ASSIGNMENT 2: GATE 2011 MN: MINING ENGINEERING

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1) A scatter plot prepared using a set of values of lead and zinc from a lead-zinc deposit is shown in figure below. The value of correlation coefficient is

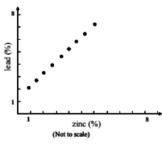


Fig. 1

(GATE MN 2011)

a) 1.0

b) 0.7

c) 0.5

d) 0

2) The two vectors are orthonormal, if

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) vector product is zero and norm of each vector is also zero
- b) vector product is one and norm of each vector is also one
- c) cross product is zero and norm of each vector is one
- d) cross product is one and norm of each vector is zero
- 3) The value of

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{x} \left(\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x} \right) \text{ is}$$

(GATE MN 2011)

a) 0

b) 1

c) 2

d) 3

4) The infinite series $1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} + \cdots$ is

- a) convergent
- b) divergent
- c) oscillatory
- d) semi-convergent
- 5) The largest area of a rectangular shaft for a given constant perimeter is obtained when length is

a) 2.5 times of breadth

c) 2 times of breadth

b) 1.5 times of breadth

- d) equal to breadth
- 6) A drive shaft of an engine develops torque of 500 N·m. It rotates at a constant speed of 50 rpm. The power transmitted by the shaft in kW is

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 1.46
- b) 2.05
- c) 2.62
- d) 4.32
- 7) A mine winder cage traveling 450 m from pit bottom to pit top is following a three period duty cycle as shown in the figure below. The maximum velocity attained by the cage in m/s is

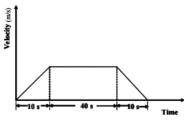


Fig. 7

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 7.5
- b) 9.0
- c) 11.0
- d) 12.0
- 8) Stress concentration at a point on the wall of a vertical shaft results in a compressive stress of 59.66 MPa. The wall rock mass has an unconfined compressive strength of 89.49 MPa. The safety factor of the shaft wall at the point is

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 0.67
- b) 0.86
- c) 1.23
- d) 1.50
- 9) A core sample of 54 mm diameter having Young's modulus of 68.97 GPa fails in uniaxial compression at 0.1% axial strain. The axial load at failure in kN is

a) 158.00	b) 68.97	c) 58.00	d) 15.80
	umber of coal faces e number of heading	_	d and pillar development
district is 13. In	o number of neutring	55 III die district is	(GATE MN 2011)
a) 3	b) 5	c) 6	d) 7
		ne AB is 116°20′20″. al bearing of line AB is	If there exists an east
	-		(GATE MN 2011)
a) S41°59′40″E	b) S43°39′40″E	c) S45°59′40″W	d) S47°59′40″W
maximum speed		km/h and the centrifu	ple circular curve. If the igal ratio for the road is
, , , , , ,			(GATE MN 2011)
a) 113.26	b) 98.18	c) 25.46	d) 15.50
			r. If the speed is reduced
to 200 rpm, the o	quantity of air denve	ered in m ³ /s will be	(GATE MN 2011)
a) 175	b) 55	c) 28	d) 11
	ne regulations, the von lies in the range of		α , in degree of a drum
winder installation	on hes in the range of	<i>3</i> 1	(GATE MN 2011)
a) $1.5 < \alpha \le 2.0$	b) $0 < \alpha \le 1.5$	c) $2.0 < \alpha \le 2.5$	d) $2.5 < \alpha \le 3.0$
15) Water will not be	e delivered by a cen	trifugal pump due to	(GATE MN 2011)
a) lack of priminb) too low discha	_	c) wrong directiond) partial obstruction	n of rotation ion at discharge outlet
16) Match the follow	ving		
	Mine car type P. Granby Q. Gable bottom R. Drop bottom S. Rocker dump	Mode of unloading 1. Bottom opening 2. Both side tilting 3. Single side opening 4. Both side opening	g

c) P-3, Q-1, R-4, S-2

d) P-3, Q-4, R-1, S-2

a) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1 b) P-4, Q-1, R-3, S-2

	a) 8.2	b) 9.5	c) 11.6	d) 12.8
18)		mm of water gauge		t in a ventilation duct ty of air is 1.2 kg/m ³ ,
	the velocity of the	un m mys is		(GATE MN 2011)
	a) 14.08	b) 12.78	c) 8.53	d) 6.24
19)				e of fire in an electric
	substation located i	n an underground me	etal mine is	(GATE MN 2011)
	a) multi-purpose dry chemica	extinguisher ab) CO ₂ snow extir	guisher a-c) dry chemical pow	der extinguisher v-d) foam extinguisher
20)	ISO 9000 Quality S	Systems DO NOT co	ntain	(GATE MN 2011)
	a) legal provisions	b) measurement	c) document control	d) standardization
21)	show methane cond from the longwall f	centration values of 0 face is 2000 tonne/day	.1% and 0.8% respec	etreating longwall face stively. The production circulating the face is all produced is (GATE MN 2011)
	a) 11.0	b) 9.5	c) 5.5	d) 4.5
22) The time study data of an equipment deployed in a mine during a calendar month is given below. Total working hours = 400 Total maintenance hours = 100 Total hours of actual work = 240 The percentage of utilization of the equipment is (GATE MN 2011)				
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

17) Mean air temperature of a 450 m deep downcast shaft is 29°C and that of the upcast

shaft is 37°C. The height of the motive column in m is

d) 60

d) 320

24) A longwall face cut by double back shuffle method can be only worked with (GATE MN 2011)					
a) fixed drum sheab) single ended ran	nrer nging drum shearer	c) double ended rand) plough	nging drum shearer		
Moisture = 0.80 g Ash = 7.85 g Volatile matter =	25) Proximate analysis of 50 g of a coal sample shows the following: Moisture = 0.80 g Ash = 7.85 g Volatile matter = 15.90 g The fixed carbon in percentage on a dry, ash free basis is				
			(GATE MN 2011)		
a) 83	b) 66	c) 55	d) 45		
26) For an oil exploration drilling, chance of striking an oil reservoir is 1 out of 15. If an oil exploration company decides to explore 5 sites, the probability of striking at least one successful oil reservoir is					
reast one successi	ar on reservoir is		(GATE MN 2011)		
a) 0.292	b) 0.250	c) 0.034	d) 0.0024		
27) Product of the eig	en values of the matri	x A is			
$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 5 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$					
(1 3 1)			(GATE MN 2011)		
a) 6	b) 8	c) 10	d) 35		
			step using Runge-Kutta		
fourth order metho	od for the condition y	= 1 when x = 0, is	(GATE MN 2011)		

c) 65

c) 260

23) 100 ml of waste water is allowed to evaporate in a dish weighing 48.6232 g. The weight of the dish with dry solids is 48.6432 g. The concentration of dry solids in

a) 85

a) 200

waste water in mg/l is

b) 80

b) 220

- a) 0.3608
- b) 1.2508
- c) 1.3608
- d) 1.4625

29) Value of the integral $\int_0^1 \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}} dx$ is

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) $\frac{\pi}{2} 1$ b) $\frac{\pi}{2} + 1$ c) $\pi 1$
- d) $\pi + 1$
- 30) A 1 tonne mine car traveling at a constant speed of 10 km/h collides with a stationary buffer and co mes to rest. If the buffer spring stiffness is 200 kN/m, the maximum compression in the spring in mm is

(GATE MN 2011)

a) 49

b) 98

- c) 196
- d) 247
- 31) In an iron ore handling port, a barge is pulled by ropes using two tugboats as shown in the figure. In equilibrium, the resultant of the forces T_1 and T_2 along the axis of the barge in the direction of its travel is 5000 N. The tensions T_1 and T_2 in N respectively are

(GATE MN 2011)

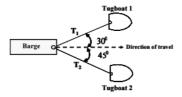


Fig. 31

a) 9700 and 6831

c) 3660 and 2588

b) 6831 and 9700

- d) 2588 and 3660
- 32) A flat belt conveyor is carrying coal of bulk density 1 tonne/m³ at a rate of 400 tonne/h. The belt speed is 3 m/s. Coal is spread over the belt covering 80% of the belt width in a shape of a triangle. If the pile height is 1/4 of the belt width, the width of the belt in mm is

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 1109
- b) 909
- c) 709
- d) 609

33) Match the following

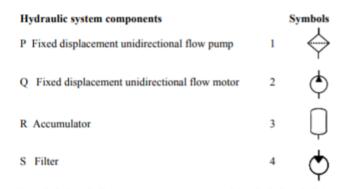


Fig. 33

- a) P-4, Q-2, R-3, S-1
- b) P-2, Q-4, R-3, S-1

- c) P-3, Q-2, R-1, S-4
- d) P-2, Q-3, R-1, S-4

34) Match the following

Method of mining	Stope support	Ore loading
P. Shrinkage stoping	 Insitu pillar 	a. Overhead mucker
Q. Blasthole stoping	2. Broken ore	b. Pneumatic autoloader
R. Top slicing	3. Timber mat	c. Load haul dumper
	TADIE 24	

TABLE 34

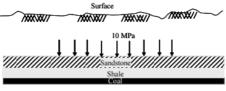
(GATE MN 2011)

a) P-2-a, Q-1-c, R-3-b

c) P-2-b, Q-3-c, R-1-a

b) P-2-a, Q-3-c, R-1-b

- d) P-3-c, Q-2-a, R-1-b
- 35) A typical case of gravity loading under complete lateral restraint in flat strata is shown in the figure below. The physico-mechanical parameters of the strata are given in the table. The in situ stresses (σ_Z , σ_H) on the top of the coal seam in MPa are:



Cross-section of the strata

Fig. 35

Strata	Thickness (m)	Specific Gravity	Young's Modulus (GPa)	Shear Modulus (GPa)
Sandstone	50	2.35	26.40	12.50
Shale	25	2.15	20.50	8.25
Coal	20	1.52	2.41	0.95

c) (11.68, 3.69)

c) 3.65

TABLE 35

36) The sale value of chromite ore from an open pit mine is Rs. 6500 per tonne. Cost of mining, excluding stripping cost, is Rs. 2450 per tonne. If the cost of stripping is

b) (10.17, 3.69)

b) 3.52

Rs. 1150 per m³, the breakeven stripping ratio in m³/tonne is

a) (10.17, 2.54)

a) 2.18

(GATE MN 2011)

(GATE MN 2011)

d) (11.68, 2.54)

d) 4.25

31)		in 5 years. The prese	· 1	• /
	a) 72,233	b) 74,511	c) 88,232	d) 106,063
38)	concentration of the	into a mine working gas in the intake air intered to dilute the gas to	is 0.25%. The minimum	ım quantity of intake
	a) 123	b) 252	c) 295	d) 333
39)	circulates 150 m ³ /s The ratio of the inle	of air at the pressure et to outlet area of the of air circulated in the ey in % is	of 1000 Pa in a min evasee is 1:4 and the	e ventilation system. density of air is 1.2
				(GATE MN 2011)
	a) 57.6	b) 43.2	c) 39.06	d) 37.7
40)	intended to reduce t	m ³ /s of air at a pressuthe air quantity to 16 achanged, the size of t	m ³ /s by placing a reg	

- a) 1.48
- b) 0.74
- c) 0.37
- d) 0.18
- 41) An air sample taken from the return airway of a district contains the following gases.

 The Graham's ratio for the district is

Gas	Concentration (%)
CO_2	0.40
H ₂	1.17
O_2	19.92
N ₂	78.49
CO	0.02

TABLE 41

a) 5.6

b) 4.8

c) 3.0

- d) 2.3
- 42) An incandescent headlight of a mining vehicle is of spot beam type with a beam angle of 30° . The spherical surface in m^2 subtended by the lighted beam at a distance of 5 m from the headlight is

(GATE MN 2011)

a) 7.5

b) 15

c) 21

- d) 25
- 43) The thickness of a coal deposit is represented by a spherical semi-variogram model with sill of 5 m². If the semi-variogram value at lag distance h is 3 m², the correlogram value at the same lag distance is

(GATE MN 2011)

a) 0.4

b) 2.0

c) 2.5

- d) 5.0
- 44) The total cost C (lakh rupees) of a longwall face of length L in m is given by the equation

$$C = 0.1L + \frac{1562.5}{L} + 300$$

Length of the face in m for the minimum total cost is

(GATE MN 2011)

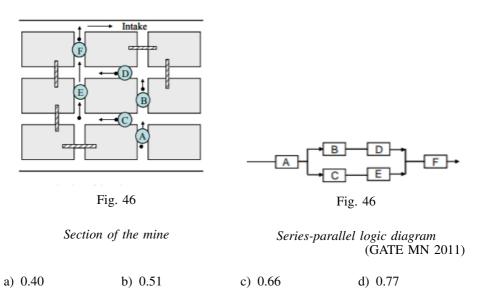
a) 40

- b) 125
- c) 156
- d) 300
- 45) 20 plain detonators in series, each of 2Ω resistance, are fired by a DC exploder supplying a current of 1.25 A. If 250 mJ energy is spent to fire the detonators, the time required in millisecond after detonator initiation is

- a) 4
- b) 8

c) 12

- d) 16
- 46) A sudden increase of CO incidence has occurred in an underground mine section. A man at point A starts to run out to the main intake of the mine where he will be safe. Refer figure below for the mine section and the logic diagram. The probabilities that he will successfully cross the gallery sections A, B, C, D, E, and F are 0.9, 0.8, 0.7, 0.8, 0.7 and 0.9 respectively. The probability that he will successfully reach the main intake is



47) In an underground correlation survey by the Weisbach triangle (figure below) the following data are obtained:

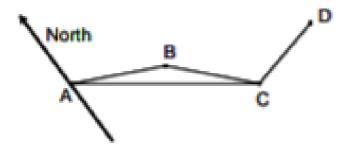


Fig. 47

- a) 102°27′16″
- b) 114°41′49″

- c) 115°27′16″
- d) 179°14′16"

Common Data Questions

Common Data for Questions 48 and 49:

A concentrator pilot plant is fed with 1 tonne of copper ore at ROM grade of 1.5% Cu. Metal recovery in the concentrator pilot plant is 90% and the grade of copper in concentrate is 20%.

48) The amount of copper in concentrate in kg is:

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 13.5
- b) 14.0
- c) 14.5
- d) 15.0

49) Amount of concentrate produced from 1 tonne of ore in kg is:

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 75.0
- b) 72.0
- c) 70.0
- d) 67.5

Common Data for Questions 50 and 51: A mine ventilation system consists of two splits A and B with resistances of $0.8 \, \text{Ns}^2/\text{m}^8$ respectively as shown in figure. Trunk airways have resistance of $0.2 \, \text{Ns}^2/\text{m}^8$. The main fan generating pressure of 500 Pa.

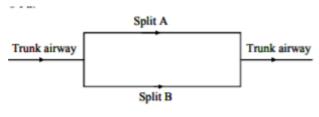


Fig. 49

50) The air quantities in m³/s circulated in the splits A and B respectively are:

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 20 and 30
- b) 30 and 20
- c) 20 and 10
- d) 40 and 10

51) The flows in the two splits are equalized by placing a booster fan in split B. Assume that the fan pressure does not change after installation of the booster fan. The size of the booster fan in Pa is:

- a) 749.05
- b) 850.08
- c) 950.02
- d) 1000.50

Linked Answer Questions

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 52 and 53:

A 400 V, 3 phase, star connected induction motor takes a line current of 10 A with 0.86 p.f. lagging. Total stator losses are 5% of the input. Rotor copper losses are 4% of the input to the rotor, and mechanical losses are 3% of the input to the rotor.

52) The input power to the rotor in Watts is

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 5958
- b) 5788
- c) 5660
- d) 5532

53) The shaft output power in Watts is

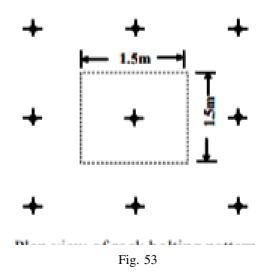
(GATE MN 2011)

- a) 5562
- b) 5490
- c) 5434
- d) 5264

Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

The bolts are spaced at 1.5 m centre-to-centre in a square pattern as shown in the figure below. The tensile stress in 22 mm diameter bolt rod is 193.35 MPa. The unit weight of the roof layer is 25 kN/m^3 .

Plan view of rock bolting pattern (figure)



54) The axial load in the bolt rod in kN is

a) 294.0	b) 173.5	c) 147.0	d) 73.5
55) At equilibrium	, the thickness of the	e roof layer supported	d by the bolt in m is (GATE MN 2011)
a) 1.31	b) 2.4	c) 2.62	d) 3.08
Q.56 - Q.60 c		n.	is most nearly opposite in
a) aversionb) resignationc) suspiciond) contempt			(GATE MN 2011)
sentence. We lost confid	ence in him because		given below to complete the the grandiose promises
a) delivered b) deliberated oc) forgot d) reneged on	on		(GATE MN 2011)
	in the frozen waste	st completes the sente s of Arctic takes sp	
59) In how many w			olicants, when each applicant (GATE MN 2011)
a) 4	b) 12	c) 64	d) 81
following sentence <i>The</i>	ence.	s on the side of the	iven below to complete the plaintiff since all but one

- a) paucity
- b) propensity
- c) preponderance
- d) accuracy

Q.61 to Q.65 carry two marks each.

61) If (2y+1)(y+2) < 1, then which of the following alternatives gives the **CORRECT** range of v?

(GATE MN 2011)

a)
$$-2 < v < 2$$

a)
$$-2 < y < 2$$
 b) $-2 < y < 1$ c) $-3 < y < 1$ d) $-4 < y < 1$

c)
$$-3 < y < 1$$

d)
$$-4 < y < 1$$

62) A student attempted to solve a quadratic equation in x twice. However, in the first attempt, he incorrectly wrote the constant term and ended up with the roots as (4.3). In the second attempt, he incorrectly wrote down the coefficient of x and got the roots as (3,2). Based on the above information, the roots of the correct quadratic equation are

(GATE MN 2011)

63) L, M and N are waiting in a queue meant for children to enter the zoo. There are 5 children between L and M, and 8 children between M and N. If there are 3 children ahead of N and 21 children behind L, then what is the minimum number of children in the queue?

(GATE MN 2011)

64) Four archers P, Q, R and S try to hit a bull's eye during a tournament consisting of seven rounds. As illustrated in the figure below, a player receives 10 points for hitting the bull's eye, 5 points for hitting within the inner circle and 1 point for hitting within the outer circle.

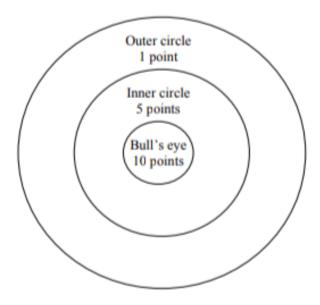


Fig. 64

The final scores received by the players during the tournament are listed in the table below.

Round	P	Q	R	S
1	1	5	1	10
2	10	10	5	1
3	1	10	1	5
4	10	1	5	1
5	1	10	1	5
6	10	5	1	1
7	5	10	5	1

TABLE 64

The most accurate and the most consistent players during the tournament are respectively

- a) P and S
- b) Q and R c) Q and Q
- d) R and Q
- 65) Nimbus clouds are dark and ragged, stratus clouds appear dull in colour and cover the entire sky. Cirrus clouds are thin and delicate, whereas cumulus clouds look like cotton balls.

It can be inferred from the passage that

(GATE MN 2011)

- a) A cumulus cloud on the ground is called fog
- b) It is easy to predict the weather by studying clouds
- c) Clouds are generally of very different shapes, sizes and mass
- d) There are four basic cloud types: stratus, nimbus, cumulus and cirrus

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER