

GATE Petroleum Engineering (PE) 2024

Organizing Institute: IISc Bengaluru

GENERAL APTITUDE (GA)

Questions 1 to 5 Carry ONE Mark Each

- 1) If '—' denotes increasing order of intensity, then the meaning of the words [drizzle → rain → down-pour] is analogous to [_____ → quarrel → feud]. Which one of the given options is appropriate to fill the blank?

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| a) bicker | c) dither |
| b) bog | d) dodge |

(GATE PE 2024)

- 2) Statements:

- a) All heroes are winners.
b) All winners are lucky people.

Inferences:

- (I) All lucky people are heroes.
(II) Some lucky people are heroes.
(III) Some winners are heroes.

Which of the above inferences can be logically deduced from statements 1 and 2?

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| a) Only I and II | c) Only I and III |
| b) Only II and III | d) Only III |

(GATE PE 2024)

- 3) A student was supposed to multiply a positive real number p with another positive real number q . Instead, the student divided p by q . If the percentage error in the student's answer is 80%, the value of q is

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) 5 | c) 2 |
| b) $\sqrt{2}$ | d) $\sqrt{5}$ |

(GATE PE 2024)

- 4) If the sum of the first 20 consecutive positive odd numbers is divided by 20^2 , the result is

- | | |
|-------|------------------|
| a) 1 | c) 2 |
| b) 20 | d) $\frac{1}{2}$ |

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- 5) The ratio of the number of girls to boys in class VIII is the same as the ratio of the number of boys to girls in class IX. The total number of students (boys and girls) in classes VIII and IX is 450 and 360, respectively. If the number of girls in classes VIII and IX is the same, then the number of girls in each class is

- a) 150
b) 200
- c) 250
d) 175

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- 6) In the given text, the blanks are numbered (i)–(iv). Select the best match for all the blanks.
Yoko Roi stands (i) as an author for standing (ii) as an honorary fellow, after she stood (iii) her writings that stand (iv) the freedom of speech.
- a) i out ii down iii in iv for
b) i down ii out iii by iv in
- c) i down ii out iii for iv in
d) i out ii down iii by iv for

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- 7) Seven identical cylindrical chalk-sticks are fitted tightly in a cylindrical container. The figure below shows the arrangement of the chalk-sticks inside the cylinder.

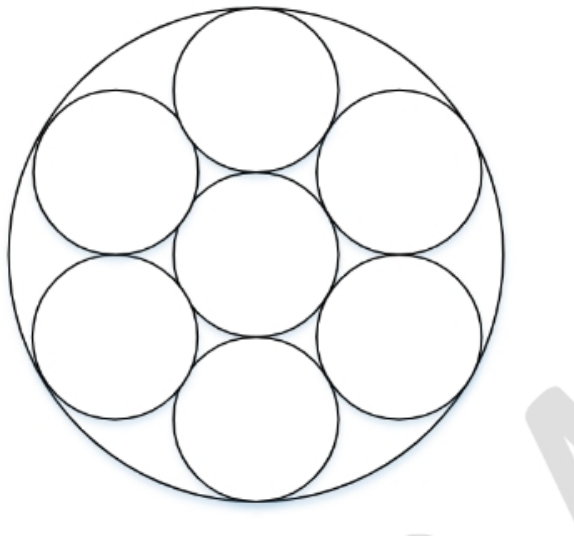


Fig. 1.

The length of the container is equal to the length of the chalk-sticks. The ratio of the occupied space to the empty space of the container is

- a) $\frac{5}{2}$
b) $\frac{7}{2}$
- c) $\frac{9}{2}$
d) 3

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- 8) The plot below shows the relationship between the mortality risk of cardiovascular disease and the number of steps a person walks per day. Based on the data, which one of the following options is true?
- a) The risk reduction on increasing the steps/day from 0 to 10000 is less than the risk reduction on increasing the steps/day from 10000 to 20000.
b) The risk reduction on increasing the steps/day from 0 to 5000 is less than the risk reduction on increasing the steps/day from 15000 to 20000.
c) For any 5000 increment in steps/day the largest risk reduction occurs on going from 0 to 5000.
d) For any 5000 increment in steps/day the largest risk reduction occurs on going from 15000 to 20000.

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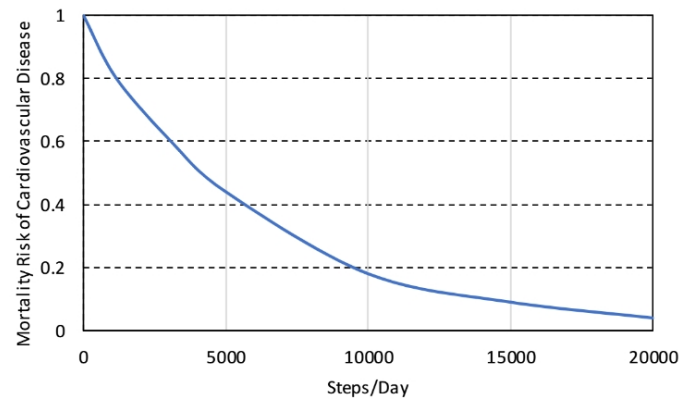


Fig. 2.

- 9) Five cubes of identical size and another smaller cube are assembled as shown in Figure A. If viewed from direction X, the planar image of the assembly appears as Figure B.

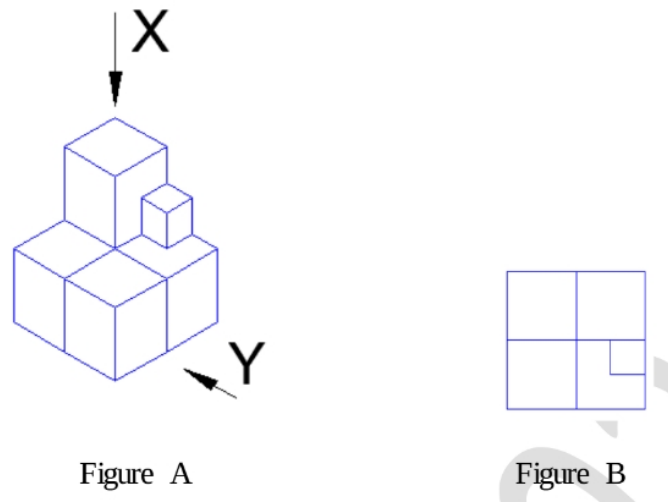
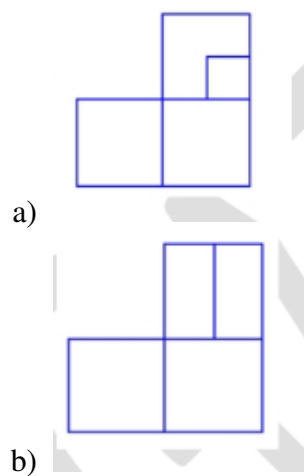


Fig. 3.

If viewed from direction Y, the planar image of the assembly (Figure A) will appear as



- c) I - Annular; II - Slug; III - Stratified; IV - Bubbly
 d) I - Slug; II - Stratified; III - Bubbly; IV - Annular

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18) The speed of Tsunami is a function of

- a) only water depth
 b) only wave height
 c) both water depth and wave height
 d) both wind speed and wave height

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19) Which ONE of the following is a POSITIVELY BUOYANT floating structure?

- a) Jacket Platform
 b) Semi-Submersible
 c) Tension Leg Platform
 d) Barge

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20) Which ONE of the following methods makes use of the centrifugal force for measuring the interfacial tension between two immiscible phases?

- a) Pendant drop method
 b) Spinning drop method
 c) Du Noüy ring method
 d) Wilhelmy plate method

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PETROLEUM ENGINEERING (PE)

21) Which ONE of the following can result in a negative value of skin factor near the wellbore?

- a) Hydraulic fracturing
 b) Fines migration
 c) Asphaltene deposition
 d) Clay swelling

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22) For a schematically shown five-spot pattern below, what is the ratio of number of production wells to the number of injection wells?

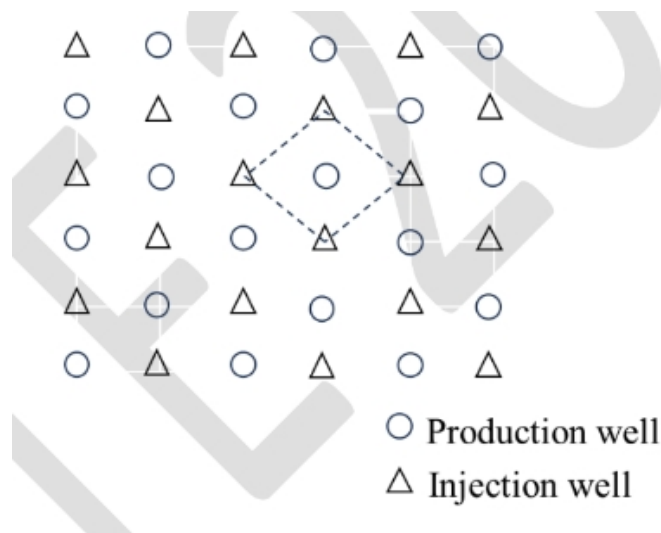


Fig. 5.

- a) 2
b) 1
- c) $\frac{1}{4}$
d) $\frac{1}{2}$

(GATE PE 2024)

23) Which ONE of the following options represents the waves generated during partitioning of acoustic energy at an interface inside the Earth?

- a) Rayleigh waves
b) Love waves
- c) Body waves
d) Surface waves

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24) "Earth is a low-pass filter". This implies it filters out which ONE of the following parameters in the subsurface?

- a) Phase
b) Amplitude
- c) Frequency
d) Velocity

(GATE PE 2024)

25) Which ONE is the correct formula for calculation of Foldage of a 2D seismic line?

- a) Foldage = $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(\text{number of geophones})\left(\frac{\text{geophone interval spacing}}{\text{shot interval spacing}}\right)$
b) Foldage = $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(\text{number of geophones})\left(\frac{\text{shot interval spacing}}{\text{geophone interval spacing}}\right)$
c) Foldage = $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(\text{number of shots})\left(\frac{\text{shot interval spacing}}{\text{geophone interval spacing}}\right)$
d) Foldage = $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(\text{number of shots})\left(\frac{\text{geophone interval spacing}}{\text{shot interval spacing}}\right)$

(GATE PE 2024)

26) Well tests can be classified as either 'single well productivity test' or 'descriptive reservoir test'. Which ONE of the following CANNOT be determined from a 'single well productivity test'?

- a) Characteristics of the formation damage and other source of skin
b) Well deliverability
c) Characteristics of both vertical and horizontal reservoir heterogeneity
d) Identification of produced fluids and their respective volume ratios

(GATE PE 2024)

27) Which mud type will have the highest acoustic velocity from the following options?

- a) Mud with live oil at low temperature
b) Mud with dead oil at high temperature
c) Mud with live oil at high temperature
d) Mud with dead oil at low temperature

(GATE PE 2024)

For the given matrix $Q = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & 0 & \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$, which of the following statements is/are true?

- a) Q is an orthogonal matrix
b) $Q^T = Q^{-1}$
- c) Q is a singular matrix
d) Q is a symmetric matrix

(GATE PE 2024)

28) Which of the following is/are thermal enhanced oil recovery method(s)?

- a) Alkali-surfactant-polymer flooding
- b) In situ combustion
- c) Steam assisted gravity drainage
- d) Low salinity water flooding

(GATE PE 2024)

29) Dilute sodium hydroxide is used in oilfield operations for enhanced oil recovery. For economic reasons, sodium hydroxide is delivered on site as anhydrous solid beads/cakes. This compound must be diluted on site by mixing water. Which of the following precautions must be followed during handling and preparation of dilute sodium hydroxide?

- a) Use of Personal Protective Equipment (*PPE*) while handling and processing sodium hydroxide
- b) Adequate ventilation to avoid exposure of sodium hydroxide aerosols
- c) Stable supply of hot utility line as sodium hydroxide dilution is an endothermic reaction
- d) Stable supply of cold utility line as sodium hydroxide dilution is an exothermic reaction

(GATE PE 2024)

30) If $P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, the product of the eigenvalues of P is ____.

- a) 2
- b) 4
- c) 6
- d) 8

(GATE PE 2024)

31) The number of ways in which a supervisor can choose four workers out of 10 equally competent workers is ____.

- a) 40
- b) 210
- c) 5040
- d) 10000

(GATE PE 2024)

32) A field rotational viscometer containing a drilling fluid gives a dial reading of 12° and 20° at rotor speeds of 300 rpm and 600 rpm, respectively. The drilling fluid is assumed to obey power law model, $\tau = K\dot{\gamma}^n$, where τ is the shear stress, $\dot{\gamma}$ is the shear rate, K is the consistency index and n is the power law index. The power law index, n , is ____ (round off to two decimal places).

- a) 0.42
- b) 0.58
- c) 0.74
- d) 0.86

(GATE PE 2024)

33) Shear wave velocity (V_s) in a limestone formation is 3600 m/s. Assume that the modulus of incompressibility (K) is twice that of the modulus of rigidity (G), and the bulk density (ρ_b) of the formation is 2700 kg/m^3 . For this limestone formation, the compressional wave velocity (V_p) is ____ m/s.

- a) 4800
- b) 5400
- c) 6000
- d) 7200

(GATE PE 2024)

34) Two reservoir sands A and B of same thickness are encountered in a well at different depths. The hydrocarbon in the shallow reservoir sand A is 10°API whereas, in the deeper reservoir sand B, it is 20°API . For single phase incompressible systems, it may be assumed that the permeability in the deeper reservoir sand B is half of that of the shallow reservoir sand A, and the viscosity is directly proportional to the specific gravity of oil in respective sands. The ratio of the mobility in reservoir sand A to that of reservoir sand B is ____ (round off to two decimal places).

- a) 0.25
b) 0.50

- c) 1.00
d) 2.00

(GATE PE 2024)

- 35) Which ONE of the following is the implicit form of the solution for the differential equation given below?

$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2x + 3y}{3x + 5y} = 0 \quad (4)$$

Note: C in the options below is the integration constant.

- a) $x^2 - 3xy - \frac{5y^2}{2} - C = 0$
b) $x^2 - 3xy + \frac{5y^2}{2} - C = 0$

- c) $x^2 + 3xy - \frac{5y^2}{2} - C = 0$
d) $x^2 + 3xy + \frac{5y^2}{2} - C = 0$

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- 36) $r(t) = \frac{\sin 3t}{t} \mathbf{i} + (t+2)^4 \mathbf{j} + (t+1) \frac{\sin t}{t} \mathbf{k}$, with \mathbf{i} , \mathbf{j} , and \mathbf{k} being the unit vectors along x , y and z directions, respectively. The value of $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} r(t)$ is _____.

- a) 0
b) $t + 32\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$

- c) $3\mathbf{i} + 16\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$
d) $3\mathbf{i} + 16\mathbf{j}$

(GATE PE 2024)

- 37) From the following figure, match the CORRECT set of liquid shrinkage curves from GROUP I with various crude oil systems from GROUP II.

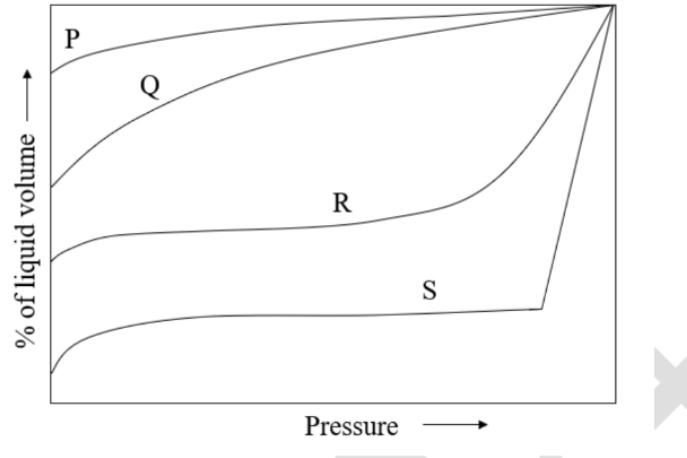


Fig. 6.

[Figure showing curves P, Q, R, S]

GROUP I	GROUP II
(P) Curve P	(I) High shrinkage crude oil
(Q) Curve Q	(II) Low shrinkage crude oil
(R) Curve R	(III) Ordinary black oil
(S) Curve S	(IV) Near-critical crude oil

TABLE II
MATCHING OF CRUDE OIL TYPES WITH PVT CURVES

- a) P - I; Q - II; R - III; S - IV
b) P - I; Q - III; R - IV; S - II

- c) P - II; Q - III; R - I; S - IV
d) P - II; Q - IV; R - I; S - III

(GATE PE 2024)

38) Match the following pressure-volume-temperature (PVT) studies from GROUP I with their objectives from GROUP II.

GROUP I	GROUP II
(P) Constant composition expansion	(I) to determine the minimum miscibility pressure for gas injection
(Q) Differential liberation	(II) to determine the saturation pressure of the crude oil
(R) Separator test	(III) to mimic the reservoir performance during production
(S) Slim tube experiment	(IV) to design and optimize the separator conditions

TABLE III
MATCHING OF PVT EXPERIMENTS WITH THEIR APPLICATIONS

- a) P - III; Q - II; R - IV; S - I
b) P - III; Q - IV; R - I; S - II

- c) P - II; Q - I; R - IV; S - III
d) P - II; Q - III; R - IV; S - I

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39) Hydrocarbon fluids usually are classified as dry gas, wet gas, gas condensate and black oil. Which ONE of the following combinations is the CORRECT pressure - temperature phase diagram that represents the reservoir fluid type? [Four phase diagrams labeled I, II, III, IV]

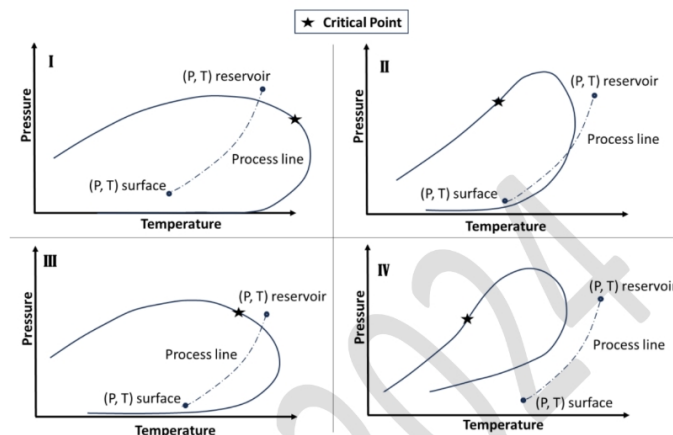


Fig. 7.

- a) I - dry gas; II - wet gas; III - gas condensate; IV - black oil
b) I - dry gas; II - gas condensate; III - wet gas; IV - black oil
c) I - black oil; II - wet gas; III - gas condensate; IV - dry gas
d) I - gas condensate; II - black oil; III - wet gas; IV - dry gas

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40) Which ONE of the following is the CORRECT combination?

- a) P - I; Q - IV; R - II; S - III
b) P - II; Q - IV; R - III; S - I

- c) P - I; Q - IV; R - III; S - II
d) P - I; Q - III; R - II; S - IV

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Dimensionless Number	Ratio of the forces
(P) Froude Number	(I) Inertia/Gravity
(Q) Capillary Number	(II) Buoyancy/Capillary
(R) Reynolds Number	(III) Inertia/Viscous
(S) Bond Number	(IV) Viscous/Capillary

TABLE IV
MATCHING OF DIMENSIONLESS NUMBERS WITH FORCE RATIOS

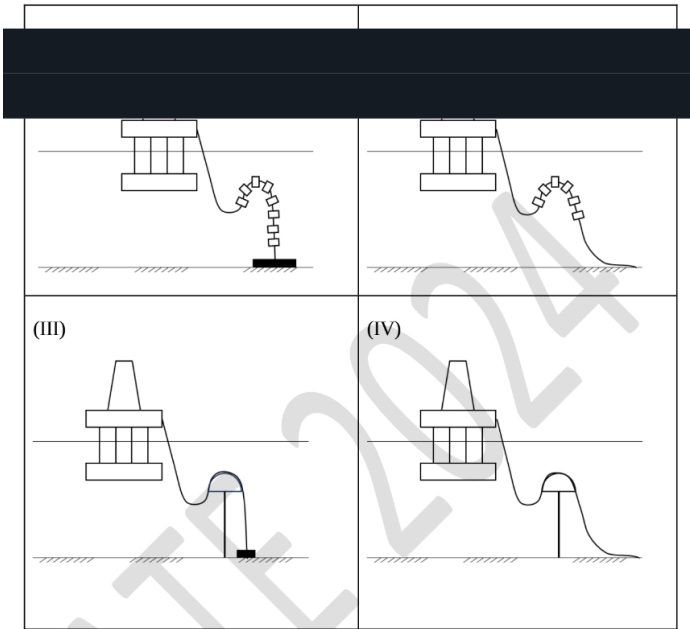


Fig. 8.

- 41) From the standard flexible riser configurations shown schematically in the figure, choose the CORRECT combination.
- I - Steep Wave; II - Lazy Wave; III - Steep S; IV - Lazy S
 - I - Lazy Wave; II - Steep Wave; III - Lazy S; IV - Steep S
 - I - Tethered Wave; II - Tethered S; III - Steep S; IV - Lazy S
 - I - Steep Wave; II - Lazy Wave; III - Tethered S; IV - Tethered Wave
- (GATE PE 2024)
- 42) The figures below show the typical geometry of the subsurface strata in relation to the boundaries of the depositional sequences. Which ONE of the following options CORRECTLY represents the four seismic sequences with their corresponding names?
- I - Onlap; II - Toplap; III - Erosional truncation; IV - Downlap
 - I - Onlap; II - Downlap; III - Erosional truncation; IV - Toplap
 - I - Erosional truncation; II - Toplap; III - Onlap; IV - Downlap
 - I - Erosional truncation; II - Downlap; III - Onlap; IV - Toplap
- (GATE PE 2024)
- 43) Which of the following tests is/are used to obtain reservoir deliverability $\frac{kh}{\mu}$ information?
- Exploration or appraisal well openhole wireline
 - Exploration or appraisal well Drill Stem Test (DST)
 - Development well openhole wireline

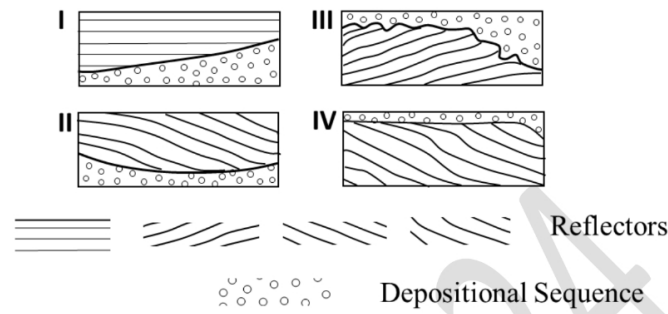


Fig. 9.

4. Development well Drill Stem Test (DST)

- a) 1 only
b) 3 only
c) 1 and 3
d) 2 and 4

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- 44) The decay of Gamma ray energy in the Earth formation goes through three dominant processes represented by regions I, II, and III in the figure below. [Gamma ray energy decay diagram]

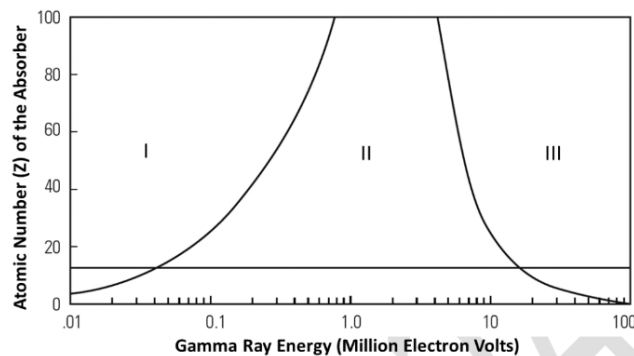


Fig. 10.

Which ONE of the following options is CORRECT?

- a) I - Photoelectric effect; II - Pair production effect; III - Compton effect
b) I - Epithermal effect; II - Pair production effect; III - Photoelectric effect
c) I - Photoelectric effect; II - Compton effect; III - Pair production effect
d) I - Epithermal effect; II - Photoelectric effect; III - Compton effect

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- 45) Consider single-phase radial flow of a fluid with constant viscosity and low compressibility through a homogenous and isotropic reservoir of constant porosity, permeability, and thickness. Match the flow regime with the CORRECT mathematical relation given in the table. P represents pressure, r represents the radial coordinate, and t represents time. $f(r,t)$ is a function of 'r' and 't'.

- a) P - I; Q - II; R - III
b) P - I; Q - III; R - II
c) P - II; Q - III; R - I
d) P - II; Q - I; R - III

(GATE PE 2024)

Flow regime	Mathematical relation
(P) Steady-state flow	(I) $\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial t}\right)_r = 0$
(Q) Transient flow	(II) $\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial t}\right)_r = \text{constant}$
(R) Pseudosteady-state flow	(III) $\left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial t}\right)_r = f(r, t)$

TABLE V
MATCHING OF FLOW REGIMES WITH THEIR MATHEMATICAL RELATIONS

- 46) The microbial enhanced oil recovery method helps to recover oil by which one or more of the following phenomena?
- Reducing the interfacial tension due to production of biosurfactants
 - Stimulating the well due to production of acids
 - Increasing the mobility ratio due to production of biopolymers
 - Reducing the viscosity due to production of gases in situ

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- 47) Fixed roof tank for storage of organic liquids reduces volatile organic compound (VOC) emissions and protects the stored liquid from elements and contamination. Such tanks are generally equipped with a vent at the roof. The objective(s) of such a vent is/are to
- control pressure build-up in the tank
 - control vacuum generation in the tank
 - add oil to the tank
 - add water to the tank

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- 48) A choke is generally installed at the well head and/or downhole. The desired function(s) of the choke is/are to
- protect surface equipment from damage
 - avoid sand ingress problem
 - regulate production rate
 - ensure oil and water coning

(GATE PE 2024)

- 49) Which of the following options is/are CORRECT about the below mentioned hydrocarbons? LNG: Liquefied Natural Gas; LPG: Liquefied Petroleum Gas; NGL: Natural Gas Liquid; CNG: Compressed Natural Gas
- LNG is primarily methane at approximately 110 K temperature
 - LPG is primarily propane and butane at standard temperature and pressure
 - NGL is primarily methane at standard temperature and pressure
 - CNG is primarily pentane at standard temperature and pressure

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- 50) Consider flow of two immiscible viscous fluids inside a thin slit of width $2B$. The flow rates of both the fluids are such that the planar interface is exactly at the center of the slit (corresponding to $X = 0$). The upper and lower fluid-solid boundaries lie at $X = B$ and $X = -B$, respectively. τ_{xz}^I and τ_{xz}^{II} are the shear stresses in fluids I and II, respectively. v_Z^I and v_Z^{II} are the velocities of fluid I and II, respectively in the Z direction.

Which of the following options represent(s) the CORRECT boundary condition(s)?

- At $X = 0$, $|\tau_{xz}^I| = |\tau_{xz}^{II}|$
- At $X = B$, $\tau_{xz}^{II} = 0$
- At $X = B$, $v_Z^{II} = 0$
- At $X = -B$, $v_Z^I = 0$

- a) 0.45 b) 0.55 c) 0.65 d) 0.75

(GATE PE 2024)

- 57) The diameter and draft of a freely floating classical upright spar without moonpool is 30 m and 75 m, respectively. The added mass in heave mode is 1.8 times the mass of the spar. The critical damping of the spar in heave mode is _____ $\times 10^6$ kg/s (round off to one decimal place). Take $\pi = 3.14$, density of seawater = 1025 kg/m^3 , acceleration due to gravity = 10 m/s^2 .

- a) 3.5 b) 4.5 c) 5.5 d) 6.5

(GATE PE 2024)

- 58) A long vertical hollow steel pipe used as a column in an offshore structure follows Euler's column theory. The length, outer diameter and thickness of the pipe are 30 m, 0.50 m, and 0.03 m, respectively. The Euler buckling load (assuming no environmental loads) of the pipe pinned at both the ends, is _____ kN (round off to one decimal place). Take $\pi = 3.14$, Young's modulus of elasticity for steel = 210 GPa.

- a) 1250.5 c) 1500.5
b) 1375.5 d) 1625.5

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- 59) A core sample from a well-consolidated sand has a length of 10 cm, diameter of 4 cm, and a resistance (r) of 100Ω at $T_2 = 200^\circ\text{F}$ when completely saturated with brine. The resistivity $R_w(T_1)$ of brine is $0.5 \Omega\cdot\text{m}$ at $T_1 = 75^\circ\text{F}$. The cementation factor, $m = 2$ and the tortuosity factor, $a = 1$. Use $R_w(T_2) = R_w(T_1) \frac{T_1 + 6.77}{T_2 + 6.77}$ where T_1 and T_2 are in $^\circ\text{F}$. The porosity (in fraction) of the core sample using generalized Humble's formula at 200°F is _____ (text round off to two decimal places).

- a) 0.15 b) 0.20 c) 0.25 d) 0.30

(GATE PE 2024)

- 60) In an exploratory well, both clean and dirty reservoir sand with quartz as major mineralogy is encountered. The clean reservoir sand is completely devoid of shale. The fraction of shale volume (V_{sh}) in the dirty reservoir sand is 25% with grain density (ρ_{sh}) of 2.7 g/cc . Quartz (V_q) with grain density (ρ_q) of 2.65 g/cc . The bulk density (ρ_b) of the clean and the dirty reservoir sand is 2 g/cc and 2.25 g/cc , respectively, and the pore fluid density (ρ_f) is 1 g/cc for both the sands. The difference of porosity ($\phi_{\text{clean}} - \phi_{\text{Dirty}}$) in fraction between the two reservoir sands is _____ (round off three decimal places).

- a) 0.075 b) 0.100 c) 0.125 d) 0.150

(GATE PE 2024)

- 61) The settling velocity (v_s) of a spherical particle in a Newtonian fluid using Stokes' law is

$$v_s = \frac{gd_s^2(\rho_s - \rho_l)}{18\mu} \quad (5)$$

where d_s is the particle diameter, ρ_s is the particle density, ρ_l is the drilling fluid density, μ is the drilling fluid viscosity, and g is acceleration due to gravity.

The density of barite and a drilled solid particle are 4200 kg/m^3 and 2600 kg/m^3 , respectively. The density of the drilling fluid is 1300 kg/m^3 . The diameter of a drilled spherical solid particle that has the same settling velocity as a spherical barite particle of 0.1 mm diameter in the drilling fluid is _____ mm (round off to two decimal places).

- a) 0.12 b) 0.14 c) 0.16 d) 0.18

(GATE PE 2024)

62) A two-cylinder reciprocating positive-displacement mud pump is used for mud circulation. The pump can deliver fluid on both forward and backward piston strokes. The pump has the following specifications:

- Liner diameter = 15 cm
- Piston rod diameter = 6 cm
- Stroke length = 40 cm
- Volumetric efficiency = 85%

Take $\pi = 3.14$. The total volume of fluid displaced per complete pump cycle is _____ cm^3 .

- a) 10000 c) 14000
b) 12000 d) 16000

(GATE PE 2024)

63) Consider the displacement of oil by water through a one-dimensional homogeneous isotropic porous medium of uniform porosity, permeability and thickness. Assume oil and water to be incompressible and immiscible. The relative permeabilities of oil (k_{ro}) and water (k_{rw}) at a given water saturation (S_w) are:

$$k_{ro} = k_{ro}^0 (1 - S_w^*) \quad (6)$$

$$k_{rw} = k_{rw}^0 S_w^* \quad (7)$$

$$S_w^* = \frac{S_w - S_{wr}}{1 - S_{or} - S_{wr}} \quad (8)$$

where k_{ro}^0 and k_{rw}^0 are the end point relative permeabilities of oil and water, respectively. S_{or} and S_{wr} are the residual saturations of oil and water, respectively. Assume that $k_{ro}^0 = 0.8$, $k_{rw}^0 = 0.3$, $S_{or} = 0.35$, and $S_{wr} = 0.25$. The viscosities of water and oil are 1 cP and 8 cP, respectively. The mobility ratio corresponding to the water saturation (S_w) of 0.6 is _____ (round off to one decimal place).

- a) 0.5 c) 1.5
b) 1.0 d) 2.0

(GATE PE 2024)

64) The invasion of a drilling fluid to a radius of 3 feet from the center of the well-bore into the formation has resulted in the development of skin. The permeability of the skin zone (region affected by the drilling fluid) is 50 mD. The permeability of the unaffected formation is 400 mD. The well bore radius is 0.25 feet. The value of the skin factor is _____ (round off to two decimal places).

- a) 2.08 c) 4.08
b) 3.08 d) 5.08

(GATE PE 2024)

— END OF THE QUESTION PAPER—