## 1

## ASSIGNMENT 1: GATE 2014 BT: AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

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	-	-	mplete the following sentence.
A person suffering fi	rom Alzheimer's diseas	e ——- short-term memor	y loss.
a) experienced		c) is experiencing	
b) has experienced		d) experiences	
			(GATE AG 2014)
2) Choose the most app	propriate word from the	ontions given below to co	implete the following sentence
	-	e satisfied with what they	
a) Contentment	b) Ambition	c) Perseverance	d) Hunger
			(GATE AG 2014)
3) Which of the follows	ing options is the close	st in meaning to the senter	nce below?
"As a woman, I have	e no country."		
a) Women have no c	ountry.		
b) Women are not cit	tizens of any country.		
c) Women's solidarit	y knows no national bo	undaries.	
d) Women of all cou	ntries have equal legal	rights.	
			(GATE AG 2014)
	-		ade 6 occurring in the Garhwal of such earthquakes is ———
			(GATE AG 2014)
5) The population of a it take to double at t		nd is growing at 20% ann	ually. How many years would
a) 3-4 years	b) 4-5 years	c) 5-6 years	d) 6-7 years
			(GATE AG 2014)
6) In a group of four of	children, Som is young	er to Riaz. Shiv is elder	to Ansu. Ansu is youngest in

the group. Which of the following statements is/are required to find the eldest child in the group?

Statements

- 1. Shiv is younger to Riaz.
- 2. Shiv is elder to Som.
- a) Statement 1 by itself determines the eldest child.
- b) Statement 2 by itself determines the eldest child.
- c) Statements 1 and 2 are both required to determine the eldest child.
- d) Statements 1 and 2 are not sufficient to determine the eldest child.

7) Moving into a world of big data will require us to change our thinking about the merits of exactitude. To apply the conventional mindset of measurement to the digital, connected world of the twenty-first century is to miss a crucial point. As mentioned earlier, the obsession with exactness is an artefact of the information-deprived analog era. When data was sparse, every data point was critical, and thus great care was taken to avoid letting any point bias the analysis.

From "BIG DATA" Viktor Mayer-Schonberger and Kenneth Cukier

The **main** point of the paragraph is:

- a) The twenty-first century is a digital world
- b) Big data is obsessed with exactness
- c) Exactitude is not critical in dealing with big data
- d) Sparse data leads to a bias in the analysis

(GATE AG 2014)

8) The total exports and revenues from the exports of a country are given in the two pie charts below. The pie chart for exports shows the quantity of each item as a percentage of the total quantity of exports. The pie chart for the revenues shows the percentage of the total revenue generated through export of each item. The total quantity of exports of all the items is 5 lakh tonnes and the total revenues are 250 crore rupees. What is the ratio of the revenue generated through export of Item 1 per kilogram to the revenue generated through export of Item 4 per kilogram?

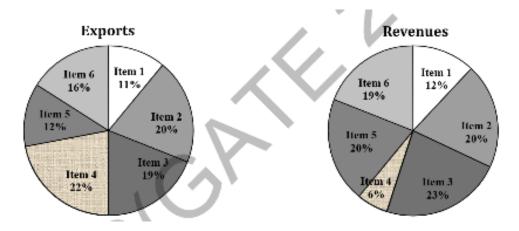


Fig. 8.

a	1:2	b) 2:1	c) 1:4	d) 4:	:1
					(GATE AG 2014)
		Y. Y is 1 km southeast o hat is the distance betwee		Z. P is	1 km south of W.
a	) 1	b) $\sqrt{2}$	c) $\sqrt{3}$	d) 2	
					(GATE AG 2014)
]	kit correctly identifies H	In a town is HIV <sup>+</sup> . A new HIV <sup>+</sup> individuals 95% of tool and is four this kit and is four	he time, and HIV- indiv	viduals 8	89% of the time. A
					(GATE AG 2014)
11)	If two independent varia	ables $X$ and $Y$ are uncorre	elated then		
a	Cov(X,Y)=0		c) $Cov(X, Y) < 0$		
b	)  Cov(X,Y) > 0		d) $-1 < Cov(X, Y) < 1$		
					(GATE AG 2014)
12)	A partial differential equ	uation containing depende	ent variable $u$ is given by	У	
	2	$A\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2B\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + C\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} +$	$D\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + E\frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + Fu + G =$	= 0	
	where $A, B, C, D, E, F$ a $G \neq 0$ . The nature of the	and $G$ are constants or fur equation is	nctions of independent v	ariables	s x or y only. Also
a	) Linear and homogene	eous	c) Linear and non-hom	nogeneo	ous
b	) Non-linear and homo	geneous	d) Non-linear and non-	-homoge	eneous
13) 1	$If f(x,y) = 3x^2 - 4xy +$	$2y^2$ , the summation of $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$	and $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ for $x = 1$ and $y$	= 2 is	(GATE AG 2014)
•					(GATE AG 2014)

14) The brake power of a four-cylinder engine is 30 kW with all cylinders firing and 20 kW with any

one cylinder cut. The mechanical efficiency of the engine in percent is

(GATE AG 2014)

d) 83

			(GATE AG 2014)
distance between steering angle of	n the front wheel pivot p	points, $\theta$ the steering angladamental relationship to	a. If $b$ is the wheel base, $c$ the e of the inner wheel and $\phi$ the be satisfied to avoid skidding of
a) $\tan \phi - \tan \theta =$	$\frac{c}{b}$		
b) $\cot \phi - \cot \theta =$	$\frac{c}{b}$		
c) $\tan \theta - \tan \phi =$	$\frac{b}{c}$		
d) $\cot \phi - \cot \theta =$			
, ,	C		(GATE AG 2014)
16) Match the proces	sses given in Group-I wit	h the derived products giv	,
10) Whaten the proces	sses given in Gloup-1 wit	if the derived products give	ch in Group-11.
Group-I i. Transesterification ii. Pyrolysis iii. Yeast fermentation iv. Anaerobic digestion	Group-II a. Producer gas b. Ethanol c. Biogas d. Biodiesel		
1v. 7 macrobic digestion	d. Biodiesei	TABLE 16	
a) i-a; ii-c; iii-b;	iv-d		
b) i-d; ii-c; iii-b;	iv-a		
c) i-b; ii-d; iii-a;	iv-c		
d) i-d; ii-a; iii-b;	iv-c		
			(GATE AG 2014)
, ,		¥ •	threshed for a throughput of 112 eshing efficiency in percent is
a) 62.50	b) 80.00	c) 83.33	d) 87.50
			(GATE AG 2014)

c) 75

a) 60

b) 67

20) A flywheel and clutch assembly weighs 200 N and has a radius of gyration 150 mm. If the engine speed is 3000 rpm, the kinetic energy possessed by the rotating assembly in kJ is ——.

18) The pitch of the chain used in a chain drive motion is 38 mm. If the number of teeth on one of the

19) A tractor tyre contains 31 L of air at a pressure of 190 kPa and a temperature of 30°C. Using R=8.314 J  $(gmol)^{-1}$  K<sup>-1</sup> and molecular mass of air = 29 g  $(gmol)^{-1}$ , the mass of air contained in the tyre is

sprockets is 35, the pitch circle diameter of the sprocket in m is ——-.

 $M \times 10^{-3}$  kg. The value of M is ——.

(GATE	AG	201	4)
IUAIL	$\Delta$	401	<b>T</b> /

21)	A	verti	cal	conv	eyor	reap	er o	costing	g Rs.	7500	00 has	a us	eful li	fe of	8 yea	rs.	Γaking	g sal	lvage	value	e of
	th	e ma	chir	ne as	10%	of	the	initial	cost,	the	depre	ciated	l value	after	half	of i	its use	eful	life	follow	ing
	stı	aight	lin	e me	thod	will	be	Rs. –		<b></b>											

22) For a fully developed laminar flow through a smooth pipe, the relationship between friction factor (f) and Reynolds number (Re) is

a)  $f \propto (Re)$ 

b)  $f \propto (Re)^{-1}$  c)  $f \propto (Re)^2$  d)  $f \propto (Re)^{-2}$ 

(GATE AG 2014)

23) The process of determining the elevation of different points in a vertical plane is known as

a) Levelling

b) Surveying

c) Contouring

d) Tacheometry

(GATE AG 2014)

24) An imaginary surface obtained by joining the water levels in several observation wells driven in a confined aquifer is known as

a) Phreatic surface

c) Capillary fringe

b) Piezometric surface

d) Water table

(GATE AG 2014)

25) Several identical sprinkler nozzles, each having discharge q (litre per minute), are spaced in a grid of size L (metre)  $\times$  S (metre). The application rate in mm h<sup>-1</sup> is

a)  $\frac{60q}{Ls}$ 

b)  $\frac{3600q}{Ls}$ 

c)  $\frac{Ls}{60a}$  d)  $\frac{Ls}{3600a}$ 

(GATE AG 2014)

26) A 20 m chain used for surveying is found to be actually 19.7 m. If the actual distance is 1200 m, the chain distance in m will be ——.

(GATE AG 2014)

27) The brake power of a centrifugal pump having an impeller diameter of 200 mm is 1.86 kW. If the impeller is replaced with another impeller of 180 mm diameter, the brake power of the pump in kW will be ——.

(GATE AG 2014)

28) The discharge of a single suction centrifugal pump operating against a total head of 12 m is 50 L s<sup>-1</sup>. If the pump is directly connected to a motor operating at 1440 rpm, the specific speed of the pump will be ——-.

(GATE AG 2014)

29) A fat rich food product remains most stable in the water activity  $(a_w)$  range of

- a)  $a_w < 0.1$

- b)  $0.1 < a_w < 0.2$  c)  $0.3 < a_w < 0.4$  d)  $0.5 < a_w < 0.6$

- 30) Identify the INCORRECT statement about the relevance of various dimensionless numbers in transport processes
  - a) Reynolds number is relevant in forced convection and Grashof number is relevant in natural convection
  - b) Prandtl number is relevant in heat transfer and Schmidt number is relevant in mass transfer
  - c) Biot number is relevant in heat transfer and Froude number is relevant in mass transfer
  - d) Nusselt number is relevant in heat transfer and Sherwood number is relevant in mass transfer

(GATE AG 2014)

- 31) Select the most appropriate option about boiling and condensation processes as expressed by the statements P, O and R.
  - P The quantities of heat involved in evaporation and condensation of unit mass of fluid are identical
  - Q The boiling and condensation of a single compound normally occur isothermally
  - R The condensation is achieved at or below dew point and boiling occurs at triple point
  - a) All P, Q and R are true

c) Only P is true

b) Only P and Q are true

d) Only Q is true

(GATE AG 2014)

- 32) With increasing grain height in a deep cylindrical grain bin, the pressure at its base will
  - a) decrease initially and then increase
  - b) increase initially and then decrease
  - c) decrease initially and then remain constant
  - d) increase initially and then remain constant

(GATE AG 2014)

33) The observations recorded in a pulse de-husking operation are:

S. No.	Parameters	Before de-husking	After de-husking
1	Whole (split) kernel content, %	0.5	72.3
2	Broken kernel content, %	0.7	11.2
3	Mealy waste content, %	1.1	16.5

For this operation the effectiveness of wholeness (in decimal) of kernels will be ——.

(GATE AG 2014)

34) Oil yield  $(Y_0)$  of mustard after N days of flowering is expressed as

$$Y_0 = -0.0018$$
N<sup>2</sup> + 0.1319N - 0.743

For maximum oil yield, optimum stage of harvesting, in days after flowering is,

d) 39

			(GATE AG 2014)
and 10% relative gains 20% moist	humidity (RH) with enth	alpy of 70.2 kJ per kg d l water vapour pressure a	0°C dry bulb temperature (DBT) ry air. The air leaving the dryer as 12.349 kPa at 50°C DBT, the
			(GATE AG 2014)
36) The eigenvalues	of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$	are	
a) 1 and 2	b) 2 and 3	c) 3 and 4	d) 4 and 5
			(GATE AG 2014)
	e integral $I = \int_C \{(x^2y)dx + (x^2y)dx + (x^2y)dx \}$		ere C is the arc of the parabola
a) $-\frac{43}{15}$	b) $\frac{43}{15}$	c) $-\frac{17}{15}$	d) $\frac{17}{15}$
			(GATE AG 2014)
38) Consider the foll	owing set of linear equation	ons	
		$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$	
	1	$+2x_2 + 3x_3 = 14$	
		$x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 14$	
The solution for	this set exists only when	the value of $x_2$ is ———————————————————————————————————	
			(GATE AG 2014)
39) If $f(x)$ is a normal	al distribution with mean 8	8 and standard deviation	1, the value of $f(x)$ for $x = 10$ is
a) 0.05	b) 0.14	c) 0.25	d) 0.73
			(GATE AG 2014)
40) The value of $\int_0^{\pi/2}$	$\frac{\cos^2 x}{1+\sin x}dx$ is		
a) 0	b) $\frac{\pi}{2} - 1$	c) 2	d) $\frac{\pi}{2} + 1$
			(GATE AG 2014)
the fuel consump	otion is 0.30 kg kW <sup>-1</sup> h <sup>-</sup>	1. The engine has a bore	elops brake power of 60 kW and e of 120 mm and stroke of 100 lumetric efficiency of the engine

c) 37

a) 23

in percent is

b) 29

	a) 43.25	b) 66.32	c) 75.22	d) 86.50
				(GATE AG 2014)
42)	front axle. The wheel by pull at a hitch height o	pase is 2 m. The tractor is	s pulling a disc harrow the During the operation, w	on rear axle and 60% on nat exerts a level drawbar hen the dynamic reaction is
	a) 0.2	b) 0.4	c) 0.5	d) 0.8
				(GATE AG 2014)
43)	of 270 kPa. For a pres	sure setting of 210 kPa,	the application rate per u	0.5 L min <sup>-1</sup> at a pressure unit orifice area is 0.24 L er of the nozzle orifice in
	a) 1.71	b) 1.76	c) 2.28	d) 2.59
				(GATE AG 2014)
44)	The day length (sunshir	ne hours) on 31st May 20	14 at a place in India (26	°18' N, 73°01' E) will be
	<u> </u>			(GATE AG 2014)
45)	revolution of driving wh		rical progression. If the s	ngine revolutions for one peed ratios in highest and
				(GATE AG 2014)
46)	surfaces are 250 mm ar	nd 180 mm, respectively.	The coefficient of friction	nside diameters of contact n is 0.3 and axial force is mit at 1000 rpm is ——.
				(GATE AG 2014)
47)	operating at a forward	•	time lost in turning and	due to overlapping while l other interruptions is 50
	a) 79.84	b) 83.34	c) 86.97	d) 90.20
				(GATE AG 2014)
48)	of 0.4 m diameter. For	each revolution of the gro ound wheel is 0.5 m. If t	ound wheel, the seed plate	o cups on each seed plate e makes half a revolution. es each of 25 g mass, the

49)	1500 rpm. The pump	es a pump having a fixed has a volumetric efficiency at 15 MPa by the relief v	y of 85% and an overall	efficiency of 75%. If the
	a) 2.99	b) 4.53	c) 5.31	d) 7.53
				(GATE AG 2014)
50)	above the datum. The	tal pipe carries a dischargediameter of the pipe taper of the pipe, if the pressure a pipe in kPa is——	s from 200 mm to 100 m	m. Using $g = 9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}$
				(GATE AG 2014)
51)	a drainage coefficient of	having 200 mm diameter lof 40 mm. Manning's roughlesslope. The spacing of the	ghness coefficient for the	drain pipe is 0.01. Drain
				(GATE AG 2014)
52)	260 mm. The effective	ot zone depth of 1200 mm rainfall during 30 days po (volume basis) are 16% a	eriod is 20 mm. The field	capacity and permissible
	a) 30	b) 18	c) 12	d) 8
				(GATE AG 2014)
53)	orchard is 6 mm. The 0.8, 0.6 and 0.6, respec	anting is done at a spacing pan coefficient, wetting fa- ctively. Four drippers each of drip irrigation system in	actor (crop canopy factor of 4 L h <sup>-1</sup> discharge are u	) and crop coefficient are
	a) 2.7	b) 4.5	c) 16.2	d) 19.8
				(GATE AG 2014)
54)	done at a constant rate and 0.02 m at distance	ell is driven fully in a con of 150 L min <sup>-1</sup> for 10 h, t s of 14 m and 50 m, resp lifer in m day <sup>-1</sup> is	the steady-state draw-down ectively from the centre of	ns are found to be 2.20 m
				(GATE AG 2014)
55)	60 m <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> . Another tria	it hydrograph (UH <sub>1</sub> ) of a congular 5-hour unit hydrogram. The catchment area congular $S^{-1}$ .	raph (UH <sub>2</sub> ) having the sar	ne base width as UH <sub>1</sub> has
	a) 267	b) 600	c) 750	d) 867
				(GATE AG 2014)

56)	A watershed has 1.8 km <sup>2</sup> of cultivated area, 2.2 km <sup>2</sup> of forest land and 1.4 km <sup>2</sup> of grassed area. The
	runoff coefficient of cultivated area, forest land and grassed area are 0.25, 0.15 and 0.30, respectively.
	The main drainage channel has a fall of 25 m in the total length of 2.5 km. The Intensity-Duration-
	Frequency relationship for the watershed is expressed as,

$$I = \frac{70 \, T^{0.25}}{(t_c + 15)^{0.4}}$$

where,  $I = \text{intensity in cm h}^{-1}$ ,  $T = \text{recurrence interval in years and } t_c = \text{time of concentration in minutes.}$ 

For a recurrence interval of 20 years, the peak rate of runoff for the watershed in m<sup>3</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> will be

a) 2656

b) 2818

c) 4248

d) 5312

(GATE AG 2014)

57) Bench terraces are to be constructed on a 15% hill slope. The batter slope is 1:1 and vertical interval is 2.5 m. The earth work in cutting is equal to filling. The quantum of earthwork in m³ha<sup>-1</sup> will be

a) 2656

b) 2818

c) 4248

d)

(GATE AG 2014)

58) A triangular shaped grassed waterway with a longitudinal slope of 2.5% is to carry a discharge of 1.5 m<sup>3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> with a permissible velocity of 1.2 m s<sup>-1</sup>. The side slope of the channel is 1.5:1 (Horizontal: Vertical). Without considering free board, the top width of the channel in m is \_\_\_\_\_.

a) 43.8

b) 46.0

c) 51.5

d) 61.7

(GATE AG 2014)

59) A container having volume  $282.7\,\mathrm{cm}^3$  and total surface area  $245\,\mathrm{cm}^2$  is completely filled with milk whose initial temperature is  $25\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ . The continually stirred milk container is suddenly exposed to a steam bath at  $100\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ . The overall heat transfer coefficient between steam and milk is  $1136\,\mathrm{W\,m}^{-2}\,\mathrm{K}^{-1}$ . The properties of milk are: specific heat capacity =  $3.9\,\mathrm{kJ\,kg}^{-1}\,\mathrm{K}^{-1}$ , thermal conductivity =  $0.54\,\mathrm{W\,m}^{-1}\,\mathrm{K}^{-1}$  and density =  $1030\,\mathrm{kg\,m}^{-3}$ . Neglecting thermal resistance and heat capacity of container walls, the necessary time required in seconds to heat milk up to the temperature of  $85\,^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ , will be ———.

(GATE AG 2014)

a) 43.8

b) 46.0

c) 51.5

d) 61.7

(GATE AG 2014)

60) A continuous belt freezer, fish fillet at a feed rate of 1000 kg h<sup>-1</sup> is frozen. The unfrozen fish having moisture content of 85% (wet basis) enters the freezer at 25°C and complete frozen fish exits at -20°C. Properties of fish are: latent heat of crystallization = 330 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup>, freezing point = -2.5°C, density = 1100 kg m<sup>-3</sup>, specific heat capacity above freezing point = 3.6 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup> and specific heat capacity below freezing point = 1.97 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>. Neglecting other heat losses in the freezer, the power requirement of the compressor (in kW) having a coefficient of performance of 2.50 is

a) 43.8

b) 46.0

c) 51.5

d) 61.7

(GATE AG 2014)

61) A centrifuge with rotational speed of 1440 rpm is used for separating oil from a dispersion in which oil is present in the form of spherical globules of  $47 \mu m$  diameter. The density of oil is  $886 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ . Separation occurs at an effective radius of 4 cm. Viscosity and density of water are 0.705 cP and  $1000 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ , respectively. The velocity of oil through water, in mm s<sup>-1</sup>, will be ———.

(GATE AG 2014)

62) Energy required to grind a given mass of particles from a mean diameter of 12 mm to 4 mm is 12 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup>. If energy consumed to grind the same mass of particles of 2 mm mean diameter to x mm mean diameter is 252 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup>, the value of x using Rittinger's Law will be ———.

(GATE AG 2014)

63) A tray type paddy separator is used to separate paddy from a binary mixture of paddy and brown rice fed at the rate of 1600 kg h<sup>-1</sup>. Mass fractions of paddy in feed, separated paddy and separated rice are 0.2, 0.7 and 0.02, respectively. The mass of 1000 paddy grains is 24.5 g. Separation effectiveness and number of paddy grains recycled per second, respectively are

a) 0.35 and 3733

c) 0.76 and 3773

b) 0.93 and 3733

d) 0.83 and 3361

(GATE AG 2014)

64) *M* kg of wheat at 9.8% moisture content (wet basis) is conditioned for 6 hours in 75 kg of water. A sample of 25 g of conditioned wheat is crushed and dried in hot air oven at 130°C for 1 hour that yields 20.5 g of bone dried material. The value of *M* is ———.

(GATE AG 2014)

65) In a food processing plant hot water at 90°C is needed at the rate of 140% of the commodity capacity. Steam at atmospheric pressure is used for heating the water available at 25°C. Latent heat of condensation at atmospheric pressure is 2257 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup>, net calorific value of hull is 12552 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup> and specific heat capacity of water is 4.184 kJ kg<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>. Steam is generated by utilizing the heat received as by-product from the same plant at the rate of 22% of the commodity capacity. Assuming 20% heat loss, percentage of hull used with respect to the total available amount of hull is ———.

(GATE AG 2014)