1

EC: ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING - 2025

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	 Here are two analogous groups, Group-I and Group-II, that list words in their decreasing order of intensity. Identify the missing word in Group-II. Group-I: Abuse → Insult → Ridicule Group-II: → Praise → Appreciate 					
		Tr ···		(GATE EC 2025)		
8	a) Extol	b) Prize	c) Appropriate	d) Espouse		
	2) Had I learnt acting as a child, I a famous film star. Select the most appropriate option to complete the above sentence.					
				(GATE EC 2025)		
г	a) will be	b) can be	c) am going to be	d) could have been		
3) The 12 musical notes are given as C, $C^{\#}$ D, $D^{\#}$, E, F, $F^{\#}$, G , $G^{\#}$, A, $A^{\#}$, and B. Frequency of each note is $\sqrt[12]{2}$ times the frequency of the previous note. If the frequency of the note C is 130.8 Hz, then the ratio of frequencies of notes $F^{\#}$ and C is:						
	(GATE EC 2025)					
8	a) $\sqrt[6]{2}$	b) $\sqrt{2}$	c) $\sqrt[4]{2}$	d) 2		

4) The following Fig. ?? show three curves generated using an iterative algorithm. The total length of the curve generated after 'Iteration n' is:

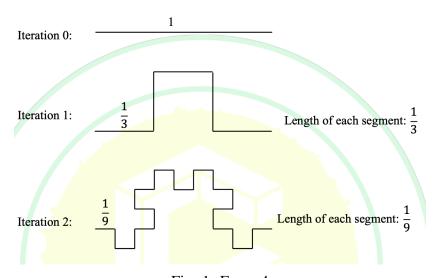


Fig. 1: For q-4



5) Which one of the following plots represents $f(x) = -\frac{|x|}{x}$, where x is a non-zero real number?

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- 6) Identify the option that has the most appropriate sequence such that a coherent paragraph is formed:
 - P. Over time, such adaptations lead to significant evolutionary changes with the potential to shape the development of new species.
 - Q. In natural world, organisms constantly adapt to their environments in response to challenges and opportunities.
 - R. This process of adaptation is driven by the principle of natural selection, where favorable traits increase an organism's chances of survival and reproduction.
 - S. As environments change, organisms that can adapt their behavior, structure and physiology to such changes are more likely to survive.

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a)
$$P \to Q \to R \to S$$
 b) $Q \to S \to R \to P$ c) $R \to S \to Q \to P$ d) $S \to P \to R \to Q$

7) A stick of length one meter is broken at two locations at distances of b_1 and b_2 from the origin (0), as shown in the Fig. ??. Note that $0 < b_1 < b_2 < 1$. Which one of the following is NOT a necessary condition for forming a triangle using the three pieces?

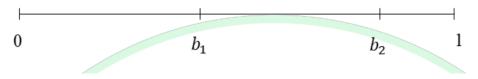


Fig. 2: For q-7

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a)
$$b_1 < 0.5$$
 b) $b_2 > 0.5$ c) $b_2 < b_1 + 0.5$ d) $b_1 + b_2 < 1$

8) Eight students (P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W) are playing musical chairs. The Fig. ?? indicates their order of position at the start of the game. They play the game by moving forward in a circle in the clockwise direction. After the 1st round, 4th student behind P leaves the game. After 2nd round, 5th student behind Q leaves the game. After 3rd round, 3rd student behind V leaves the game. After 4th round, 4th student behind U leaves the game. Who all are left in the game after the 4th round?

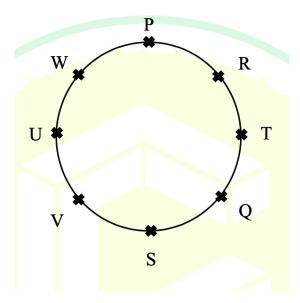


Fig. 3: For q-8

- a) P; T; Q; S
- b) V; P; T; Q
- c) W; R; Q; U
- d) Q; T; V; W
- 9) The table lists the top 5 nations according to the number of gold medals won in a tournament; also included are the number of silver and the bronze medals won by them. Based only on the data provided in the table, which one of the following statements is INCORRECT?

Nation	Gold	Silver	Bronze
USA	40	44	41
Canada	39	24	27
Japan	12	20	13
Australia	19	17	16
France	16	22	26

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) France will occupy the third place if the list were made on the basis of the total number of medals won.
- b) The order of the top two nations will not change even if the list is made on the basis of the total number of medals won.
- c) USA and Canada together have less than 50% of the medals awarded to the nations in the above table.
- d) Canada has won twice as many total medals as Japan.
- 10) An organization allows its employees to work independently on consultancy projects but charges an overhead on the consulting fee. The overhead is 20% of the consulting fee, if the fee is up to 4. For higher fees, the overhead is 1,00,000 plus 10% of the amount by which the fee exceeds 5,00,000. The government charges a Goods and Services Tax of 18% on the total amount (the consulting fee plus the overhead). An employee of the organization charges this entire amount, i.e., the consulting fee, overhead, and tax, to the client. If the client cannot pay more than 10,00,000, what is the maximum consulting fee that the employee can charge?

- a) 7,01,438
- b) 7,24,961
- c) 7,51,232
- d) 7,75,784

11) Consider the matrix A below:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha & \beta \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

For which of the following combinations of α , β , and γ , is the rank of A at least three?

- (i) $\alpha = 0$ and $\beta = \gamma \neq 0$.
- (ii) $\alpha = \beta = \gamma = 0$
- (iii) $\beta = \gamma = 0$ and $\alpha \neq 0$.
- (iv) $\alpha = \beta = \gamma \neq 0$

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) Only (i), (iii), and (ivb) Only (iv)
- c) Only (ii)
- d) Only (i) and (iii)

12) Consider the following series:

(i)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$$
 (ii) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ (iii) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!}$

Choose the correct option.

(GATE EC 2025)

a) Only (ii) converges

c) Only (iii) converges

b) Only (ii) and (iii) converge

- d) All three converge
- 13) A pot contains two red balls and two blue balls. Two balls are drawn from this pot randomly without replacement. What is the probability that the two balls drawn have different colours?

(GATE EC 2025)

a) 2/3

b) 1/3

c) 1/2

- d) 1
- 14) Consider a frequency-modulated (FM) signal $f(t) = A_c \cos(2\pi f_c t + 3\sin(2\pi f_1 t) + 4\sin(6\pi f_1 t))$, where A_c and f_c are, respectively, the amplitude and frequency (in Hz) of the carrier waveform. The frequency f_1 is in Hz, and assume that $f_c > 100 f_1$. The peak frequency deviation of the FM signal in Hz is ______.

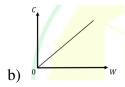
(GATE EC 2025)

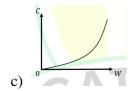
a) $15f_1$

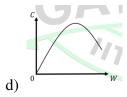
- b) $12f_1$
- c) $4f_1$

- d) $2f_1$
- 15) Consider an additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) channel with bandwidth W and noise power spectral density $\frac{N_0}{2}$. Let P_{av} denote the average transmit power constraint. Which one of the following plots illustrates the dependence of the channel capacity C on the bandwidth W (keeping P_{av} and N_0 fixed)? (GATE EC 2025)









16) The Nyquist plot of a system is given in the Fig. ?? below. Let ω_P , ω_Q , ω_R , and ω_S be the positive frequencies at the points P, Q, R, and S, respectively. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

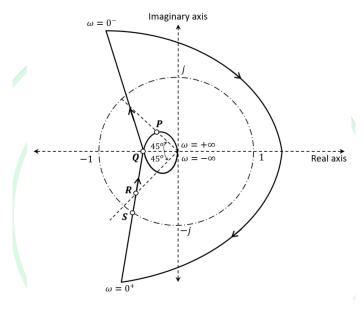


Fig. 4: For q-16

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) ω_S is the gain crossover frequency and ω_P is the phase crossover frequency
- b) ω_Q is the gain crossover frequency and ω_R is the phase crossover frequency
- c) ω_O is the gain crossover frequency and ω_S is the phase crossover frequency
- d) ω_S is the gain crossover frequency and ω_Q is the phase crossover frequency
- 17) Consider the discrete-time system below in Fig. ?? with input x[n] and output y[n]. In the figure, $h_1[n]$ and $h_2[n]$ denote the impulse responses of LTI Subsystems 1 and 2, respectively. Also, $\delta[n]$ is the unit impulse, and b > 0. Assuming $h_2[n] \neq \delta[n]$, the overall system (denoted by the dashed box) is ______.

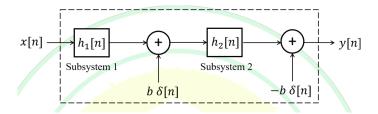


Fig. 5: For q-17

- a) linear and time invariant
- b) linear and time variant

- c) nonlinear and time invariant
- d) nonlinear and time variant
- 18) Consider a continuous-time, real-valued signal f(t) whose Fourier transform $F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) \exp(-j\omega t) dt$ exists. Which one of the following statements is always TRUE?

a)
$$|F(\omega)| \le \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)| dt$$

b) $|F(\omega)| > \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)| dt$

c)
$$|F(\omega)| \le \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) dt$$

d) $|F(\omega)| \ge \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) dt$

b)
$$|F(\omega)| > \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(t)| dt$$

- 19) Consider a part of an electrical network as shown below in Fig. ??. Some node voltages, and the current flowing through the 3Ω resistor are as indicated. The voltage (in Volts) at node X is

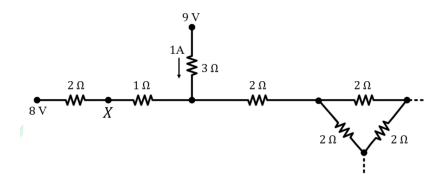


Fig. 6: For q-19

(GATE EC 2025)

c)
$$22/3$$

d)
$$2/3$$

20) Let i_C , i_L , and i_R be the currents flowing through the capacitor, inductor, and resistor, respectively, in the circuit given in Fig. ??. The AC admittances are given in Siemens (S). Which one of the following is TRUE?

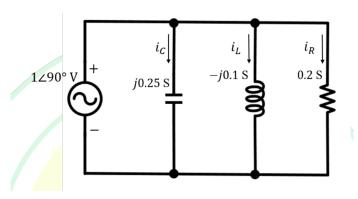


Fig. 7: For q-20

a)
$$i_C = 0.25 \angle 180^\circ$$
 A, $i_L = 0.1 \angle 0^\circ$ A, $i_R = 0.2 \angle 90^\circ$ A

b)
$$i_C = 4\angle 180^\circ \text{ A}$$
, $i_I = 10\angle 0^\circ \text{ A}$, $i_R = 5\angle 90^\circ \text{ A}$

b)
$$i_C = 4\angle 180^\circ$$
 A, $i_L = 10\angle 0^\circ$ A, $i_R = 5\angle 90^\circ$ A
c) $i_C = 0.25\angle 270^\circ$ A, $i_L = 0.1\angle 90^\circ$ A, $i_R = 0.2\angle 90^\circ$ A

- d) $i_C = 4 \angle 90^{\circ} \text{ A}, i_L = 10 \angle 270^{\circ} \text{ A}, i_R = 5 \angle 0^{\circ} \text{ A}$
- 21) A simplified small-signal equivalent circuit of a BJT-based amplifier is given in Fig. ??. The smallsignal voltage gain v_o/v_s (in V/V) is

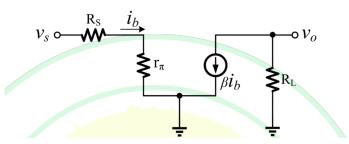


Fig. 8: For q-21

a)
$$-\frac{\beta R_L}{R_S + r_\pi}$$
 b) $+\frac{\beta R_L}{R_S}$

b)
$$+\frac{\beta R_L}{R_S}$$

c)
$$-\frac{\beta R_L}{R_S}$$

d)
$$+\frac{\beta R_L}{R_S + r_\pi}$$

22) The ideal BJT in the circuit given in Fig. ?? is biased in the active region with a β of 100. If I_B is 10 μ A, then V_{CE} (in Volts, rounded off to two decimal places) is ______

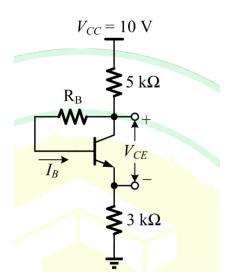


Fig. 9: For q-22

(GATE EC 2025)

23) A 3-input majority logic gate has inputs X, Y, and Z. The output F of the gate is logic '1' if two or more of the inputs are logic '1'. The output F is logic '0' if two or more of the inputs are logic '0'. Which one of the following options is a Boolean expression of the output F?

(GATE EC 2025)

a)
$$XY + YZ + ZX$$

b)
$$X \oplus Y \oplus Z$$

c)
$$X + Y + Z$$

24) A full adder and an XOR gate are used to design a digital circuit with inputs X, Y, and Z, and output F, as shown in Fig. ??. The input Z is connected to the carry-in input of the full adder.

If the input Z is set to logic '1', then the circuit functions as _____ with X and Y as inputs.

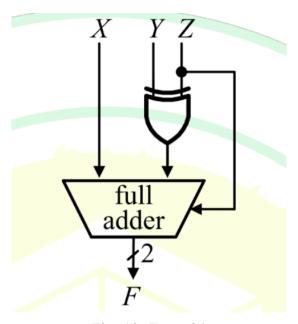


Fig. 10: For q-24

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) an adder
- b) a subtractor

- c) a multiplier
- d) a binary to Gray code converter
- 25) Consider the function $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$, defined as $f(x) = 2x^3 3x^2 12x + 1$. Which of the following statements is/are correct? (Here, \mathbb{R} is the set of real numbers.)

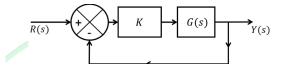
(GATE EC 2025)

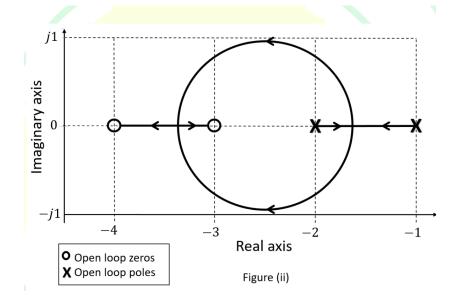
a) f has no global maximizer

c) x = -1 is a local minimizer of f

b) f has no global minimizer

- d) x = 2 is a local maximizer of f
- 26) Consider the unity-negative-feedback system shown in Figure (i) below, where gain $K \ge 0$. The root locus of this system is shown in Figure (ii) below. For what value(s) of K will the system in Figure (i) have a pole at -1 + j1?





- a) K = 5
- b) K = 1/5

- c) For no positive value of *K*
- d) For all positive values of K
- 27) Let x[n] be a discrete-time signal whose z-transform is X(z). Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) The discrete-time Fourier transform (DTFT) of x[n] always exists
- b) The region of convergence (RoC) of X(z) contains neither poles nor zeros
- c) The discrete-time Fourier transform (DTFT) exists if the region of convergence (RoC) contains the unit circle
- d) If $x[n] = \alpha \delta[n]$, where $\delta[n]$ is the unit impulse and α is a scalar, then the region of convergence (RoC) is the entire z-plane
- 28) Consider a message signal m(t) which is bandlimited to [-W, W], where W is in Hz. Consider the following two modulation schemes for the message signal:
 - Double sideband-suppressed carrier (DSB SC): $f_{DSB}(t) = A_c m(t) \cos(2\pi f_c t)$
 - Amplitude modulation (AM): $f_{AM}(t) = A_c (1 + \mu m(t)) \cos(2\pi f_c t)$

Here, A_c and f_c are the amplitude and frequency (in Hz) of the carrier, respectively. In the case of AM, μ denotes the modulation index. Consider the following statements:

- (i.) An envelope detector can be used for demodulation in the DSB-SC scheme if m(t) > 0 for all t.
- (ii.) An envelope detector can be used for demodulation in the AM scheme only if m(t) > 0 for all t. Which of the following options is/are correct?

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) (i) is TRUE
- b) (i) is FALSE
- c) (ii) is TRUE
- d) (ii) is FALSE
- 29) Which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to an ideal opamp?

- a) It has an infinite input resistance
- b) It has an infinite output resistance
- c) It has an infinite open-loop differential gain
- d) It has an infinite open-loop common-mode gain
- 30) Which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to ideal MOSFET based DC-coupled single-stage amplifiers having finite load resistors?

- a) The common-gate amplifier has an infinite input resistance
- b) The common-source amplifier has an infinite input resistance
- c) The input and output voltages of the common-source amplifier are in phase
- d) The input and output voltages of the common-drain amplifier are in phase
- 31) Which of the following can be used as an n-type dopant for silicon? Select the correct option(s).

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) Arsenic
- b) Boron
- c) Gallium
- d) Phosphorous
- 32) The function y(t) satisfies $t^2y''(t) 2ty'(t) + 2y(t) = 0$, where y'(t) and y''(t) denote the first and second derivatives of y(t), respectively. Given y'(0) = 1 and y'(1) = -1, the maximum value of y(t) over [0, 1] is ______ (rounded off to two decimal places).

(GATE EC 2025)

33) The generator matrix of a (6,3) binary linear block code is given by

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

The minimum Hamming distance d_{min} between codewords equals _____ (answer in integer). (GATE EC 2025)

34) All the components in the bandpass filter given in Fig. ?? are ideal. The lower -3 dB frequency of the filter is 1 MHz. The upper -3 dB frequency (in MHz, rounded off to the nearest integer) is

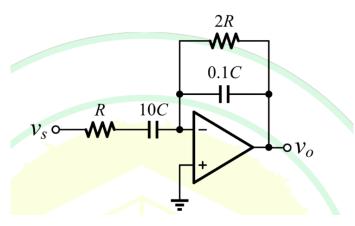


Fig. 11: For q-34

(GATE EC 2025)

35) A 4-bit weighted-resistor DAC with inputs b_3 , b_2 , b_1 , and b_0 (MS BtoLS B) is designed using an ideal opamp, as shown in Fig. ??. The switches are closed when the corresponding input bits are logic '1' and open otherwise. When the input $b_3b_2b_1b_0$ changes from 1110 to 1101, the magnitude of the change in the output voltage V_0 (in mV, rounded off to the nearest integer) is ______.

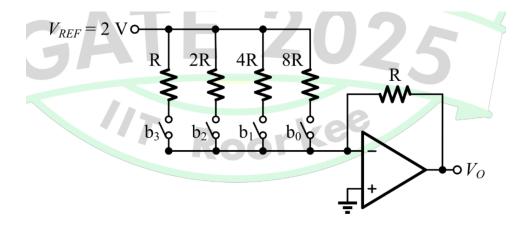


Fig. 12: For q-35

36) Let $G(s) = \frac{1}{10s^2}$ be the transfer function of a second-order system. A controller M(s) is connected to the system G(s) in the configuration shown in Fig. ??.

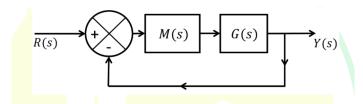


Fig. 13: For q-36

Consider the following statements.

- (i) There exists no controller of the form $M(s) = \frac{K_I}{s}$, where K_I is a positive real number, such that the closed loop system is stable.
- (ii) There exists at least one controller of the form $M(s) = K_P + sK_D$, where K_P and K_D are positive real numbers, such that the closed loop system is stable.

Which one of the following options is correct?

(GATE EC 2025)

a) (i) is TRUE and (ii) is FALSE

c) Both (i) and (ii) are FALSE

b) (i) is FALSE and (ii) is TRUE

- d) Both (i) and (ii) are TRUE
- 37) Consider the polynomial $p(s) = s^5 + 7s^4 + 3s^3 33s^2 + 2s 40$. Let (L, I, R) be defined as follows. L is the number of roots of p(s) with negative real parts. I is the number of roots of p(s) that are purely imaginary. I is the number of roots of I is the number of the following options is correct?

(GATE EC 2025)

a)
$$L = 2, I = 2$$
, and $R = 1$

c)
$$L = 1, I = 2, \text{ and } R = 2$$

b)
$$L = 3, I = 2$$
, and $R = 0$

d)
$$L = 0, I = 4$$
, and $R = 1$

38) Consider a continuous-time finite-energy signal f(t) whose Fourier transform vanishes outside the frequency interval $[-\omega_c, \omega_c]$, where ω_c is in rad/sec. The signal f(t) is uniformly sampled to obtain y(t) = f(t) p(t). Here, $p(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - \tau - nT_s)$, with $\delta(t)$ being the Dirac impulse, $T_s > 0$, and

 $\tau > 0$. The sampled signal y(t) is passed through an ideal lowpass filter $h(t) = \frac{\omega_c T_s \sin(\omega)_c t}{\pi \omega_c t}$ with cutoff frequency ω_c and passband gain T_s . The output of the filter is given by _ GATE EC 2025)

- a) f(t) if $T_s < \pi/\omega_c$
- b) $f(t-\tau)$ if $T_s < \pi/\omega_c$
- c) $f(t-\tau)$ if $T_s < 2\pi/\omega_c$
- d) $T_s f(t)$ if $T_s < 2\pi/\omega_c$
- 39) In the circuit in Fig. ??, M_1 is an ideal AC voltmeter and M_2 is an ideal AC ammeter. The source voltage (in Volts) is $v_s(t) = 100 \cos(200t)$. What should be the value of the variable capacitor C such that the RMS readings on M_1 and M_2 are 25 V and 5 A, respectively?

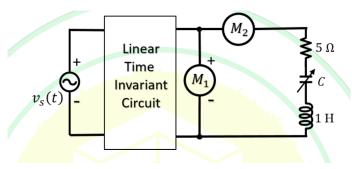


Fig. 14: For q-39

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) 25 μF
- c) 0.25 µF
- tion to find C

b) 4 μF

- d) Insufficient informa-
- 40) The Z-parameter matrix of a two port network relates the port voltages and port currents as follows:

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = Z \begin{pmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The Z-parameter matrix (with each entry in Ohms) of the network shown in Fig. ?? is ______.

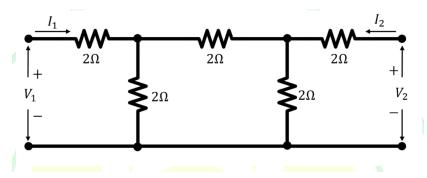


Fig. 15: For q-40

(GATE EC 2025)

a)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10/3 & 2/3 \\ 2/3 & 10/3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 b) $\begin{pmatrix} 2/3 & 10/3 \\ 10/3 & 2/3 \end{pmatrix}$ c) $\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$ d) $\begin{pmatrix} 10/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 10/3 \end{pmatrix}$

b)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2/3 & 10/3 \\ 10/3 & 2/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

c)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10 & 2 \\ 2 & 10 \end{pmatrix}$$

d)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 10/3 & 1/3 \\ 1/3 & 10/3 \end{pmatrix}$$

41) A source transmits symbol S that takes values uniformly at random from the set $\{-2,0,2\}$. The receiver obtains Y = S + N, where N is a zero-mean Gaussian random variable independent of S. The receiver uses the maximum likelihood decoder to estimate the transmitted symbol S. Suppose the probability of symbol estimation error P_e is expressed as follows: $P_e = \alpha P(N > 1)$, where P(N > 1) denotes the probability that N exceeds 1. What is the value of α ?

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) 1/3 b) 1 c) 2/3 d) 4/3
- 42) Consider a real-valued random process $f(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N} a_n p(t nT)$, where T > 0 and N is a positive integer. Here, p(t) = 1 for $t \in [0, 0.5T]$ and 0 otherwise. The coefficients a_n are pairwise independent, zero-mean unit variance random variables. Read the following statements about the random process and choose the correct option.
 - (i) The mean of the process f(t) is independent of time t.
 - (ii) The autocorrelation function $E[f(t) f(t + \tau)]$ is independent of time t for all τ . (Here, $E[\cdot]$ is the expectation operation.)

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) (i) is TRUE and (ii) is FALSE
- b) Both (i) and (ii) are TRUE
- c) Both (i) and (ii) are FALSE
- d) (i) is FALSE and (ii) is TRUE
- 43) The identical MOSFETs M1 and M2 in the circuit given in Fig. ?? are ideal and biased in the saturation region. M1 and M2 have a transconductance g_m of 5 mS. The input signals (in Volts) are: $V_1 = 2.5 + 0.01 \sin \omega t \ V_2 = 2.5 0.01 \sin \omega t \$ The output signal V_3 (in Volts) is ______.

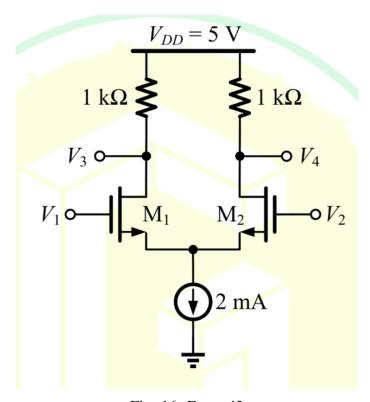


Fig. 16: For q-43

ล์	1 3	+	0	05	sin	(1)1
a	ו א	т	v.	vJ	2111	ω_{i}

c) $4 + 0.1 \sin \omega t$

b)
$$3 - 0.1 \sin \omega t$$

d) $4 - 0.05 \sin \omega t$

44) A 10-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC) has a sampling frequency of 1 MHz and a full scale voltage of 3.3 V. For an input sinusoidal signal with frequency 500 kHz, the maximum SNR (in dB, rounded off to two decimal places) and the data rate (in Mbps) at the output of the ADC are , respectively.

(GATE EC 2025)

- a) 61.96 and 10
- b) 61.96 and 5
- c) 33.36 and 10
- d) 33.36 and 5
- 45) A positive-edge-triggered sequential circuit is shown in Fig. ??. There are no timing violations in the circuit. Input P0 is set to logic '0' and P1 is set to logic '1' at all times. The timing diagram of the inputs SEL and S are also shown below. The sequence of output Y from time T0 to T3 is

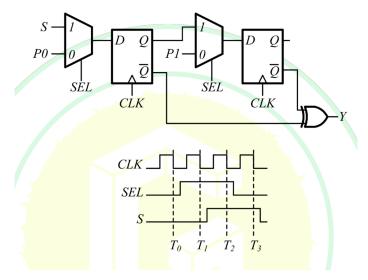


Fig. 17: For q-45

(GATE EC 2025)

a) 1011

b) 0100

c) 0010

d) 1101

46) The intrinsic carrier concentration of a semiconductor is $2.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ /m}^3$ at 300 K. If the electron and hole mobilities are 0.15 m²/Vs and 0.05 m²/Vs, respectively, then the intrinsic resistivity of the semiconductor (in k Ω .m) at 300 K is _____. (Charge of an electron $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ C.) (GATE EĆ 2025)

d) 1.95

a) 1.65

b) 1.25

- c) 0.85
- 47) In the circuit shown in Fig. ??, the identical transistors Q1 and Q2 are biased in the active region with

 $\beta = 120$. The Zener diode is in the breakdown region with VZ = 5 V and IZ = 25 mA. If IL = 12 mA and VEB1 = VEB2 = 0.7 V, then the values of R1 and R2 (in $k\Omega$, rounded off to one decimal place) are _____, respectively.

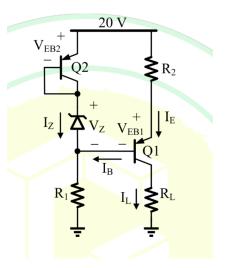


Fig. 18: For q-47

- a) 0.6 and 0.4
- b) 1.4 and 2.5
- c) 14.0 and 25.0
- d) 6.0 and 4.0
- 48) The electron mobility μ_n in a non-degenerate germanium semiconductor at 300 K is 0.38 m²/Vs. The electron diffusivity D_n at 300 K (in cm²/s, rounded off to the nearest integer) is _____. (Consider the Boltzmann constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{J/K}$ and the charge of an electron $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C.}$) (GATE EC 2025)
 - a) 26

b) 98

c) 38

- d) 10
- 49) A square metal sheet of 4 m × 4 m is placed on the x-y plane as shown in the *Fig.* ?? below. If the surface charge density $\left(\ln \mu C/m^2\right)$ on the sheet is $\rho_s(x,y) = 4|y|$, then the total charge $\left(\ln \mu C, \text{ rounded off to the nearest integer}\right)$ on the sheet is ______.

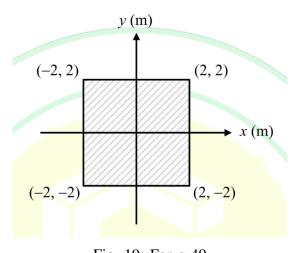


Fig. 19: For q-49

	a) 256	c) 64		0) 85	a) 16	
60) An electric field of 0.01 V/m is applied along the length of a copper wire of circular cross-section with diameter 1 mm. Copper has a conductivity of 5.8×10^7 S/m. The current (in Amperes, rounded off to two decimal places) flowing through the wire is						50)
(GATE EC 2025)	·	viic 15	ng unough the v	ar praces) nown	on to two decima.	
	d) 1.12	c) 0.58		b) 1.82	a) 0.46	
) over the interval.	Consider a non-negative function $f(x)$ which is continuous and bounded over the interval [2,8] Let M and m denote, respectively, the maximum and the minimum values of $f(x)$ over the interval Among the combinations of α and β given below, choose the one(s) for which the inequality $\beta \le \int_{2}^{8} f(x) dx \le \alpha$ is guaranteed to hold.					51)
(GATE EC 2025)				<i>6</i>	J ₂ J (1) 11 = 11	
		c) $\beta = 7m$, d) $\beta = 7m$,			a) $\beta = 5m, \alpha = 7M$ b) $\beta = 6m, \alpha = 5M$	
clockwise) on the	2) Which of the following statements involving contour integrals (evaluated counter clockwise) on the					52)
(GATE EC 2025)		,	ine is/are TRUE:	the complex plai	unit circle C in th	
	$zdz \neq 0$ $zdz \neq 0$	c) $\oint_C \cos z d$ d) $\oint_C \sec z d$	en integer	here n is an eve	a) $\oint_C e^z dz = 0$ b) $\oint_C z^n dz = 0$, who	
Consider a system where $x_1(t)$, $x_2(t)$, and $x_3(t)$ are three internal state signals and $u(t)$ is the input signal. The differential equations governing the system are given by						
	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} u(t).$	$ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \end{pmatrix} $	$\begin{pmatrix} x_1(t) \\ x_2(t) \\ x_3(t) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\frac{d}{dt}$		
(CATE EC 2025)		•	nts is/are TRUE	lowing statemen	Which of the follo	
(GATE EC 2025)	oounded inputs	ed for all bo	$x_3(t)$ are bounded	$(t), x_2(t), \text{ and } t$	a) The signals x_1 (
$x_2(t)$, and $x_3(t)$ is	of the signals $x_1(t), x_2(t)$					
inbounded	$(x_1, x_2(t))$, and $(x_3(t))$ are u		_	-	c) There exists a b	
 d) The signals x₁(t), x₂(t), and x₃(t) are unbounded for all bounded inputs (4) The random variable X takes values in {-1,0,1} with probabilities P(X = -1) = P(X = 1) = α and P(X = 0) = 1 - 2α, where 0 < α < 1/2. Let g(α) denote the entropy of X (in bits), parameterized by α. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE? 						
(GATE EC 2025)		IKOL:	atements is are	the following sta	by a. Which of the	
	0 1	c) g (0.3) 2 d) g (0.25)			a) $g(0.4) > g(0.3)$ b) $g(0.3) > g(0.4)$	

55) Let f(t) be a periodic signal with fundamental period $T_0 > 0$. Consider the signal $y(t) = f(\alpha t)$, where $\alpha > 1$. The Fourier series expansions of f(t) and y(t) are given by $f(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{j2\pi kt/T_0}$ and $y(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k e^{j2\pi \alpha kt/T_0}$. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

(GATE EC 2025)

a) $c_k = d_k$ for all k

- b) y(t) is periodic with a fundamental period αT_0
- c) $c_k = d_k/\alpha$ for all k
- d) y(t) is periodic with a fundamental period T_0/α
- 56) Consider a system represented by the block diagram shown in Fig. ??. Which of the following signal flow graphs represent(s) this system? Choose the correct option(s).

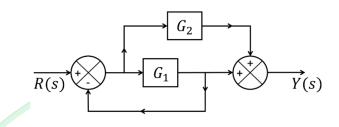
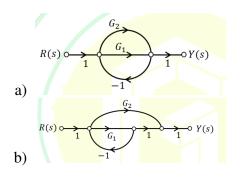
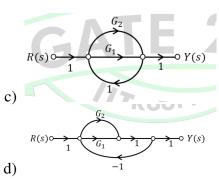


Fig. 20: For q-56





57) All the diodes in the circuit given below in Fig. ?? are ideal. Which of the following plots is/are correct when V_I (in Volts) is swept from -M to M?

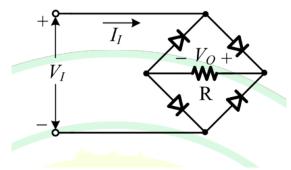


Fig. 21: For q-57

(GATE EC 2025)









58) Two fair dice (with faces labeled 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6) are rolled. Let the random variable *X* denote the sum of the outcomes obtained. The expectation of *X* is ______ (rounded off to two decimal places). (GATE EC 2025)

59) Consider the vectors $\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$. For real-valued scalar variable x, the value of $\min_x \|\mathbf{a}x - \mathbf{b}\|_2$ is _____ (rounded off to two decimal places). $\|\cdot\|_2$ denotes the Euclidean norm, i.e., for $\mathbf{y} = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$, $\|\mathbf{y}\|_2 = \sqrt{y_1^2 + y_2^2}$.

(GATE EC 2025)

60) X and Y are Bernoulli random variables taking values in $\{0, 1\}$. The joint probability mass function of the random variables is given by:

$$P(X = 0, Y = 0) = 0.06$$

$$P(X = 0, Y = 1) = 0.14$$

$$P(X = 1, Y = 0) = 0.24$$

$$P(X = 1, Y = 1) = 0.56$$

The mutual information I(X; Y) is _____ (rounded off to two decimal places).

(GATE EC 2025)

61) The diode in the circuit shown below in Fig. ?? is ideal. The input voltage (in Volts) is given by $V_I = 10 \sin 100\pi t$, where time t is in seconds. The time duration (in ms, rounded off to two decimal places) for which the diode is forward biased during one period of the input is ______.

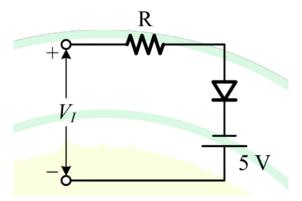


Fig. 22: For q-61

(GATE EC 2025)

62) In the circuit shown in *Fig.* ??, the AND gate has a propagation delay of 1 ns. The edge triggered flip-flops have a set-up time of 2 ns, a hold-time of 0 ns, and a clock-to-Q delay of 2 ns. The maximum clock frequency (in MHz, rounded off to the nearest integer) such that there are no setup violations is

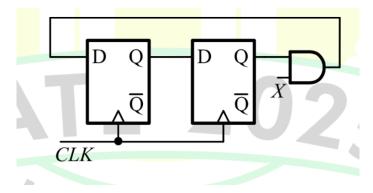


Fig. 23: For q-62

63) An ideal p-n junction germanium diode has a reverse saturation current of 10 μ A at 300 K. The voltage (in Volts, rounded off to two decimal places) to be applied across the junction to get a forward bias current of 100 mA at 300 K is ______. (Consider the Boltzmann constant $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{J/K}$ and the charge of an electron $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C.}$)

(GATE EC 2025)

64) A 50Ω lossless transmission line is terminated with a load $Z_L = (50 - j75) \Omega$. If the average incident power on the line is $10 \,\text{mW}$, then the average power delivered to the load (in mW, rounded off to one decimal place) is ______.

(GATE EC 2025)

65) Two resistors are connected in a circuit loop of area 5 m², as shown in the Fig. ?? below. The circuit loop is placed on the x-y plane. When a time-varying magnetic flux, with flux-density B(t) = 0.5t (in Tesla), is applied along the positive z-axis, the magnitude of current I (in Amperes, rounded off to two decimal places) in the loop is

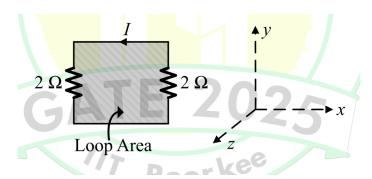


Fig. 24: For q-65