1.6.18

AI25BTECH11003 - Bhavesh Gaikwad

August 26,2025

Question

Prove that points A(2,1), B(0,5) and C(-1,2) are not collinear.

Theoretical Solution

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 - 2 \\ 5 - 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 - 2 \\ 2 - 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} \end{pmatrix}^T = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Row-reduce to compute the rank:

$$\begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \leftarrow R_2 + 2R_1} \begin{pmatrix} -2 & -3 \\ 0 & -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

The echelon form has two nonzero rows, hence $rank(M)=2\neq 1$

Therefore, The points A(2,1), B(0,5) and C(-1,2) are not collinear.

(1)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "libs/matfun.h"
#include "libs/geofun.h"
int main(void) {
    // Points as 2x1 column vectors
    double **A = createMat(2,1);
    double **B = createMat(2,1);
    double **C = createMat(2,1);
    // Set coordinates correctly
    A[0][0] = 2.0; A[1][0] = 1.0;
    B[0][0] = 0.0; B[1][0] = 5.0;
    C[0][0] = -1.0; C[1][0] = 2.0;
    // Calculate direction vectors B-A and C-A
    double **BA = Matsub(B, A, 2, 1);
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```

```
// Calculate determinant to find rank
   double det = M[0][0] * M[1][1] - M[0][1] * M[1][0];
   int rank;
   if (fabs(det) > 1e-10) { // Use fabs for absolute value
       rank = 2:
   } else {
       // Check if at least one row is non-zero
       if ((fabs(M[0][0]) > 1e-10 || fabs(M[0][1]) > 1e-10) ||
           (fabs(M[1][0]) > 1e-10 | | fabs(M[1][1]) > 1e-10)) {
          rank = 1:
       } else {
          rank = 0;
```

```
Output result
if (rank == 2) {
    printf("The points A, B, and C are NOT collinear (Rank =
        2)\n");
} else if (rank == 1) {
    printf("The points A, B, and C are collinear (Rank = 1)\n
        ");
} else {
    printf("All points coincide (Rank = 0)\n");
}
// Write points to .dat file
FILE *f = fopen("points.dat", "w");
if (f == NULL) {
    printf("Error opening file!\n");
    return 1;
}
```

```
fprintf(f, "%.6f\t%.6f\n", A[0][0], A[1][0]);
fprintf(f, "%.6f\t%.6f\n", B[0][0], B[1][0]);
fprintf(f, "%.6f\t%.6f\n", C[0][0], C[1][0]);
fclose(f);
printf("Points written to points.dat\n");
// Free memory
freeMat(A, 2);
freeMat(B, 2);
freeMat(C, 2);
freeMat(BA, 2);
freeMat(CA, 2);
freeMat(M, 2);
return 0;
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
# Read the points from points.dat
points = []
with open("points.dat") as f:
   for line in f:
       x, y = map(float, line.split())
       points.append((x, y))
# Labels and colors for each point
labels = ['A(2,1)', 'B(0,5)', 'C(-1,2)']
colors = ['blue', 'orange', 'green']
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
```

```
# Plot points and annotate
for (x, y), label, color in zip(points, labels, colors):
    plt.scatter(x, y, color=color, s=100, zorder=5)
    plt.text(x + 0.1, y + 0.1, label, fontsize=12, fontweight='
        bold')
# Draw dashed lines between B to A and C to A
# Assuming order in points.dat is A, B, C
A, B, C = points
plt.plot([B[0], A[0]], [B[1], A[1]], '--', color='gray', alpha
    =0.7, linewidth=1.5)
|plt.plot([C[0], A[0]], [C[1], A[1]], '--', color='gray', alpha
    =0.7, linewidth=1.5)
```

```
# Grid, axes, and ticks
 plt.grid(True, alpha=0.4, linestyle=':')
plt.axhline(0, color='black', linewidth=1)
plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=1)
plt.xlim(-2, 4)
plt.ylim(0, 7)
plt.xticks(np.arange(-2, 5, 1))
plt.yticks(np.arange(0, 8, 1))
 # Title only
 plt.title('Points A, B, C', fontsize=14, fontweight='bold', pad
     =20)
 # Remove axis labels
 plt.xlabel('')
 plt.ylabel('')
 # Save the figure
plt.savefig('fig1.png', dpi=150, bbox_inches='tight')
 plt.close()
```

```
# Code by GVV Sharma
# September 12, 2023
# Revised July 21, 2024
# released under GNU GPL
# Point Vectors
import sys # for path to external scripts
sys.path.insert(0, '/home/bhavesh-g/Documents/matgeo/1.6.18/codes
    /line') # path to my scripts
import numpy as np
import numpy.linalg as LA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
```

```
# local imports
 from line.funcs import *
 from triangle.funcs import *
 from conics.funcs import circ_gen
 # --- Using given points directly ---
 A = np.array(([2, 1])).reshape(-1, 1) # A(2,1)
B = np.array(([0, 5])).reshape(-1, 1) # B(0,5)
 C = np.array(([-1, 2])).reshape(-1, 1) # C(-1,2)
 # Generating all lines
 x_AB = line_gen(A, B)
 x BC = line gen(B, C)
 x CA = line gen(C, A)
```

```
# Plotting all lines
plt.plot(x_AB[0, :], x_AB[1, :], label='$AB$')
plt.plot(x_BC[0, :], x_BC[1, :], label='$BC$')
plt.plot(x_CA[0, :], x_CA[1, :], label='$CA$')
# Labeling the coordinates
colors = np.arange(1, 4)
tri_coords = np.block([[A, B, C]])
plt.scatter(tri_coords[0, :], tri_coords[1, :], c=colors)
vert labels = ['A', 'B', 'C']
for i, txt in enumerate(vert labels):
    plt.annotate(
       f'{txt}\n({tri coords[0,i]:.2f}, {tri coords[1,i]:.2f})',
        (tri coords[0, i], tri coords[1, i]),
       textcoords="offset points",
       xytext=(25, 5),
       ha='center'
```

```
# Axes crossing at origin
ax = plt.gca()
ax.spines['top'].set color('none')
ax.spines['right'].set color('none')
ax.spines['left'].set position('zero')
ax.spines['bottom'].set position('zero')
plt.grid()
plt.axis('equal')
# if using termux
plt.savefig('fig1.png')
# subprocess.run(shlex.split("termux-open fig1.pdf")) # uncomment
     on Termux
# else
# plt.show()
```

Graph

