous fingering during water flooding in oil reservoirs. c) oil viscosity dependence on temperature.
 b) hysteresis effect in relative permeability during drainage and imbibition process. d) slippage of gas phase at the sand grain surface.

18) Favourable conditions for formation of gas hydrates are

GATE 2019 PI

- a) high temperature and high pressure. c) low temperature and high pressure.
 b) high temperature and low pressure. d) low temperature and low pressure.

19) Match the following quantities with their dimensions:

P. Viscosity	I. $M^1 L^{-1} T^{-2}$
Q. Permeability	II. $M^0 L^2 T^0$
R. Compressibility	III. $M^1 L^{-1} T^{-1}$
S. Pressure	IV. $M^{-1} L^1 T^2$

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-III, Q-II, R-IV, S-I c) P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-II
 b) P-II, Q-I, R-IV, S-III d) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV

20) The plot of dissolved gas oil ratio (R_s), defined as the “ratio of STP volume of gas dissolved in the oil at pressure P , to the volume of the oil at STP” is given below.

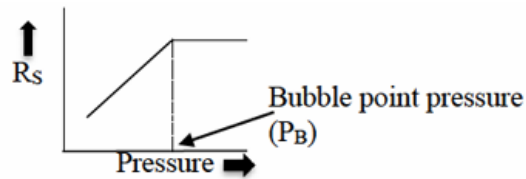
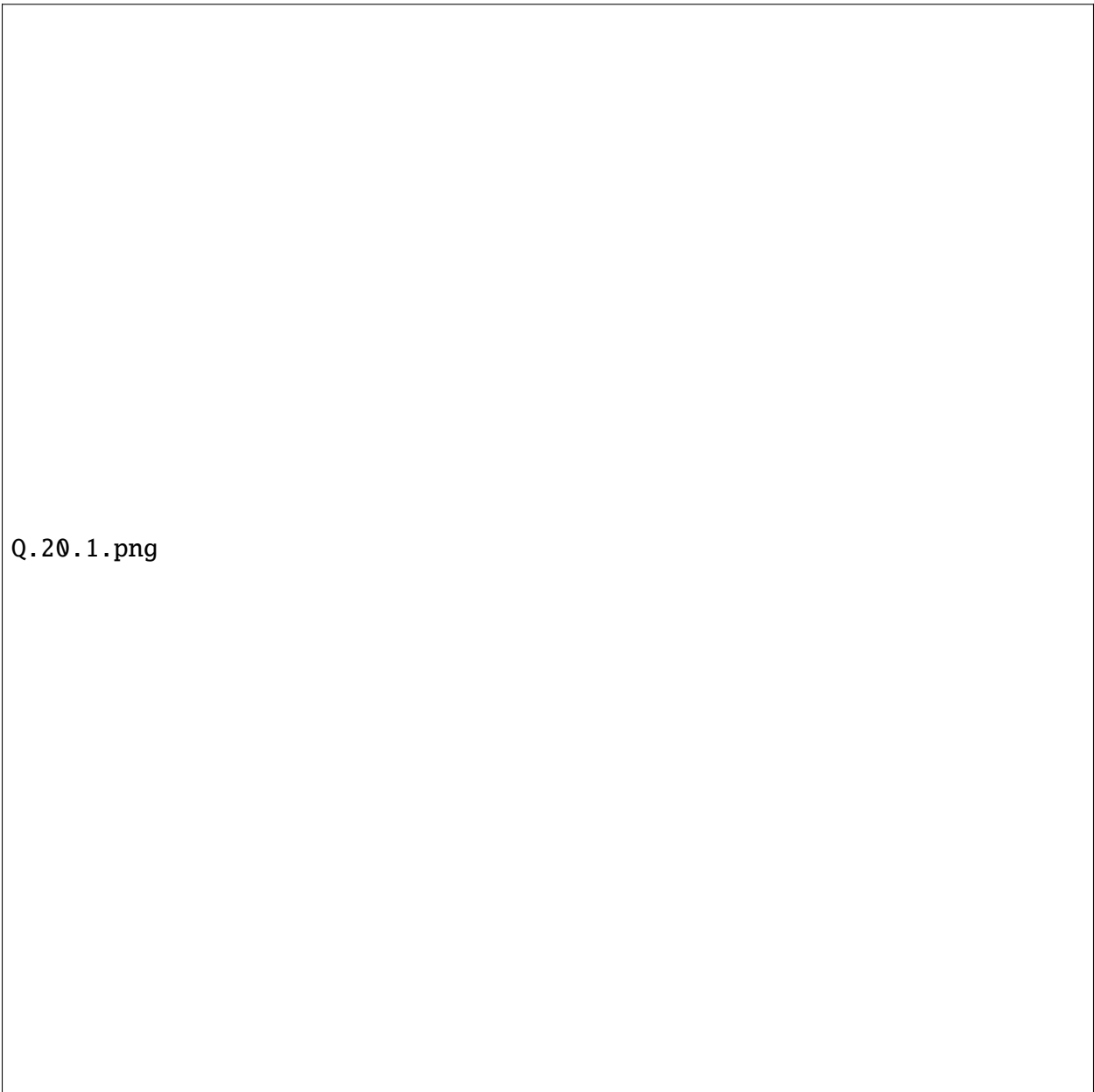


Fig. 1.

For the same oil, the plot of produced gas oil ratio (R_p) defined as the “ratio of STP volume of the gas liberated from the oil at pressure P , to the volume of the oil at STP” is GATE 2019 PI



Q.20.1.png

Fig. 2. fig2

21) Which one of the following denotes a regular four-spot flood pattern?

- Δ represents injection well
- \circ represents production well

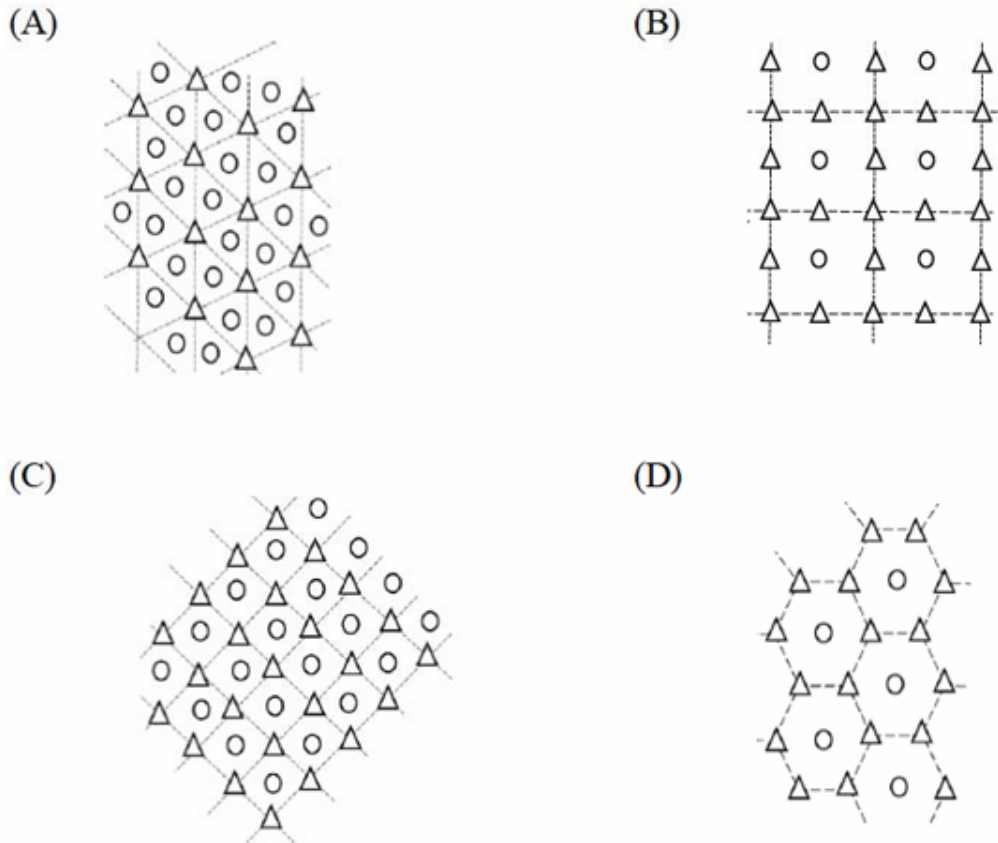


Fig. 3. fig3

- 22) The value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+1)\sin x}{x^2+2x}$ is _____ (round off to 2 decimal places).
GATE 2019 PI
- 23) Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ b \end{pmatrix}a$, and $Y = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2}$. If $AX = Y$, then $a + b$ equals _____.
GATE 2019 PI
- 24) Let $\mathbf{u} = i + j + ak$ and $\mathbf{v} = a^2i + 4j - 4k$, where i, j and k are cartesian unit vectors. If \mathbf{u} is perpendicular to \mathbf{v} , then a equals _____.
GATE 2019 PI
- 25) If the neutron log porosity (ϕ_N) is 0.09 and density log porosity (ϕ_D) is 0.24 in the cross-over region, then the average porosity of the gas bearing region is _____ (round off to 2 decimal places).
GATE 2019 PI
- 26-55 carry two marks each
- 26) The general solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ is (here C_1 and C_2 are arbitrary constants)
GATE 2019 PI

a) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{-x}$
 b) $y = C_1 x e^x + C_2 x e^{2x}$

c) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 x e^{-x}$
 d) $y = C_1 e^x + C_2 x e^x$

27) Consider the following system of linear equations (where p and q are constants):

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 1 \\ x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 &= p \\ 3x_1 - x_2 + 5x_3 &= q \end{aligned}$$

This system has at least one solution for any p and q satisfying

GATE 2019 PI

a) $2p - q + 1 = 0$
 b) $2q + p + 1 = 0$
 c) $2p + q - 1 = 0$
 d) $2q + p - 1 = 0$

28) Three reservoirs P, Q and R have identical geometry and rock properties. The plot of the height of the transition zone (h) above the free water level (FWL) against the water saturation (S_w) is given in the figure. Assume $\sigma \cos \theta$ for all the three fluid combinations remains the same. Which one of the following is the correct match of the reservoir fluids with the reservoir (σ is the interfacial tension between the respective fluid phases and θ is the contact angle).

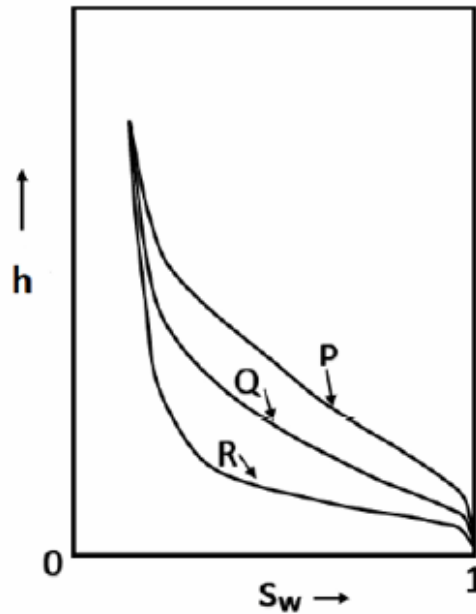


Fig. 4. fig4

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P: low density oil – water, Q: gas – water, R: high density oil – water
 b) P: gas – water, Q: low density oil – water, R: high density oil – water
 c) P: high density oil – water, Q: low density oil – water, R: gas – water
 d) P: gas – water, Q: high density oil – water, R: low density oil – water

29) The fractional flow (f_w) versus water saturation (S_w) curve for an imbibition process (neglecting the capillary forces) in a given core for three different inclinations is shown in the figure.

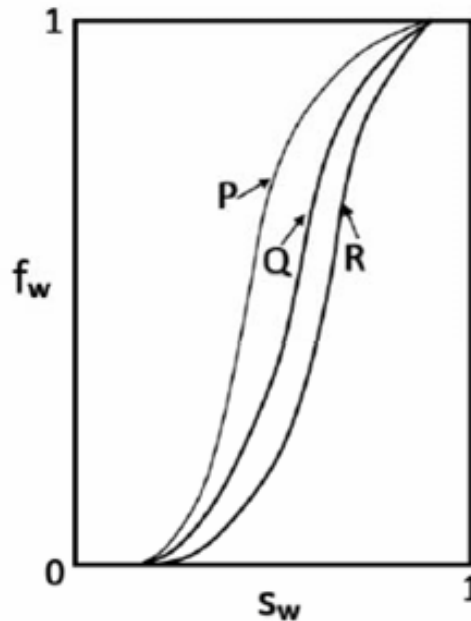


Fig. 5. fig5

Which one of the following is the correct representation of the fractional flow curves? GATE 2019 PI

- a) P: Down-dip, Q: No-dip, R: Up-dip c) P: No-dip, Q: Down-dip, R: Up-dip
 b) P: Down-dip, Q: Up-dip, R: No-dip d) P: Up-dip, Q: No-dip, R: Down-dip

30) Match the following:

P. Dynamic positioning

Q. Mooring

R. Jack-up

S. Semi-submersible platform

I. Self-contained drilling rig on a floating barge, fitted with long supports

II. A system which automatically controls a vessel's position and heading

III. Remains afloat by weight and buoyancy balance.

IV. A system that is used for station keeping of a floating platform or structure

GATE 2019 PI

a) P-IV, Q-II, R-I, S-III

b) P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-II

c) P-II, Q-IV, R-I, S-III

d) P-II, Q-IV, R-III, S-I

31) Match the following:

P. Increase in sweep efficiency at the macroscopic-level by increasing water viscosity	I. LPG injection
Q. Increase in sweep efficiency at the macroscopic-level by decreasing oil viscosity	II. Surfactant flooding
R. Increase in displacement efficiency at the pore-scale by using a miscible displacing fluid	III. In-situ combustion
S. Increase in displacement efficiency at the pore-scale by reducing interfacial tension	IV. Polymer flooding

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-I, Q-IV, R-III, S-II c) P-IV, Q-III, R-I, S-II
b) P-I, Q-II, R-IV, S-III d) P-IV, Q-I, R-II, S-III

- 32) An exploratory well encountered three reservoir formations S1 (perfectly cemented), S2 (poorly cemented) and S3 (fractured). The Formation Factor (F) is governed by the equation $F = a\phi^{-m}$, where ' ϕ ' is the porosity and ' m ' is the cementation factor. The constant ' a ', linked to tortuosity is assumed to be 1 for all the formations. The log-log plot between Formation Factor (F) and porosity (ϕ) is shown.

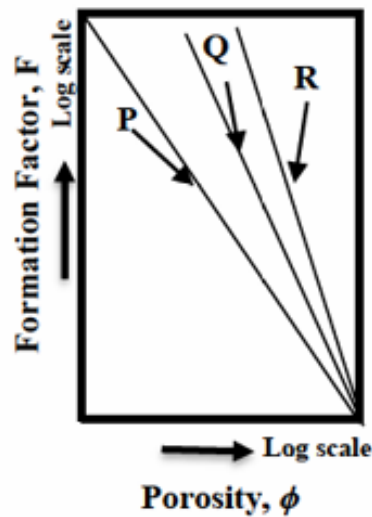


Fig. 6. fig6

GATE 2019 PI

- a) S1-P, S2-Q, S3-R c) S1-P, S2-R, S3-Q
b) S1-R, S2-P, S3-Q d) S1-R, S2-Q, S3-P

- 33) Typical parameters obtained in the pyrolysis experiment of the source rock materials are shown in the Figure. Which one of the following is NOT true about pyrolysis in source rock analysis?

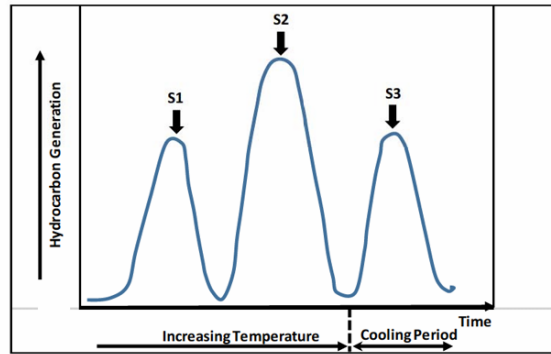


Fig. 7. fig7

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Peak S1 represents volatilization of existing hydrocarbons.
- b) Peak S2 represents breakdown of kerogen and generation of hydrocarbons.
- c) Peak S3 represents T_{\max} , the temperature at which most hydrocarbons are generated.
- d) $S1/(S1+S2)$ represents the production index.
- 34) A single well encounters multiple clean sands of exactly the same thickness, porosity and permeability. R_w is the formation fluid resistivity and R_{mf} is the mud filtrate resistivity.
- P. $R_{mf} > R_w$ I. No deflection
- Q. $R_{mf} = R_w$ II. Positive deflection
- R. $R_{mf} < R_w$ III. Negative deflection
- Which one of the following match the relation between R_w and R_{mf} to that of Self Potential (SP) log deflection?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-I, Q-III, R-II
- b) P-III, Q-I, R-II
- c) P-II, Q-I, R-III
- d) P-I, Q-II, R-III
- 35) Which one of the following options is NOT a part of the mudlogs prepared by the drill-site geologist?

GATE 2019 PI

- a) Rate of Penetration (ROP)
- b) Chromatograph showing presence of C_1 to C_5 concentration
- c) Lithology from drill cutting and its interpretation
- d) Reservoir unit delineation based on volume of shale (V_{sh})
- 36) Match the following:
- P. Location of storing the kelly on the trip
- Q. Location of storing the next drill pipe
- R. Location of storing pump pressure gauges
- S. Rotational system that controls a drill string without a kelly
- I. Mousehole
- II. Rathole
- III. Top drive
- IV. Standpipe

GATE 2019 PI

- a) P-II, Q-I, R-IV, S-III
b) P-IV, Q-II, R-III, S-I

- c) P-II, Q-I, R-III, S-IV
d) P-IV, Q-III, R-II, S-I

- 37) A box contains 2 red and 3 black balls. Three balls are randomly chosen from the box and are placed in a bag. Then the probability that there are 1 red and 2 black balls in the bag, is _____.

GATE 2019 PI

- 38) The values of a function $f(x)$ over the interval $[0, 4]$ are given in the table below:

x	0	1	2	3	4
$f(x)$	1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.06

Then, according to the trapezoidal rule, the value of the integral $\int_0^4 f(x) dx$ is _____ (round off to 2 decimal places).

GATE 2019 PI

- 39) Oil is produced at a constant rate from a well in a bounded reservoir. The variation of the bottom-hole pressure with time is shown in the given Table. The **magnitude** of the slope of the pressure vs time curve that you would use to find the drainage area is _____ psi/day (round off to 1 decimal place).

Time (days)	Flowing bottom-hole pressure (psi)	Time (days)	Flowing bottom-hole pressure (psi)
0	3500	6	2512
1	2864	7	2482
2	2725	8	2452
3	2644	9	2422
4	2587	10	2392
5	2542	11	2362

GATE 2019 PI

- 40) In a core flood experiment of immiscible and incompressible displacement of oil ($\mu_o = 1$ cP) with water ($\mu_w = 1$ cP), only axial flow is observed. The relative permeability of water is given by $k_{rw} = S_w^2$, where S_w is water saturation. The relative permeability of oil is given by $k_{ro} = (1 - S_w)^2$. The gravity and capillary pressure are neglected. From the fractional flow and water saturation relationship, the saturation of water at the flood front is _____ % (round off to 1 decimal place).

GATE 2019 PI

- 41) In an oil well, the pressure at the gas oil contact (GOC) at a depth of 2000 m is 205 bar (gauge), as shown in the figure.

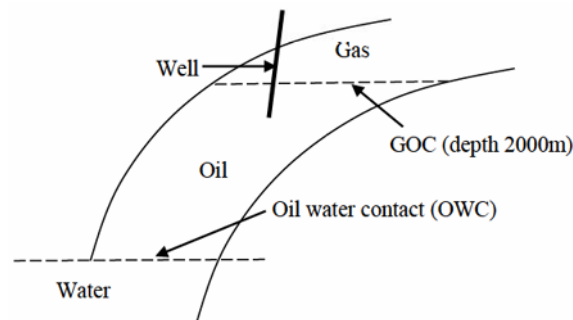


Fig. 8. fig8

The static oil pressure gradient is 0.08 bar/m in the pay zone. If a constant hydrostatic pressure gradient of 0.1 bar/m prevails throughout the subsurface, then the thickness of the oil column is _____ m (round off to 1 decimal place). GATE 2019 PI

- 42) Oil is produced at a constant rate of $10 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$ from a reservoir for 500 days. The producing gas oil ratio (GOR) is constant at $10 \frac{\text{m}^3_{\text{gas}}}{\text{m}^3_{\text{oil}}}$ for the first 100 days. Then, the producing gas oil ratio increases linearly and on the 500th day the measured GOR is $50 \frac{\text{m}^3_{\text{gas}}}{\text{m}^3_{\text{oil}}}$. The cumulative produced gas oil ratio after 500 days of production is _____ $\frac{\text{m}^3_{\text{gas}}}{\text{m}^3_{\text{oil}}}$ (round off to 1 decimal place). Assume that all volumes are measured at STP. GATE 2019 PI

- 43) A pressure build-up test was conducted in a well after 1000 days of producing oil at a constant rate of $0.01 \text{ reservoir-m}^3/\text{s}$. The two shut-in bottom-hole pressure readings taken at 0.5 day and 1 day after shut-in are $150 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$ and $151 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$, respectively. These pressure points correspond to the linear region of the Horner's plot. The reservoir thickness is 100 m and oil viscosity is $0.001 \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$. The permeability of the reservoir is _____ mD (round off to 1 decimal place). [1 mD = 10^{-15} m^2]. GATE 2019 PI

- 44) In an oil reservoir, the residual oil saturation in the volume flooded with polymer solution is 20%. The initial water saturation is 20%. The volumetric sweep efficiency is 50%. The maximum possible recovery factor for the reservoir is _____ % (round off to 1 decimal place). GATE 2019 PI

- 45) An electrical submersible pump (ESP) delivers well fluid with 100% watercut. In the ESP, the impeller diameter is 0.1 m and speed is 3600 rpm. The total head developed by the ESP is 300 m (water column height). If the stage efficiency of the ESP is 60%, then the minimum number of stages required is _____ (round off to nearest integer). [$g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$] GATE 2019 PI

- 46) In a counter flow heat exchanger, hot fluid enters at 100°C and leaves at 50°C . Cold fluid enters at 30°C and leaves at 40°C . If heat losses are ignored, then the logarithmic mean temperature difference (LMTD) is _____ $^\circ\text{C}$ (round off to 1 decimal place). GATE 2019 PI

- 47) A model porous block of cross sectional area (A) and length (L) is made up of N independent capillaries of equal radii (r) and length (L). The porosity of the block is 10%, and the permeability for a laminar, incompressible and steady state flow is 0.02 mD. If the flow is only through the capillaries, then the value of r is _____ $\times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}$ (round off to 1 decimal place). [1 mD = 10^{-15} m^2]. GATE 2019 PI

- 48) A model porous medium of 5 cylindrical capillaries of radii varying from 60 to 100 micrometers (refer Table) is subjected to Mercury Injection Capillary Pressure (MICP) treatment. The capillaries are being filled in an increasing order of their entry pressure. The magnitude of $(\sigma \cos \theta)_{\text{air-Hg}}$ is $367 \frac{\text{dyne}}{\text{cm}}$, where σ is the interfacial tension and θ is the contact angle. The minimum applied mercury pressure to achieve 50% mercury saturation in the sample is _____ $\times 10^3 \text{ dyne/cm}^2$ (round off to 1 decimal place).

Radius (μm)	Cross- sectional Area (μm^2)	Cross-sectional Area (fraction)	Cumulative Area (fraction)
60	11304	0.11	1.00
70	15386	0.15	0.89
80	20096	0.19	0.74
90	25434	0.25	0.55
100	31400	0.30	0.30
Total Area =		103620	

GATE 2019 PI

- 49) The sonic log parameters from an exploratory well in a reservoir are as follows:
 Measured P-wave transit time (Δt_{log}) = 85 $\mu\text{s}/\text{ft}$
 True resistivity (R_t) = 10 ohm-m
 Matrix transit time (Δt_{ma}) = 45 $\mu\text{s}/\text{ft}$
 Fluid transit time (Δt_{fl}) = 205 $\mu\text{s}/\text{ft}$
 Formation water resistivity at reservoir temperature (R_w) = 0.1 ohm-m
 The hydrocarbon saturation (in percentage) in the reservoir is _____ (round off to 1 decimal place).
 [Hint: Wyllie time average equation is $\Delta t_{log} = (1 - \phi)\Delta t_{ma} + \phi\Delta t_{fl}$ and formation water resistivity has the correlation $R_w = \frac{1}{a}\phi^2 R_t S_w^2$, where S_w is water saturation, ϕ is porosity and $a = 1$]
 GATE 2019 PI
- 50) A vertical well of 8000 ft is producing below bubble point pressure. Oil and water each is produced at the rate of 500 bbl/day. The indicated bottom hole pressure is 3000 psi. If the same gas to liquid ratio (GLR) is maintained, using the given figure, the new bottom hole pressure at 5000 ft is _____ psi.

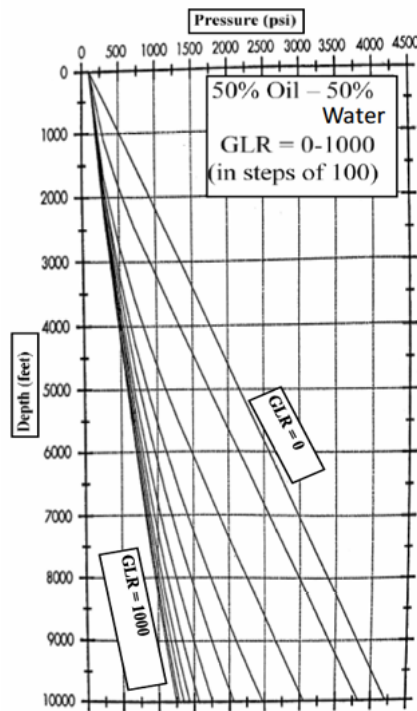


Fig. 9. fig9

GATE 2007 PI

- 51) In a drilling rig, the crown block and the traveling block have three and two sheaves, respectively. A single wireline connects the hoisting drum to the deadline anchor as shown in the figure. Neglect the weight of the pulleys and the wireline, and friction between the sheaves and wireline. The ratio of the deadline load to static crown load is _____ (round off to 2 decimal places).

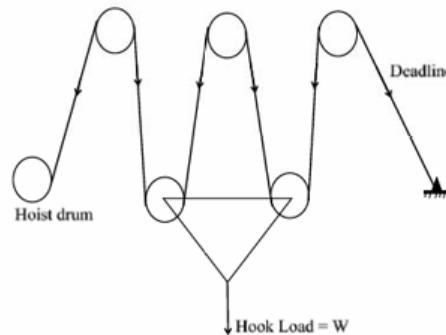


Fig. 10. fig10

GATE 2019 PI

- 52) Cement weighing 100 kg is mixed with 50 liters of water. The specific gravity of cement is 3.14 and the density of water is 1000 kg/m³. Neglecting volume changes, the resulting density of the slurry is _____ kg/m³ (round off to 1 decimal place).

GATE 2019 PI

- 53) In an active water drive during a certain period, the rate of production and reservoir pressure remain constant. The water influx into the reservoir from the aquifer is 6000 bbl/day. The surface oil and water production rates are 3000 STB/day and 1500 STB/day, respectively. The current production gas to oil ratio is 825 SCF/STB, and the formation volume factors at the current pressure for oil, water and gas are 1.375 bbl/STB, 1.04 bbl/STB and 0.007 bbl/STB, respectively. The solution gas to oil ratio at the current pressure is _____ SCF/STB (round off to 1 decimal place).

GATE 2019 PI

- 54) In a water flooding experiment, the pressure gradients in the displacing and displaced phases are 400 psi/ft and 350 psi/ft, respectively. Assume that the displacement front is stable in the absence of capillary and gravity forces. Consider that only water flows upstream and only oil flows downstream of the displacement front. Then the mobility ratio for this immiscible displacement process is _____ (round off to 2 decimal places).

GATE 2019 PI

- 55) In a pressure draw-down testing, the well bore flowing pressure (P_{wf}) is given by

$$P_{wf} = P_i - \frac{162.6 q \mu B}{kh} \left[\log \left(\frac{kt}{\phi \mu c r_w^2} \right) - 3.23 + 0.87S \right].$$

The following data is given in the oil field units,

Initial reservoir pressure (P_i) = 5000 psia

Pressure after 1 hr of production (P_{1hr}) = 4000 psia

Oil flow rate (q) = 500 STB/day

Porosity (ϕ) = 0.25

Viscosity of oil (μ) = 2 cP

Formation volume factor of oil (B) = 1.2 bbl/STB

Formation thickness (h) = 20 ft

Total compressibility (c) = 30×10^{-6} psi⁻¹

Well bore radius (r_w) = 0.3 ft

The slope of P_{wf} versus $\log t$ is -100 psi/cycle. Then, the skin factor (S) for this well is _____ (round off to 1 decimal place).

GATE 2019 PI