

## Matgeo-q.1.4.14

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## Question

Points  $A(-6, 10)$ ,  $B(-4, 6)$  and  $C(3, -8)$  are collinear such that

$$AB = \frac{2}{9}AC.$$

## Solution

**Given:**  $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}$ .

**Assume:**  $\mathbf{B}$  divides  $\mathbf{AC}$  in the ratio  $k : 1$ .

$$\mathbf{B} = \frac{k\mathbf{C} + \mathbf{A}}{k + 1}$$

**Compute**  $k$ :

$$\begin{aligned} k(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) &= \mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} \\ \Rightarrow k &= \frac{(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B})^\top (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C})}{\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$\|\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}\|^2 = (-7)^2 + 14^2 = 245.$$

## Solution

**Finish**  $k$ :

$$k = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}^\top \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}}{245} = \frac{(-2)(-7) + (4)(14)}{245} = \frac{70}{245} = \boxed{\frac{2}{7}}$$

**Ratios:**

$$AB : BC = \boxed{2 : 7}, \quad \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{2}{2+7} = \boxed{\frac{2}{9}}.$$

**Check:**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{B} &= \frac{7\mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{C}}{9} = \frac{7 \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -8 \end{pmatrix}}{9} \\ &= \frac{\begin{pmatrix} -42 \\ 70 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -16 \end{pmatrix}}{9} = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} -36 \\ 54 \end{pmatrix}}{9} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}. \end{aligned}$$

# Graphical Representation

3D view: Collinearity of A, B, C (embedded in  $z=0$  plane)

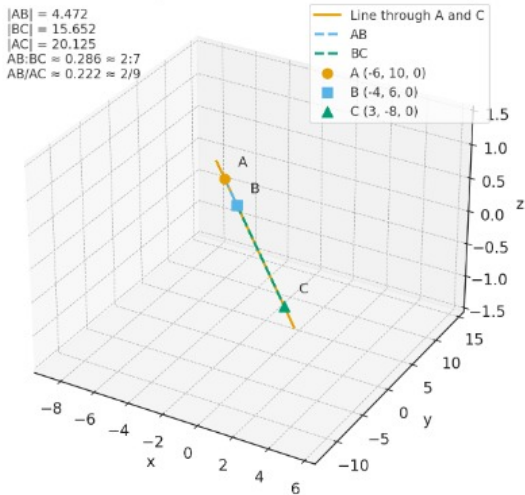


Figure: 3D view (embedded in  $z = 0$  plane) confirming collinearity