AI25BTECH11003 - Bhavesh Gaikwad

Question: Prove that points A(2,1), B(0,5) and C(-1,2) are not collinear.

Solution:

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 - 2 \\ 5 - 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 - 2 \\ 2 - 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Row-reduce to compute the rank:

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 + 2R_1} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

The echelon form has two nonzero rows, hence $rank(M)=2\neq 1$

Therefore, The points
$$A(2, 1)$$
, $B(0, 5)$ and $C(-1, 2)$ are not collinear. (0.1)

1

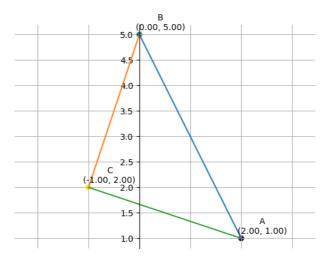


Fig. 0.1: Graph