GATE 2022 - General Aptitude

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1	The	is too high for it to be so	moi domo d		
1.	The	_ is too high for it to be co	iisidered		
	(a) fair / fare	(b) faer / fair	(c) fare / fare	(d) fare / fair	
				(GATE CS 2022))
2.	A function $y(x)$	is defined in the interval (0	(1) on the x -axis as		
		y(x) =	$= \begin{cases} 2 & 0 \le x < \frac{1}{3} \\ 3 & \frac{1}{3} \le x < \frac{3}{4} \\ 1 & \frac{3}{4} \le x \le 1 \end{cases}$		
	Which one of th	ne following is the area und	er the curve for the inter	val $(0, 1)$ on the <i>x</i> -axis?	
	(a) $\frac{5}{6}$	(b) $\frac{6}{5}$	(c) $\frac{13}{6}$	(d) $\frac{6}{13}$	
				(GATE CS 2022))
3.	Let r be a root of is	f the equation $x^2 + 2x + 6 = 0$. Then the value of the ex	expression $(r+2)(r+3)(r+4)$	(r+5)
	(a) 51	(b) −51	(c) 126	(d) -126	
				(GATE CS 2022))
4.	Given below are	e four statements.			
	Statement 1: Al	l students are inquisitive.			
	Statement 2: So	me students are inquisitive			
	Statement 3: No	student is inquisitive.			
	Statement 4: So	me students are not inquisi	tive.		
	-	four statements, find the tw nere is at least one student i		OT BE TRUE simultaneously,	,
	(a) Statement	1 and Statement 3	(c) Statement 2 ar	nd Statement 4	
	* *	1 and Statement 2	(d) Statement 3 ar	nd Statement 4	
				(GATE CS 2022))

5. A palindrome is a word that reads the same forwards and backwards. In a game of words, a player has the following two plates painted with letters.



Figure 5: Fig: q5

From the additional plates given in the options, which one of the combinations of additional plates would allow the player to construct a five-letter palindrome. The player should use all the five plates exactly once. The plates can be rotated in their plane.

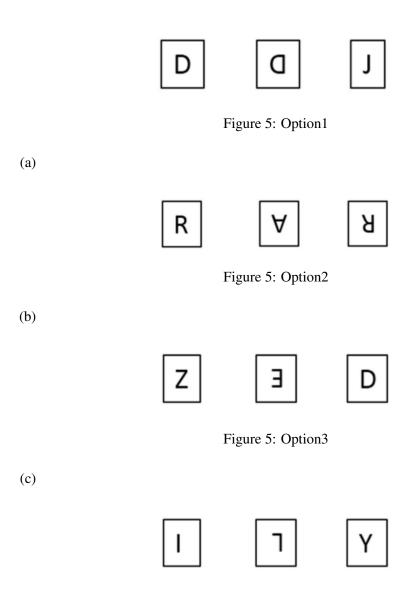


Figure 5: Option4

(d)

6. Some people believe that "what gets measured, improves". Some others believe that "what gets measured, gets gamed". One possible reason for the difference in the beliefs is the work culture in organizations. In organizations with good work culture, metrics help improve outcomes. However, the same metrics are counterproductive in organizations with poor work culture.

Which one of the following is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

- (a) Metrics are useful in organizations with poor work culture
- (b) Metrics are useful in organizations with good work culture
- (c) Metrics are always counterproductive in organizations with good work culture
- (d) Metrics are never useful in organizations with good work culture

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7. In a recently conducted national entrance test, boys constituted 65% of those who appeared for the test. Girls constituted the remaining candidates and they accounted for 60% of the qualified candidates.

Which one of the following is the correct logical inference based on the information provided in the above passage?

- (a) Equal number of boys and girls qualified
- (b) Equal number of boys and girls appeared for the test
- (c) The number of boys who appeared for the test is less than the number of girls who appeared
- (d) The number of boys who qualified the test is less than the number of girls who qualified

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8. A box contains five balls of same size and shape. Three of them are green coloured balls and two of them are orange coloured balls. Balls are drawn from the box one at a time. If a green ball is drawn, it is not replaced. If an orange ball is drawn, it is replaced with another orange ball.

First ball is drawn. What is the probability of getting an orange ball in the next draw?

(a) $\frac{1}{2}$

(b) $\frac{8}{25}$ (c) $\frac{19}{50}$

(d) $\frac{23}{50}$

(GATE CS 2022)

- 9. The corners and mid-points of the sides of a triangle are named using the distinct letters P, Q, R, S, T and U, but not necessarily in the same order. Consider the following statements:
 - The line joining P and R is parallel to the line joining Q and S.
 - P is placed on the side opposite to the corner T.
 - S and U cannot be placed on the same side.

Which one of the following statements is correct based on the above information?

(a) P cannot be placed at a corner

(c) U cannot be placed at a mid-point

(b) S cannot be placed at a corner

(d) R cannot be placed at a corner

10. A plot of land must be divided between four families. They want their individual plots to be similar in shape, not necessarily equal in area. The land has equally spaced poles, marked as dots in the below figure. Two ropes, R_1 and R_2 , are already present and cannot be moved.

What is the least number of additional straight ropes needed to create the desired plots? A single rope can pass through three poles that are aligned in a straight line.

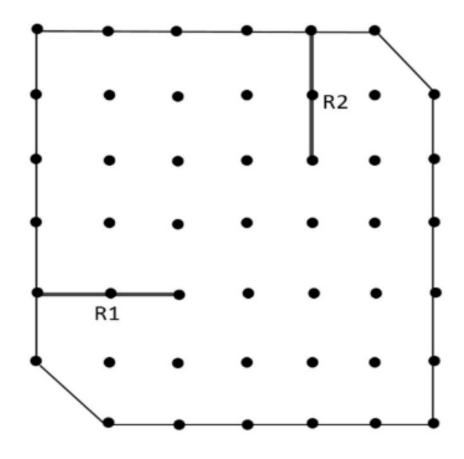


Figure 10: Fig

(a) 2

(b) 4

(c) 5

(d) 3

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- 11. Which one of the following statements is TRUE for all positive functions f(n)?
 - (a) $f(n)^2 = \theta(f(n^2))$ when f(n) is a polynomial
 - (b) $f(n)^2 = o(f(n^2))$
 - (c) $f(n)^2 = O(f(n^2))$ when f(n) is an exponential function
 - (d) $f(n)^2 = \Omega(f(n^2))$

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12. Which one of the following regular expressions correctly represents the language of the finite automaton given below?

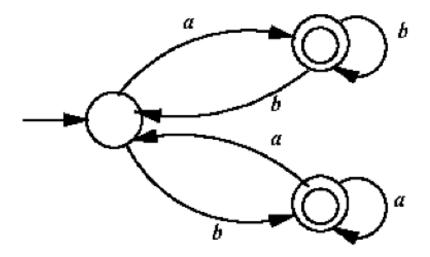


Figure 12: Figure for question

- (a) $ab^*bab^*ba^*aba^*$
- (b) $(ab^*bab^*ba^*aba^*)^*$
- (c) $(ab^*bba^*a^*b)^*$
- (d) $(ba^*aab^*bab^*ba^*)^*$

- 13. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?
 - (a) The LALR(1) parser for a grammar G cannot have reduce-reduce conflict if the LR(1) parser for G does not have reduce-reduce conflict
 - (b) Symbol table is accessed only during the lexical analysis phase
 - (c) Data flow analysis is necessary for run-time memory management
 - (d) LR(1) parsing is sufficient for deterministic context-free languages

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- 14. In a relational data model, which one of the following statements is TRUE?
 - (a) A relation with only two attributes is always in BCNF
 - (b) If all attributes of a relation are prime attributes, then the relation is in BCNF
 - (c) Every relation has at least one non-prime attribute
 - (d) BCNF decompositions preserve functional dependencies

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15. Consider the problem of reversing a singly linked list. To take an example, given the linked list below,

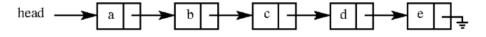


Figure 15: Link 1

the reversed linked list should look like

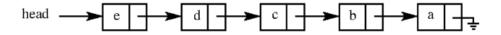


Figure 15: Link 2

Which one of the following statements is TRUE about the time complexity of algorithms that solve the above problem in O(1) space?

- (a) The best algorithm for the problem takes $\theta(n\phi)$ The best algorithm for the problem takes time in the worst case $\theta(n^2)$ time in the worst case
- (b) The best algorithm for the problem $tak \notin s$ It is not possible to reverse a singly linked list $\theta(n \log n)$ time in the worst case in O(1) space

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- 16. Suppose we are given n keys, m hash table slots, and two simple uniform hash functions h_1 and h_2 . Further suppose our hashing scheme uses h_1 for the odd keys and h_2 for the even keys. What is the expected number of keys in a slot?
 - (a) $\frac{m}{n}$
- (b) $\frac{n}{m}$
- (c) $\frac{2n}{m}$
- (d) $\frac{n}{2m}$

(GATE CS 2022)

- 17. Which one of the following facilitates transfer of bulk data from hard disk to main memory with the highest throughput?
 - (a) DMA based I/O transfer
- (c) Polling based I/O transfer
- (b) Interrupt driven I/O transfer
- (d) Programmed I/O transfer

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- 18. Let R1 and R2 be two 4-bit registers that store numbers in 2's complement form. For the operation R1+R2, which one of the following values of R1 and R2 gives an arithmetic overflow?
 - (a) R1 = 1011 and R2 = 1110
- (c) R1 = 0011 and R2 = 0100
- (b) R1 = 1100 and R2 = 1010
- (d) R1 = 1001 and R2 = 1111

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19. Consider the following threads, T1, T2, and T3 executing on a single processor, synchronized using three binary semaphore variables, S1, S2, and S3, operated upon using standard wait() and signal(). The threads can be context switched in any order and at any time.

T1	T2	T3
while(true){	while(true){	while(true){
<pre>wait(S3);</pre>	wait(S1);	<pre>wait(S2);</pre>
<pre>print("C");</pre>	<pre>print("B");</pre>	<pre>print("A");</pre>
signal(S2); }	signal(S3); }	signal(S1); }

Which initialization of the semaphores would print the sequence BCABCABCA...?

- (a) S1 = 1; S2 = 1; S3 = 1
- (c) S1 = 1; S2 = 0; S3 = 0
- (b) S1 = 1; S2 = 1; S3 = 0
- (d) S1 = 0; S2 = 1; S3 = 1

20. Consider the following two statements with respect to the matrices $A_{m \times n}$, $B_{n \times m}$, $C_{n \times n}$, $D_{n \times n}$.

Statement 1: tr(AB) = tr(BA)Statement 2: tr(CD) = tr(DC)

Which one of the following holds?

- (a) Statement 1 is correct and Statement 2 is wrong
- (b) Statement 1 is wrong and Statement 2 is correct
- (c) Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are correct
- (d) Both Statement 1 and Statement 2 are wrong

(GATE CS 2022)

21. What is printed by the following ANSI C program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
  int x = 1, z[2] = {10,11};
  int *p = NULL;
  p = &x;
  *p = 10;
  p = &z[1];
  *(&z[0]+1) += 3;
  printf("%d, %d, %d\n", x, z[0], z[1]);
  return 0;
}
```

(a) 1, 10, 11

(c) 10, 14, 11

(b) 1, 10, 14

(d) 10, 10, 14

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22. Consider an enterprise network with two Ethernet segments, a web server and a firewall, connected via three routers. What is the number of subnets inside the enterprise network?

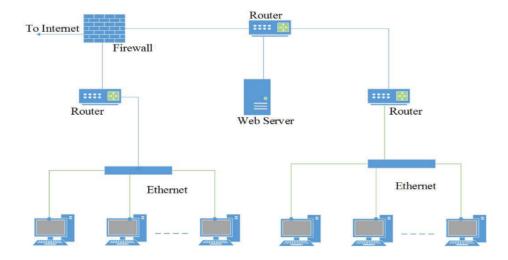


Figure 22: Figure for Q22

(a) 3

(b) 12

(c) 6

(d) 8

(GATE CS 2022)

- 23. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?
 - (a) Every subset of a recursively enumerable language is recursive
 - (b) If a language L and its complement \bar{L} are both recursively enumerable, then L must be recursive
 - (c) Complement of a context-free language must be recursive
 - (d) If L_1 and L_2 are regular, then $L_1 \cap L_2$ must be deterministic context-free

(GATE CS 2022)

- 24. Let WB and WT be two set associative cache organizations that use LRU algorithm for cache block replacement. WB is a write back cache and WT is a write through cache. Which of the following statements is/are FALSE?
 - (a) Each cache block in WB and WT has a dirty bit
 - (b) Every write hit in WB leads to a data transfer from cache to main memory
 - (c) Eviction of a block from WT will not lead to data transfer from cache to main memory
 - (d) A read miss in WB will never lead to eviction of a dirty block from WB

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25. Consider the following three relations in a relational database.

Employee(eId, Name), Brand(bId, bName), Own(eId, bId)

Which of the following relational algebra expressions return the set of elds who own all the brands?

- (a) $\pi_{eId} (\pi_{eId,bId} Own \div \pi_{bId} Brand)$
- (b) $\pi_{eId} \left(\pi_{eId} Own \pi_{eId} \left(\pi_{eId,bId} Own \times \pi_{bId} Brand \pi_{eId,bId} Own \right) \right)$
- (c) $\pi_{eId} (\pi_{eId,bId}Own \div \pi_{bId}Own)$

(d) $\pi_{eId} ((\pi_{eId,bId}Own \times \pi_{bId}Own) \div \pi_{bId}Brand)$

(GATE CS 2022)

- 26. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to deadlocks?
 - (a) Circular wait is a necessary condition for the formation of deadlock
 - (b) In a system where each resource has more than one instance, a cycle in its wait-for graph indicates the presence of a deadlock
 - (c) If the current allocation of resources to processes leads the system to unsafe state, then deadlock will necessarily occur
 - (d) In the resource-allocation graph of a system, if every edge is an assignment edge, then the system is not in deadlock state

(GATE CS 2022)

- 27. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE for a group G?
 - (a) If for all $x, y \in G$, $(xy)^2 = x^2y^2$, then G is commutative
 - (b) If for all $x \in G$, $x^2 = 1$, then G is commutative
 - (c) If the order of G is 2, then G is commutative
 - (d) If G is commutative, then a subgroup of G need not be commutative

(GATE CS 2022)

28. Suppose a binary search tree with 1000 distinct elements is also a complete binary tree. The tree is stored using the array representation of binary heap trees. Assuming that the array indices start with 0, the 3rd largest element of the tree is stored at index ______

(GATE CS 2022)

29. Consider the augmented grammar with $\{id, +, *, (,), \}$ as the set of terminals.

$$S' \to S$$
, $S \to S + R \mid R$, $R \to R * P \mid P$, $P \to (S) \mid id$

If $I_0 = \{[S' \to S], [S \to S + R]\}$, then $closure(goto(I_0, +))$ contains exactly ______ items. (GATE CS 2022)

30. Consider a simple undirected graph of 10 vertices. If the graph is disconnected, then the maximum number of edges it can have is _____

(GATE CS 2022)

31. Consider a relation R(A, B, C, D, E) with the following three functional dependencies:

$$AB \rightarrow C, BC \rightarrow D, C \rightarrow E.$$

The number of superkeys in the relation R is _____

(GATE CS 2022)

32. The number of arrangements of six identical balls in three identical bins is _____

33. A cache memory that has a hit rate of 0.8 has an access latency 10 ns and miss penalty 100 ns. An optimization is done on the cache to reduce the miss rate. However, the optimization results in an increase of cache access latency to 15 ns, whereas the miss penalty is not affected. The minimum hit rate (rounded off to two decimal places) needed after the optimization such that it should not increase the average memory access time is ______

(GATE CS 2022)

34. The value of the following limit is _____

$$\lim_{x \to 0+} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{1 - e^{2\sqrt{x}}}$$

(GATE CS 2022)

35. Consider the resolution of the domain name www.gate.org.in by a DNS resolver. Assume that no resource records are cached anywhere across the DNS servers and that iterative query mechanism is used in the resolution. The number of DNS query-response pairs involved in completely resolving the domain name is ______

(GATE CS 2022)

36. Which one of the following is the closed form for the generating function of the sequence $\{a_n\}_{n\geq 0}$ defined below?

$$a_n = \begin{cases} 1, & n \text{ is odd} \\ 1, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a)
$$\frac{1+x}{(1-x)(1-x^2)}$$

(b)
$$\frac{1 - 3x + x^2}{(1 - x)(1 - x^2)}$$

(c)
$$\frac{1+x^2}{(1-x)(1-x^2)}$$

(d)
$$\frac{1}{(1-x)(1+x)}$$

(GATE CS 2022)

- 37. Consider a simple undirected unweighted graph with at least three vertices. If *A* is the adjacency matrix of the graph, then the number of 3-cycles in the graph is given by the trace of
 - (a) A^{3}

(c)
$$A^3/3$$

(b) $A^3/2$

(d)
$$A^3/6$$

- 38. Which one of the following statements is FALSE?
 - (a) The TLB performs an associative search in parallel on all its valid entries using page number of incoming virtual address
 - (b) If the virtual address of a word given by CPU has a TLB hit, but the subsequent search for the word results in a cache miss, then the word will always be present in the main memory

- (c) The memory access time using a given inverted page table is always same for all incoming virtual addresses
- (d) In a system that uses hashed page tables, if two distinct virtual addresses V_1 and V_2 map to the same value while hashing, then the memory access time of these addresses will not be the same

39. Let $R_i(z)$ and $W_i(z)$ denote read and write operations on a data element z by a transaction T_i , respectively. Consider the schedule S with four transactions.

$$S: R_4(x) R_2(x) R_3(x) R_1(y) W_1(y) W_2(x) W_3(y) R_4(y)$$

Which one of the following serial schedules is conflict equivalent to S?

- (a) $T_4 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_1$
- (b) $T_2 \rightarrow T_1 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_4$
- (c) $T_3 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_4 \rightarrow T_1$
- (d) $T_1 \rightarrow T_3 \rightarrow T_2 \rightarrow T_4$

(GATE CS 2022)

40. Consider a digital display system (DDS) that displays the contents of register X. A 16-bit code word is used to load a word in X, either from S or from R. S is a 1024-word memory segment and R is a 32-word register file. Based on the value of mode bit M, T selects an input word to load in X. P and Q interface with the corresponding bits in the code word to choose the addressed word. Which one of the following represents the functionality of P, Q, and T?

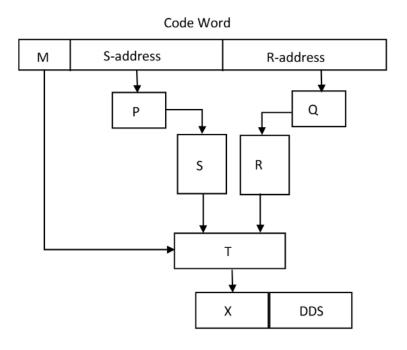


Figure 40: Figure for Q40

- (a) P is 10:1 multiplexer; Q is 5:1 multiplexer; T is 2:1 multiplexer
- (b) P is $10: 2^{10}$ decoder; Q is $5: 2^5$ decoder; T is 2:1 encoder
- (c) P is $10: 2^{10}$ decoder; Q is $5: 2^5$ decoder; T is 2:1 multiplexer

(d) P is 1:10 de-multiplexer; Q is 1:5 de-multiplexer; T is 2:1 multiplexer

(GATE CS 2022)

41. Consider three floating point numbers A, B and C stored in registers RA, RB and RC, respectively as per IEEE-754 single precision floating point format. The 32-bit content stored in these registers (in hexadecimal form) are as follows:

```
RA = 0xC1400000 RB = 0x42100000 RC = 0x41400000
```

Which one of the following is FALSE?

- (a) A + C = 0
- (b) C = A + B
- (c) 3B = C
- (d) (B C) > 0

(GATE CS 2022)

- 42. Consider four processes P, Q, R, and S scheduled on a CPU as per round robin algorithm with a time quantum of 4 units. The processes arrive in the order P, Q, R, S, all at time t=0. There is exactly one context switch from S to Q, exactly one context switch from R to Q, and exactly two context switches from Q to R. There is no context switch from S to P. Switching to a ready process after the termination of another process is also considered a context switch. Which one of the following is NOT possible as CPU burst time (in time units) of these processes?
 - (a) P=4, Q=10, R=6, S=2
 - (b) P=2, Q=9, R=5, S=1
 - (c) P=4, Q=12, R=5, S=4
 - (d) P=3, Q=7, R=7, S=3

(GATE CS 2022)

43. What is printed by the following ANSI C program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
  int a[3][3][3] = {
    {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9},
    {10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18},
    {19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27}};
  int i=0,j=0,k=0;
  for(i=0;i<3;i++){
    for(k=0;k<3;k++)
      printf("%d ", a[i][j][k]);
    printf("\n");
  }
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

(a) 1 2 3; 10 11 12; 19 20 21

- (b) 1 4 7; 10 13 16; 19 22 25
- (c) 1 2 3; 4 5 6; 7 8 9
- (d) 1 2 3; 13 14 15; 25 26 27

44. What is printed by the following ANSI C program?

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]){
  char a='P';
  char b='x';
  char c=(a & b)+'*';
  char d=(a | b) - '-';
  char e=(a ^ b) + '+';
  printf("%c %c %c\n", c, d, e);
  return 0;
}
```

ASCII encoding for relevant characters is given.

A	В	С	• • •	Z	a	b	С	• • •	Z
65	66	67		90	97	98	99		122

*	+	-
42	43	45

(a) z K S

(c) * - +

(b) 122 75 83

(d) Px +

(GATE CS 2022)

45. Consider solving the following system of simultaneous equations using LU decomposition.

$$x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 4$$
, $2x_1 + 3x_2 - 7x_3 = 5$, $x_1 + 2x_2 - 2x_3 = 7$

Which one of the following is the correct combination of values for L_{32} , U_{33} , x_1 ?

- (a) $L_{32} = \frac{1}{2}$, $U_{33} = -1$, $x_1 = -1$
- (b) $L_{32} = 1, U_{33} = 2, x_1 = -1$
- (c) $L_{32} = -\frac{1}{2}$, $U_{33} = 2$, $x_1 = 0$
- (d) $L_{32} = -\frac{1}{2}$, $U_{33} = -\frac{1}{2}$, $x_1 = 0$

- 46. Which of the following is/are undecidable?
 - (a) Given two Turing machines M_1 and M_2 , decide if $L(M_1) = L(M_2)$
 - (b) Given a Turing machine M, decide if L(M) is regular
 - (c) Given a Turing machine M, decide if M accepts all strings
 - (d) Given a Turing machine M, decide if M takes more than 10^{73} steps on every string

47. Consider the following languages:

$$L_1 = \{a^n w a^n \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$$

$$L_2 = \{wxw^R \mid w, x \in \{a, b\}^*, |w|, |x| > 0\}$$

Which of the following is/are TRUE?

- (a) L_1 and L_2 are regular
- (b) L_1 and L_2 are context-free
- (c) L_1 is regular and L_2 is context-free
- (d) L_1 and L_2 are context-free but not regular

(GATE CS 2022)

48. Consider the following languages:

$$L_1 = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$$

$$L_2 = \{a^n b^m c^n \mid m, n \ge 0\}$$

$$L_3 = \{a^m b^n c^n \mid m, n \ge 0\}$$

Which of the following statements is/are FALSE?

- (a) L_1 is not context-free but L_2 and L_3 are deterministic context-free
- (b) Neither L_1 nor L_2 is context-free
- (c) L_2, L_3 and $L_2 \cap L_3$ all are context-free
- (d) Neither L_1 nor its complement is context-free

(GATE CS 2022)

- 49. Consider a simple undirected weighted graph *G*, all of whose edge weights are distinct. Which of the following statements about the minimum spanning trees of *G* is/are TRUE?
 - (a) The edge with the second smallest weight is always part of any minimum spanning tree of G
 - (b) One or both of the edges with the third smallest and the fourth smallest weights are part of any minimum spanning tree of *G*
 - (c) Suppose $S \subset V$, $S \neq \phi$, $S \neq V$. Consider the edge with the minimum weight such that one vertex in S, the other in $V \setminus S$. Such an edge will always be part of any MST of G
 - (d) G can have multiple minimum spanning trees

(GATE CS 2022)

50. The following simple undirected graph is referred to as the Peterson graph. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?



Figure 50: Fig Question

- (a) The chromatic number of the graph is 3
- (b) The graph has a Hamiltonian path
- (c) The given graph is isomorphic to the Peterson graph



Figure 50: Option 3

(d) The size of the largest independent set of the given graph is 3

(GATE CS 2022)

51. Consider the following recurrence:

$$f(1) = 1$$

$$f(2n) = 2.6$$

$$f(2n) = 2f(n) + 1, \quad n \ge 1$$

$$f(2n+1) = 2f(n)+1, \quad n \ge 1$$

Which of the following statements is/are TRUE?

(a)
$$f(2n-1) = 2n-1$$

(b)
$$f(2n) = n$$

(c)
$$f(5 \cdot 2^n) = 2n + 1$$

(d)
$$f(2n+1) = 2n+1$$

(GATE CS 2022)

- 52. Which of the properties hold for the adjacency matrix *A* of a simple undirected unweighted graph having *n* vertices?
 - (a) The diagonal entries of A^2 are the degrees of the vertices of the graph
 - (b) If the graph is connected, then none of the entries of $A^{n-1} + I_n$ can be zero
 - (c) If the sum of all the elements of A is at most 2(n-1), then the graph must be acyclic
 - (d) If there is at least a 1 in each of A's rows and columns, then the graph must be connected

(GATE CS 2022)

53. Which of the following is/are the eigenvector(s) for the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & -6 & -2 & -4 \\ -8 & -6 & -3 & -1 \\ -20 & -15 & -8 & -5 \\ -32 & -21 & -7 & -12 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a)
$$\begin{bmatrix} -1\\1\\0\\1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $\begin{array}{c}
 (b) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$
- (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$
- $(d) \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

- 54. Consider a system with 2 KB direct mapped data cache with a block size of 64 bytes. The system has a physical address space of 64 KB and a word length of 16 bits. During the execution of a program, four data words P, Q, R, and S are accessed in that order 10 times (i.e., PQRSPQRS...). The addresses of the first bytes of P, Q, R, and S are 0xA248, 0xC28A, 0xCA8A, and 0xA262, respectively. Which of the following statements is/are TRUE with respect to the data cache?
 - (a) Every access to S is a hit
 - (b) Once P is brought to the cache it is never evicted
 - (c) At the end of the execution only R and S reside in the cache
 - (d) Every access to R evicts Q from the cache

(GATE CS 2022)

55. Consider routing table of an organization's router:

Subnet Number	Subnet Mask	Next Hop
12.20.164.0	255.255.252.0	R1
12.20.170.0	255.255.254.0	R2
12.20.168.0	255.255.254.0	Interface 0
12.20.166.0	255.255.254.0	Interface 1
default		R3

Which of the following prefixes in CIDR notation can be collectively used to correctly aggregate all of the subnets in the routing table?

(a) 12.20.164.0/20

(c) 12.20.164.0/21

(b) 12.20.164.0/22

(d) 12.20.168.0/22

(GATE CS 2022)

56. Consider the relational database with the following four schemas and their respective instances: Student(sNo,sName,dNo), Dept(dNo,dName), Course(cNo,cName,dNo), Register(sNo,cNo) SQL Query:

SELECT * FROM Student AS S WHERE NOT EXISTS
(SELECT cNo FROM Course WHERE dNo="D01"
EXCEPT
SELECT cNo FROM Register WHERE sNo=S.sNo)

sNo	sName	dNo
S01	James	D01
S02	Rocky	D01
S03	Jackson	D02
S04	Jane	D01
S05	Milli	D02

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cNo	cName	dNo
C11	DS	D01
C12	OS	D01
C21	DE	D02
C22	PT	D02
C23	CV	D03

sNo	cNo
S01	C11
S01	C12
S02	C11
S03	C21
S03	C22
S03	C23
S04	C11
S04	C12
S05	C11
S05	C21

The number of rows returned by the above SQL query is ______

(GATE CS 2022)

57. Consider a network with three routers P, Q, R. All the links have cost unity. The routers exchange distance vector routing information and have converged on the routing tables, after which the link QR fails. Assume that P and Q send out routing updates at random times, each at the same average rate. The probability of a routing loop formation (rounded off to one decimal place) between P and Q, leading to count-to-infinity problem, is ______

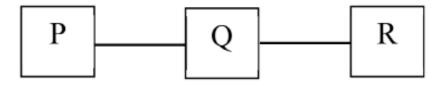


Figure 57: Fig

(GATE CS 2022)

58. Let G(V, E) be a directed graph, where $V = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. A[i][j] = 1 for $1 \le j \le i \le 5$, 0 otherwise. The number of directed spanning trees rooted at vertex 5 is _____

(GATE CS 2022)

59. Consider a 100 Mbps link between an earth station and a satellite at altitude 2100 km. Signal propagates at 3×10^8 m/s. The time taken (in ms, rounded off to two decimal places) for the receiver to completely receive a packet of 1000 bytes is ______

(GATE CS 2022)

60. Consider TCP over a 1 Gbps link. Maximum segment lifetime (MSL) is 60 s. The minimum number of bits required for the sequence number field of the TCP header, to prevent wrapping around during the MSL, is ______

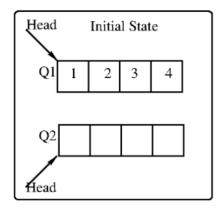
(GATE CS 2022)

61. A processor X1 operating at 2 GHz has a standard 5-stage RISC pipeline with base CPI=1. For a program P with 30% branches, control hazards incur 2-cycle stall for every branch. A new processor X2 at same frequency has branch predictor with 80% accuracy, eliminating stalls for

correctly predicted branches. The speedup (rounded off to two decimal places) obtained by X2 over X1 in executing P is _____

(GATE CS 2022)

62. Consider queues Q_1 containing 4 elements and Q_2 empty. Only Enqueue and Dequeue allowed. The minimum number of Enqueue operations on Q_1 required to place elements of Q_1 into Q_2 in reverse order is ______



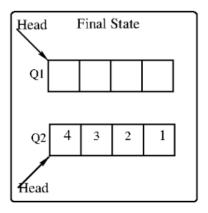


Figure 62: Fig

(GATE CS 2022)

63. Consider file systems A (contiguous allocation) and B (linked allocation). A file of 100 blocks is stored in both. Insert a new block between 50th and 51st. Let required disk accesses be n_A and n_B . Then $n_A + n_B =$

(GATE CS 2022)

64. Consider demand paging system with 4 page frames (initially empty) and LRU policy. For page reference string 7,2,7,3,2,5,3,4,6,7,7,1,5,6,1 the page fault rate (rounded off to one decimal place) is

(GATE CS 2022)

65. Consider grammar with translation rules:

$$S \rightarrow S_1 \# T \quad \{S.val = S_1.val * T.val\}$$

$$S \rightarrow T \quad \{S.val = T.val\}$$

$$T \rightarrow T_1 \% R \quad \{T.val = T_1.val/R.val\}$$

$$T \rightarrow R \quad \{T.val = R.val\}$$

$$R \rightarrow id \quad \{R.val = id.val\}$$

For the expression 20#10%5#8%2%2, the computed value of *S.val* is _____

Q. No.	Session	Question Type	Subject Name	Key/Range	Mark
1	1	MCQ	GA	D	1
2	1	MCQ	GA	C	1
3	1	MCQ	GA	D	1
4	1	MSQ	GA	A,B,D	2
5	1	NAT	GA	26.50 to 26.50	1
6	1	MCQ	GA	A	1
7	1	NAT	GA	9.00 to 9.00	1
8	1	MCQ	GA	В	1
9	1	MCQ	GA	D	1
10	1	NAT	GA	21.00 to 21.00	1
11	1	MCQ	CS	В	1
12	1	MCQ	CS	C	1
13	1	MCQ	CS	В	1
14	1	NAT	CS	16.00 to 16.00	1
15	1	MCQ	CS	C	1
16	1	MCQ	CS	C	1
17	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	A	1
18	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	B	1
18 19	1	_	CS	D B	1
20	1 1	MCQ MCQ	CS	C D	1
		_			
21	1	MCQ	CS	C	2
22	1	MCQ	CS	D	2
23	1	MCQ	CS	C	2
24	1	MCQ	CS	В	2
25	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,D	2
26	1	MCQ	CS	A	2
27	1	MCQ	CS	C	2
28	1	MSQ	CS	A,C	2
29	1	MCQ	CS	A	2
30	1	MCQ	CS	В	2
31	1	MCQ	CS	D	2
32	1	MCQ	CS	A	2
33	1	MCQ	CS	В	2
34	1	MCQ	CS	D	2
35	1	MCQ	CS	A	2
36	1	MCQ	CS	D	2
37	1	MCQ	CS	D	2
38	1	MCQ	CS	A	2
39	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	A	2
40	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	D	2
41	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	A	2
42	1	MCQ MCQ	CS	B	$\frac{2}{2}$
42	1 1		CS	С	$\frac{2}{2}$
		MCQ MCQ			$\frac{2}{2}$
44	1	MCQ	CS	A	
45	1	MCQ	CS	В	2
46	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,C	2
47	1	MSQ	CS	B,C	2
48	1	MSQ	CS	A,C,D	2
49	1	MSQ	CS	C,D	2
50	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,C	2 2 2
51	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,C	2
52	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,C	2
53	1	MCQ	19 CS	В	2
54	1	MSQ	CS	A,B,C	2
55	1	MCQ	CS	В	2
56	1	NAT	CS	2.00 to 2.00	2