

# 1.5.18

EE25BTECH11030 - Josyula G S Avaneesh

## ***Question:***

Find the coordinates of a point  $A$  where  $AB$  is the diameter of the circle whose center is  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B$  is the point  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ .

## **Solution:**

**Theory** : Center of a circle is the mid-point of the diameter.

Let  $P$  be the center of the given circle , with  $AB$  as the diameter.

Let  $A$  be the coordinates required to be found.

$$\text{Given : } B \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, P \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

If  $P$  is the mid point of  $AB$

$$P = \frac{A + B}{2} \quad (0.1)$$

Substituting the given vectors , we get :

$$A = 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.2)$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 - 1 \\ -6 - 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (0.3)$$

$$\therefore A \equiv \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Hence** , Coordinates of  $A$  are  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$

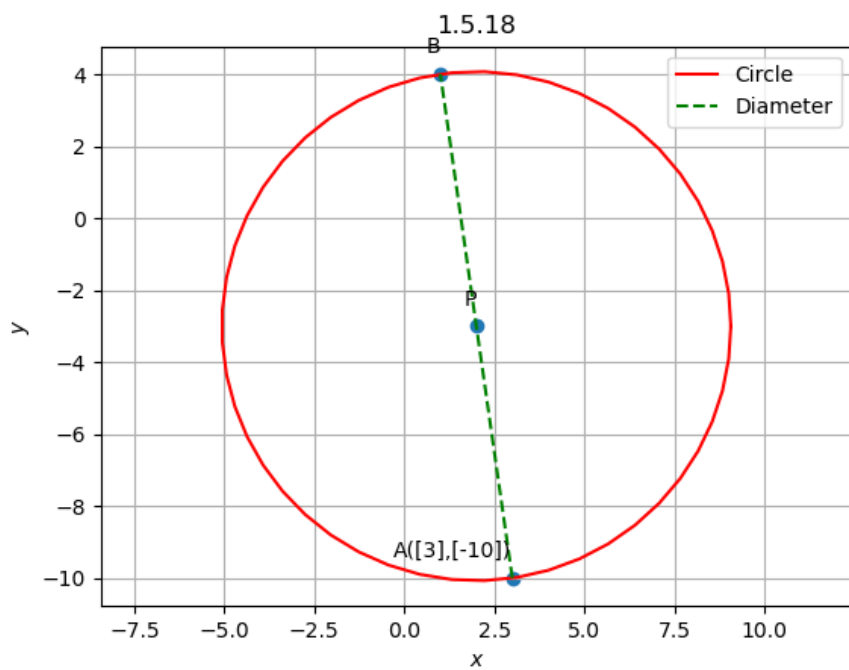


Fig. 0.1: Circle With Centre P