

# GE 2022: Geomatics Engineering

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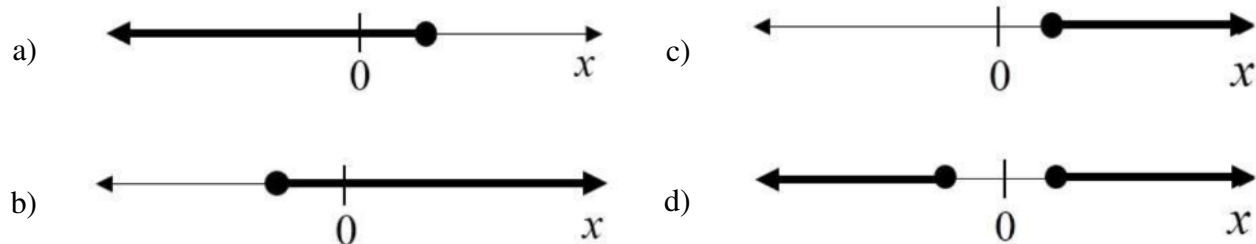
1) Writing too many things on the \_\_\_\_\_ while teaching could make the students get \_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) bored / board
- b) board / bored
- c) board / board
- d) bored / bored

2) Which one of the following is a representation (not to scale and in bold) of all values of  $x$  satisfying the inequality  $2 - 5x \leq -\frac{6x-5}{3}$  on the real number line?

(GATE GE 2022)



3) If  $f(x) = 2 \ln(\sqrt{e^x})$ , what is the area bounded by  $f(x)$  for the interval  $[0, 2]$  on the  $x$ -axis?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a)  $\frac{1}{2}$
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 4

4) A person was born on the fifth Monday of February in a particular year. Which one of the following statements is correct based on the above information?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) The 2nd February of that year is a Tuesday
- b) There will be five Sundays in February in that year
- c) The 1st February of that year is a Sunday
- d) All Mondays of February in that year have even dates

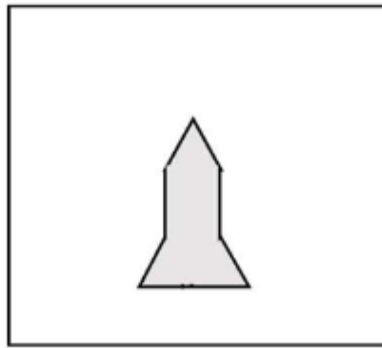
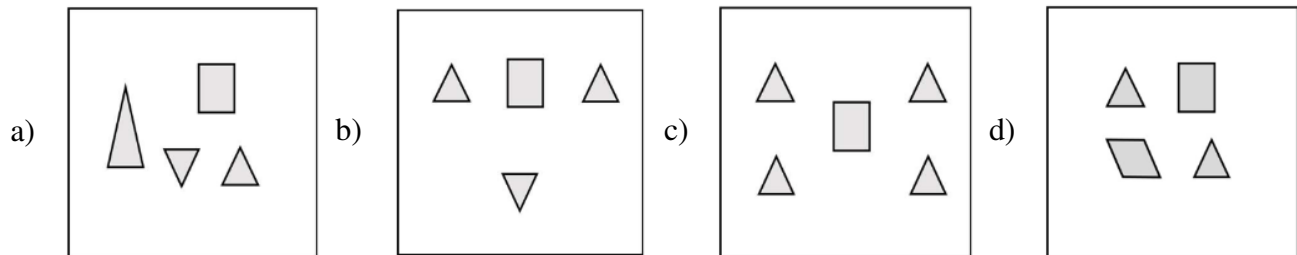


Figure.Q5

- 5) Which one of the groups given below can be assembled to get the shape that is shown above using each piece only once without overlapping with each other? (rotation and translation operations may be used).

(GATE GE 2022)



- 6) Fish belonging to species S in the deep sea have ultra-black skin that are extremely black (ultra-black skin). This helps them not only to avoid predators but also sneakily attack their prey. However, having this extra layer of black pigment results in lower collagen on their skin, making their skin more fragile.

Which one of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Having ultra-black skin is only advantageous to species S
  - b) Species S with lower collagen in their skin are at an advantage because it helps them avoid predators
  - c) Having ultra-black skin has both advantages and disadvantages to species S
  - d) Having ultra-black skin is only disadvantageous to species S but advantageous only to their predators
- 7) For the past  $m$  days, the average daily production was 100 units/day. If today's production of 180 units changes the average to 110 units/day, what is the value of  $m$ ?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 18
- b) 10
- c) 7
- d) 5

- 8) Consider the following functions for non-zero positive integers,  $p$  and  $q$ .

$$g(p, q) = p^{ppp\dots} \text{ (up to } q \text{ terms)} \quad ; \quad g(p, 1) = p$$

Which one of the following options is correct based on the above?

a)  $f(2, 2) = g(2, 2)$                       c)  $g(2, 1) \neq f(2, 1)$   
b)  $f(g(2, 2), 2) < f(2, g(2, 2))$                       d)  $f(3, 2) > g(3, 2)$

- 
- Diagram illustrating a cycle with four stations (P, Q, R, S) and their associated times and durations:
- Station P:** 8 AM, 90 min
  - Station Q:** 5 AM, 120 min
  - Station R:** 7 AM, 60 min
  - Station S:** 8 AM, 45 min
- The cycle is represented by a square with arrows indicating the direction of travel: P → Q → S → R → P. Diagonal arrows also connect P to S and Q to R.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 6 hours 30 minutes                      c) 4 hours 30 minutes  
b) 3 hours 45 minutes                      d) 5 hours 15 minutes

- 10) Equal sized circular regions are shaded in a square sheet of side 1 cm side length. Two cases, case M and case N, are considered as shown in the figures below. In the case M, four circles are shaded

in the square sheet and in the case N, nine circles are shaded in the square sheet as shown. What is the ratio of the unshaded regions (M:N)?

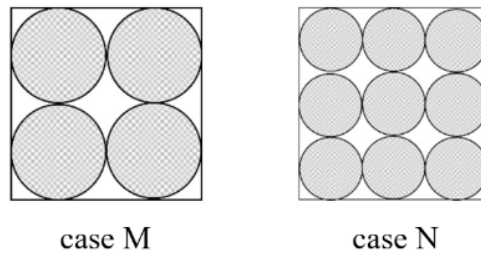


Figure.Q10

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 2:3                      b) 1:1                      c) 3:2                      d) 2:1

**PART A: Common FOR ALL CANDIDATES**

11) Most probable value of a quantity:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) always increases with increase in True value
- b) always decreases with decrease in True value
- c) is always equal to True value
- d) is nearest to True value

12) Two surveyors P and Q measured a 20 m distance six times each, as given below(in m).

*Surveyor P* : 19.97, 20.02, 20.04, 19.98, 19.96, 20.03

*Surveyor Q* : 20.05, 20.07, 20.05, 20.06, 20.07, 20.07

On the basis of accuracy and precision of the measured values, choose the CORRECT statement.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Observed values of Surveyor P are less precise and observed values of Surveyor Q are more accurate.
- b) Observed values of Surveyor P are more precise and observed values of Surveyor Q are less accurate.
- c) Observed values of Surveyor P are more accurate and observed values of Surveyor Q are more precise.
- d) Observed values of Surveyor P are less accurate and observed values of Surveyor Q are less precise.

13) Identify the error, which has all the following characteristics:

- 1) Caused by observer's misunderstanding and carelessness

- 2) Reading an angle counter-clockwise, but recording it as clockwise angle
- 3) Sighting the wrong target
- 4) Poor judgment by the observer

(GATE GE 2022)

- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a) Mistake          | c) Probable error   |
| b) Cumulative error | d) Accidental error |

- 14) Electromagnetic Spectrum can be broadly divided as (in order of increasing wavelength):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) X-rays, Gamma rays, Infrared, Ultraviolet, Visible, Radiowave, Microwave
- b) Gamma rays, X-rays, Radiowave, Microwave, Ultraviolet, Infrared, Visible
- c) X-rays, Gamma rays, Microwave, Radiowave, Ultraviolet, Infrared, Visible
- d) Gamma rays, X-rays, Ultraviolet, Visible, Infrared, Microwave, Radiowave

- 15) Relationship between wavelength ( $\lambda$ ), frequency ( $\nu$ ), and velocity ( $c$ ) of EM waves is:

(GATE GE 2022)

- |                        |                      |                     |                       |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| a) $c = \nu^2/\lambda$ | b) $c = \nu/\lambda$ | c) $c = \nu\lambda$ | d) $c = \nu\lambda^2$ |
|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|

- 16) Spectral signature of an object in a satellite image does NOT depend on:

(GATE GE 2022)

- |                              |                                      |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a) season of the year        | c) swath width of the satellite      |
| b) wavelength of EM spectrum | d) reflectance value from the object |

- 17) Component of GPS signal deciphered by all types of GPS receivers is:

(GATE GE 2022)

- |                            |                      |
|----------------------------|----------------------|
| a) Coarse-Acquisition code | c) Link-1 frequency  |
| b) Precision code          | d) Link-2C frequency |

- 18) For 3D-positioning, GLobal Navigational Satellite System (GNSS) requires a minimum of \_\_\_\_\_ satellites.

(GATE GE 2022)

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| a) 3 | b) 4 | c) 5 | d) 2 |
|------|------|------|------|

- 19) Basic objective of NAVSTAR GPS is to provide services for:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Positioning, Velocity and Timing
- b) Positioning, Navigation and Timing
- c) Velocity, Navigation and Timing
- d) Positioning, Velocity and Navigation

20) A satellite image with 6-bit radiometric resolution has \_\_\_\_\_ gray levels.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 16
- b) 32
- c) 64
- d) 128

21) Thermal Infrared images are provided by

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) LANDSAT MSS and IRS LISS-II sensors
- b) SPOT and CARTOSAT
- c) IKONOS and QUICKBIRD
- d) LANDSAT TM and NOAA AVHRR sensors

22) Which of the following gets mitigated in DGPS positioning?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Atmospheric error
- b) Multi-path error
- c) Cycle-slip error
- d) Topographic error

23) In GIS database, which type of attribute may be used to represent area?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Nominal
- b) Interval
- c) Ratio
- d) Ordinal

24) What is attribute uncertainty?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Error due to imprecision in coordinate registration
- b) Error due to incorrect labelling or quantification of features
- c) Error in the source document due to cartographic bias
- d) Error associated with displacement of the object from its true location

25) In GIS, \_\_\_\_\_ triangulation is a proximal method that satisfies the requirement that a circle drawn through the three nodes of a triangle contains no other node.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Dalhousie
- b) Delaunay
- c) David
- d) Davenport

26) In GIS, reclassification is performed to

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) group ranges of values into a single value within a data layer
- b) segment a data layer into multiple data layers

- c) combine multiple data layers to a single data layer
- d) classify a data layer using many attributes

27) For the following observation equation:

$$2\alpha = 124^{\circ}52'22'' \quad (\text{weight}4),$$

the weight of  $\frac{\alpha}{3}$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)

28) Following observation equations are obtained in a survey task:

$$x + y = 3$$

$$2x + y = 6$$

$$x + 2y = 4$$

Using least square method, the most probable values of  $x$  and  $y$  will be:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a)  $x = 2.10, y = 0.90$
- b)  $x = 2.64, y = 0.64$
- c)  $x = 2.51, y = 0.51$
- d)  $x = 2.75, y = 0.75$

29) The internal angles P, Q, R of a triangle are observed in degree minute second ( $^{\circ} ' ''$ ) using a Total Station. The angles along with their probable errors are given below:

$$P = 40^{\circ}30'01'' \pm 02''$$

$$Q = 60^{\circ}00'02'' \pm 03''$$

$$R = 79^{\circ}30'05'' \pm 04''$$

The corrected values of the angles P, Q and R are:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a)  $P = 40^{\circ}30'01'', Q = 60^{\circ}00'02'', R = 79^{\circ}30'05''$
- b)  $P = 40^{\circ}29'59.6'', Q = 59^{\circ}59'59.5'', R = 79^{\circ}30'0.9''$
- c)  $P = 40^{\circ}29'59.9'', Q = 59^{\circ}59'59.5'', R = 79^{\circ}30'0.6''$
- d)  $P = 40^{\circ}29'59'', Q = 59^{\circ}59'59'', R = 79^{\circ}30'02''$

30) How many number of cells of a 30 m spatial resolution DEM would be required to cover a 1:50,000 topographic map of Survey of India, assuming that 1 minute = 1.85 km?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 855,625
- b) 855,525
- c) 855,425
- d) 855,325

31) Choose the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) True Color Composite is produced by superimposing Red band in Red, Green band in Green, and Blue band in Blue color.

- b) True Color Composite is produced by superimposing Blue band in Red, Green band in Green, and Red band in Blue color.
- c) Standard False Color Composite is produced by superimposing Near Infrared band in Red, Red band in Green, and Green band in Blue color.
- d) Standard False Color Composite is produced by superimposing Green band in Red, Green band in Green, and Near Infrared band in Blue color.

32) Choose the CORRECT statement(s) in case of visual image interpretation:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Tone/Color is a primary element while Size, Shape and Texture are secondary elements.
- b) Size, Shape and Texture are primary elements while Tone/Color is a secondary element.
- c) Texture refers to the frequency of tonal changes in an area of image.
- d) Tone/Color is a primary element while Pattern and Association are secondary elements.

33) The spatial resolution of a satellite image **P** is 80 m and another satellite image **Q** is 20 m; each of  $512 \times 512$  pixel size. Choose the CORRECT option(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Image P will cover four times the area of image Q.
- b) Image P will cover sixteen times the area of image Q.
- c) Minor details will be more clear in image Q as compared to image P.
- d) Image P is higher resolution and image Q is lower resolution.

34) Which statement(s) is/are CORRECT for Hyperspectral images?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Bandwidth is large.
- b) Bandwidth is narrow.
- c) Number of bands are more.
- d) Bands are contiguous.

35) Satellite-Based NAVSTAR GPS Augmentation System(s) is/are:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) EGNOS
- b) WAAS
- c) GAGAN
- d) DGPS

36) Identify the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) NAVSTAR GPS consists of minimum 24 satellites.
- b) Precision of GPS positioning is being defined by its standard deviation.
- c) DGPS method provides more accurate 3D-position than Relative Static post-processing method.
- d) GPS observations from geodetic GPS receiver provide less accurate position than GPS code receiver.



37) Identify the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) For accurate GPS positioning, Geometric Dilution of Precision should be as large as possible.
- b) Integer ambiguity is associated with carrier frequency observation of GPS signal.
- c) GPS is one way ranging system for user.
- d) GPS is two way ranging system for user.

38) During GPS Surveying, initialization of rover receiver is required for:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Relative Static method
- b) Relative Kinematic method
- c) Stop and Go method
- d) Kinematic On Fly method

39) Centroid of a polygon is:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) geometric center of the polygon
- b) arithmetic mean position of all its vertices in two coordinate directions
- c) the point at which a cutout of the polygon could be perfectly balanced on the tip of a pin
- d) center of polyline

40) The area of a buffer of 50 m around a proposed 1 km straight road segment to restrict any future construction is \_\_\_\_\_ sq. m. (in integer). (Take the value of  $\pi = 3.14$ )

(GATE GE 2022)

41) The Degree of Accuracy of a traverse having error of closure of 0.5 m and perimeter of 100 m is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to 3 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)

42) Using the following regression equations, the correlation coefficient between two survey quantities  $x$  and  $y$  will be \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to 2 decimal places):

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 5y + 98 &= 0 \\ 6x - 7y + 114 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

(GATE GE 2022)

43) If population variance is 14.8, sample variance is 15.4 and the number of degrees of freedom is 10, then Chi-square value is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to 2 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)

44) Height of a station determined by Global Navigational Satellite System (GNSS) is 284.097 m and the geoid height of the station is -30.052 m. The elevation of the station is \_\_\_\_\_ m (round off to 3 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)



- a)  $l$                       b)  $\sqrt{l}$                       c)  $l^2$                       d)  $1/\sqrt{l}$

53) Select the INCORRECT statement:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Scale of a tilted photograph is uniform throughout its extent
- b) The relief displacement of any point will be radial from nadir point of the tilted photograph
- c) The bisector of the angle of tilt intersects the tilted photograph at a point known as isocentre
- d) A line perpendicular to the principal line and passing through the isocentre is known as the axis of tilt

54) A topographic map prepared by Survey of India covers 1 degree by 1 degree area on a single map. The minimum ground distance which can be represented on this map is \_\_\_\_\_ m (round off to 2 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)

55) In a closed traverse, the sum of the latitudes is 1.39 m and the sum of the departures is 2.17 m. The Length and Whole Circle Bearing of the closing error are

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Length = 2.57 m, Whole Circle Bearing =  $58^\circ$
- b) Length = 2.57 m, Whole Circle Bearing =  $57^\circ$
- c) Length = 2.67 m, Whole Circle Bearing =  $58^\circ$
- d) Length = 2.67 m, Whole Circle Bearing =  $57^\circ$

56) In surveying, an odometer is used for measuring

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) azimuth                      b) horizontal angle                      c) vertical angle                      d) distance

57) Choose the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) The spheroid is a mathematical surface of the Earth
- b) Geoid is an equipotential reference surface of the Earth
- c) True shape of the Earth is perfect spheroid
- d) The WGS-84 datum varies from country to country

58) Choose the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Latitude of a place varies from  $0^\circ$  to  $90^\circ$  North or South, and Longitude varies from  $0^\circ$  to  $180^\circ$  East or West of Greenwich Meridian
- b) Latitude of a place varies from  $0^\circ$  to  $180^\circ$  East or West of Greenwich Meridian, and Longitude varies from  $0^\circ$  to  $90^\circ$  North or South

- c) Longitude of a point is the angle between the Greenwich Meridian and the meridian passing through that point
- d) Latitude and Longitude of a place are subject to change with time

59) A map projection is

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) a systematic representation of latitude and longitude lines on a plane (paper) map
- b) a representation of 3D shape of Earth on 2D plane
- c) dependent on the location of area on the Earth
- d) required for taking theodolite observations of horizontal angles

(GATE GE 2022)

60) Face Left and Face Right observations using a vernier theodolite will eliminate

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) index error
- b) graduation error
- c) eccentricity error
- d) atmospheric error

61) The parallax of a point 'a' on a pair of successive overlapping photographs is 73.22 mm and the micrometer reading of a parallax bar of point 'a' is 12.10 mm. Similarly, the micrometer reading of the parallax bar of point 'b' is 9.65 mm, then the parallax of the point 'b' is \_\_\_\_\_ mm (round off to 2 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)

62) The scale of an aerial photograph is 5 mm = 100 m. The size of the photograph is 23 cm  $\times$  23 cm. If the longitudinal overlap is 65% and sidelap is 20%, the number of photographs required to cover an area of 12.5 km  $\times$  8 km is \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer). Given that the flight line is along the longer dimension.

(GATE GE 2022)

63) An instrument is set up at a station P and the angle of depression to a vane, 1.20 m above the foot of the staff held at Q is  $5^\circ$ . The horizontal distance PQ is 300 m. The R.L. of point Q is \_\_\_\_\_ m (round off to 3 decimal places). Given that the staff reading at a BM (Elevation 436.050 m) is 2.865 m.

(GATE GE 2022)

64) A staff is held vertical at a distance of 100 m and 300 m, respectively. Observations are taken with a Tacheometer and staff intercepts, with the telescope kept horizontal, are 0.990 m and 3.000 m, respectively. The theodolite is set over a station having a RL of 950.500 m and the height of instrument is 1.425 m. The multiplicative constant of the Tacheometer is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to 2 decimal places).

(GATE GE 2022)

65) Survey of India topographic sheet is 53G/12. At this scale, the numbers of toposheets that would cover a land area equivalent to 4 degree by 4 degree is \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)

**PART B: FOR Section II CANDIDATES ONLY**

66) The correlation coefficient between two bands of remote sensing data that would yield good classification:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) close to one                      b) close to zero                      c) close to ten                      d) between one to ten

67) In a covariance matrix, the main diagonal shows the \_\_\_\_\_ of each band.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) standard deviation      b) variance                      c) mean                      d) median

68) Choose the INCORRECT statement about image segmentation in digital image processing.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Segmentation divides an image into different regions  
b) Image segmentation does not help in image classification  
c) Segmentation helps to identify objects or boundaries  
d) Segmentation is a process of partitioning an image into multiple sets of similar pixels

69) When the histogram of an image is non-Gaussian in nature, the type of linear contrast enhancement preferred is

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Piece-wise Linear Contrast Stretching                      c) Percentage Linear Contrast Stretching  
b) Min-max Linear Contrast Stretching                      d) Standard Deviation Contrast Stretching

70) Spinning of the Earth, as viewed from the North pole, appears to be from

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) West to East in anti-clockwise direction                      c) East to West in anti-clockwise direction  
b) West to East in clockwise direction                      d) East to West in clockwise direction

71) In case of Principal Component Analysis (PCA), the variance of a single variable expresses the spread of its values about the

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Mode                      b) Median                      c) Mean                      d) Standard Deviation

72) Select the CORRECT sequence for supervised classification of satellite image:

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Classification, Training, Accuracy assessment, Radiometric/geometric correction

- b) Radiometric/geometric correction, Training, Classification, Accuracy assessment
- c) Radiometric/geometric correction, Accuracy assessment, Training, Classification
- d) Classification, Radiometric/geometric correction, Training, Accuracy assessment

73) The sum of all the values of a normalized histogram is equal to \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)

74) In a Landsat-8 scene, digital number (DN) values of a pixel in band-4, band-5 and band-10 are 80, 100 and 30, respectively. What would be the NDVI value for the same pixel (round off to 3 decimal places)?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) 0.111
- b) 0.222
- c) 0.556
- d) 0.889

75) For a given set of radiance values, which amongst the following is/are unitless?

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Skewness
- b) Kurtosis
- c) Mean
- d) Standard Deviation

76) Identify the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) External geometric errors in satellite images can be corrected using GCPs and an appropriate mathematical model
- b) During rectification, transformation coefficients are used to rectify remote sensing images to a standard datum and map projection
- c) Spatial interpolation models take care of four kinds of distortions in the remote sensing images
- d) Registration is done between a satellite image and field data

77) Choose the CORRECT statement(s):

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) Higher frequencies in an original image predominantly appear around the center of its Fourier Spectrum
- b) Higher frequencies in an original image predominantly appear progressively along the outer edge of its Fourier Spectrum
- c) Horizontal features in an original image appear as vertical components in its Fourier Spectrum
- d) Vertical features in an original image appear as vertical components in its Fourier Spectrum

78) Match the CORRECT option(s) for the types of filters given in (I), (II), (III), and (IV) with their kernels given in (P), (Q), (R) and (S).

(I) Low Frequency Filter	(II) High Frequency Filter	(III) Laplacian Filter	(IV) Sobel Operator Filter																																				
(P)	(Q)	(R)	(S)																																				
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Figure.Q78

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) I - P and II - Q                      c) I - P and IV - Q  
b) III - R and IV - S                    d) II - R and III - S

79) Band ratio in satellite images interpretation is applied to

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) enhance the spectral separation                      c) enhance the effects of topography  
b) reduce the effects of topography                    d) increase spatial differences between bands

80) The decorrelation stretch enhances colour differences and removes inter-band \_\_\_\_.

(GATE GE 2022)

- a) decorrelation                      b) contradiction                      c) correlation                      d) relationship

81) The overall image classification accuracy (in percentage) calculated from the following error matrix is \_\_\_\_ (in integer).

		Ground Truth Classes			Total
		SOIL	WATER	CROP	
Thematic Map Classes	SOIL	40	1	4	45
	WATER	7	25	3	35
	CROP	1	2	17	20
Number of ground truth pixels		48	28	24	

Figure.Q81

(GATE GE 2022)

82) Number of bytes required to store an 8-bit uncompressed image of size  $512 \times 512$  pixels is \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)

83) The minimum and maximum Digital Number (DN) values of an image are 30 and 55, respectively. If the input DN value of a pixel is 35, the output DN value after linear contrast stretch of an 8-bit data is \_\_\_\_\_ (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)

84) The FOV of a sensor (for a scene) placed at a nadir height of 6 km is  $90^\circ$ . The ground swath width of the scene is \_\_\_\_\_ km (in integer).

(GATE GE 2022)