

# Graduate Aptitude Test in Engineering 2017

EE25BTECH11025- Vishwambhar

- 1) If a vector  $\mathbf{v}$  has components  $v_x = 1$ ,  $v_y = 2$ ,  $v_z = 3$ , then its magnitude is ....  
(write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 2) The value of  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(2+x)^4 - 16}{x}$  is ....

(GATE PE 2017)

- 3) If  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + f(x, y) = 0$  is to be solved using the conditions  $y(0) = a$  and  $y(1) = b$ , which of the following numerical method(s) can be used?

- a) Euler with shooting method
- b) Euler without shooting method
- c) 4th order Runge-Kutta with shooting method
- d) Both (A) and (C)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 4) The numerical method used to find the root of a non-linear algebraic equation, that converges quadratically, is:

- a) Bisection method.
- b) Regula-falsi method (Method of False Position).
- c) Newton-Raphson method.
- d) None of above.

(GATE PE 2017)

- 5) Which one of the following curves shows a typical behavior of the producing gas oil ratio (GOR) with time for a reservoir under solution gas drive?  
(GATE PE 2017)

- 6) A student has written the following possible causes of lost circulation during a drilling operation:

- a) High salinity in the reservoir
- b) Fracture in the reservoir
- c) A fault encountered during drilling
- d) Low viscosity of the reservoir fluid

Which of the above statements are correct?

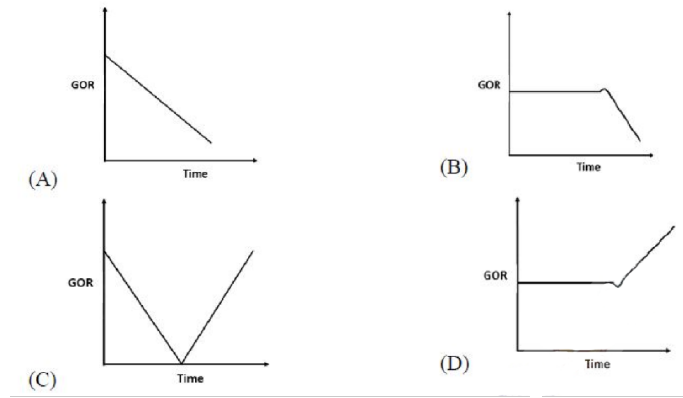


Fig. 1.

a) i, iv

b) ii, iii

c) i, iii

d) ii, iv

(GATE PE 2017)

7) For water depth less than 8 m, which one of the following drilling vessels is the most suitable and economical?

- a) Semi-submersible rig
- b) Jack-up rig
- c) Drilling barges
- d) Drill ship

(GATE PE 2017)

8) Which one of the following statements is correct for pseudo-steady state condition in a confined reservoir?

- a) The pressure decline stops in the reservoir.
- b) The pressure declines at the same rate across the reservoir.
- c) The boundary pressure does not change.
- d) The pressure starts increasing in the reservoir.

(GATE PE 2017)

9) The roots of the equation  $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} - 6y = 0$  are:

- a) 1,1,2
- b) 1,2,3
- c) 1,3,4
- d) 1,2,4

(GATE PE 2017)

10) The API of a crude oil of density  $950 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is .... (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

11) The differential equation  $2xy dx + (1 + x^2) dy = 0$ , in which  $x$  is an independent variable and  $y$  is the dependent variable, is:

- a) an ordinary differential equation of second order.
- b) a first order nonlinear differential equation.
- c) an exact differential equation.
- d) a partial differential equation.

(GATE PE 2017)

12) For the two matrices  $X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$   $Y = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 0 \\ 8 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$  the product  $YX$  will be:

- a)  $XY = \begin{pmatrix} 50 & 4 \\ 122 & 13 \end{pmatrix}$
- b)  $XY = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 11 & 18 \\ 7 & 14 & 21 \end{pmatrix}$
- c)  $XY = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 14 & 21 \\ 4 & 11 & 18 \end{pmatrix}$
- d)  $XY = \begin{pmatrix} 18 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 14 & 21 \end{pmatrix}$

(GATE PE 2017)

13) As per the Bharat IV norms, the maximum permissible limit of sulfur in diesel in ppm is:

- a) 10
- b) 50
- c) 100
- d) 500

(GATE PE 2017)

14) The amount of methane gas evolved at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  and 1 atm from the dissociation of  $1\text{ m}^3$  of methane gas hydrate, is approximately:

- a) equal to the volume of gas hydrate.
- b) 10 times the volume of gas hydrate.
- c) 160 times the volume of gas hydrates.
- d) 300 times the volume of gas hydrates.

(GATE PE 2017)

15) For a centrifugal pump, the head developed by the pump is proportional to the:

- a) speed of the impeller rotation.
- b) square of speed of the impeller rotation.
- c) cubic power of speed of the impeller rotation.
- d) square root of speed of the impeller rotation.

(GATE PE 2017)

16) Which of these is a must for petroleum generation and accumulation?

- a) Source rocks

- b) Porous reservoir rocks
- c) Impermeable cap rocks
- d) All of the above

(GATE PE 2017)

17) The problem of viscous fingering is encountered when:

- a) a low viscosity fluid is injected in a high viscosity fluid.
- b) a high viscosity fluid is injected in a low viscosity fluid.
- c) a fluid of equal viscosity but lower density is injected in a fluid of higher density.
- d) none of the above.

(GATE PE 2017)

18) Which of these is **NOT** a sedimentary rock?

- a) Shale
- b) Sandstone
- c) Carbonate
- d) None of the above

(GATE PE 2017)

19) The **unbiased** sample variance for the set of numbers:  $S = \{40, 45, 50, 55, 60\}$  is .... (write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

20) If  $5x + 2iy - ix + 7y = 2 + 3i$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ , the values of two real numbers  $(x, y)$  are, respectively:

- a) (-1,1)
- b) (1,-1)
- c) (1,1)
- d) (-1,-1)

(GATE PE 2017)

21) Pick the **INCORRECT** inequality, where  $z_1, z_2$ , and  $z_3$  are complex numbers.

- a)  $|z_1 + z_2| \leq |z_1| + |z_2|$
- b)  $|z_1 - z_2| \geq ||z_1| - |z_2||$
- c)  $|z_1 - z_2| \leq |z_1| - |z_2|$
- d)  $|z_1 + z_2 + z_3| \leq |z_1| + |z_2| + |z_3|$

(GATE PE 2017)

22) Which of the following is **NOT** true? ( $i = \sqrt{-1}$ )

- a)  $\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$
- b)  $e^{i\theta} = \cos \theta + i \sin \theta$

$$c) \sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

$$d) \cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

(GATE PE 2017)

23) Which of the following is a potential environmental threat due to the cement-plug deterioration in an abandoned oil well?

- a) Well bore could leak oil reservoir fluids into groundwater
- b) Oil reservoir fluids could flow to the surface and contaminate surface soil
- c) Oil reservoir fluids could discharge into navigable waters
- d) All of the above

(GATE PE 2017)

24) ...is a mode of flame propagation in a pre-mixed gas, and drives a leading shock front into the quiescent, unburnt gas at supersonic velocity, immediately followed by a combustion zone.

- a) Deflagration
- b) Fire
- c) Detonation
- d) Ignition

(GATE PE 2017)

25) Bio-Gas (BG), Coal Bed Methane (CBM), and Methane Gas Hydrate (MGH), if arranged in the order of increasing methane content, the correct order is:

- a) BG, CBM, MGH
- b) CBM, BG, MGH
- c) CBM, MGH, BG
- d) BG, MGH, CBM

(GATE PE 2017)

26) For a velocity field given by  $\mathbf{v} = y\hat{i} - x\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}$ , calculate the curl of  $\mathbf{v}$ . If the calculated vector is  $a\hat{i} + b\hat{j} + c\hat{k}$ , then the value of  $c$  is ....

(GATE PE 2017)

27) Single step integration (step size = 0.5) of  $I = \int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$ , evaluated **numerically** using the Simpson's 1/3 rule, is .... (write answer with three decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

28) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -y$  **numerically** from  $x = 0$  to 1 using explicit, forward, first order Euler method with initial condition of  $y(0) = 1$  and step size ( $h$ ) of 0.2. The absolute value of error in  $y(1)$  calculated using analytical and numerical solution is ...% (calculate the error using analytical solution as the

basis and use three decimal places).

(GATE PE 2017)

- 29) Relative permeability curves are shown in the following figure for a water-oil system in a porous medium.  $S_w$  is water saturation and  $k_r$  is relative permeability. Curve 1 is relative permeability of water and Curve 2 is relative permeability of oil. Assuming the porous medium is at irreducible water saturation initially, the maximum possible recovery of oil by water flooding is ...%. (write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

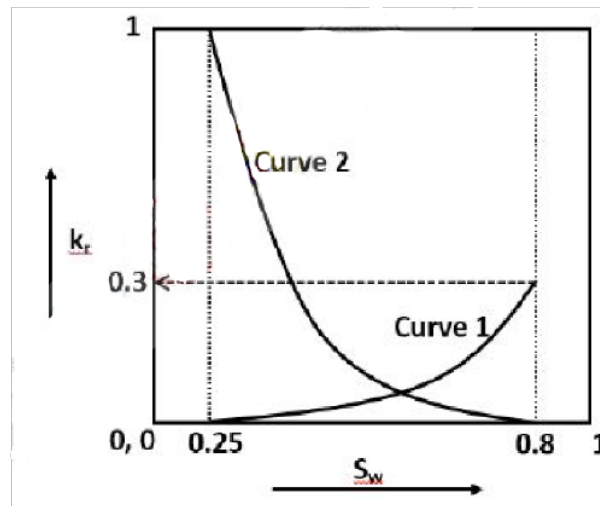


Fig. 2.

- 30) An oil reservoir of  $1000 \text{ m}^2$  area and thickness of  $10 \text{ m}$  has a porosity of  $30\%$ . The connate water saturation is  $20\%$ . Initial formation volume factor  $B_o = 1.2 \frac{\text{reservoir m}^3}{\text{stock tank m}^3}$ . Assuming average oil flow rate of  $2 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$  (at surface condition), the life of reservoir is ...days.

(GATE PE 2017)

- 31) A self-flowing production well of depth  $3,000 \text{ m}$  having oil with density  $850 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is shut-in for workover job. The shut-in pressure at the surface is  $70 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ . The density of the mud required to kill the well will be ... $\text{kg/m}^3$ . ( $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ , write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 32) In a directional well, the kick off point has a true vertical depth (TVD) of  $1000 \text{ m}$  and the end of buildup section has a TVD of  $1200 \text{ m}$ . The buildup section for directional drilling has a horizontal displacement of  $200 \text{ m}$ , after which the tangent section has inclination of  $45^\circ$ . A driller monitors the well from the surface location of the well and sees that the target has horizontal departure of  $1000 \text{ m}$ . The TVD of the deepest point of the well is ...meters.

(GATE PE 2017)

- 33) The figure below shows the pressure measured in a well at different depths. AB is gas cap, B is gas-oil contact and C is water-oil contact. Density of gas in gas cap is  $2 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , oil density is  $800 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and water density is  $1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . The difference between pressure at point D and point B ( $P_D - P_B$ ) is  $\dots \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ . (use  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ , write answer with one decimal place)
- (GATE PE 2017)

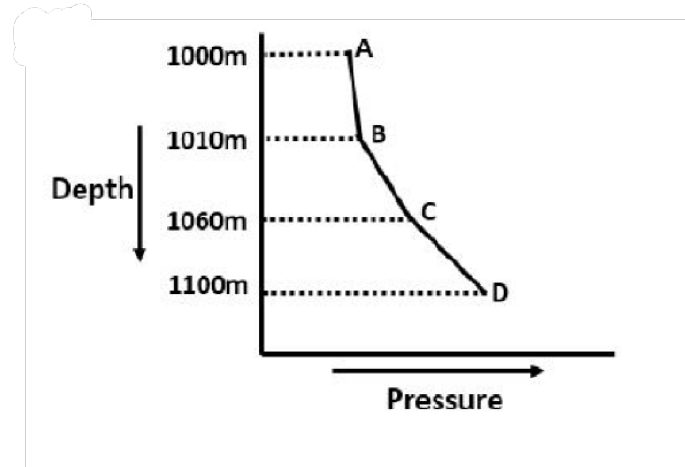


Fig. 3.

- 34) A laboratory air-brine capillary pressure of  $1.20 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$  has been measured in a reservoir core sample at residual water saturation. The air-brine surface tension is  $0.070 \text{ N/m}$ , and the brine-oil interfacial tension for the reservoir fluid is  $0.025 \text{ N/m}$ . The density values of brine and oil are  $1080 \text{ kg/m}^3$  and  $780 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , respectively. Take  $g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ , and assume identical wetting preferences for the core sample and reservoir. The height of the water-oil transition zone (up to the point of reservoir where connate water saturation is reached) from the free water level is  $\dots$  meters. (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 35) The eigenvalues for the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  are:

- a) 2 and 5
- b) -2 and -5
- c) -2 and 5
- d) none of the above

(GATE PE 2017)

- 36) The temperature time profile for a system is given as follows:  $\frac{dT}{dt} + 5T = 500$ , where  $T$  is temperature in  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ , and  $t$  is time in hours. The initial condition is  $T(0) = 500^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The temperature of the system after 1 hour is  $\dots^{\circ}\text{C}$ . (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 37) A porous medium is blended with three types of sediment fractions: fine pebble gravel with porosity ( $\phi_{\text{pebble}} = 38\%$ ), sand ( $\phi_{\text{sand}} = 32\%$ ) and fine sand ( $\phi_{\text{fine\_sand}} = 30\%$ ). The three sediments are mixed

in such proportions that the sand fills the pore volume of fine pebbles completely, and the fine sand fills the pore volume of sand completely. The total porosity of such an irregular system is ...%. (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

38) Match the following:

- a) (P) Sandstone (I)Clastic rocks
- b) (Q) Limestone (II)Nonclastic rocks
- c) (R) Shale
- d) (S) Gypsum
- a) P-I, Q-I, R-II, S-II
- b) P-II, Q-I, R-I, S-I
- c) P-I, Q-II, R-I, S-II
- d) P-II, Q-I, R-II, S-I

(GATE PE 2017)

39) Oil of density  $900 \text{ kg/m}^3$  is flowing at  $100 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$  through a horizontal pipeline having a diameter reduction from  $0.1 \text{ m}$  to  $0.05 \text{ m}$  as shown in the following figure. The kinetic energy pressure drop ( $P_1 - P_2$ ) caused by the diameter change is ... $\text{N/m}^2$ . (Assume frictional losses to be negligible, write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

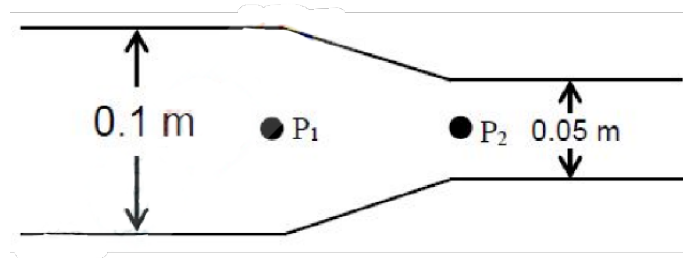


Fig. 4.

40) Match the following EOR techniques and the principle behind them:

- (P) Surfactant flooding    (I) Lower the viscosity of the oil phase
- (Q) Polymer flooding    (II) Increase the viscosity of the aqueous phase
- (R) Steam flooding    (III) Lower the oil-water interfacial tension
- (S) Sea water flooding    (IV) Influence the wettability of the rock
- a) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV



- b) P-III, Q-II, R-IV, S-I
- c) P-III, Q-II, R-I, S-IV
- d) P-III, Q-I, R-II, S-IV

(GATE PE 2017)

- 41) The viscosity-shear rate curve for a fluid is shown in the following plot. Which one of the following options best describes the behavior of the fluid in the regions I, II, and III, respectively?
- a) Newtonian, Shear thinning, Shear thickening
  - b) Shear thinning, Newtonian, Shear thickening
  - c) Shear thickening, Newtonian, Shear thinning
  - d) Shear thinning, Shear thickening, Newtonian

(GATE PE 2017)

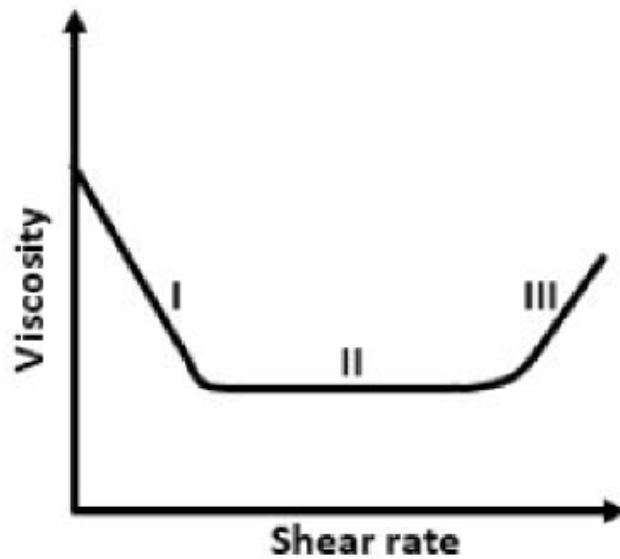


Fig. 5.

- 42) The value of constant  $a$  for which:  $f(x) = \begin{cases} ax^2, & 0 \leq x \leq 5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$  is a valid probability density function, is (given,  $a \geq 0$ ):
- a)  $\frac{1}{125}$
  - b)  $\frac{3}{125}$
  - c)  $\frac{6}{125}$
  - d)  $\frac{9}{125}$

(GATE PE 2017)

- 43)  $z = \frac{3^{30} - i^{19}}{2i - 1}$ , where  $i = \sqrt{-1}$ , would simplify to:

- a)  $1 - i$                       b)  $1$                       c)  $-i$                       d)  $1 + i$

(GATE PE 2017)

- 44) A well of radius 0.25 m is drilled. Mud invasion in the formation caused a skin radius of 2 m and reduced the permeability of the damaged zone to 30 mD. Well test revealed that the skin factor of the damaged zone is 2.3. The permeability of the unaffected formation will be ... mD. (write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 45) The average reservoir pressure and fracture gradient of petroleum formation at a depth of 4,000 m are 30,000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> and 16 (kN/m<sup>2</sup>)/m, respectively. The density of the formation is 2290 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. If the reservoir pressure declines to 20,000 kN/m<sup>2</sup> after a few years of production, the fracture gradient of the formation is ... (kN/m<sup>2</sup>)/m. (write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 46) Match the following:

(P) Gamma ray log	(I) Water saturation
(Q) Resistivity log	(II) Acoustic waves
(R) Cement bond log	(III) Permeability
(S) NMR log	(IV) Lithology

a) P-IV, Q-I, R-II, S-III

b) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV

c) P-I, Q-III, R-II, S-IV

d) P-IV, Q-II, R-I, S-III

(GATE PE 2017)

- 47) The sonic log travel time in a loosely consolidated formation is 260  $\mu\text{s}/\text{m}$ . The matrix and fluid travel times are 130  $\mu\text{s}/\text{m}$  and 618  $\mu\text{s}/\text{m}$ , respectively. A correction factor of 1.0 may be used in a Wyllie time average equation for simplification.

The calculated formation porosity using the Wyllie time average equation is ... %. (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 48) An oil emulsion having 15% water cut by weight is being treated in a horizontal heater-treater unit at the rate of 6000 kg/hr. The inlet temperature of the emulsion is 30°C and operating temperature of the heater-treater is 40°C. The specific heat capacity of water and oil are 1 kcal/kg°C and 0.5 kcal/kg°C, respectively. Assuming 10% of the total heat input is lost to the surroundings, the total heat energy required to break the emulsion in the heater-treater unit is ... kcal/hr. (write answer with

one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 49) An oil well has a flowing bottom hole pressure of 3000 psi and the reservoir has an average pressure of 3250 psi. A pressure build-up test reveals that the slope of the straight line portion of Horner's plot is 38.5 psi/cycle and skin factor of the well is 3. The flow efficiency of this well is .... (write answer with two decimal places)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 50) A pressure charged, casing pressure operated gas lift valve is installed at a depth of 200 m and the bellow pressure of this valve is  $50 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$  under operating conditions. The tubing pressure is  $30 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$  at the valve depth. The area of the bellow and the port are 6 and  $0.6 \text{ cm}^2$ , respectively. The opening pressure of the gas lift valve under operating condition is  $\dots \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ . (write answer with one decimal place)

(GATE PE 2017)

- 51) Match the following:

(P) Coal bed methane	(I) Requires natural or artificial fractures	Options:
(Q) Tight gas	(II) Exists in solid phase	
(R) Gas hydrate	(III) Gas adsorbed on surface in micro-pores	
(S) Associated gas	(IV) Dissolved in crude oil	

- a) P-I, Q-II, R-III, S-IV  
 b) P-IV, Q-III, R-I, S-II  
 c) P-III, Q-I, R-II, S-IV  
 d) P-IV, Q-I, R-II, S-III

(GATE PE 2017)

- 52) Match the following, in the context of treatment of oil spills:

(P) Boom	(I) Use of chemical fertilizers to enhance the rate of oil degradation by microbes
(Q) Adsorbent	(II) Mechanized equipment for removing floating oil from water surface
(R) Skimmer	(III) Floating physical barrier to divert oil to a recovery area
(S) Biostimulation	(IV) Oleophilic material to attract oil, which can be removed subsequently

Options:

- a) P-I, Q-IV, R-II, S-III  
 b) P-III, Q-IV, R-II, S-I  
 c) P-III, Q-I, R-IV, S-I  
 d) P-I, Q-III, R-IV, S-II

(GATE PE 2017)

53) Match the following:

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| (P) Aquifer    | (I) Slows down the movement of water and not good for water (or CO <sub>2</sub> ) injection                      |
| (Q) Aquitard   | (II) Evaporite rocks, such as halides or anhydrite, retarding upward movement of water/CO <sub>2</sub>           |
| (R) Aquicludes | (III) Preferentially stores CO <sub>2</sub> but not water  |
|                | (IV) Rocks with sufficient permeability to conduct water, into which water (or CO <sub>2</sub> ) may be injected |

Options:

- a) P-I, Q-III, R-IV
- b) P-IV, Q-I, R-III
- c) P-IV, Q-I, R-II
- d) P-IV, Q-II, R-III

(GATE PE 2017)

54) Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR), used for oil spill monitoring and detection, is based on the:

- a) dampening effect oil has on capillary and short ocean surface waves, as seen in the radar backscatter signal.
- b) radar backscatter signal only from navigating ships.
- c) frequency change in the radar backscatter signal from flights over the sea.
- d) physical sample collection from random locations on the high seas.

(GATE PE 2017)

55) The adjacent figure shows the phase diagram of free methane gas and methane hydrate for a pure water and pure methane system. Match the zones marked (I),(II),(III), and (IV) with different states of phases listed below;

- (P) Methane hydrate + water = gas
- (Q) Methane gas + water
- (R) Methane gas + ice
- (S) Methane hydrate + ice + gas

- a) I-R, II-S, III-P, IV-Q
- b) I-R, II-Q, III-P, IV-S
- c) I-R, II-S, III-Q, IV-P
- d) I-R, II-P, III-S, IV-Q

(GATE PE 2017)

56) The ninth and the tenth of this month are Monday and Tuesday ....

- a) figuratively
- b) retrospectively
- c) respectively

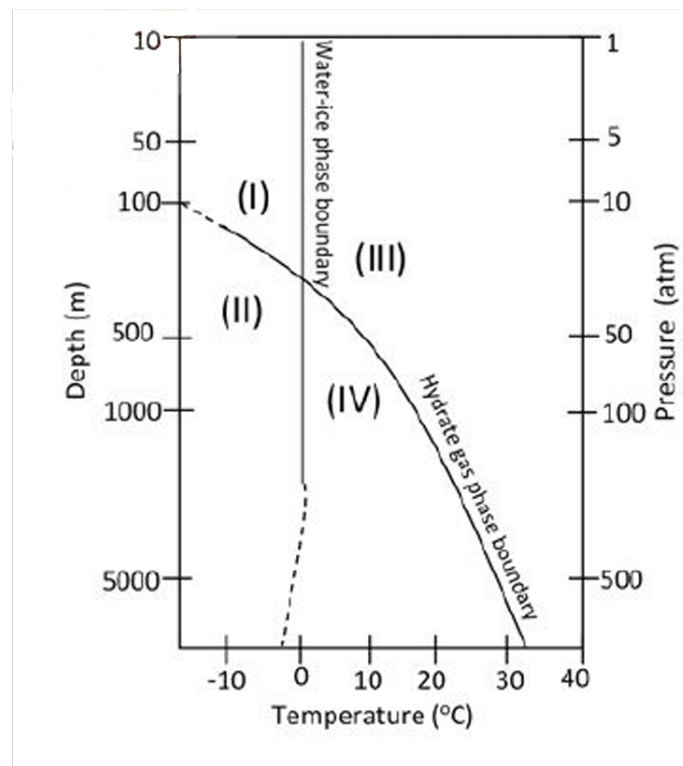


Fig. 6.

d) rightfully

(GATE PE 2017)

57) It is ...to read this year's textbook ...the last year's.

- a) easier, than
- b) most easy, than
- c) easier, from
- d) easiest, from

(GATE PE 2017)

58) A rule states that in order to drink beer, one must be over 18 years old. In a bar, there are 4 people. P is 16 years old, Q is 25 years old, R is drinking milkshake and S is drinking a beer. What must be checked to ensure that the rule is being followed?

- a) Only P's drink
- b) Only P's drink and S's age
- c) Only S's age
- d) Only P's drink, Q's drink and S's age

(GATE PE 2017)

59) Fatima starts from point P, goes North for 3 km, and then East for 4 km to reach point Q. She then turns to face point P and goes 15 km in that direction. She then goes North for 6 km. How far is she from point P, and in which direction should she go to reach point P?

- a) 8 km, East
- b) 12 km, North
- c) 6 km, East
- d) 10 km, North

(GATE PE 2017)

60) 500 students are taking one or more courses out of Chemistry, Physics, and Mathematics. Registration records indicate course enrolment as follows: Chemistry (329), Physics (186), Mathematics (295), Chemistry and Physics (83), Chemistry and Mathematics (217), and Physics and Mathematics (63). How many students are taking all 3 subjects?

- a) 37
- b) 43
- c) 47
- d) 53

(GATE PE 2017)

61) “If you are looking for a history of India, or for an account of the rise and fall of the British Raj, or for the reason of the cleaving of the subcontinent into two mutually antagonistic parts and the effects this mutilation will have in the respective sections, and ultimately on Asia, you will not find it in these pages; for though I have spent a lifetime in the country, I lived too near the seat of events, and was too intimately associated with the actors, to get the perspective needed for the impartial recording of these matters.”

Which of the following statements best reflects the author’s opinion?

- a) An intimate association does not allow for the necessary perspective.
- b) Matters are recorded with an impartial perspective.
- c) An intimate association offers an impartial perspective.
- d) Actors are typically associated with the impartial recording of matters.

(GATE PE 2017)

62) Each of P, Q, R, S, W, X, Y and Z has been married at most once. X and Y are married and have two children P and Q. Z is the grandfather of the daughter S of P. Further, Z and W are married and are parents of R. Which one of the following must necessarily be FALSE?

- a) X is the mother-in-law of R
- b) P and R are not married to each other
- c) P is a son of X and Y
- d) Q cannot be married to R

(GATE PE 2017)

63) 1200 men and 500 women can build a bridge in 2 weeks. 900 men and 250 women will take 3 weeks to build the same bridge. How many men will be needed to build the bridge in one week?

- a) 3000                      b) 3300                      c) 3600                      d) 3900

(GATE PE 2017)

64) The number of 3-digit numbers such that the digit 1 is never to the immediate right of 2 is

- a) 781                      b) 791                      c) 881                      d) 891

(GATE PE 2017)

65) A contour line joins locations having the same height above the mean sea level. The following is a contour plot of a geographical region. Contour lines are shown at 25 m intervals in this plot.

Which of the following is the steepest path leaving from P?

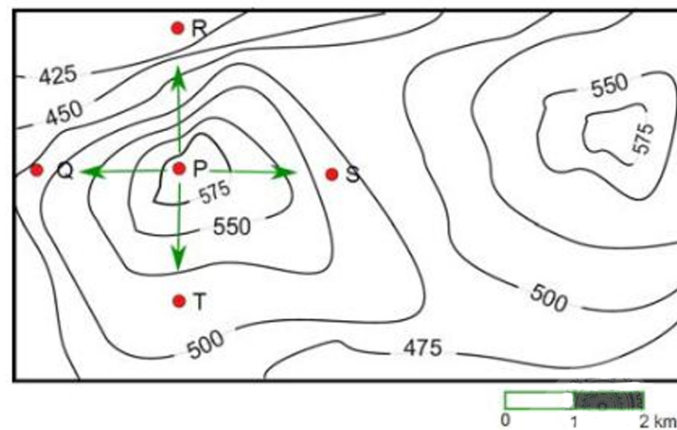


Fig. 7.

- a) P to Q                      b) P to R                      c) P to S                      d) P to T

(GATE PE 2017)

Q. No.	Type	Section	Key	Marks
1	NAT	PE	3.70 to 3.79	1
2	NAT	PE	31.50 to 32.5	1
3	MCQ	PE	D	1
4	MCQ	PE	C	1
5	MCQ	PE	D	1
6	MCQ	B	1	
7	MCQ	PE	C	1
8	MCQ	PE	B	1
9	MCQ	PE	B	1
10	NAT	PE	17.00 to 18.00	1
11	MCQ	PE	C	1
12	MCQ	PE	A	1
13	MCQ	B	1	
14	MCQ	PE	C	1
15	MCQ	PE	B	1
16	MCQ	PE	D	1
17	MCQ	PE	A	1
18	MCQ	PE	D	1
19	NAT	PE	61.0 to 63.0	1
20	MCQ	PE	A	1
21	MCQ	PE	C	1
22	MCQ	PE	D	1
23	MCQ	PE	D	1
24	MCQ	PE	C	1
25	MCQ	PE	A or D	1
26	NAT	PE	-2.05 to -1.95	2
27	NAT	PE	0.720 to 0.730	2
28	NAT	PE	10.5 to 11.5	2
29	NAT	PE	72.0 to 75.0	2
30	NAT	PE	999.0 to 1001.0	2
31	NAT	PE	1080.0 to 1095.0	2
32	NAT	PE	1990 to 2010	2
33	NAT	PE	7.5 to 8.2	2
34	NAT	PE	14.20 to 14.90	2
35	MCQ	PE	C	2
36	NAT	PE	101.00 to 104.00	2
37	NAT	PE	3.50 to 3.80	2
38	MCQ	PE	C	2
39	NAT	PE	140.0 to 150.0	2
40	MCQ	PE	C	2
41	MCQ	PE	B	2
42	MCQ	PE	B	2
43	MCQ	PE	3D	2
44	NAT	PE	60.0 to 65.0	2
45	NAT	PE	13.5 to 15.5	2
46	MCQ	PE	A	2
47	NAT	PE	25.00 to 28.00	2



Q. No	Type	Section	Key	Marks
48	NAT	PE	38200.0 to 38500.0	2
49	NAT	PE	0.55 to 0.65	2
50	NAT	PE	50.0 to 54.0	2
51	MCQ	PE	C	2
52	MCQ	PE	B	2
53	MCQ	PE	C	2
54	MCQ	PE	A	2
55	MCQ	PE	C	2
56	MCQ	PE	C	1
57	MCQ	PE	A	1
58	MCQ	PE	B	1
59	MCQ	PE	A	1
60	MCQ	PE	D	1
61	MCQ	PE	A	2
62	MCQ	PE	D	2
63	MCQ	PE	C	2
64	MCQ	PE	C	2
65	MCQ	PE	B	2