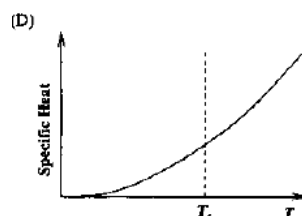
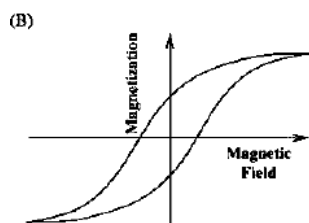
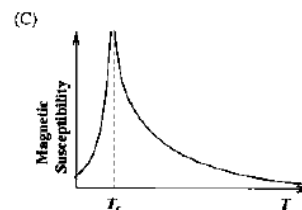
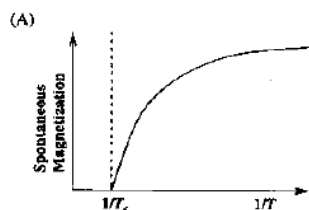


# Assignment 1: GATE 2010 PH: Physics

EE25BTECH11055 - Subhodeep Chakraborty

- 1) Consider an anti-symmetric tensor  $P_U$  with the indices  $i$  and  $j$  running from 1 to 5. The number of independent components of the tensor is (GATE PH 2010)
  - a) 3
  - b) 10
  - c) 9
  - d) 6
- 2) The value of the integral  $\oint_C \frac{e^z \sin(z)}{z^2} dz$  where the contour  $C$  is the unit circle:  $|z-2| = 1$ , is (GATE PH 2010)
  - a)  $2\pi i$
  - b)  $4\pi i$
  - c)  $\pi i$
  - d) 0
- 3) The eigenvalues of the matrix  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 0 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  are (GATE PH 2010)
  - a) 5, 2, -2
  - b) -5, -1, -1
  - c) 5, 1, -1
  - d) -5, 1, 1
- 4) If  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } x < 3, \\ x-3 & \text{for } x \geq 3, \end{cases}$  then the Laplace transform of  $f(x)$  is (GATE PH 2010)
  - a)  $s^{-2}e^{3s}$
  - b)  $s^2e^{-3s}$
  - c)  $s^{-2}$
  - d)  $s^{-2}e^{-3s}$
- 5) The valence electrons do not directly determine the following property of a metal. (GATE PH 2010)
  - a) Electrical conductivity
  - b) Thermal conductivity
  - c) Shear modulus
  - d) Metallic lustre
- 6) Consider X-ray diffraction from a crystal with a face-centered-cubic (fcc) lattice. The lattice plane for which there is NO diffraction peak is (GATE PH 2010)
  - a) (2, 1, 2)
  - b) (1, 1, 1)
  - c) (2, 0, 0)
  - d) (3, 1, 1)
- 7) The Hall coefficient,  $R_H$ , of sodium depends on (GATE PH 2010)
  - a) The effective charge carrier mass and carrier density
  - b) The charge carrier density and relaxation time
  - c) The charge carrier density only
  - d) The effective charge carrier mass
- 8) The Bloch theorem states that within a crystal, the wavefunction,  $\psi(\mathbf{r})$ , of an electron has the form (GATE PH 2010)
  - a)  $\psi(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r})e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$  where  $u(\mathbf{r})$  is an arbitrary function and  $\mathbf{k}$  is an arbitrary vector
  - b)  $\psi(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r})e^{i\mathbf{G}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$  where  $u(\mathbf{r})$  is an arbitrary function and  $\mathbf{G}$  is a reciprocal lattice vector
  - c)  $\psi(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r})e^{i\mathbf{G}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$  where  $u(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{\Lambda})$ ,  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$  is a lattice vector and  $\mathbf{G}$  is a reciprocal lattice vector
  - d)  $\psi(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r})e^{i\mathbf{k}\cdot\mathbf{r}}$  where  $u(\mathbf{r}) = u(\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{\Lambda})$ ,  $\mathbf{\Lambda}$  is a lattice vector and  $\mathbf{k}$  is an arbitrary vector

- 9) In an experiment involving a ferromagnetic medium, the following observations were made. Which one of the plots does NOT correctly represent the property of the medium? ( $T_C$  is the Curie temperature) (GATE PH 2010)



- 10) The thermal conductivity of a given material reduces when it undergoes a transition from its normal state to the superconducting state. The reason is: (GATE PH 2010)

- The Cooper pairs cannot transfer energy to the lattice
- Upon the formation of Cooper pairs, the lattice becomes less efficient in heat transfer
- The electrons in the normal state lose their ability to transfer heat because of their coupling to the Cooper pairs
- The heat capacity increases on transition to the superconducting state leading to a reduction in thermal conductivity

- 11) The basic process underlying the neutron  $\beta$ -decay is (GATE PH 2010)

- $d \rightarrow u + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$
- $d \rightarrow u + e^-$
- $s \rightarrow u + e^- + \bar{\nu}_e$
- $u \rightarrow d + e^+ + \bar{\nu}_e$

- 12) In the nuclear shell model the spin parity of  $^{15}\text{N}$  is given by (GATE PH 2010)

- $\frac{1}{2}^-$
- $\frac{1}{2}^+$
- $\frac{3}{2}^-$
- $\frac{3}{2}^+$

- 13) Match the reactions on the left with the associated interactions on the right. (GATE PH 2010)

- |  |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| a) $\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ + \nu_\mu$ | a) Strong          |
| b) $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma + \gamma$ | b) Electromagnetic |
| c) $\pi^0 + n \rightarrow \pi^- + p$   | c) Weak            |

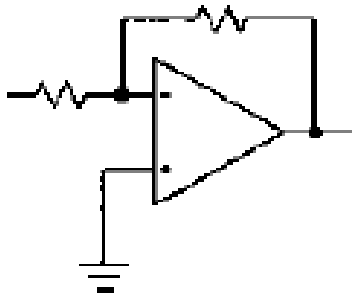
- (a, c), (b, b), (c, a)
- (a, a), (b, b), (c, c)
- (a, b), (b, a), (c, c)
- (a, c), (b, a), (c, b)

- 14) To detect trace amounts of a gaseous species in a mixture of gases, the preferred probing tool is (GATE PH 2010)

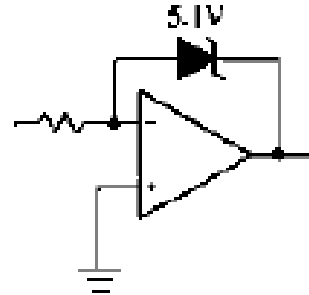
- Ionization spectroscopy with X-rays
- NMR spectroscopy
- ESR spectroscopy
- Laser spectroscopy

- 15) A collection of  $N$  atoms is exposed to a strong resonant electromagnetic radiation with  $N_g$  atoms in the ground state and  $N_e$  atoms in the excited state, such that  $N_g + N_e = N$ . This collection of two-level atoms will have the following population distribution: (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $N_g \ll N_e$                       b)  $N_g \gg N_e$                       c)  $N_g \approx N_e = N/2$                       d)  $N_g - N_e \approx N/2$
- 16) Two states of an atom have definite parities. An electric dipole transition between these states is (GATE PH 2010)
- a) Allowed if both the states have even parity  
 b) Allowed if both the states have odd parity  
 c) Allowed if the two states have opposite parities  
 d) Not allowed unless a static electric field is applied
- 17) The spectrum of radiation emitted by a black body at a temperature 1000 K peaks in the (GATE PH 2010)
- a) Visible range of frequencies                      c) Ultraviolet range of frequencies  
 b) Infrared range of frequencies                      d) Microwave range of frequencies
- 18) An insulating sphere of radius  $a$  carries a charge density  $\rho(\mathbf{r}) = \rho_0(a^2 - r^2) \cos \theta$ ;  $r < a$ . The leading order term for the electric field at a distance  $d$ , far away from the charge distribution, is proportional to (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $d^{-1}$                       b)  $d^{-2}$                       c)  $d^{-3}$                       d)  $d^{-4}$
- 19) The voltage resolution of a 12-bit digital to analog converter (DAC), whose output varies from -10 V to +10 V is, approximately (GATE PH 2010)
- a) 1 mV                      b) 5 mV                      c) 20 mV                      d) 100 mV
- 20) In one of the following circuits, negative feedback does not operate for a negative input. Which one is it? The opamps are running from  $\pm 15$  V supplies. (GATE PH 2010)

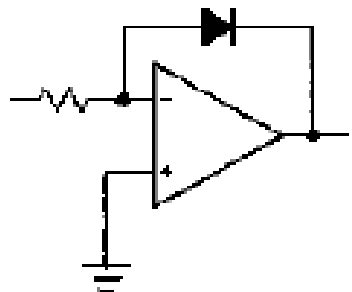
(A)



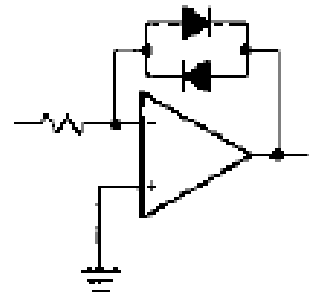
(B)



(C)



(D)



- 21) A system of  $N$  non-interacting classical point particles is constrained to move on the two-dimensional surface of a sphere. The internal energy of the system is (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $\frac{3}{2}Nk_B T$       b)  $\frac{1}{2}Nk_B T$       c)  $Nk_B T$       d)  $\frac{5}{2}Nk_B T$
- 22) Which of the following atoms cannot exhibit Bose-Einstein condensation, even in principle?(GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $^1H_1$       b)  $^4He_2$       c)  $^{23}Na_{11}$       d)  $^{40}K_{19}$
- 23) For the set of all Lorentz transformations with velocities along the  $x$ -axis, consider the two statements given below:  
P: If  $L$  is a Lorentz transformation then,  $L^{-1}$  is also a Lorentz transformation.  
Q: If  $L_1$  and  $L_2$  are Lorentz transformations then,  $L_1 L_2$  is necessarily a Lorentz transformation.  
Choose the correct option. (GATE PH 2010)
- a) P is true and Q is false.      c) Both P and Q are false.  
b) Both P and Q are true.      d) P is false and Q is true.
- 24) Which of the following is an allowed wavefunction for a particle in a bound state?  $N$  is a constant and  $\alpha, \beta > 0$ . (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $\psi = N \frac{e^{-\alpha r}}{r^3}$       d)  $\psi = \begin{cases} \text{non-zero constant} & \text{if } r < R \\ 0 & \text{if } r > R \end{cases}$   
b)  $\psi = N(1 - e^{-\alpha r})$   
c)  $\psi = N e^{-\alpha x} e^{-\beta(x^2+y^2+z^2)}$
- 25) A particle is confined within a spherical region of radius one femtometer ( $10^{-15}\text{m}$ ). Its momentum can be expected to be about (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $20 \frac{\text{keV}}{c}$       b)  $200 \frac{\text{keV}}{c}$       c)  $200 \frac{\text{MeV}}{c}$       d)  $2 \frac{\text{GeV}}{c}$
- 26) For the complex function,  $f(z) = \frac{e^{\sqrt{z}} - e^{-\sqrt{z}}}{\sin(\sqrt{z})}$ , which of the following statements is correct?(GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $z = 0$  is a branch point  
b)  $z = 0$  is a pole of order one  
c)  $z = 0$  is a removable singularity  
d)  $z = 0$  is an essential singularity
- 27) The solution of the differential equation for  $y(t) : \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - y = 2 \cosh(t)$ , subject to the initial conditions  $y(0) = 0$  and  $\frac{dy}{dt}|_{t=0} = 0$ , is (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $\frac{1}{2} \cosh(t) + t \sinh(t)$       c)  $t \cosh(t)$   
b)  $-\sinh(t) + t \cosh(t)$       d)  $t \sinh(t)$
- 28) Given the recurrence relation for the Legendre polynomials
- $$(2n + 1)xP_n(x) = (n + 1)P_{n+1}(x) + nP_{n-1}(x),$$
- which of the following integrals has a non-zero value? (GATE PH 2010)
- a)  $\int_{-1}^{+1} x^2 P_n(x) P_{n+1}(x) dx$       c)  $\int_{-1}^{+1} x [P_n(x)]^2 dx$   
b)  $\int_{-1}^{+1} x P_n(x) P_{n+2}(x) dx$       d)  $\int_{-1}^{+1} x^2 P_n(x) P_{n+2}(x) dx$
- 29) For a two-dimensional free electron gas, the electronic density  $n$ , and the Fermi energy  $E_F$ , are related by (GATE PH 2010)

a)  $n = \frac{(2mE_F)^{3/2}}{2\pi^2\hbar^3}$   
 b)  $n = \frac{mE_F}{\pi\hbar^2}$

c)  $n = \frac{mE_F}{2\pi\hbar^2}$   
 d)  $n = \frac{2^{3/2}(mE_F)^{1/2}}{\pi\hbar}$

30) Far away from any of the resonance frequencies of a medium, the real part of the dielectric permittivity is (GATE PH 2010)

- a) Always independent of frequency  
 b) Monotonically decreasing with frequency  
 c) Monotonically increasing with frequency  
 d) A non-monotonic function of frequency

31) The ground state wavefunction of deuteron is in a superposition of s and d states. Which of the following is NOT true as a consequence? (GATE PH 2010)

- a) It has a non-zero quadrupole moment  
 b) The neutron-proton potential is non-central  
 c) The orbital wavefunction is not spherically symmetric  
 d) The Hamiltonian does not conserve the total angular momentum

32) The first three energy levels of  $^{228}\text{Th}_{90}$  are shown below

$4^+$	_____	187 keV
$2^+$	_____	57.5 keV
$0^+$	_____	0 keV

The expected spin-parity and energy of the next level are given by (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $(6^+; 400 \text{ keV})$       b)  $(6^+; 300 \text{ keV})$       c)  $(2^+; 400 \text{ keV})$       d)  $(4^+; 300 \text{ keV})$

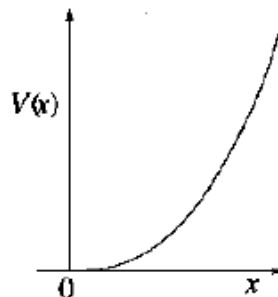
33) The quark content of  $\Sigma^+$ ,  $K^-$ ,  $\pi^-$  and p is indicated:  $|\Sigma^+\rangle = |uus\rangle$ ;  $|K^-\rangle = |s\bar{u}\rangle$ ;  $|\pi^-\rangle = |\bar{u}d\rangle$ ;  $|p\rangle = |uud\rangle$ . In the process,  $\pi^- + p \rightarrow K^- + \Sigma^+$ , considering strong interactions only, which of the following statements is true? (GATE PH 2010)

- a) The process is allowed because  $\Delta S = 0$   
 b) The process is allowed because  $\Delta I_3 = 0$   
 c) The process is not allowed because  $\Delta S \neq 0$  and  $\Delta I_3 \neq 0$   
 d) The process is not allowed because the baryon number is violated

34) The three principal moments of inertia of a methanol ( $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ ) molecule have the property  $I_x = I_y = I$  and  $I_z \neq I$ . The rotational energy eigenvalues are (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{2I}l(l+1) + \frac{\hbar^2 m_l^2}{2}(\frac{1}{I_z} - \frac{1}{I})$       b)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{2I}l(l+1)$       c)  $\frac{\hbar^2 m_l^2}{2}(\frac{1}{I_z} - \frac{1}{I})$       d)  $\frac{\hbar^2}{2I}l(l+1) + \frac{\hbar^2 m_l^2}{2}(\frac{1}{I_z} + \frac{1}{I})$

35) A particle of mass m is confined in the potential  $V(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2 x^2 & \text{for } x > 0, \\ \infty & \text{for } x \leq 0. \end{cases}$  Let the wavefunction of the particle be given by  $\psi(x) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}\psi_0 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\psi_1$ , where  $\psi_0$  and  $\psi_1$  are the eigenfunctions of the ground state and the first excited state respectively. The expectation value of the energy is (GATE PH 2010)



- a)  $\frac{31}{10}\hbar\omega$       b)  $\frac{25}{10}\hbar\omega$       c)  $\frac{13}{10}\hbar\omega$       d)  $\frac{11}{10}\hbar\omega$

36) Match the typical spectra of stable molecules with the corresponding wave-number range (GATE PH 2010)

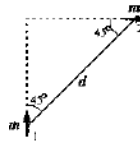
- |                           |                                    |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| a) Electronic Spectra     | • $10^6 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ and above |
| b) Rotational Spectra     | • $10^5 - 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-1}$    |
| c) Molecular dissociation | • $10^0 - 10^2 \text{ cm}^{-1}$    |

- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a) 1-ii, 2-i, 3-iii | c) 1-iii, 2-ii, 3-i |
| b) 1-ii, 2-iii, 3-i | d) 1-i, 2-ii, 3-iii |

37) Consider the operations  $P : \mathbf{r} \rightarrow -\mathbf{r}$  (parity) and  $T : t \rightarrow -t$  (time-reversal). For the electric and magnetic fields  $\mathbf{E}$  and  $\mathbf{B}$ , which of the following set of transformations is correct?(GATE PH 2010)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| a) $P : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow -\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{B};$<br>$T : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow -\mathbf{B}$ | c) $P : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow -\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{B};$<br>$T : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow -\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow -\mathbf{B}$ |
| b) $P : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow -\mathbf{B};$<br>$T : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{B}$  | d) $P : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow \mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow -\mathbf{B};$<br>$T : \mathbf{E} \rightarrow -\mathbf{E}, \mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{B}$  |

38) Two magnetic dipoles of magnitude  $m$  each are placed in a plane as shown. The energy of interaction is given by (GATE PH 2010)



- a) Zero      b)  $\frac{\mu_0 m^2}{4\pi d^3}$       c)  $\frac{3\mu_0 m^2}{2\pi d^3}$       d)  $-\frac{3\mu_0 m^2}{8\pi d^3}$

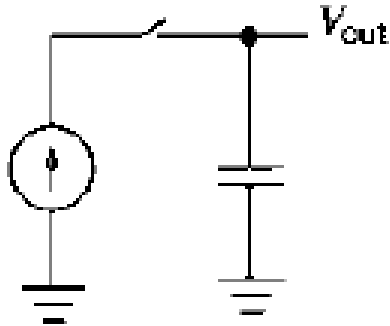
39) Consider a conducting loop of radius  $a$  and total loop resistance  $R$  placed in a region with a magnetic field  $\mathbf{B}$  thereby enclosing a flux  $\phi_0$ . The loop is connected to an electronic circuit as shown, the capacitor being initially uncharged.



If the loop is pulled out of the region of the magnetic field at a constant speed  $u$ , the final output voltage  $V_{out}$  is independent of (GATE PH 2010)

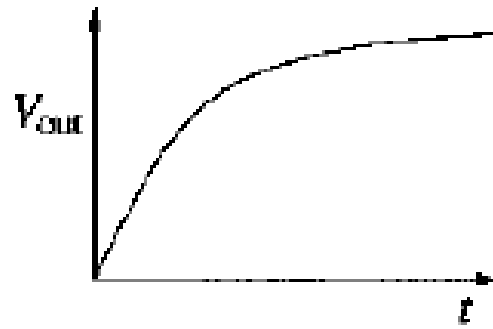
a)  $\phi_0$ b)  $u$ c)  $R$ d)  $C$ 

40) The figure shows a constant current source charging a capacitor that is initially uncharged.

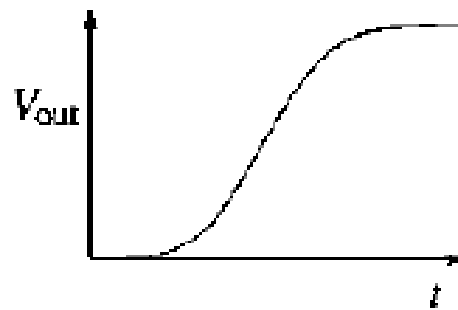


If the switch is closed at  $t = 0$ , which of the following plots depicts correctly the output voltage of the circuit as a function of time? (GATE PH 2010)

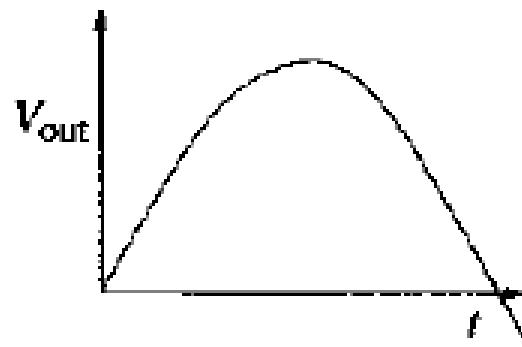
(A)



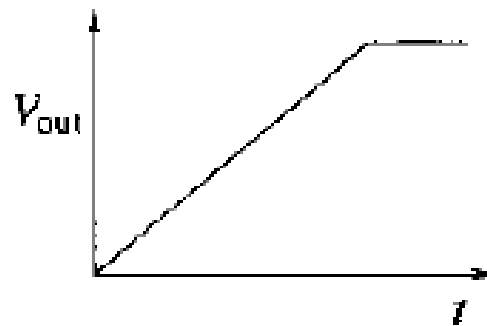
(B)



(C)



(D)



- 41) For any set of inputs, A and B, the following circuits give the same output, Q, except one. Which one is it?  
(GATE PH 2010)

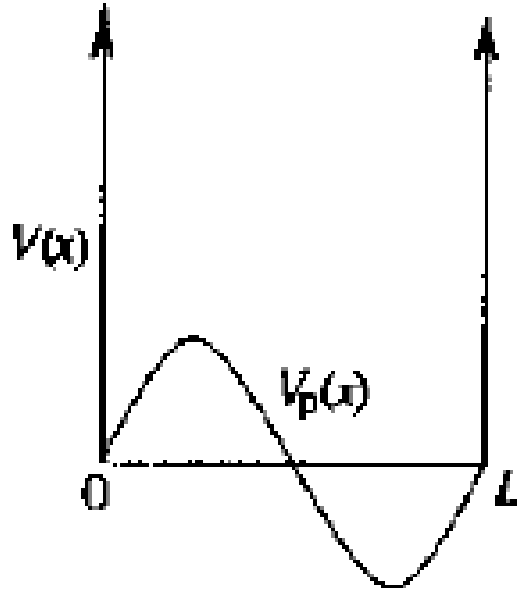




47) A particle of mass  $m$  is confined in an infinite potential well:

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } 0 < x < L, \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

. It is subjected to a perturbing potential  $V_p(x) = V_0 \sin\left(\frac{2\pi x}{L}\right)$  within the well. Let  $E^{(1)}$  and  $E^{(2)}$  be the corrections to the ground state energy in the first and second order in  $V_0$ , respectively. Which of the following are true? (GATE PH 2010)



- |                                  |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| a) $E^{(1)} = 0$ ; $E^{(2)} < 0$ | c) $E^{(1)} = 0$ ; $E^{(2)}$ depends on the sign of $V_0$ |
| b) $E^{(1)} > 0$ ; $E^{(2)} = 0$ | d) $E^{(1)} < 0$ ; $E^{(2)} < 0$                          |

In the presence of a weak magnetic field, atomic hydrogen undergoes the transition:

$$^2P_{3/2} \rightarrow ^2S_{1/2}$$

by emission of radiation.

48) The number of distinct spectral lines that are observed in the resultant Zeeman spectrum is (GATE PH 2010)

- |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|
| a) 2 | b) 3 | c) 4 | d) 6 |
|------|------|------|------|

49) The spectral line corresponding to the transition

$$^2P_{3/2} \left( m_j = +\frac{1}{2} \right) \rightarrow ^2S_{1/2} \left( m_j = -\frac{1}{2} \right)$$

is observed along the direction of the applied magnetic field. The emitted electromagnetic field is: (GATE PH 2010)

- |                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| a) Circularly polarized | c) Unpolarized                                    |
| b) Linearly polarized   | d) Not emitted along the magnetic field direction |

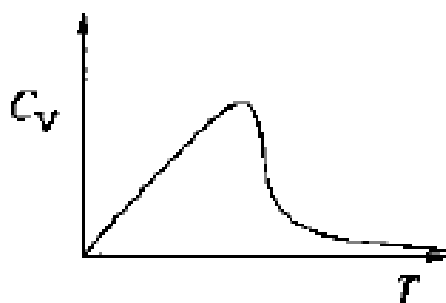
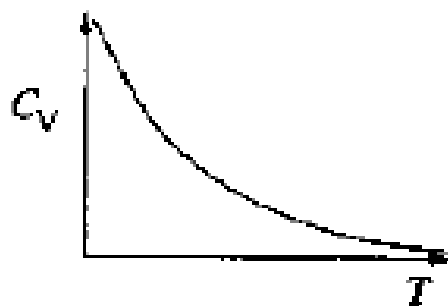
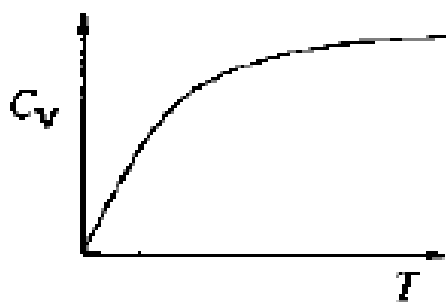
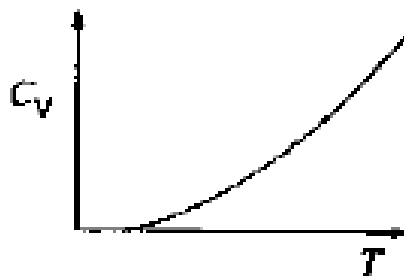
**Common Data for Questions 50 and 51:**

The partition function for a gas of photons is given by

$$\ln Z = \frac{\pi^2 V (k_B T)^3}{45 \hbar^3 c^3}$$

50) The specific heat of the photon gas varies with temperature as

(GATE PH 2010)



51) The pressure of the photon gas is (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $\frac{\pi^2(k_B T)^4}{15\hbar^3 c^3}$       b)  $\frac{\pi^2(k_B T)^4}{8\hbar^3 c^3}$       c)  $\frac{\pi^2(k_B T)^4}{45\hbar^3 c^3}$       d)  $\frac{\pi(k_B T)^4}{45\hbar^3 c^3}$

Consider the propagation of electromagnetic waves in a linear, homogeneous and isotropic material medium with electric permittivity  $\epsilon$  and magnetic permeability  $\mu$ .

52) For a plane wave of angular frequency  $\omega$  and propagation vector  $\mathbf{k}$  propagating in the medium Maxwell's equations reduce to (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{H} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega\epsilon\mathbf{H}$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{H} = -\omega\mu\mathbf{E}$   
b)  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{H} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = -\omega\epsilon\mathbf{H}$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{H} = \omega\mu\mathbf{E}$   
c)  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{H} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = -\omega\mu\mathbf{H}$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{H} = \omega\epsilon\mathbf{E}$   
d)  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{E} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{H} = 0$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{E} = \omega\mu\mathbf{H}$ ;  $\mathbf{k} \times \mathbf{H} = -\omega\epsilon\mathbf{E}$

53) If  $\epsilon$  and  $\mu$  assume negative values in a certain frequency range, then the directions of the propagation vector  $\mathbf{k}$  and the Poynting vector  $\mathbf{S}$  in that frequency range are related as (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  are parallel  
b)  $\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  are anti-parallel  
c)  $\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  are perpendicular to each other  
d)  $\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{S}$  make an angle that depends on the magnitude of  $|\epsilon|$  and  $|\mu|$

The Lagrangian for a simple pendulum is given by:

$$L = \frac{1}{2}ml^2\dot{\theta}^2 - mgl(1 - \cos \theta)$$

54) Hamilton's equations are then given by (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $p_\theta = -mgl \sin \theta$ ;  $\dot{\theta} = \frac{p_\theta}{ml^2}$       c)  $p_\theta = -m\ddot{\theta}$ ;  $\dot{\theta} = \frac{p_\theta}{m}$   
b)  $p_\theta = mgl \sin \theta$ ;  $\dot{\theta} = \frac{p_\theta}{ml^2}$       d)  $\dot{p}_\theta = -\left(\frac{g}{l}\right)\theta$ ;  $\dot{\theta} = \frac{p_\theta}{ml}$

55) The Poisson bracket between  $\theta$  and  $\dot{\theta}$  is (GATE PH 2010)

- a)  $\{\theta, \dot{\theta}\} = 1$       b)  $\{\theta, \dot{\theta}\} = \frac{1}{ml^2}$       c)  $\{\theta, \dot{\theta}\} = \frac{1}{m}$       d)  $\{\theta, \dot{\theta}\} = \frac{g}{l}$

- 56) Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence.  
(GATE PH 2010)

**His rather casual remarks on politics \_\_\_\_\_ his lack of seriousness about the subject.**

- a) masked                      b) belied                      c) betrayed                      d) suppressed

- 57) Which of the following options is the closest in meaning to the word below:      (GATE PH 2010)

**Circuitous**

- a) cyclic                      b) indirect                      c) confusing                      d) crooked

- 58) Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:  
(GATE PH 2010)

**If we manage to \_\_\_\_\_ our natural resources, we would leave a better planet for our children.**

- a) uphold                      b) restrain                      c) cherish                      d) conserve

- 59) 25 persons are in a room. 15 of them play hockey, 17 of them play football and 10 of them play both hockey and football. Then the number of persons playing neither hockey nor football is:  
(GATE PH 2010)

- a) 2                      b) 17                      c) 13                      d) 3

- 60) The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair.  
(GATE PH 2010)

**Unemployed : Worker**

- a) fallow : land                      b) unaware : sleeper                      c) wit : jester                      d) renovated : house

- 61) If  $137 + 276 = 435$  how much is  $731 + 672$ ?      (GATE PH 2010)

- a) 534                      b) 1403                      c) 1623                      d) 1513

- 62) Hari (H), Gita (G), Irfan (I) and Saira (S) are siblings (i.e. brothers and sisters). All were born on 1<sup>st</sup> January. The age difference between any two successive siblings (that is born one after another) is less than 3 years. Given the following facts:

- a) Hari's age + Gita's age > Irfan's age + Saira's age.  
b) The age difference between Gita and Saira is 1 year. However, Gita is not the oldest and Saira is not the youngest.  
c) There are no twins.

In what order were they born (oldest first)?      (GATE PH 2010)

- a) HSIG                      b) SGHI                      c) IGSH                      d) IHSG

- 63) **Modern warfare has changed from large scale clashes of armies to suppression of civilian populations. Chemical agents that do their work silently appear to be suited to such warfare; and regretfully, there are people in military establishments who think that chemical agents are useful tools for their cause.**

*Which of the following statements best sums up the meaning of the above passage:* (GATE PH 2010)

- a) Modern warfare has resulted in civil strife.  
b) Chemical agents are useful in modern warfare.

- c) Use of chemical agents in warfare would be undesirable.  
d) People in military establishments like to use chemical agents in war.
- 64) 5 skilled workers can build a wall in 20 days; 8 semi-skilled workers can build a wall in 25 days; 10 unskilled workers can build a wall in 30 days. If a team has 2 skilled, 6 semi-skilled and 5 unskilled workers, how long will it take to build the wall? (GATE PH 2010)
- a) 20 days                      b) 18 days                      c) 16 days                      d) 15 days
- 65) Given digits 2, 2, 3, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4 how many distinct 4 digit numbers greater than 3000 can be formed? (GATE PH 2010)
- a) 50                              b) 51                              c) 52                              d) 54

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**END OF THE QUESTION PAPER**