

GATE 2012 Online Examination
AG : AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

Duration: Three Hours Maximum Marks: 100

Q.1 – Q.25 CARRY ONE MARK EACH.

1) The matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & 4 \\ 3 & -4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ is

- | | |
|--------------|-------------------|
| a) diagonal | c) skew symmetric |
| b) symmetric | d) triangular |

(GATE AG 2012)

2) The line $y = x - 1$ can be expressed in polar coordinates (r, θ) as

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a) $r = \cos \theta$ | c) $r(\cos \theta + \sin \theta) = 1$ |
| b) $r = \sin \theta$ | d) $r(\cos \theta - \sin \theta) = 1$ |

(GATE AG 2012)

3) The type of pump used in forced water cooling system of a tractor engine is

- | | |
|----------------|---------|
| a) piston | c) gear |
| b) centrifugal | d) vane |

(GATE AG 2012)

4) Which one of the following statements is NOT appropriate regarding cone index

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| a) It reflects strength of soil | d) It is measured at a constant penetration rate of 30 mm/s |
| b) It is a composite parameter | |
| c) It is dimensionless | |

(GATE AG 2012)

5) The draft and total power requirement of a rotary cultivator operating in concurrent mode as compared to a spring tyne cultivator of equal cutting width under the same operating conditions, respectively are

- a) higher and higher
- b) lower and lower
- c) lower and higher
- d) higher and lower

(GATE AG 2012)

6) The soil erodibility factor needs to be determined for use in the universal soil loss equation. The length, in m, and slope, in % of the experimental plot to be used for this purpose, respectively are

- a) 19, 12
- b) 21, 11
- c) 22, 9
- d) 23, 8

(GATE AG 2012)

7) The difference between Fore Bearing and Back Bearing of a traverse line is

- a) exactly 90°
- b) less than 180°
- c) exactly 180°
- d) greater than 180°

(GATE AG 2012)

8) A pumping device that combines the advantages of both centrifugal and reciprocating pumps is known as

- a) air lift pump
- b) hydraulic ram
- c) jet pump
- d) rotary pump

(GATE AG 2012)

9) If ν is the kinematic viscosity of air – water vapour mixture and D_{AB} is the mass diffusivity of water vapour in air then the ratio ν/D_{AB} is known as

- a) Stanton number
- b) Prandtl number
- c) Schmidt number
- d) Sherwood number

(GATE AG 2012)

10) Work index in size reduction can be obtained by multiplying Bond's energy constant with

- a) 10
b) $\sqrt{10}$

- c) $\sqrt[3]{10}$
d) $\sqrt{10}$

(GATE AG 2012)

11) The tangent line to $y = f(x)$ at the point (x_0, y_0) , assuming $f'(x) \neq 0$, intersects the x axis at

- a) $(x_0 - [y_0/f'(x_0)], 0)$
b) $(x_0 + [y_0/f'(x_0)], 0)$

- c) $(x_0 - [f'(x_0)/y_0], 0)$
d) $(x_0 + [f'(x_0)/y_0], 0)$

(GATE AG 2012)

12) Approximate percentage of scores that fall within $\pm\sigma$ (standard deviation) of the mean in a normal distribution is

- a) 34
b) 68

- c) 95
d) 99

(GATE AG 2012)

13) The integrating factor of the differential equation $(x + 1) \frac{dy}{dx} - y = \sin x$ is

- a) x
b) $(x + 1)$

- c) $1/x$
d) $1/(x + 1)$

(GATE AG 2012)

14) The constituent of producer gas which occupies the highest percentage by volume and helps in increasing its overall calorific value is

- a) CO
b) CO₂

- c) H₂
d) CH₄

(GATE AG 2012)

15) During field operation, the shank of a tractor drawn rigid tyne sweep type cultivator is mainly subjected to

- a) bending
b) shear

- c) torsion
d) bending and torsion

- a) 0.25 c) 1.00
b) 0.50 d) 4.00

(GATE AG 2012)

- a) higher and lower c) lower and higher
b) higher and higher d) lower and lower

(GATE AG 2012)

- a) is independent of water levels in the tributary and the water course
- b) depends upon the water levels of both the tributary and water course
- c) depends upon the water level in the tributary
- d) depends upon the water level in the water course

(GATE AG 2012)

- a) 152.84 c) 172.34
b) 164.84 d) 184.84

(GATE AG 2012)

- 20) A trapezoidal grassed waterway is constructed along a longitudinal gradient of 4%. If the cross - sectional area of flow is 1.52 m^2 , wetted perimeter is 12.5 m and Manning's n for the waterway is $0.04 \text{ m}^{-1/3} \text{ s}$, the flow through the waterway in $\text{m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ is

- a) 20.26, 1.38
b) 20.26, 1.56

- c) 23.75, 1.56
d) 32.78, 1.56

(GATE AG 2012)

- 39) Flow is taking place through a layered soil system, having two homogeneous soils M and N, as shown in the figure. The head lost in soil N is 20 times the head lost in soil M.

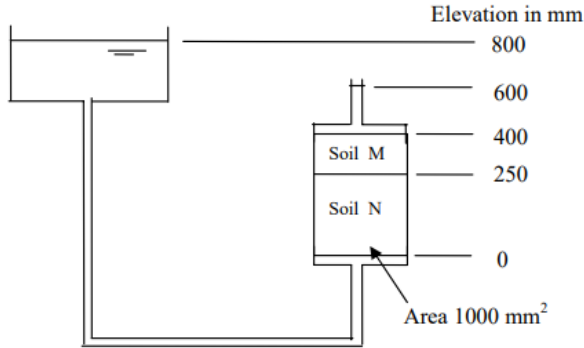


Fig. 1

If the permeability of soil M is $3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mm s}^{-1}$, the permeability of soil N, in mm s^{-1} , will be

- a) 4×10^{-4}
b) 3×10^{-4}

- c) 2.5×10^{-5}
d) 1.5×10^{-5}

(GATE AG 2012)

- 40) A trapezoidal canal, having a bottom width of 5.0 m and a side slope of 1 H : 1 V, is carrying a discharge of $20 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$. The critical depth, in m, is

- a) 1.09
b) 1.18

- c) 2.12
d) 2.62

(GATE AG 2012)

- 41) A 200 mm well fully penetrates a confined aquifer. After a long period of pumping at a rate of 1400 litres per minute, the drawdowns in the observation wells located at 25 m and 40 m from the pumping well are found to be 2.6 m and 1.9 m, respectively. The transmissivity of the aquifer in $\text{m}^2 \text{ day}^{-1}$ is

- a) 190
b) 198
- c) 206
d) 215

(GATE AG 2012)

- 42) Tile drains have to be installed in an agricultural land having soil permeability of $2.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mm s}^{-1}$. An impermeable stratum exists at 3.2 m below the land surface, and it is desired to keep the water level at least 1.0 m below the land surface. The average discharge of the drainage system is 2.0 mm day^{-1} . If the tile drains are planned to be placed at 1.5 m below the land surface, the drain spacing in m, assuming the equivalent depth to be the same as the tile depth, is

- a) 10.6 c) 13.9]
b) 12.4 d) 19.7

(GATE AG 2012)

- 43) It is proposed to construct bench terraces on a 10% hill slope. If the batter slope is 1/2 H : 1 V, the percentage area that will be lost for cultivation due to bench terracing is

- a) 4.68 c) 6.25
b) 5.47 d) 6.78

(GATE AG 2012)

- 44) Air at 70 °C and 0.015 humidity ratio is cooled adiabatically by spraying water. The final temperature of the air is 55 °C. Specific heat capacities of dry air and water vapour are 1.005 and 1.88 kJ kg⁻¹ K⁻¹, respectively and latent heat of vapourization of water at 0 °C is 2501.7 kJ kg⁻¹. The absolute humidity of the outlet air, in kg water vapour per kg dry air is

- a) 0.017 c) 0.021
b) 0.019 d) 0.023

(GATE AG 2012)

- 45) Final mass flow rate of osmotically dehydrated cherries after finish drying from 18% dry basis moisture content to 11.5% wet basis moisture content is 5000 kg per hour. The dryer efficiency is 70%, latent heat of vaporization is 2345 kJ kg⁻¹, specific heat of air is 1.005 kJ kg⁻¹ K⁻¹, drying temperature is 50 °C and the specific volume of ambient air at 25 °C is 0.866 m³ kg⁻¹. The necessary air flow requirement for the drying system in m³ min⁻¹ is

- [illegible]

(GATE AG 2012)

46) A single effect vacuum evaporator has 100 tubes of 25 mm diameter. One thousand kg feed of milk per hour with 15% TS is concentrated to 20% TS in the evaporator. Film heat transfer coefficients on either sides of the tube are 5000 and 800 W m⁻² K⁻¹. Thermal conductivity of 1.5 mm thick SS tubes is 15 W m⁻¹ K⁻¹. Latent heat of vaporization under vacuum is 2309 kJ kg⁻¹. For 10 °C temperature difference across the tube wall, the height of each tube, in m is

- a) 1.36 c) 2.56
b) 2.13 d) 3.17

(GATE AG 2012)

47) One thousand units of mixed fruit bar, each weighing 100 g with a surface area of 0.01 m^2 , are frozen from 70°C molten mass condition to -20°C frozen storage condition within 3 hours. The specific heat capacity values of the bar are $3.6 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ and $1.97 \text{ kJ kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ before and after freezing point (0°C) respectively. If the latent heat of crystallization is 250 kJ kg^{-1} , the cooling capacity of the refrigeration unit required in tons of refrigeration is

- a) 0.77 c) 1.66
b) 1.43 d) 4.32

(GATE AG 2012)

COMMON DATA QUESTIONS

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

A diesel engine running in dual fuel mode with diesel as pilot fuel and producer gas as primary fuel produces 3.5 kW at rated engine speed and is coupled directly to a generator for producing electricity. The amount of diesel and producer gas consumed per hour is 460 ml and 12.5 m³, respectively.

48) Assuming calorific value of diesel and producer gas as 35280 and 3.97 MJ m⁻³, respectively, the brake thermal efficiency of the engine in percentage is

- a) 17.19 c) 22.79
b) 19.13 d) 25.32

(GATE AG 2012)

49) If generator efficiency is 90%, the maximum electricity produced, in kW is

- a) 2.85 c) 3.15
b) 3.00 d) 3.50

(GATE AG 2012)

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:

The hourly discharge observations at the mouth of a watershed due to 2 cm excess rainfall during 0 to 1 h and 3 cm excess rainfall during 1 to 2 h are given in the table below. Assume a constant base flow of $1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$.

Time (h)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Discharge (m ³ s ⁻¹)	1	7	26	37	27	13	1

- 50) The area of the watershed, in km^2 is

- a) 7.56 c) 8.35
b) 8.24 d) 8.86

(GATE AG 2012)

- 51) The peak of 1 h unit hydrograph in $\text{m}^3 \text{s}^{-1}$ for the watershed and its time of occurrence in h, respectively are

- a) 6, 1 c) 8, 2
b) 7, 2 d) 9, 1

(GATE AG 2012)

LINKED ANSWER QUESTIONS

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

Soybean is to be planted with a precision planter that meters 54 seeds per revolution of the metering disc powered from a ground wheel of diameter 490 mm. The desired plant population is 44800 per ha with a row to row spacing of 0.75 m. The germination percentage is 84. The planter is to be operated at 2.5 km h⁻¹ with a 10% skid of ground wheel.

- 52) The angular speed of ground wheel in rpm is

- a) 20.3 c) 28.3
b) 24.6 d) 32.6

(GATE AG 2012)

- 53) The angular speed ratio of metering disc to ground wheel for obtaining the desired plant population is

- a) have raised
- b) have been raising
- c) have been rising
- d) have arose

(GATE AG 2012)

- 58) Choose the most appropriate alternative from the options given below to complete the following sentence:

The administrators went on to implement yet another unreasonable measure, arguing that the measures were already _____ and one more would hardly make a difference.

- a) reflective
- b) utopian
- c) luxuriant
- d) unpopular

(GATE AG 2012)

- 59) Choose the most appropriate alternative from the options given below to complete the following sentence:

To those of us who had always thought him timid, his _____ came as a surprise.

- a) intrepidity
- b) inevitability
- c) inability
- d) inertness

(GATE AG 2012)

- 60) The arithmetic mean of five different natural numbers is 12. The largest possible value among the numbers is

- a) 12
- b) 40
- c) 50
- d) 60

(GATE AG 2012)

Q. 61 – Q. 65 CARRY TWO MARKS EACH.

- 61) Two policemen, A and B, fire once each at the same time at an escaping convict. The probability that A hits the convict is three times the probability that B hits the convict. If the probability of the convict not getting injured is 0.5, the probability that B hits the convict is

- a) 0.14
- b) 0.22
- c) 0.33
- d) 0.40

- 62) The total runs scored by four cricketers P, Q, R, and S in years 2009 and 2010 are given in the following table:

Player	2009	2010
P	802	1008
Q	765	912
R	429	619
S	501	701

The player with the lowest percentage increase in total runs is

- a) P
b) Q
c) R
d) S

(GATE AG 2012)

- 63) If a prime number on division by 4 gives a remainder of 1, then that number can be expressed as

- a) sum of squares of two natural numbers
b) sum of cubes of two natural numbers
c) sum of square roots of two natural numbers
d) sum of cube roots of two natural numbers

(GATE AG 2012)

- 64) Two points $(4, p)$ and $(0, q)$ lie on a straight line having a slope of $3/4$. The value of $(p - q)$ is

- a) -3
b) 0
c) 3
d) 4

(GATE AG 2012)

- 65) **In the early nineteenth century, theories of social evolution were inspired less by Biology than by the conviction of social scientists that there was a growing improvement in social institutions. Progress was taken for granted and social scientists attempted to discover its laws and phases.**

Which one of the following inferences may be drawn with the greatest accuracy from the above passage?

Social scientists

- a) did not question that progress was fact.
- b) did not approve of Biology.
- ac) framed the laws of progress.
- d) emphasized Biology over Social Sciences.

(GATE AG 2012)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

GATE 2012 - Answer Key - Paper : AG

Paper	Question no.	Key
AG	1	C
AG	2	D
AG	3	B
AG	4	C
AG	5	C
AG	6	C
AG	7	C
AG	8	D
AG	9	C
AG	10	B
AG	11	A
AG	12	B
AG	13	D
AG	14	A
AG	15	C
AG	16	C
AG	17	D
AG	18	C
AG	19	C
AG	20	A
AG	21	A
AG	22	C
AG	23	A
AG	24	B
AG	25	C
AG	26	0.94 to 0.96
AG	27	15 to 17
AG	28	52 to 57
AG	29	10 to 11
AG	30	41 to 42
AG	31	C
AG	32	D
AG	33	D
AG	34	B
AG	35	D

Paper	Question no.	Key
AG	36	B
AG	37	C
AG	38	B
AG	39	C
AG	40	A
AG	41	D
AG	42	Marks to All
AG	43	B
AG	44	C
AG	45	Marks to All
AG	46	D
AG	47	B
AG	48	C
AG	49	C
AG	50	C
AG	51	C
AG	52	B
AG	53	A
AG	54	C
AG	55	B
AG	56	C
AG	57	C
AG	58	D
AG	59	A
AG	60	C
AG	61	A
AG	62	B
AG	63	A
AG	64	C
AG	65	A