

# 1.9.30

EE25BTECH11042 - Nipun Dasari

**Question:** The mid-point of segment  $AB$  is the point  $P(0, 4)$ . If the coordinates of  $B$  are  $(-2, 3)$  then the coordinates of  $A$  are \_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:**

**Given Information**

The midpoint of segment  $AB$  is  $P(0, 4)$ .

The coordinates of point  $B$  are  $(-2, 3)$ .

We need to find the coordinates of point  $A$  using a specific matrix method based on the section formula.

**Matrix Setup**

First, write the coordinates of the points as column matrices:

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix},$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

**The Formula**

Since  $P$  is the midpoint, it is known that  $A$  divides  $BP$  in the ratio  $-2:1$  internally or in other words  $2:1$  externally. Here  $k = -2$ , Thus by section formula:

$$A = \frac{kP + B}{1 + k}$$

Substituting  $k = -2$  we get

$$A = 2P - B$$

**Calculation**

Substitute the matrices:

$$A = 2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Scalar multiplication:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix subtraction:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 - (-2) \\ 8 - 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Conclusion

The coordinates of point A are (2, 5).

Quick check: midpoint of A(2, 5) and B(-2, 3) is

$$\left( \frac{2 + (-2)}{2}, \frac{5 + 3}{2} \right) = (0, 4) = P$$

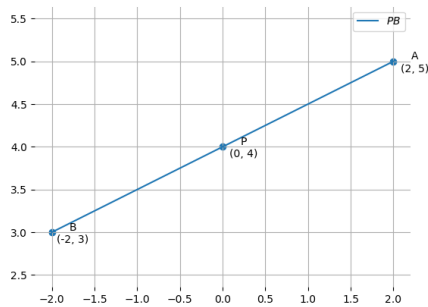


Fig. 0.1: GRAPH PLOT USING PYTHON ONLY

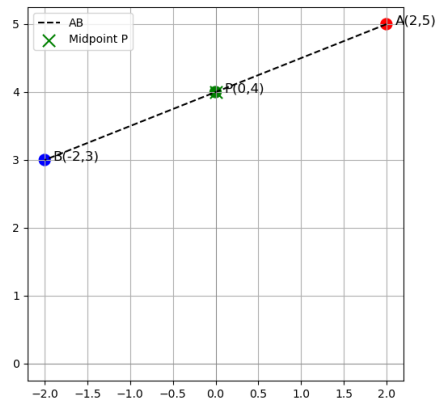


Fig. 0.2: GRAPH PLOT USING SHARED OUTPUT FROM C