1

PI :CIVIL ENGINEERING

AI25BTECH11034 - Sujal Chauhan

SESSION 1

Q.1 - Q.5 carry one mark ea

1) The driver applied the	as soon as she	e approached the hotel wh	nere she wanted to take a
The words that best fill	the blanks in the above s	sentence are	(GATE 2018)
a) brake, break	b) break, break	c) brake, brake	d) break, brake
2) "It is no surprise that e is often" The word that best fills	very society has had code the blank in the above se		the nature of these codes (GATE 2018)
a) unpredictable	b) simple	c) expected	d) strict
	es as old as Hema, how old	ld is Hema?	(GATE 2018)
a) 14	b) 17	c) 18	d) 19
	d tower B is 140 m tall. To the towers. If a taut re ce (in meters) from tower	rope connects the top of t	cower A to the bottom of
a) 22.22	b) 50	c) 57.87	d) 77.78
	according to the relation ue of Θ given the following	of $T = K(\Theta p + T_0)$, where $T = K(\Theta p + T_0)$, where $T = T_0$ and $T = T_0$ and $T = T_0$ are $T = T_0$ are $T = T_0$ and $T = T_0$ are $T = T_0$ are $T = T_0$ are $T = T_0$ and $T = T_0$ are T	
a) 0.8	b) 1.0	c) 2.0	d) 10.0

Q.6 - Q.10 carry two mark each

- 6) A fruit seller sold a basket of fruits at 12.5% loss. Had he sold it for Rs. 108 more, he would have made a 10% gain. What is the loss in Rupees incurred by the fruit seller? (GATE 2018)
 - a) 48

b) 52

c) 60

- d) 108
- 7) The price of a wire made of a superalloy material is proportional to the square of its length. The price of 10 m length of the wire is Rs. 1600. What would be the total price (in Rs.) of two wires of lengths 4 m and 6 m? (GATE 2018)
 - a) 768

b) 832

c) 1440

- d) 1600
- 8) Which of the following function(s) is an accurate description of the graph for the range(s) indicated? (GATE 2018) (i) y = 2x + 4 for $-3 \le x \le -1$

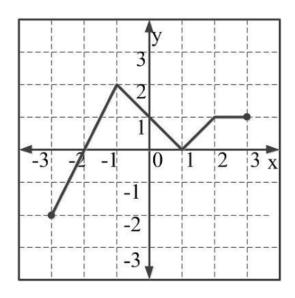


Fig. 8.

- (ii) y = |x 1| for $-1 \le x \le 2$
- (iii) y = ||x| 1| for $-1 \le x \le 2$
- (iv) y = 1 for $2 \le x \le 3$
- a) (i), (ii) and (iii) only. b) (i), (ii) and (iv) only. c) (i) and (iv) only. d) (ii) and (iv) only.

- 9) Consider a sequence of numbers $a_1, a_2, a_3, \ldots, a_n$ where $a_n = \frac{1}{n} \frac{1}{n+2}$ for each integer n > 0. What is the sum of the first 50 terms?
- a) $\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{1}{50}$ b) $\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{50}$ c) $\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{51} + \frac{1}{52}\right)$ d) $1 \left(\frac{1}{51} + \frac{1}{52}\right)$
- 10) Each of the letters arranged as below represents a unique integer from 1 to 9. The letters are positioned in the figure such that $(A \times B \times C)$, $(B \times G \times E)$ and $(D \times E \times F)$ are equal. Which integer among the following choices cannot be represented by the letters A, B, C, D, E, F or G? (GATE 2018)

 $\begin{array}{ccc}
B & G & E \\
C & F
\end{array}$

a) 4

b) 5

c) 6

d) 9

Q.1 - Q.25 carry one mark each

1) Which one of the following matrices is singular?

(GATE 2018)

a)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

b)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 c) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$

d)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 6 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

2) For the given orthogonal matrix Q,

$$Q = \begin{pmatrix} 3/7 & 2/7 & 6/7 \\ -6/7 & 3/7 & 2/7 \\ 2/7 & 6/7 & -3/7 \end{pmatrix}$$

The inverse is (GATE 2018)

a)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3/7 & 2/7 & 6/7 \\ -6/7 & 3/7 & 2/7 \\ 2/7 & 6/7 & -3/7 \end{pmatrix}$$
 b) $\begin{pmatrix} -3/7 & -2/7 & -6/7 \\ 6/7 & -3/7 & -2/7 \\ -2/7 & -6/7 & 3/7 \end{pmatrix}$ c) $\begin{pmatrix} 3/7 & -6/7 & 2/7 \\ 2/7 & 3/7 & 6/7 \\ 6/7 & 2/7 & -3/7 \end{pmatrix}$ d) $\begin{pmatrix} -3/7 & 6/7 & -2/7 \\ 2/7 & -3/7 & -6/7 \\ -6/7 & -2/7 & 3/7 \end{pmatrix}$

3) At the point x = 0, the function $f(x) = x^3$ has

(GATE 2018)

- a) local maximum
- c) both local maximum d) neither local maxi-

imum

- b) local minimum
- and minimum
- mum nor local min-
- 4) A column of height h with a rectangular cross-section of size $a \times 2a$ has a buckling load of P. If the cross-section is changed to $0.5a \times 3a$ and its height changed to 1.5h, the buckling load of the redesigned column will be (GATE 2018)
 - a) P/12

- b) P/4 c) P/2

- d) 3P/4
- 5) A steel column of ISHB 350 @72.4 kg/m is subjected to a factored axial compressive load of 2000 kN. The load is transferred to a concrete pedestal of grade M20 through a square base plate. Consider bearing strength of concrete as $0.45f_{ck}$, where f_{ck} is the characteristic strength of concrete. Using limit state method and neglecting the self weight of base plate and steel column, the length of a side of the base plate to be provided is (GATE 2018)
 - a) 39 cm
- b) 42 cm
- c) 45 cm
- d) 48 cm

6) The Le Chatelier apparatus is used to determine (GATE 20)						
a) compressive strength of cement		ment d) soundness of cement				
7) The deformation in con	crete due to sustained loa	ding is	(GATE 2018)			
a) creep	b) hydration	c) segregation	d) shrinkage			
	with radius of 0.25 m and is at the free end, which τ_{xy} at Point 'M' in the cr	is the only load acting as	shown in the figure. The			
a) 0.0 MPa	b) 0.51 MPa	c) 0.815 MPa	d) 2.0 MPa			
9) Two rectangular under-rethe longitudinal compressis the correct statement	ession reinforcement in se		<u> </u>			
a) Section X has less flexural strength and is less ductile than section Y	_	have equal flexural	have equal flexural			
	in the bearing capacity of the base of the footing in greater than the width of) when compared to the	situation where the water			
a) 0	b) 25	c) 50	d) 100			
11) The width of a square are placed on the surfacto that of square footing a) 4/3	ce of sandy soil, the ratio	9	1			
<i>a)</i> 1/2	<i>-</i> , -	<i>c, s,</i> .	~, <i>2</i> 0			

12) Bernoulli's equation is applicable for

(GATE 2018)

- a) viscous and compressible fluid flow
- b) inviscid and compressible fluid flow
- c) inviscid and incompressible fluid flow
- d) viscous and incompressible fluid flow
- 13) There are 20,000 vehicles operating in a city with an average annual travel of 12,000 km per vehicle. The NOx emission rate is 2.0 g/km per vehicle. The total annual release of NOx will be (GATE 2018)
 - a) 4,80,000 kg
- b) 4,800 kg
- c) 480 kg
- d) 48 kg
- 14) A bitumen sample has been graded as VG30 as per IS : 73-2013. The 30 in the grade means that (GATE 2018)
 - a) penetration of bitumen at 25°C is between 20 and 40
 - b) viscosity of bitumen at 60°C is between 2400 and 3600 Poise
 - c) ductility of bitumen at 27°C is more than 30 cm
 - d) elastic recovery of bitumen at 15°C is more than 30%
- 15) The speed-density relationship for a road section is shown in the figure. (GATE 2018) The shape of

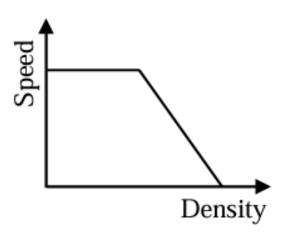


Fig. 15.

the flow-density relationship is

- a) piecewise linear
- b) parabolic
- c) initially linear then parabolic
- d) initially parabolic then linear

	A well-design a) crossing con b) total delay i	nflicts are		(GATE 2018)
	c) cycle time i	is equal to	the sum of red and green times in all phases the sum of red and yellow times in all phases	
17)			$u = y^2$, $v = -xy$, $w = 0$. Value of the z-component of the angular to two decimal places) at the point $(0, -1, 1)$ is	
18)	- •	distributi	on of the compressive strength of 20 concrete cube specime	ens is given in
	the table.	f (MPa)	Number of specimens with compressive strength equal to f]
		23	4	1
		28	2	
		22.5 31	5 5	
		29	4	
19)	In a fillet weld	, the direct	ssive strength less than $\mu - 3\sigma$ is shear stress and bending tensile stress are 50 MPa and 150 MF equivalent stress (in MPa, up to two decimal places) will be	
20)	respectively. T	The specifi	the volume and mass of a dry soil pat are found to be 50 c gravity of the soil solids is 2.71 and the density of water p to two decimal places) is	is 1 g/cc. The
21)			h height has inner and outer diameters of 100 mm and 106 mm re cutter (in %, up to two decimal places) is	-
22)	is $1000 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$.	The corres	way is to be tested in the laboratory. The discharge in the protosponding discharge (in m³/s, up to two decimal places) to be ariation in acceleration due to gravity, is	
23)			ar channel carries a discharge of 20 m ³ /s under critical confice energy (in m, up to two decimal places) is	

24)	For	routing	of flo	ood ii	n a	given	chann	iel i	usin	g the	Musk	ingum	met	thod,	, two	of the	routin	ng c	oeffici	ents
	are	estimat	ed as	C_0	=	-0.25	and	C_1	=	0.55.	The	value	of	the	third	coeffi	cient	C_2	would	l be
																	(GA	TE 20	18)

25) A city generates 40×10^6 kg of municipal solid waste (MSW) per year, out of which only 10% is recovered/recycled and the rest goes to landfill. The landfill has a single lift of 3 m height and is compacted to a density of 550 kg/m³. If 80% of the landfill is assumed to be MSW, the landfill area (in m², up to one decimal place) required would be ______ (GATE 2018)

Q.26 - Q.55 carry two mark each

26) The value of the integral $\int_0^{\pi} x \cos^2 x dx$ is

(GATE 2018)

- a) $\pi^2/8$
- b) $\pi^2/4$
- c) $\pi^2/2$

- d) π^2
- 27) A cantilever beam of length 2 m with a square section of side length 0.1 m is loaded vertically at the free end. The vertical displacement at the free end is 5 mm. The beam is made of steel with Young's modulus of 2×10^{11} N/m². The maximum bending stress at the fixed end of the cantilever is (GATE 2018)
 - a) 20.0 MPa
- b) 37.5 MPa
- c) 60.0 MPa
- d) 75.0 MPa
- 28) A cylinder of radius 250 mm and weight, W = 10 kN is rolled up an obstacle of height 50 mm by applying a horizontal force P at its centre as shown in the figure. All interfaces are assumed

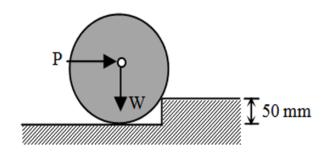


Fig. 28.

frictionless. The minimum value of P is

(GATE 2018)

- a) 4.5 kN
- b) 5.0 kN
- c) 6.0 kN
- d) 7.5 kN

29) A plate in equilibrium is subjected to uniform stresses along its edges with magnitude $\sigma_{xx} = 30$ MPa and $\sigma_{yy} = 50$ MPa as shown in the figure. The Young's modulus of the material is 2×10^{11} N/m²

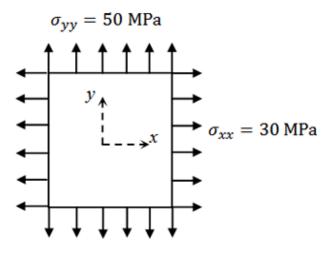


Fig. 29.

and the Poisson's ratio is 0.3. If σ_{zz} is negligibly small and assumed to be zero, then the strain ε_{zz} is (GATE 2018)

- a) -120×10^{-6}
- b) -60×10^{-6}
- c) 0.0

d) 120×10^{-6}

30) The figure shows a simply supported beam PQ of uniform flexural rigidity EI carrying two moments M and 2M. The slope at P will be (GATE 2018)

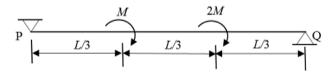


Fig. 30.

a) 0

- b) ML/(9EI)
- c) ML/(6EI)
- d) ML/(3EI)

(GATE 2018)

d) 12.5 m

32)	m thick layer of water = 0.6) lies above the w gauge pressure at the be	lies above the mercury lyater layer. The space about on of the tank is 196.	layer. A 3.0 m thick layer ove the oil layer contains 2 kN/m ² . The density of	3.6) at the bottom. A 2.0 er of oil (specific gravity s air under pressure. The water is 1000 kg/m ³ and hir space is (GATE 2018)
	a) 92.214 kN/m ²	b) 95.644 kN/m ²	c) 98.922 kN/m ²	d) 99.321 kN/m ²
33)	water. Consider water I width ratio of filter bed	oss during backwashing at as 1.35. The width of one be provided to take care	as 5%, rate of filtration each filter bed is to be k	duce 99 MLD of potable as 6.0 m/h and length to the tept equal to 5.2 m. One and maintenance. The total (GATE 2018)
	a) 19	b) 20	c) 21	d) 22
ŕ	traffic road. The traffic s road is 50 kmph. The per acceleration due to grav	tream speed on the single- erception-reaction time is a ity is 9.81 m/s ² . A clear so of the sides of the sight tr	lane road is 20 kmph and 2.5 s, coefficient of longit sight triangle has to be er	divided two-lane two-way the speed on the two-lane udinal friction is 0.38 and asured at this intersection. e road and the single-lane (GATE 2018) d) 122 m and 36 m

31) A 0.5 m \times 0.5 m square concrete pile is to be driven in a homogeneous clayey soil having undrained shear strength, $c_u = 50$ kPa and unit weight, $\gamma = 18.0$ kN/m³. The design capacity of the pile is 500 kN. The adhesion factor α is given as 0.75. The length of the pile required for the above design load

c) 11.8 m

with a factor of safety of 2.0 is

b) 5.8 m

a) 5.2 m

35) The following details refer to a closed traverse:

Line	Consecutive coordinate						
	Northing (m)	Southing (m)	Easting (m)	Westing (m)			
PQ		437	173				
QR	101		558				
RS	419	419		96			
SP		83		634			

The length and direction (whole circle bearing) of closure, respectively are

(GATE 2018)

- a) 1 m and 90°
- b) 2 m and 90°
- c) 1 m and 270°
- d) 2 m and 270°
- 36) A square area (on the surface of the earth) with side 100 m and uniform height, appears as 1 cm² on a vertical aerial photograph. The topographic map shows that a contour of 650 m passes through the area. If focal length of the camera lens is 150 mm, the height from which the aerial photograph was taken, is

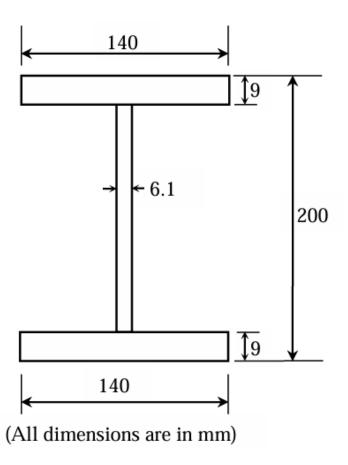
 (GATE 2018)
 - a) 800 m
- b) 1500 m
- c) 2150 m
- d) 3150 m
- 37) The solution at x = 1, t = 1 of the partial differential equation $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 25 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2}$ subject to initial conditions of u(0) = 3x and $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(0) = 3$ is _____ (GATE 2018)
- 38) The solution (up to three decimal places) at x = 1 of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2\frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ subject to boundary conditions y(0) = 1 and $\frac{dy}{dx}(0) = -1$ is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 39) Variation of water depth (y) in a gradually varied open channel flow is given by the first order differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1 - e^{-\frac{10}{3}\ln(y)}}{250 - 45e^{-3\ln(y)}}$$

Given initial condition: y(x = 0) = 0.8 m. The depth (in m, up to three decimal places) of flow at a downstream section at x = 1 m from one calculation step of Single Step Euler Method is (GATE 2018)

40) An RCC short column (with lateral ties) of rectangular cross section of 250 mm × 300 mm is furnished with four numbers of 16 mm diameter longitudinal bars. The grades of steel and concrete are Fe415 and M20, respectively. Neglect eccentricity effect. Considering limit state of collapse in compression (IS 456 : 2000), the axial load carrying capacity of the column (in kN, up to one decimal place) is ______ (GATE 2018)

- 41) An RCC beam of rectangular cross section has factored shear of 200 kN at its critical section. Its width b is 250 mm and effective depth d is 350 mm. Assume design shear strength τ_c of concrete as 0.62 N/mm² and maximum allowable shear stress $\tau_{c,max}$ in concrete as 2.8 N/mm². If two legged 10 mm diameter vertical stirrups of Fe250 grade steel are used, then the required spacing (in cm, up to one decimal place) as per limit state method will be (GATE 2018)
- 42) The dimensions of a symmetrical welded I-section are shown in the figure. The plastic section



modulus about the weaker axis (in cm³, up to one decimal place) is _____ (GATE 2018)

43) Consider the deformable pin-jointed truss with loading, geometry and section properties as shown in the figure. Given that $E = 2 \times 10^{11} \text{ N/m}^2$, $A = 10 \text{ mm}^2$, L = 1 m and P = 1 kN. The horizontal

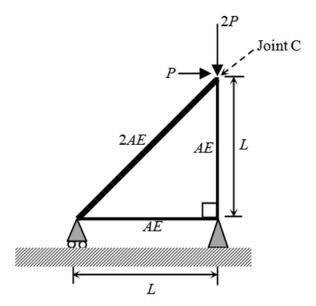


Fig. 43.

displacement of Joint C (in mm, up to one decimal place) is _____ (GATE 2018)

44) At a construction site, a contractor plans to make an excavation as shown in the figure. The water

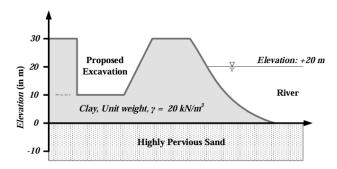


Fig. 44.

level in the adjacent river is at an elevation of +20.0 m. Unit weight of water is 10 kN/m³. The factor of safety (up to two decimal places) against sand boiling for the proposed excavation is (GATE 2018)

45) A conventional drained triaxial compression test was conducted on a normally consolidated clay sample under an effective confining pressure of 200 kPa. The deviator stress at failure was found to be 400 kPa. An identical specimen of the same clay sample is isotropically consolidated to a confining pressure of 200 kPa and subjected to standard undrained triaxial compression test. If the deviator stress at failure is 150 kPa, the pore pressure developed (in kPa, up to one decimal place) is

46)	The void ratio of a soil is 0.55 at an effective normal stress of 140 kPa. The compre	ssion	index of
	the soil is 0.25. In order to reduce the void ratio to 0.4, an increase in the magnitu	de of	effective
	normal stress (in kPa, up to one decimal place) should be	(GATI	E 2018)

- 47) A rigid smooth retaining wall of height 7 m with vertical backface retains saturated clay as backfill. The saturated unit weight and undrained cohesion of the backfill are 17.2 kN/m³ and 20 kPa, respectively. The difference in the active lateral forces on the wall (in kN per meter length of wall, up to two decimal places), before and after the occurrence of tension cracks is (GATE 2018)
- 48) Rainfall depth over a watershed is monitored through six number of well distributed rain gauges. Gauged data are given below

Rain Gauge Number	1	2	3	4	5	6
Rainfall Depth (mm)	470	465	435	525	480	510
Area of Thiessen Polygon (×10 ⁴ m ²)	95	100	98	80	85	92

The Thiessen mean value (in mm, up to one decimal place) of the rainfall is _____ (GATE 2018)

- 49) The infiltration rate f in a basin under ponding condition is given by $f = 30 + 10e^{-2t}$, where, f is in mm/h and t is time in hour. Total depth of infiltration (in mm, up to one decimal place) during the last 20 minutes of a storm of 30 minutes duration is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 50) In a laboratory, a flow experiment is performed over a hydraulic structure. The measured values of discharge and velocity are 0.05 m³/s and 0.25 m/s, respectively. If the full scale structure (30 times bigger) is subjected to a discharge of 270 m³/s, then the time scale (model to full scale) value (up to two decimal places) is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 51) A water sample analysis data is given below.

Ion	Concentration (mg/L)	Atomic Weight
Ca ²⁺	60	40
Mg ²⁺	30	24.31
HCO_3^-	400	61

The carbonate hardness (expressed as mg/L of $CaCO_3$, up to one decimal place) for the water sample is ______ (GATE 2018)

52)	The ultimate BOD (L_0) of a wastewater sample is estimated as 87% of COD. The COD	of this
	wastewater is 300 mg/L. Considering first order BOD reaction rate constant k (use natural	log) =
	0.23 per day and temperature coefficient $\theta = 1.047$, the BOD value (in mg/L, up to one of	decimal
	place) after three days of incubation at 27°C for this wastewater will be	(GATE
	2018)	

53) A waste activated sludge (WAS) is to be blended with green waste (GW). The carbon (C) and nitrogen (N) contents, per kg of WAS and GW, on dry basis are given in the table.

Parameter	WAS	GW
Carbon (g)	54	360
Nitrogen (g)	10	6

The ratio of WAS to GW	required (up to two	decimal places) to a	chieve a blended C:	N ratio of 20:1
on dry basis is				(GATE 2018)

54) Given the following data: design life $n = 15$ years, lane distribution factor $D = 0.75$, an	nnual rate of
growth of commercial vehicles $r = 6\%$, vehicle damage factor $F = 4$ and initial traffic	in the year
of completion of construction = 3000 Commercial Vehicles Per Day (CVPD). As per II	RC:37-2012,
the design traffic in terms of cumulative number of standard axles (in million standard	axles, up to
two decimal places) is (G	ATE 2018)

55)	An aircraft approaches the threshold of a runway strip at a speed of 200 km/h. The	ne pilot decelerates
	the aircraft at a rate of 1.697 m/s ² and takes 18 s to exit the runway strip. If the	deceleration after
	exiting the runway is 1 m/s ² , then the distance (in m, up to one decimal place) o	f the gate position
	from the location of exit on the runway is	(GATE 2018)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

SESSION 2

(GATE 2018)

d) 2800

Q.1 - Q.5 carry one mark each

	fill the blanks in the abo	ve sentence are	to him." (GATE 2018)
a) shone, shown	b) shone, shone	c) shown, shone	d) shown, shown
<u> </u>	ntain some pioneering idea fills the blank in the above	as, one would hardly character sentence is	cterize the work as(GATE 2018)
a) innovative	b) simple	c) dull	d) boring
3) $a + \underbrace{a + a + \cdots + a}_{n \text{ times}} =$	a^2b and $b+\underbrace{b+b+\cdots+b}_{\text{in times}}$	$b = ab^2$, where a, b, n and	m are natural numbers. What
is the value of			
$\underbrace{m+m+m+\cdots+n}_{n \text{ times}}$	$\underbrace{n}_{m \text{ times}} \left(\underbrace{n + n + n + \dots + n}_{m \text{ times}} \right) ?$		(GATE 2018)
a) $2a^2b^2$	b) a^4b^4	c) $ab(a+b)$	d) $a^2 + b^2$
4) A three-member co- committees can be f		d from a group of 9 peop	ble. How many such distinct (GATE 2018)
a) 27	b) 72	c) 81	d) 84
5) For non-negative int $\log a + \log b + \log c$	_	be the value of $a + b + c$	if (GATE 2018)
a) 3	b) 1	c) 0	d) -1
Q.6 - Q.10 carry	y two mark each		

6) In manufacturing industries, loss is usually taken to be proportional to the square of the deviation from a target. If the loss is Rs. 4900 for a deviation of 7 units, what would be the loss in Rupees

c) 1600

for a deviation of 4 units from the target?

b) 1200

a) 400

- 7) A faulty wall clock is known to gain 15 minutes every 24 hours. It is synchronized to the correct time at 9 AM on 11th July. What will be the correct time to the nearest minute when the clock shows 2 PM on 15th July of the same year? (GATE 2018)
 - a) 12:45 PM
- b) 12:58 PM
- c) 1:00 PM
- d) 2:00 PM
- 8) The annual average rainfall in a tropical city is 1000 mm. On a particular rainy day (24-hour period), the cumulative rainfall experienced by the city is shown in the graph. Over the 24-hour period, 50% of the rainfall falling on a rooftop, which had an obstruction-free area of 50 m², was harvested into a tank. What is the total volume of water collected in the tank in liters? (GATE 2018)

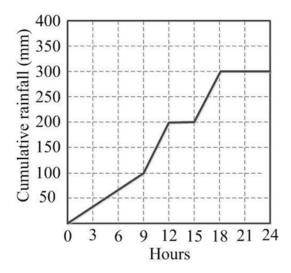


Fig. 8.

- a) 25,000
- b) 18,750
- c) 7,500
- d) 3,125
- 9) Given that $\frac{\log P}{y-z} = \frac{\log Q}{z-x} = \frac{\log R}{x-y} = 10$ for $x \neq y \neq z$, what is the value of the product *PQR*? (GATE 2018)
 - a) 0

b) 1

c) xyz

d) 10xyz

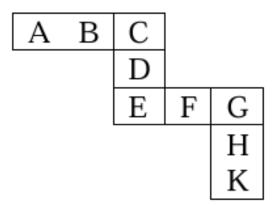


Fig. 10.

- 10) Each of the letters in the figure below represents a unique integer from 1 to 9. The letters are positioned in the figure such that each of (A + B + C), (C + D + E), (E + F + G) and (G + H + K) is equal to 13. Which integer does E represent? (GATE 2018)
 - a) 1

b) 4

c) 6

d) 7

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER

Q.1 - Q.25 carry one mark each

- 1) The solution of the equation $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0$ passing through the point (1, 1) is (GATE 2018)
 - a) *x*
 - \dot{b}) x^2
 - c) x^{-1}
 - d) x^{-2}
- 2) The graph of a function f(x) is shown in the figure. For f(x) to be a valid probability density function,

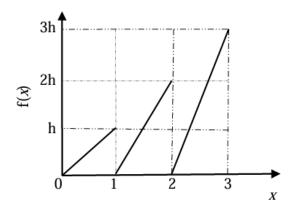


Fig. 2.

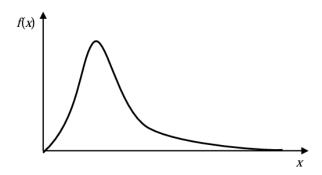
the value of h is (GATE 2018)

a) 1/3

b) 2/3

c) 1

- d) 3
- 3) A probability distribution with right skew is shown in the figure. The correct statement for the probability distribution is (GATE 2018)



- a) Mean is equal to mode
- b) Mean is greater than median but less than mode
- c) Mean is greater than median and mode
- d) Mode is greater than median
- 4) All the members of the planar truss (see figure), have the same properties in terms of area of cross-section (A) and modulus of elasticity (E). For the loads shown on the truss, the statement that correctly

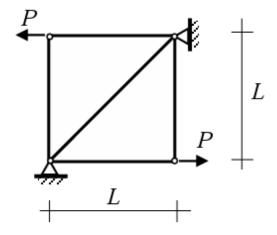


Fig. 4.

represents the nature of forces in the members of the truss is:

(GATE 2018)

- a) There are 3 members in tension, and 2 members in compression
- b) There are 2 members in tension, 2 members in compression, and 1 zero-force member
- c) There are 2 members in tension, 1 member in compression, and 2 zero-force members
- d) There are 2 members in tension, and 3 zero-force members
- 5) The setting time of cement is determined using

(GATE 2018)

- a) Le Chatelier apparatus
- b) Briquette testing apparatus
- c) Vicat apparatus
- d) Casagrande's apparatus
- 6) A structural member subjected to compression, has both translation and rotation restrained at one end, while only translation is restrained at the other end. As per IS 456:2000, the effective length factor recommended for design is

 (GATE 2018)
 - a) 0.50

b) 0.65

c) 0.70

d) 0.80

7) A vertical load of 10 kN acts on a hinge located at a distance of L/4 from the roller support Q of a beam of length L (see figure). The vertical reaction at support Q is (GATE 2018)

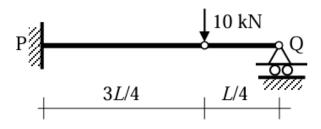


Fig. 7.

- a) 0.0 kN
- b) 2.5 kN
- c) 7.5 kN
- d) 10.0 kN

8) A flownet below a dam consists of 24 equipotential drops and 7 flow channels. The difference between the upstream and downstream water levels is 6 m. The length of the flow line adjacent to the toe of the dam at exit is 1 m. The specific gravity and void ratio of the soil below the dam are 2.70 and 0.70, respectively. The factor of safety against piping is (GATE 2018)

a) 1.67

b) 2.55

c) 3.4

d) 4

9) The contact pressure and settlement distribution for a footing are shown in the figure. The figure

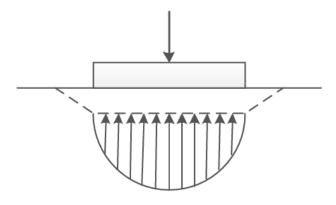


Fig. 9.

corresponds to a (GATE 2018)

a) rigid footing on b) flexible footing on c) flexible footing on d) rigid footing on cogranular soil saturated clay hesive soil

in plastic state.b) Boussinesq's theoryc) The inclination of std) For saturated dense	wing statements is NOT of tent of soil lies between its is used for the analysis of able slope in cohesive soil fine sand, after applying 5, dilatancy correction is	s liquid limit and plastic l f stratified soil. l can be greater than its a overburden correction, if	ngle of internal friction.
11) The clay mineral, who	se structural units are held	l together by potassium be	ond is (GATE 2018)
a) Halloysite	b) Illite	c) Kaolinite	d) Smectite
12) Dupuit's assumptions a	are valid for		(GATE 2018)
a) artesian aquifer	b) confined aquifer	c) leaky aquifer	d) unconfined aquifer
13) For a given discharge in These two depths are k	-	re two depths which have	the same specific energy. (GATE 2018)
a) alternate depths	b) critical depths	c) normal depths	d) sequent depths
14) As per IS 10500:2012, limits for chloride and	for drinking water in the a sulphate, in mg/L, respect		e of water, the permissible (GATE 2018)
a) 250 and 200	b) 1000 and 400	c) 200 and 250	d) 500 and 1000

15) In the figures, Group I represents the atmospheric temperature profiles (P, Q, R and S) and Group II represents dispersion of pollutants from a smoke stack (1, 2, 3 and 4). In the figures of Group I, the dashed line represents the dry adiabatic lapse rate, whereas the horizontal axis represents temperature and the vertical axis represents the altitude. The correct match is (GATE 2018)

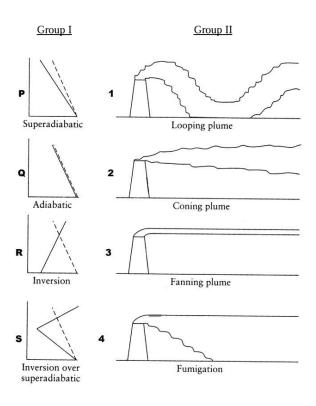


Fig. 15.

a) P-1, Q-2, R-3, S-4 b) P-1, Q-2, R-4, S-3 c) P-1, Q-4, R-3, S-2 d) P-3, Q-1, R-2, S-4

16)	Peak Hour Factor (PHF) is used to represent the proportion of peak sub-hourly traffic flow within the peak hour. If 15-minute sub-hours are considered, the theoretically possible range of PHF will be (GATE 2018)						
	a) 0 to 1.0	b) 0.25 to 0.75	c)	0.25 to	1.0	d) 0.5 to	1.0
17)	As per IRC:37-2012, in considered is	order to control subgrade	e ru	tting in f	lexible pavem	ents, the p	arameter to be (GATE 2018)
	a) horizontal tensile strain at the bottom of bituminous layer	b) vertical compressive strain on top of sub- grade	c)		top of gran-		urface of the
	The initial concavity in a) uneven top surface b) high impact at start o c) inclined penetration p d) soft top layer of soak	lunger	e of	a CBR	test is NOT o	due to	(GATE 2018)
19)	• • •	ecimal place) of consecut balls and 1 white ball is				-	lacement from (GATE 2018)
20)		$2x^2-3x+3 = 0$ is to be solv after the first iteration u					-
21)	required in reinforced-co	e minimum percentage of oncrete beams of rectanguage Fe500 grade steel is	lar	cross-sec	tion (consider	ring effectiv	-
22)	on 230 mm thick masor	ab with effective depth only walls. The centre-to-cetive span of the slab (in	ent	re distan	ce between th	ne walls is	3.3 m. As per
23)		neously subjected to factor er IS 800:2007, the equiv				to two deci	

24)	The intensity of irrigation for the Kharif season is 50% for an irrigation project wi	th culturable
	command area of 50,000 hectares. The duty for the Kharif season is 1000 hectare/cume	c. Assuming
	transmission loss of 10%, the required discharge (in cumec, up to two decimal places) at the head
	of the canal is	GATE 2018)

- 25) A culvert is designed for a flood frequency of 100 years and a useful life of 20 years. The risk involved in the design of the culvert (in percentage, up to two decimal places) is _____ (GATE 2018)
- 26) The matrix $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -4 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ has (GATE 2018)
 - a) real eigenvalues and eigenvectors
- c) complex eigenvalues but real eigenvectors
- b) real eigenvalues but complex eigenvectors
- d) complex eigenvalues and eigenvectors
- 27) The Laplace transform F(s) of the exponential function, $f(t) = e^{at}$ when $t \ge 0$, where a is a constant and (s-a) > 0, is (GATE 2018)
 - a) $\frac{1}{s+a}$
b) $\frac{1}{s-a}$

c) $\frac{1}{a-s}$ d) ∞

28) The rank of the following matrix is

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(GATE 2018)

a) 1

b) 2

c) 3

d) 4

29) Two rigid bodies of mass 5 kg and 4 kg are at rest on a frictionless surface until acted upon by a force of 36 N as shown in the figure. The contact force generated between the two bodies is (GATE

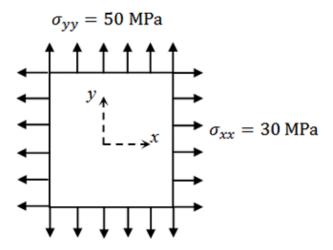


Fig. 29.

2018)

a) 4.0 N

b) 7.2 N

c) 9.0 N

d) 16.0 N

30) Four bolts P, Q, R and S of equal diameter are used for a bracket subjected to a load of 130 kN as shown in the figure. The force in bolt P is (GATE 2018)

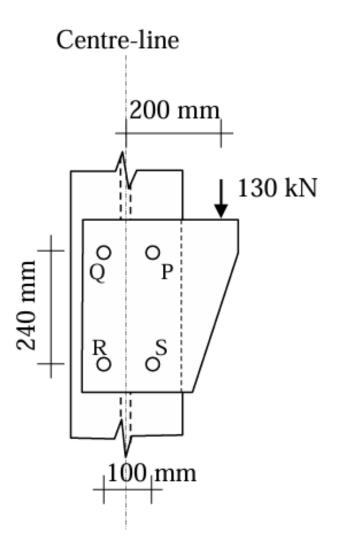


Fig. 30.

- a) 32.50 kN
- b) 69.32 kN
- c) 82.50 kN
- d) 119.32 kN

31) A singly-reinforced rectangular concrete beam of width 300 mm and effective depth 400 mm is to be designed using M25 grade concrete and Fe500 grade reinforcing steel. For the beam to be under-reinforced, the maximum number of 16 mm diameter reinforcing bars that can be provided is (GATE 2018)

a) 3

b) 4

c) 5

d) 6

- 32) A 3 m high vertical earth retaining wall retains a dry granular backfill with angle of internal friction of 30° and unit weight of 20 kN/m^3 . If the wall is prevented from yielding (no movement), the total horizontal thrust (in kN per unit length) on the wall is (GATE 2018)
 - a) 0

b) 30

c) 45

- d) 270
- 33) Three soil specimens (Soil 1, Soil 2 and Soil 3), each 150 mm long and 100 mm diameter, are placed in series in a constant head flow set-up as shown in the figure. Suitable screens are provided at the boundaries of the specimens to keep them intact. The values of coefficient of permeability of Soil 1, Soil 2 and Soil 3 are 0.01, 0.003 and 0.03 cm/s, respectively. The value of *h* in the set-up is (GATE

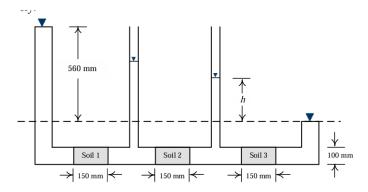


Fig. 33.

2018)

- a) 0 mm
- b) 40 mm
- c) 255 mm
- d) 560 mm
- 34) In a 5 m wide rectangular channel, the velocity u distribution in the vertical direction y is given by $u = 1.25y^{0.6}$. The distance y is measured from the channel bed. If the flow depth is 2 m, the discharge per unit width of the channel is (GATE 2018)
 - a) $2.40 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$
- b) $2.80 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$
- c) $3.27 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$
- d) $12.02 \text{ m}^3/\text{s/m}$
- 35) A car follows a slow moving truck (travelling at a speed of 10 m/s) on a two-lane two-way highway. The car reduces its speed to 10 m/s and follows the truck maintaining a distance of 16 m from the truck. On finding a clear gap in the opposing traffic stream, the car accelerates at an average rate of 4 m/s², overtakes the truck and returns to its original lane. When it returns to its original lane, the distance between the car and the truck is 16 m. The total distance covered by the car during this period (from the time it leaves its lane and subsequently returns to its lane after overtaking) is (GATE 2018)
 - a) 64 m

b) 72 m

- c) 128 m
- d) 144 m

- 36) A level instrument at a height of 1.320 m has been placed at a station having a Reduced Level (RL) of 112.565 m. The instrument reads -2.835 m on a levelling staff held at the bottom of a bridge deck. The RL (in m) of the bottom of the bridge deck is (GATE 2018)
 - a) 116.720
- b) 116.080
- c) 114.080
- d) 111.050
- 37) The value (up to two decimal places) of a line integral $\int_C \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}) \cdot d\mathbf{r}$, for $\mathbf{F}(\mathbf{r}) = x^2 \mathbf{i} + y^2 \mathbf{j}$ along *C* which is a straight line joining (0,0) to (1,1) is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 38) An 8 m long simply-supported elastic beam of rectangular cross-section (100 mm × 200 mm) is subjected to a uniformly distributed load of 10 kN/m over its entire span. The maximum principal stress (in MPa, up to two decimal places) at a point located at the extreme compression edge of a cross-section and at 2 m from the support is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 39) A prismatic beam P-Q-R of flexural rigidity $EI = 1 \times 10^4 \text{ kNm}^2$ is subjected to a moment of 180 kNm at Q as shown in the figure. The rotation at Q (in rad, up to two decimal places) is _____

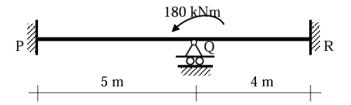


Fig. 39. (GATE 2018)

- 40) A prismatic propped cantilever beam of span L and plastic moment capacity M_p is subjected to a concentrated load at its mid-span. If the collapse load of the beam is $\alpha \frac{M_p}{L}$, the value of α is _________________(GATE 2018)
- 41) A 6 m long simply-supported beam is prestressed as shown in the figure. The beam carries a uniformly

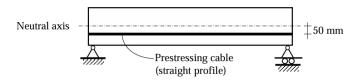


Fig. 41.

distributed load of 6 kN/m over its entire span. If the effective flexural rigidity $EI = 2 \times 10^4 \text{ kNm}^2$ and the effective prestressing force is 200 kN, the net increase in length of the prestressing cable (in mm, up to two decimal places) is _____ (GATE 2018)

42) A cable PQ of length 25 m is supported at two ends at the same level as shown in the figure. The horizontal distance between the supports is 20 m. A point load of 150 kN is applied at point R which divides it into two equal parts. Neglecting the self-weight of the cable, the tension (in kN, integer

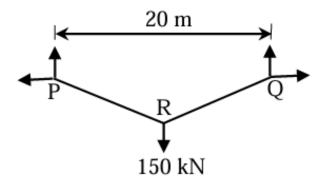


Fig. 42.

value) in the cable due to the applied load will be _____ (GATE 2018)

- 43) The compression curve (void ratio, e vs. effective stress, σ'_{ν}) for a certain clayey soil is a straight line in a semi-logarithmic plot and it passes through the points (e = 1.2; $\sigma'_{\nu} = 50$ kPa) and (e = 0.6; $\sigma'_{\nu} = 800$ kPa). The compression index (up to two decimal places) of the soil is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 44) The total horizontal and vertical stresses at a point X in a saturated sandy medium are 170 kPa and 300 kPa, respectively. The static pore-water pressure is 30 kPa. At failure, the excess pore-water pressure is measured to be 94.50 kPa, and the shear stresses on the vertical and horizontal planes passing through the point X are zero. Effective cohesion is 0 kPa and effective angle of internal friction is 36°. The shear strength (in kPa, up to two decimal places) at point X is ______ (GATE 2018)

45) A group of nine piles in a 3×3 square pattern is embedded in a soil strata comprising dense sand and underlying recently filled clay layer, as shown in the figure. The perimeter of an individual pile is 126 cm. The size of pile group is 240 cm \times 240 cm. The recently filled clay has undrained shear strength of 15 kPa and unit weight of 16 kN/m³. The negative frictional load (in kN, up to two

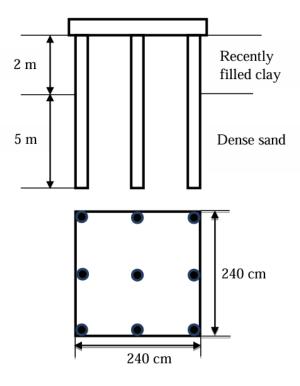


Fig. 45.

decimal places) acting on the pile group is (GATE 2018)

46) A three-fluid system (immiscible) is connected to a vacuum pump. The specific gravity values of the fluids (S_1, S_2) are given in the figure. [] The gauge pressure value (in kN/m^2 , up to two decimal

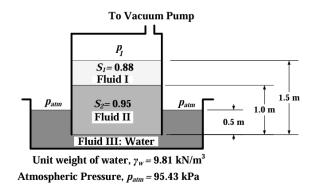


Fig. 46. Caption places) of p_1 is (GATE 2018)

- 47) The total rainfall in a catchment of area 1000 km², during a 6 h storm, is 19 cm. The surface runoff due to this storm computed from triangular direct runoff hydrograph is 1×10^8 m³. The ϕ_{index} for this storm (in cm/h, up to one decimal place) is (GATE 2018)
- 48) A rough pipe of 0.5 m diameter, 300 m length and roughness height of 0.25 mm, carries water (kinematic viscosity = 0.9×10^{-6} m²/s) with velocity of 3 m/s. Friction factor (f) for laminar flow is given by f = 64/Re, and for turbulent flow it is given by $\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} = 2\log_{10}\left(\frac{r}{k}\right) + 1.74$, where Re = Reynolds number, r = radius of pipe, k = roughness height and g = 9.81 m/s². The head loss (in m, up to three decimal places) in the pipe due to friction is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 49) A flocculation tank contains 1800 m^3 of water, which is mixed using paddles at an average velocity gradient G of 100/s. The water temperature and the corresponding dynamic viscosity are 30°C and $0.798 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Ns/m}^2$, respectively. The theoretical power required to achieve the stated value of G (in kW, up to two decimal places) is ______ (GATE 2018)
- 50) A coal containing 2% sulfur is burned completely to ash in a brick kiln at a rate of 30 kg/min. The sulfur content in the ash was found to be 6% of the initial amount of sulfur present in the coal fed to the brick kiln. The molecular weights of S, H and O are 32, 1 and 16 g/mole, respectively. The annual rate of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) emission from the kiln (in tonnes/year, up to two decimal places) is
- 51) At a small water treatment plant which has 4 filters, the rates of filtration and backwashing are 200 m³/d/m² and 1000 m³/d/m², respectively. Backwashing is done for 15 min per day. The maturation, which occurs initially as the filter is put back into service after cleaning, takes 30 min. It is proposed to recover the water being wasted during backwashing and maturation. The percentage increase in the filtered water produced (up to two decimal places) would be ______ (GATE 2018)
- 52) A schematic flow diagram of a completely mixed biological reactor with provision for recycling of solids is shown in the figure. The mean cell residence time (in days, up to one decimal place) is

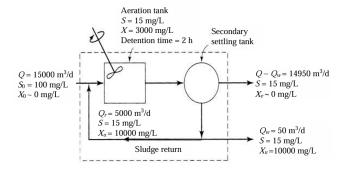


Fig. 52.

(GATE 2018)

33)	free flow speed and jam density are 80 kmph and 100 vehicles/km respectively. The traffic flow (in vehicles/h, up to one decimal place) corresponding to a speed of 40 kmph is(GATE 2018)
54)	A 7.5 m wide two-lane road on a plain terrain is to be laid along a horizontal curve of radiu 510 m. For a design speed of 100 kmph, super-elevation is provided as per IRC:73-1980. Consideraction due to gravity as 9.81 m/s ² . The level difference between the inner and outer edges of the road (in m, up to three decimal places) is (GATE 2018)
55)	An aerial photograph of a terrain having an average elevation of 1400 m is taken at a scale of 1:7500 The focal length of the camera is 15 cm. The altitude of the flight above mean sea level (in m, u to one decimal place) is (GATE 2018)