## 1

## Assignment: GATE 2022 MA

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1) As you grow of	lder, an injury to your	may take longer t	
, ,			(GATE MA 2022)
<ul><li>a) heel / heel</li><li>b) heal / heel</li></ul>		<ul><li>c) heal / heal</li><li>d) heel / heal</li></ul>	
	e, P and Q have speeds in the the distance between P and	_	race when P has already covered the race?
			(GATE MA 2022)
a) 20 b) 40		c) 60 d) 140	
every 30 minute		inutes. If all the three bel	ng every 20 minutes; $Q$ is rung lls are rung at 12: 00 PM, when
win the three b	ens mig together again the	next time:	(GATE MA 2022)
a) 5:00 PM	b) 5: 30 PM	c) 6: 00 PM	d) 6: 30 PM
<ul> <li>a) Statement 1:</li> <li>b) Statement 2:</li> <li>c) Conclusion I</li> <li>d) Conclusion I</li> <li>e) Conclusion I</li> <li>f) Conclusion I</li> <li>Which one of t</li> </ul>	e two statements and four comes Some bottles are cups. All cups are knives. Some bottles are knives. Some knives are cups. H: All cups are bottles. V: All knives are cups. he following options can be sion I and conclusion II are	logically inferred?	(GATE MA 2022)
<ul><li>c) Only conclus</li><li>d) Only conclus</li><li>5) The figure belo</li><li>The disc is flipp</li></ul>	ped once with respect to any at is the probability that the	e correct re correct view of a disc, which is one of the fixed axes (1-	s shaded with identical patterns. 1, 2-2 or 3-3) chosen uniformly the same front and rear views (GATE MA 2022)
-) 0	1.5 1	-> 2	
a) 0	b) $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{2}{3}$	d) 1
more by social	bonding, familiarity and ide	entification of belongingr	has been shown to be motivated ness to a group. The notion that ed. Which one of the following

(GATE MA 2022)

a) Humans engage in altruism due to guilt but not empathy

is the CORRECT logical inference based on the information in the above passage?

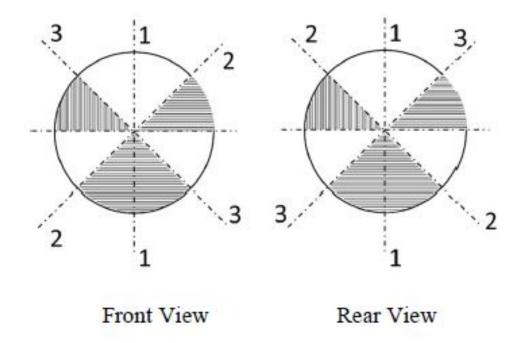


Fig. 1: \*

- b) Humans engage in altruism due to empathy but not guilt
- c) Humans engage in altruism due to group identification but not empathy
- d) Humans engage in altruism due to empathy but not familiarity
- 7) There are two identical dice with a single letter on each of the faces. The following six letters: Q, R, S, T, U, and V, one on each of the faces. Any of the six outcomes are equally likely. The two dice are thrown once independently at random. What is the probability that the outcomes on the dice were composed only of any combination of the following possible outcomes: Q, U and V?

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 b)  $\frac{3}{4}$  c)  $\frac{1}{6}$  d)  $\frac{5}{36}$ 

8) The price of an item is 10% cheaper in an online store S compared to the price at another online store M. Store S charges 150 for delivery. There are no delivery charges for orders from the store M. A person bought the item from the store S and saved 100. What is the price of the item at the online store S (in rupees) if there are no other charges than what is described above?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) 2500 b) 2250 c) 1750 d) 1500
- 9) The letters P, Q, R, S, T and U are to be placed one per vertex on a regular convex hexagon, but not necessarily in the same order.

  Consider the following statements:
  - The line segment joining R and S is longer than the line segment joining P and Q.
  - The line segment joining R and S is perpendicular to the line segment joining P and Q.
  - The line segment joining R and U is parallel to the line segment joining T and Q.

Based on the above statements, which one of the following options is CORRECT?

- a) The line segment joining R and T is parallel to the line segment joining Q and S.
- b) The line segment joining T and Q is parallel to the line joining P and U.
- c) The line segment joining R and P is perpendicular to the line segment joining U and Q.
- d) The line segment joining Q and S is perpendicular to the line segment joining R and P.
- 10) An ant is at the bottom-left corner of a grid (point P) as shown below. It aims to move to the topright corner of the grid. The ant moves only along the lines marked in the grid such that the current distance to the top-right corner strictly decreases. Which one of the following is a part of a possible trajectory of the ant during the movement?

(GATE MA 2022)

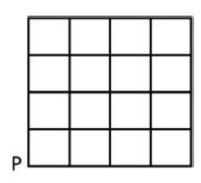
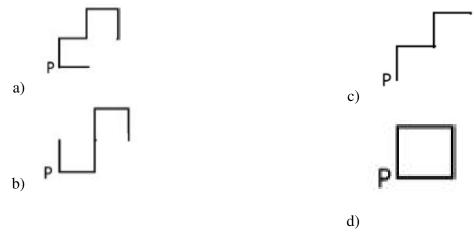


Fig. 2: \*



11) Suppose that the characteristic equation of  $M \in \mathbb{C}^{3\times3}$  is  $\lambda^3 + \alpha\lambda^2 + \beta\lambda - 1 = 0$ , where  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{C}$  with  $\alpha + \beta \neq 0$ . Which of the following statements is TRUE?

a) 
$$M(I - \beta M) = M^{-1}(M + \alpha I)$$

c) 
$$M^{-1}(M^{-1} + \beta I) = M - \alpha I$$

b) 
$$M(I + \beta M) = M^{-1}(M - \alpha I)$$

c) 
$$M^{-1}(M^{-1} + \beta I) = M - \alpha I$$
  
d)  $M^{-1}(M^{-1} - \beta I) = M + \alpha I$ 

12) Consider

P: Let  $M \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  with  $m > n \ge 2$ . If rank (M) = n, then the system of linear equations Mx = 0 has x = 0 as the only solution.

Q: Let  $E \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ ,  $n \ge 2$  be a non-zero matrix such that  $E^3 = 0$ . Then  $I + E^2$  is a singular matrix. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) Both P and Q are TRUE
- b) Both P and Q are FALSE
- c) P is TRUE and Q is FALSE
- d) P is FALSE and Q is TRUE
- 13) Consider the real function of two real variables given by

$$u(x, y) = e^{2x} \left(\sin 3x \cos 2y \cosh 3y - \cos 3x \sin 2y \sinh 3y\right).$$

Let v(x, y) be the harmonic conjugate of u(x, y) such that v(0, 0) = 2. Let z = x + iy and f(z) = 1u(x, y) + i v(x, y), then the value of  $4 + 2i f(i\pi)$  is

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$e^{3\pi} + e^{-3\pi}$$

c) 
$$-e^{3\pi} + e^{-3\pi}$$

b) 
$$e^{3\pi} - e^{-3\pi}$$

c) 
$$-e^{3\pi} + e^{-3\pi}$$
  
d)  $-e^{3\pi} - e^{-3\pi}$ 

14) The value of the integral

$$\int_C \frac{z^{100}}{z^{101} + 1} \, dz$$

where C is the circle of radius 2 centred at the origin taken in the anti-clockwise direction, is (GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$-2\pi i$$

b) 
$$2\pi$$

d)  $2\pi i$ 

15) Let X be a real normed linear space. Let  $X_0 = \{x \in X : ||x|| = 1\}$ . If  $X_0$  contains two distinct points x and y and the line segment joining them, which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) ||x + y|| = ||x|| + ||y|| and x, y are linearly independent
- b) ||x + y|| = ||x|| + ||y|| and x, y are linearly dependent
- c)  $||x + y||^2 = ||x||^2 + ||y||^2$  and x, y are linearly independent
- d) ||x + y|| = 2||x||||y|| and x, y are linearly dependent
- 16) Let  $\{e_k : k \in \mathbb{N}\}$  be an orthonormal basis for a Hilbert space H. Define  $f_k = e_k + e_{k+1}$  for  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  and

$$g_j = \sum_{n=1}^{J} (-1)^{n+1} e_n$$
 for  $j \in \mathbb{N}$ . Then

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left| \langle g_j, f_k \rangle \right|^2 =$$

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 0

b) 
$$j^2$$

c) 
$$4i^2$$

17) Consider  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with the usual metric. Let  $A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : x^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$  and  $B = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : (x - 2)^2 + y^2 \le 1\}$ . Let  $M = A \cup B$  and  $N = \operatorname{interior}(A) \cup \operatorname{interior}(B)$ . Then, which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) M and N are connected
- b) Neither M nor N is connected
- c) M is connected and N is not connected
- d) M is not connected and N is connected
- 18) The real sequence generated by the iterative scheme

$$x_n = \frac{x_{n-1}}{2} + \frac{1}{x_{n-1}}, \quad n \ge 1$$

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) converges to  $\sqrt{2}$ , for all  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}$
- b) converges to  $\sqrt{2}$ , whenever  $x_0 > \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$
- c) converges to  $\sqrt{2}$ , whenever  $x_0 \in (-1, 1) \setminus \{0\}$
- d) diverges for any  $x_0 \neq 0$
- 19) The initial value problem

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \cos(xy), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad y(0) = y_0,$$

where  $y_0$  is a real constant, has

(GATE MA 2022)

a) a unique solution

c) infinitely many solutions

b) exactly two solutions

- d) no solution
- 20) If eigenfunctions corresponding to distinct eigenvalues  $\lambda$  of the Sturm–Liouville problem

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 3\frac{dy}{dx} = \lambda y, \quad 0 < x < \pi,$$
$$y(0) = y(\pi) = 0$$

are orthogonal with respect to the weight function w(x), then w(x) is

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$e^{-3x}$$

b) 
$$e^{-2x}$$

c) 
$$e^{2x}$$

d) 
$$e^{3x}$$

21) The steady state solution for the heat equation

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0, \quad (0 < x < 2, t > 0),$$

with the initial condition u(x,0) = 0, (0 < x < 2) and the boundary conditions u(0,t) = 1 and u(2,t) = 3, t > 0, at x = 1 is

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 1

b) 2

c) 3

d) 4

22)	Consider ([0, 1	$], T_1)$ , where	$T_1$ is the	subspace	topology	induced	by the	Euclidean	topology	on $\mathbb{R}$ ,
	and let $T_2$ be a	any topology	on [0, 1].	Consider	the follow	ing state	ments.			

P: If  $T_1$  is a proper subset of  $T_2$ , then ([0, 1],  $T_2$ ) is not compact.

Q: If  $T_2$  is a proper subset of  $T_1$ , then ([0, 1],  $T_2$ ) is not Hausdorff. Then

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) P is TRUE and Q is FALSE
- b) Both P and Q are TRUE
- c) Both P and Q are FALSE
- d) P is FALSE and Q is TRUE
- 23) Let  $p: ([0,1], T_1) \to (\{0,1\}, T_2)$  be the quotient map arising from the characteristic function on  $\left\lfloor \frac{1}{2}, 1 \right\rfloor$ , where  $T_1$  is the subspace topology induced by the Euclidean topology on  $\mathbb{R}$ . Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) p is an open map but not a closed map
- b) p is a closed map but not an open map
- c) p is a closed map as well as an open map
- d) p is neither an open map nor a closed map
- 24) Set  $X_n := \mathbb{R}$  for each  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Define  $Y := \prod X_n$ . Endow Y with the product topology, where the topology on each  $X_n$  is the Euclidean topology. Consider the set

$$\Delta = \{(x, x, x, \cdots) \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}\$$

with the subspace topology induced from Y. Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

a)  $\Delta$  is open in Y

c)  $\Delta$  is dense in Y

b)  $\Delta$  is locally compact

- d)  $\Delta$  is disconnected
- 25) Consider the linear system of equations Ax = b with

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \quad b = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Which of the following statements are TRUE?

- a) The Jacobi iterative matrix is  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & 0 & \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ b) The Jacobi iterative matrix
- b) The Jacobi iterative method converges for any initial vector
- c) The Gauss–Seidel iterative method converges for any initial vector
- d) The spectral radius of the Jacobi iterative matrix is less than 1
- 26) The number of non-isomorphic abelian groups of order  $2^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5^4$  is (GATE MA 2022)
- 27) The number of subgroups of a cyclic group of order 12 is \_\_\_\_ (GATE MA 2022)

28) The radius of convergence of the series

$$\sum_{n>0} 3^{n+1} z^{2n}, \quad z \in \mathbb{C}$$

is (round off to TWO decimal places) \_\_\_\_\_\_

(GATE MA 2022)

- 29) The number of zeros of the polynomial  $2z^7 7z^5 + 2z^3 z + 1$  in the unit disc  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : |z| < 1\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - (GATE MA 2022)

30) If P(x) is a polynomial of degree 5 and

$$\alpha = \sum_{i=0}^{6} P(x_i) \left( \prod_{\substack{j=0 \ j \neq i}}^{6} \left( x_i - x_j \right)^{-1} \right),$$

where  $x_0, x_1, \dots, x_6$  are distinct points in the interval [2, 3], then the value of  $\alpha^2 - \alpha + 1$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- 31) The maximum value of  $f(x, y) = 49 x^2 y^2$  on the line x + 3y = 10 is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE MA 2022)
- 32) If the function  $f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y}$  for  $x \ne 0$ ,  $y \ne 0$  attains its local minimum value at the point (a, b), then the value of  $a^3 + b^3$  is (round off to TWO decimal places) \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE MA 2022)
- 33) If the ordinary differential equation

$$x^{2} \frac{d^{2} \phi}{dx^{2}} + x \frac{d\phi}{dx} + x^{2} \phi = 0, \quad x > 0$$

has a solution of the form  $\phi(x) = x^r \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$ , where  $a_n$  are constants and  $a_0 \neq 0$ , then the value of  $r^2 + 1$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE MA 2022)

34) The Bessel functions  $J_{\alpha}(x)$  for x > 0,  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  satisfy  $J_{\alpha-1}(x) + J_{\alpha+1}(x) = \frac{2\alpha}{x} J_{\alpha}(x)$ . Then, the value of  $(\pi J_{3/2}(\pi))^2$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE MA 2022)

35) The partial differential equation

$$7\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 16\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + 4\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

is transformed to

$$A\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi^2} + B\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + C\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \eta^2} = 0,$$

using  $\xi = y - 2x$  and  $\eta = 7y - 2x$ . Then, the value of  $\frac{1}{123} \left( B^2 - 4AC \right)$  is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE MA 2022)

36) Let  $\mathbb{R}[X]$  denote the ring of polynomials in X with real coefficients. Then, the quotient ring  $\mathbb{R}[X]/(X^4+4)$ is

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) a field
- b) an integral domain, but not a field
- c) not an integral domain, but has 0 as the only nilpotent element
- d) a ring which contains non-zero nilpotent elements
- 37) Consider the following conditions on two proper non–zero ideals  $J_1$  and  $J_2$  of a non–zero commutative ring R.

P: For any  $r_1, r_2 \in R$ , there exists a unique  $r \in R$  such that  $r - r_1 \in J_1$  and  $r - r_2 \in J_2$ .

 $Q: J_1 + J_2 = R.$ 

Then, which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) P implies Q but Q does not imply P
- b) Q implies P but P does not imply Q
- c) P implies Q and Q implies P
- d) P does not imply Q and Q does not imply P
- 38) Let  $f: [-\pi, \pi] \to \mathbb{R}$  be a continuous function such that  $f(x) > \frac{f(0)}{2}$  for  $|x| < \delta$ , where  $0 < \delta < \pi$ . Define  $P_{n,\delta}(x) = (1 + \cos x \cos \delta)^n$ , for n = 1, 2, 3, ... Then, which of the following statements is TPLIF? is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{0}^{2\delta} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$$
  
b)  $\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{-2\delta}^{0} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$ 

c) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$$

b) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{-2\delta}^{0} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$$

c) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$$
d) 
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{[-\pi,\pi] \setminus [-\delta,\delta]} f(x) P_{n,\delta}(x) dx = 0$$

39) P: Suppose that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$  converges at x = -3 and diverges at x = 6. Then  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n a_n$  converges.

Q: The interval of convergence of the series  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{4^n \ln n}$  is [-4,4].

Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) P is TRUE and Q is TRUE
- b) P is FALSE and Q is FALSE
- c) P is TRUE and Q is FALSE
- d) P is FALSE and Q is TRUE
- 40) Let

$$f_n(x) = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + (1 - nx)^2}, \quad x \in [0, 1], \ n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

Then, which of the following statements is TRUE?

- a)  $\{f_n\}$  is not equicontinuous on [0, 1]
- b)  $\{f_n\}$  is uniformly convergent on [0,1]
- c)  $\{f_n\}$  is equicontinuous on [0, 1]
- d)  $\{f_n\}$  is uniformly bounded and has a subsequence converging uniformly on [0, 1]

41)	41) Let $(\mathbb{Q}, d)$ be the metric space with $d(x, y) =  x - y $ . Let $E = \{ p \in \mathbb{Q} : 2 < p^2 < 3 \}$ . Then, the set $E$					
	18		(GATE MA 2022)			
	<ul><li>a) closed but not compact</li><li>b) not closed but compact</li></ul>	c) compact d) neither closed nor co	ompact			
42)	Let $T: L^2[-1, 1] \to L^2[-1, 1]$ be defined by $Tf$ of $I - T$ , then the distance between the function					
	a) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^2 - e^{-2} + 4}$ b) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^2 - e^{-2} - 2}$	c) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^2-4}$ d) $\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{e^2-e^{-2}-4}$	(GATE MA 2022)			
	Let $X$ , $Y$ and $Z$ be Banach spaces. Suppose that and injective. In addition, if $S \circ T \colon X \to Z$ is TRUE?	$T: X \to Y$ is linear and $S$				
	IKOL:		(GATE MA 2022)			
	<ul><li>a) T is surjective</li><li>b) T is bounded but not continuous</li></ul>	<ul><li>c) T is bounded</li><li>d) T is not bounded</li></ul>				
44)	The first derivative of a function $f \in C^{\infty}(-3, 3)$ degree 2, using the data $(-1, f(-1)), (0, f(0))$					
	$f'(0) \approx -\frac{2}{3} f(-1)$	$(1) + \alpha f(0) + \beta f(2).$				
	Then, the value of $\frac{1}{\alpha\beta}$ is		(GATE MA 2022)			
	a) 3 b) 6	c) 9	d) 12			
	The work done by the force	()	u) 12			
$\mathbf{F} = (x+y) \hat{\imath} - (x^2 + y^2) \hat{\jmath},$						
where $\hat{i}$ and $\hat{j}$ are unit vectors along the $\overrightarrow{OX}$ and $\overrightarrow{OY}$ directions, respectively along the upper half of the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ from $(1,0)$ to $(-1,0)$ in the xy-plane is						
	(GATE MA 2022)					
	a) $-\pi$ b) $-\frac{\pi}{2}$	c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$	d) π			

46) Let u(x,t) be the solution of the wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} - \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0, \qquad 0 < x < \pi, \ t > 0,$$

with the initial conditions

$$u(x,0) = \sin x + \sin 2x + \sin 3x,$$
  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t}(x,0) = 0,$   $0 < x < \pi,$ 

and the boundary conditions  $u(0,t) = u(\pi,t) = 0$ ,  $t \ge 0$ . Then, the value of  $u(\frac{\pi}{2},\pi)$  is (GÁTE MA 2022)

a)  $-\frac{1}{2}$ 

c)  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

d) 1

47) Let  $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be a linear transformation defined by

$$T((1,2)) = (1,0)$$
 and  $T((2,1)) = (1,1)$ .

For  $p, q \in \mathbb{R}$ , let  $T^{-1}((p, q)) = (x, y)$ . Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$x = p - q$$
;  $y = 2p - q$ 

c) 
$$x = p + q$$
;  $y = 2p + q$ 

b) 
$$x = p + q$$
;  $y = 2p - q$ 

c) 
$$x = p + q$$
;  $y = 2p + q$   
d)  $x = p - q$ ;  $y = 2p + q$ 

48) Let  $y = (\alpha, -1)^T$ ,  $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$  be a feasible solution for the dual problem of the linear programming

Maximize: 
$$5x_1 + 12x_2$$
  
subject to:  $x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 10$ ,  
 $2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 8$ ,  
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$ .

Which of the following statements is TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

a) 
$$\alpha < 3$$

b) 
$$3 \le \alpha < 5.5$$
 c)  $5.5 \le \alpha < 7$  d)  $\alpha \ge 7$ 

c) 
$$5.5 < \alpha < 7$$

d) 
$$\alpha > 1$$

49) Let K denote the subset of  $\mathbb{C}$  consisting of elements algebraic over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a) No element of  $\mathbb{C} \setminus K$  is algebraic over  $\mathbb{Q}$
- b) K is an algebraically closed field
- c) For any bijective ring homomorphism  $f: \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$ , we have f(K) = K
- d) There is no bijection between K and  $\mathbb{Q}$
- 50) Let T be a Mö bius transformation such that  $T(0) = \alpha$ ,  $T(\alpha) = 0$  and  $T(\infty) = -\alpha$ , where  $\alpha = \frac{-1+i}{\sqrt{2}}$ . Let L denote the straight line passing through the origin with slope -1, and let C denote the circle of unit radius centred at the origin. Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?

- a) T maps L to a straight line
- b) T maps L to a circle
- c)  $T^{-1}$  maps C to a straight line
- d)  $T^{-1}$  maps C to a circle

51) Let a > 0. Define  $D_a: L_2(\mathbb{R}) \to L_2(\mathbb{R})$  by  $(D_a f)(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} f\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$ , almost everywhere, for  $f \in L_2(\mathbb{R})$ . Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

a)  $D_a$  is a linear isometry

c)  $D_a \circ D_b = D_{a+b}, b > 0$ 

b)  $D_a$  is a bijection

- d)  $D_a$  is bounded from below
- 52) Let  $\{\phi_0, \phi_1, \phi_2, \ldots\}$  be an orthonormal set in  $L^2[-1, 1]$  such that  $\phi_n = C_n P_n$ , where  $C_n$  is a constant and  $P_n$  is the Legendre polynomial of degree n, for each  $n \in \mathbb{N} \cup \{0\}$ . Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a)  $\phi_6(1) = 1$  b)  $\phi_7(-1) = 1$
- c)  $\phi_7(1) = \frac{\sqrt{15}}{2}$  d)  $\phi_6(-1) = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$
- 53) Let  $X = (\mathbb{R}, T)$ , where T is the smallest topology on  $\mathbb{R}$  in which all the singleton sets are closed. Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a)  $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 0 \le x < 1\}$  is compact in X.
- b) X is not first countable.
- c) X is second countable.
- d) X is first countable.
- 54) Consider (Z, T), where T is the topology generated by sets of the form  $A_{m,n} = \{m + nk \mid k \in Z\}, \text{ for } m, n \in Z \text{ and } n \neq 0. \text{ Then, which of the following statements are TRUE?}$ (GATE MA 2022)
  - a) (Z, T) is connected.
  - b) Each  $A_{m,n}$  is a closed subset of (Z, T).
  - c) (Z, T) is Hausdorff.
  - d) (Z, T) is metrizable.
- 55) Let  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ ,  $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ . Consider the linear programming primal problem

Minimize:  $c^{\mathsf{T}}x$ 

subject to: Ax = b,

x > 0.

Let  $x^0$  and  $y^0$  be feasible solutions of the primal and its dual, respectively. Which of the following statements are TRUE?

(GATE MA 2022)

- a)  $c^{T}x^{0} \ge b^{T}y^{0}$
- b)  $c^{T}x^{0} = b^{T}y^{0}$
- c) If  $c^{T}x^{0} = b^{T}y^{0}$ , then  $x^{0}$  is optimal for the primal
- d) If  $c^{\top}x^0 = b^{\top}y^0$ , then  $y^0$  is optimal for the dual
- 56) Consider  $\mathbb{R}^3$  as a vector space with the usual operations of vector addition and scalar multiplication. Let  $x \in \mathbb{R}^3$  be denoted by  $x = (x_1, x_2, x_3)$ . Define subspaces  $W_1$  and  $W_2$  by

$$W_1 := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^3 : x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = 0\},$$
  

$$W_2 := \{x \in \mathbb{R}^3 : 2x_1 + 3x_3 = 0\}.$$

Let  $\dim(U)$  denote the dimension of the subspace U. Which of the following statements are TRUE? (GATE MA 2022)

a)  $\dim(W_1) = \dim(W_2)$ 

- b)  $\dim(W_1) + \dim(W_2) \dim(\mathbb{R}^3) = 1$
- c)  $\dim(W_1 + W_2) = 2$
- d)  $\dim(W_1 \cap W_2) = 1$
- 57) Three companies  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$  and  $C_3$  submit bids for three jobs  $J_1$ ,  $J_2$  and  $J_3$ . The costs involved per unit are given in the table below.

ſ		$J_1$	$J_2$	$J_3$
ſ	$C_1$	10	12	8
İ	$C_2$	9	15	10
İ	$C_3$	15	10	9

Then, the cost of the optimal assignment is \_\_\_\_\_

(GATE MA 2022)

58) The initial value problem  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y)$ ,  $y(x_0) = y_0$  is solved by using the following second order Runge-Kutta method:

$$K_{1} = h f(x_{i}, y_{i}),$$

$$K_{2} = h f(x_{i} + \alpha h, y_{i} + \beta K_{1}),$$

$$y_{i+1} = y_{i} + \frac{1}{4} (K_{1} + 3K_{2}), \quad i \geq 0,$$

where h is the uniform step length between the points  $x_0, x_1, \dots, x_n$  and  $y_i = y(x_i)$ . The value of the product  $\alpha\beta$  is \_\_\_\_\_ (round off to TWO decimal places).

(GATE MA 2022)

59) The surface area of the paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  between the planes z = 0 and z = 1 is \_\_\_\_\_\_ (round off to ONE decimal place).

(GATE MA 2022)

(GATE MA 2022)

- 60) The rate of change of  $f(x, y, z) = x + x \cos z y \sin z + y$  at  $P_0$  in the direction from  $P_0(2, -1, 0)$  to  $P_1(0, 1, 2)$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 61) Consider the Laplace equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0, \ 1 < x < 2, \ 1 < y < 2$$

with the boundary conditions

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(1, y) = y, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial x}(2, y) = 5, \quad 1 < y < 2,$$
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x, 1) = \frac{\alpha x^2}{7}, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}(x, 2) = x, \quad 1 < x < 2$$

If the problem has a solution, then the constant  $\alpha$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE MA 2022)

62) Let u(x, y) be the solution of the first order partial differential equation

$$x\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \left(x^2 + y\right)\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = u$$

for all  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ , satisfying u(2, y) = y - 4,  $y \in \mathbb{R}$ . Then, the value of u(1, 2) is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE MA 2022)

63) The optimal value for the linear programming problem

Maximize: 
$$6x_1 + 5x_2$$
  
subject to:  $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 12$ ,  
 $-x_1 + x_2 \le 1$ ,  
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$ 

10	
18	•

(GATE MA 2022)

64) A certain product is manufactured by plants  $P_1$ ,  $P_2$  and  $P_3$  whose capacities are 15, 25 and 10 units, respectively. The product is shipped to markets  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ ,  $M_3$  and  $M_4$ , whose requirements are 10, 10, 10 and 20, respectively. The transportation costs per unit are given in the table below.

	$M_1$	$M_2$	$M_3$	$M_4$	
$\overline{P_1}$	1	3	1	3	15
$\overline{P_2}$	2	2	4	1	25
$\overline{P_3}$	2	1	1	2	10
	10	10	10	20	

Then the cost corresponding to the starting basic solution by the Northwest-corner method is \_\_\_\_\_ (GATE MA 2022)

65) Let M be a  $3 \times 3$  real matrix such that  $M^2 = 2M + 3I$ . If det M = -9, then the trace of M equals