1

GATE AG 2011

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1) The differential equation	on		
,		$\frac{dz}{dx} + 3y = \sin x$	
is considered to be or	dinary, as it has		
a) one dependent var able	i- b) one independer variable	nt c) more than one de pendent variable	e- d) more than one inde- pendent variable
			(GATE AG 2011)
2) A square matrix [A] and N th column of the		and only if (a_{MN}) represe	nts an element of M th row
a) $a_{MN} = 0, N > M$			
b) $a_{MN} = 0, M > N$			
c) $a_{MN} \neq 0, M > N$			
d) $a_{MN} \neq 0, \ N > M$			
,			(GATE AG 2011)
· · ·		ven by the ground wheels sed from 3.0 to 3.45 km h	at a velocity ratio of 1:2.
a) increase by 15%	b) decrease by 15%	c) decrease by 13%	d) remain the same
			(GATE AG 2011)
	seeds at 0.20 m interval. 5 m, the seed rate in kg h		per 1000 seeds. If the row
a) 5	b) 10	c) 20	d) 40
			(GATE AG 2011)
5) Which one of the foll	owing is NOT a towed w	heel?	
a) wheels of power tiller	er b) wheels of bulloc cart	k c) front wheels of tw wheel drive tractor	o d) wheels of trailer
			(GATE AG 2011)
6) If the density of a flu	d changes from point to	point in a flow region, the	e flow is called

			-
a) steady flow	b) non-uniform flow	c) unsteady flow	d) compressible flow
			(GATE AG 2011)
7) Capillary water is held	d in the soil due to		
a) absorption force	b) gravitational force	c) surface tension for	ce d) osmotic force
			(GATE AG 2011)
8) The wedge storage in	a river reach during the p	assage of a flood wave i	S
a) positive during risir	ng phase		
b) negative during risi	ng phase		
c) positive during falli	ng phase		
d) constant			
			(GATE AG 2011)
9) The viscosity of a New	wtonian fluid depends prin	narily on X and to a lesse	er degree on Y. X and Y are
a) $X = \text{temperature}, Y$	= flow velocity		
b) $X = \text{flow velocity}, X$	Y = pressure		
c) $X = \text{temperature}, Y$	= pressure		
d) $X = \text{roughness of th}$	ne surface across which th	e fluid flows, $Y = \text{flow } \mathbf{v}$	velocity
			(GATE AG 2011)
10) Milk is agitated in a t	ank with a rotating impell	er. For this system: Let	
	$X = \frac{P}{\rho N^3 D^5}, Y$	$=\frac{D^2N\rho}{\mu}, Z=\frac{DN^2}{g}$	
	parted by the impeller to	the fluid, $N = \text{rate of ro}$	station of the impeller, $D = \text{nd } \mu = \text{fluid viscosity}$. The
a) $X = Grashof number$	er, $Y = $ Power number, Z	= Reynolds number	
b) $X = Power number$	XY = Reynolds number, Z = XY =	= Froude number	
c) $X = \text{Reynolds num}$	ber, Y = Froude number, Z	= Grashof number	
d) $X = \text{Froude number}$	r, Y = Grashof number, Z =	Power number	
			(GATE AG 2011)
11) The highest order of p	oolynomial integrand for v	which Simpson's 1/3 rule	of integration is exact is

(GATE AG 2011)

c) third

d) fourth

12) The mean value of a function f(x) from x = a to x = b is given by

b) second

a) first

	a) $\frac{f(a)+f(b)}{2}$		c) $\frac{f(a)+2f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right)+f(b)}{4}$	
	b) $\frac{\int_a^b f(x) dx}{b-a}$		d) $\int_a^b f(x) dx$	
				(GATE AG 2011)
13)	A statistical measure of	the variability of a distri	bution around its m	nean is referred to as
	a) coefficient of determination	b) coefficient of variation	c) standard error	d) standard deviation
				(GATE AG 2011)
14)	_	in dual fuel mode using d while running the engin	-	er gas with diesel as pilot fuel.
	a) cooling of the pro- ducer gas	b) preheating of the producer gas	c) cleaning of the ducer gas	e pro- d) mixing of producer gas with air
				(GATE AG 2011)
15)		of vertical vibration of tr n of 1.0 m s^{-2} in Hertz i		to the operator's body at a root
	a) 0.4-0.8	b) 4.0-8.0	c) 400-800	d) 4000-8000
				(GATE AG 2011)
16)	The Sauter mean diame	ter of liquid droplets of ε	hydraulic spray is	(GATE AG 2011)
16)		ter of liquid droplets of a b) mean diameter of droplets		
16)	a) median diameter of	b) mean diameter of	c) surface area	of d) volume to surface
	a) median diameter of dropletsA horizontal axis windr	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is us	c) surface area droplets	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets
	a) median diameter of dropletsA horizontal axis winds of 1.0 m and a mean of	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is us	c) surface area droplets	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets (GATE AG 2011) ter. Each blade has a tip radius
	a) median diameter of dropletsA horizontal axis windr of 1.0 m and a mean owindmill is	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is usehord of 0.1 m. Assuming	c) surface area droplets ed for pumping wa g blade length equ	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets (GATE AG 2011) ter. Each blade has a tip radius al to tip radius, solidity of the
17)	 a) median diameter of droplets A horizontal axis windr of 1.0 m and a mean owindmill is a) 0.03 A completely saturated 	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is usehord of 0.1 m. Assumin	c) surface area droplets ed for pumping was g blade length eque c) 0.25	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets (GATE AG 2011) ter. Each blade has a tip radius al to tip radius, solidity of the d) 0.80 (GATE AG 2011)
17)	 a) median diameter of droplets A horizontal axis windr of 1.0 m and a mean owindmill is a) 0.03 A completely saturated 	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is usehord of 0.1 m. Assumin b) 0.10 clay soil has particle de	c) surface area droplets ed for pumping was g blade length eque c) 0.25	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets (GATE AG 2011) ter. Each blade has a tip radius al to tip radius, solidity of the d) 0.80 (GATE AG 2011)
17)	 a) median diameter of droplets A horizontal axis winds of 1.0 m and a mean owindmill is a) 0.03 A completely saturated m⁻3. It has a moisture for the droplets 	b) mean diameter of droplets mill having 8 blades is usehord of 0.1 m. Assumin b) 0.10 clay soil has particle defraction of 40% on volum	c) surface area droplets ed for pumping was g blade length eque c) 0.25 nsity of 2600 kgm ⁻¹ the basis. The porosi	of d) volume to surface area ratio of droplets (GATE AG 2011) ter. Each blade has a tip radius al to tip radius, solidity of the d) 0.80 (GATE AG 2011) GATE AG 2011) and bulk density of 1400 kg ty of the soil is

d) 178°

				(GATE AG 2011)
	speed required			speed (v), threshold limit (d). This interrelationship
a) $S \propto 0$	$(v-v_m)^2 d^{1/2}$	b) $S \propto (v - v_m)^3 d^{1/2}$	c) $S \propto (v - v_m)^2 d$	d) $S \propto (v - v_m)^3 d$
				(GATE AG 2011)
		an area of 400 km^2 , the hydrograph in $\text{m}^3 \text{ s}^{-1}$ is	equivalent discharge of	the S-curve obtained by
a) 100		b) 139	c) 200	d) 278
				(GATE AG 2011)
coeffici	ent between the	<u> </u>	_	nmeter d. The heat transfer The critical thickness of
a) $\frac{k}{2h_0}$ –	$\frac{d}{2}$	b) $\frac{2k}{h_0} - \frac{d}{2}$	c) $\frac{k}{2h_0} - d$	d) $\frac{2k}{h_0} - d$
				(GATE AG 2011)
	_	ored in a bin, the angle of applied pressure within the		grain is 30°. The ratio of
a) 0.25		b) 0.33	c) 0.50	d) 1.00
				(GATE AG 2011)
		_		660 K and leaves at 340 K. ean temperature difference
a) 17.9		b) 39.2	c) 41.9	d) 57.3
				(GATE AG 2011)
25) A constant heat flux of 500 W m^{-2} is supplied to one face of a food material having a plate-like structure with a thickness of 10 mm. The thermal conductivity of the food material is 1.5 W m ⁻¹ °C ⁻¹ . From the other face of the food material, heat is dissipated by convection into a fluid of 40°C temperature. The heat transfer coefficient of the fluid is 100 W m ⁻² °C ⁻¹ . The temperature in °C of the surface to which the heat flux is supplied will be				
a) 43.3		b) 45.3	c) 48.3	d) 54.3
				(GATE AG 2011)

c) 180°

b) 184°

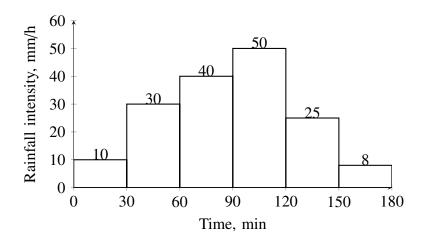
26) The stationary points of $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - xy^2 - 2y$ are

a) 186°

	a) $(1,-1)$ and $(-1,1)$	b) $(1,1)$ and $(-1,-1)$	c) $(2,-2)$ and $(-2,2)$	d) $(2,2)$ and $(-2,-2)$
				(GATE AG 2011)
27)		vector $\mathbf{F} = \sin(xy)\mathbf{i} + y\cos(xy)$ and axes) at $x = y = 0$ is	s(z) j + xz cos (z) k (i, j, and	d k represent unit vectors
	a) $\sin(z)$	b) cos(<i>z</i>)	c) $-\sin(z)$	d) $-\cos(z)$
				(GATE AG 2011)
28)		llowing three points: P(2, ane can be represented as	1,5), Q(-1,3,4) and R(3,	0,6). The vector perpen-
	a) 2i - j + k	b) $i + 2j + 2k$	c) $2i + 3j + k$	d) i + 2j + k
				(GATE AG 2011)
29)	The solution of	_		
		$x\frac{dy}{dx} =$	$x^2 + 3y$	
	for $x > 0$ and $y(1) = 2$	is		
	a) $y = x^3 + 3x^2$	b) $y = x^2 + 3x^3$	c) $y = -x^2 + 3x^3$	d) $y = -x^2 - 3x^3$
				(GATE AG 2011)
30)		oke diesel engine developed $kg kW^{-1} h^{-1}$. If the specifin m^3 is		
	a) 0.028×10^{-6}	b) 0.033×10^{-6}	c) 0.056×10^{-6}	d) 0.065×10^{-6}
				(GATE AG 2011)
31)	A hydraulic spray nozz is increased by 10%, th	le has a discharge of 450 ne discharge will be	ml min ⁻¹ at a pressure of	f 280 kPa. If the pressure
	a) increased by 4.9%	b) increased by 10.0%	c) increased by 21.0%	d) decreased by 4.6%
				(GATE AG 2011)
32)		the cutter bar drive consist pitman of length 360 mm		
	a) 36.0	b) 72.0	c) 73.5	d) 80.5
				(GATE AG 2011)
33)		Rs. 340000. Its service life 2 nd year, following const		_

	a) 30600	b) 34000	c) 50070	d) 55550
				(GATE AG 2011)
34)	1200 N acting at an	angle of 31° downwards i	n a vertical plane. This	rd plough has a component of plane is along the direction of magnitude of pull in N would
	a) 618	b) 1028	c) 1350	d) 1609
				(GATE AG 2011)
35)	bottom. The semi-cir	cle has a diameter of 6 m ries a discharge of 128 m ²	whereas the rectangula	d a rectangular section at the r section is 6 m wide and 3 m or f=0.017, then the head loss
	a) 0.57	b) 1.15	c) 2.29	d) 4.58
				(GATE AG 2011)
36)	The permeability of		h and 50×10^{-4} m ² in ca	ad drops to 0.01 m in 40 min. ross-sectional area, is found to
	a) 1.82	b) 1.82×10^{1}	c) 1.82×10^{-2}	d) 1.82×10^{-4}
				(GATE AG 2011)
37)	mean inflow to the s	tream is 1.0 m^3 s^{-1} , the ge is 500 ha m. Assuming	mean outflow from the	years. During this period the stream is $0.8 m^3 s^{-1}$, and the age loss, the total evaporation
	a) 1.011	b) 10.11	c) 101.1	d) 1011
				(GATE AG 2011)
38)		presents the hyetograph fam. The phi-index for the		surface runoff for the event is
	a) 11.50	b) 14.25	c) 15.80	d) 17.25
				(GATE AG 2011)
39)	A crop grown over a	n area of 50 ha can tolera	ate 5 decisiemens m ⁻¹ o	f electrical conductivity in the

39) A crop grown over an area of 50 ha can tolerate 5 decisiemens m⁻¹ of electrical conductivity in the drainage water. The consumptive use of the crop is 1.0 m, 30% of which is obtained from the rainfall and the remainder is met from the irrigation water having electrical conductivity of 2 decisiemens m⁻¹. For efficient crop production, the leaching requirement and the quantity of water that must be drained from the area are



a) 40% and 0.23 Mm³

c) 40% and 0.21 Mm³

b) 60% and 0.23 Mm³

d) 60% and 0.21 Mm³

(GATE AG 2011)

- 40) A fully penetrating tubewell of 0.2 m diameter is operational in a confined aquifer of 20 m thickness. The hydraulic conductivity of the formation (K) is 20 m per day and the radius of influence is 1000 m. Water table is 50 m above the bottom of screen and the maximum drawdown is 10 m. Subsequently two more tubewells of the same size are installed in such a way that the three tubewells form an equilateral triangle of side 300 m. All three tubewells have equal discharge when operated independently. If all tubewells are operated simultaneously, the percent loss in the discharge of the first well is
 - a) 20.73

b) 35.75

c) 48.85

d) 61.90

(GATE AG 2011)

- 41) For the eastern Himalayan region having hill slope of 16%, a bench terrace system is to be designed. It is found that the depth of cut for constructing the bench terrace cannot be more than 0.40 m due to the limitation of the soil depth. If a batter slope of $\frac{1}{2}$: 1 is proposed, the maximum possible width of the terrace and the required earthwork per hectare (assuming cut equal to fill) will be
 - a) 3.4 m, 680 m³
- b) 4.8 m, 960 m³
- c) $4.6 \text{ m}, 920 \text{ m}^3$
- d) 5.0 m, 1000 m^3

(GATE AG 2011)

- 42) The sieve analysis of a finely ground rice powder is represented by a straight line from zero percent mass at 1 μ m particle size to 100 percent mass at 101 μ m particle size. The volume-surface mean diameter in μ m is
 - a) 14.6

b) 19.2

c) 21.7

d) 25.3

(GATE AG 2011)

43) A plate shaped frozen food has a thickness of 20 mm, average thermal conductivity of 2.58 W m⁻¹ \hat{A} °C⁻¹, density of 1080 kg m⁻³, specific heat of 3550 J kg⁻¹ \hat{A} °C⁻¹, and a uniform temperature of

temperature of 90 $\hat{A}^{\circ}C$ W m ⁻² $\hat{A}^{\circ}C^{-1}$. The tin in minutes is	. The heat transfer coeffic ne required for the centre	ient between the food ma temperature of the food	terial and hot water is 25 material to reach 30 ŰC
a) 3.9	b) 7.9	c) 15.5	d) 31.0
			(GATE AG 2011)
in a batch type dryer. I measure its moisture c linear relationship with	d wet paddy having an into During drying operation, gontent (dry basis). It was drying time till 30 minutes rate (kg h ⁻¹) during this	grain sample was drawn a found that the moisture ites of drying operation a	t regular time intervals to content of the grain bore
a) 28.3	b) 37.5	c) 41.7	d) 48.1
			(GATE AG 2011)
spores of the above or decimal reduction time microbiologically inact	ganisms, P, Q, R, and S ganisms is 6×10^5 , 4×10^5 (<i>D</i>) values in minute are ivate the mixture at 121° 0 ill be inactivated first and	0^{6} , 2×10^{4} , and 9×10^{5} r 2.2, 1.8, 0.8, and 1.6 rest to obtain a probability	spectively. It is desired to of spoilage of 10^{-5} . The
a) P and Q	b) R and P	c) P and S	d) P and R
			(GATE AG 2011)
The average interstitial velocity in a packed bed is $2.5~m~s^{-1}$ and the superficial velocity under minimum fluidized condition based on the cross-section of the empty container is $1~m~s^{-1}$. Solid particles having density of $1200~kg~m^{-3}$ and size of $0.15~mm$ are to be fluidized using air at 3 atm absolute pressure and 30° C temperature having a density of $3.5~kg~m^{-3}$. The empty bed cross section is $0.4~m^2$ and the bed contains $400~kg$ of solid. Pressure drop at minimum fluidized condition in Pa is			
a) 3.5×10^3	b) 6.5×10^3	c) 9.7×10^3	d) 17.1×10^3
			(GATE AG 2011)
	is defined as: (surface to / (the surface to volume ratal is	<u> </u>	
a) $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	b) $\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$	c) $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$	d) $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
			(GATE AG 2011)
Common Data Questi	ons Common Data for (Questions 48 and 49:	

A 5 ha field under wheat crop is irrigated at 40% depletion of available moisture content. The field capacity, wilting point and bulk density of the soil in the field are 32% (on weight basis), 20% (on

 $-20 \text{ Å}^{\circ}\text{C}$. The food material is suddenly immersed in a well stirred hot water maintained at a constant

44)

45)

46)

47)

(GATE AG 2011)

weight basis) and 1400 kg m ⁻³ respectively. To irrigate the field in a day of 10 hours, a	pump	is
used which lifts 270 m ³ of water per hour against a total head of 20 m.		

48)	If the root zone depth i	s 0.8 m, the volume of w	ater required to irrigate th	e field in m ³ will be
	a) 2700	b) 3150	c) 3600	d) 4050
				(GATE AG 2011)
49)			pump, drive and motor ex c motor in horse-power w	
	a) 20.0	b) 24.5	c) 30.0	d) 33.5
				(GATE AG 2011)
	Common Data for Qu	estions 50 and 51:		
	A constant flow rate pu	ımp capable of delivering	meter of 100 mm is used 12 litre per minute at a and mechanical efficienci	maximum pressure of 18
50)	The rate of lifting of lo	ad in m s ⁻¹ and maximur	n amount of load that can	be lifted in kN are
	a) 0.020, 180	b) 0.025, 141	c) 0.064, 45	d) 0.080, 565
				(GATE AG 2011)
51)	The size of motor requi	red for operating the pun	np in kW is	
	a) 3.60	b) 3.96	c) 4.24	d) 4.65
				(GATE AG 2011)
	Linked Answer Quest	ions		
	Statement for Linked	Answer Questions 52 ar	nd 53:	
	A towed pneumatic who surface. Total wheel loa		atio of 0.3) is to be rolle	ed on a leveled concrete
52)	The force in N required	I to roll the wheel on the	horizontal concrete surfac	ee would be
	a) 80	b) 91	c) 800	d) 912
				(GATE AG 2011)
53)	The minimum slope in wheel itself will start ro	_	surface with respect to the	e horizontal at which the
	a) 2.29	b) 5.28	c) 23.58	d) 27.13

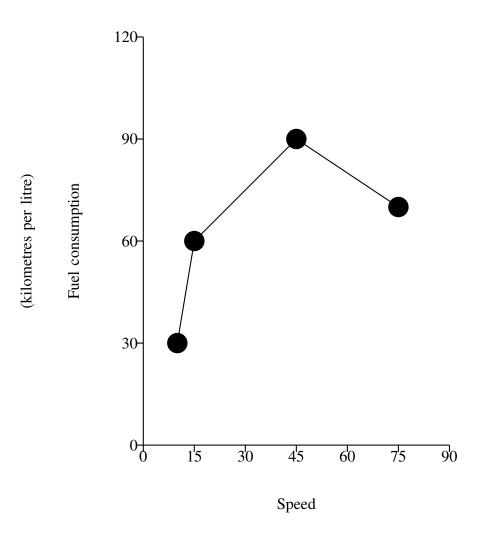
Statement for Linked Answer Questions 54 and 55:

A vegetable with 70% moisture (wet basis) is to be dried in a countercurrent dryer to give a product with 5% moisture (wet basis). The feed rate to the dryer is $0.15~kg~s^{-1}$. The drying medium consists of air at $100^{\circ}C$ containing water vapour with a partial pressure of 1.0~kPa. The air leaves the dryer at $40^{\circ}C$ and is 70% saturated. The system works under a total pressure of 101.3~kPa. The vapour pressure of water that saturates air at $40^{\circ}C$ is 7.4~kPa. Molecular weight of water and air may be taken as 18~and~29 respectively.

	taken as 10 and 29 lesp	ectively.		
54) The humidity (kg of water vapour / kg of dry air) of the outlet air is				
	a) 0.0027	b) 0.0172	c) 0.0335	d) 0.0483
				(GATE AG 2011)
55)	The flow rate (kg s ⁻¹)	of inlet air required	l is	
	a) 0.161	b) 0.817	c) 1.634	d) 3.783
				(GATE AG 2011)
	General Aptitude (GA)	Questions		
56)	Under ethical guideline	oriate word from the recently adopted	1 0	omplete the following sentence: ociation, human genes are to be are unsatisfactory.
	a) similar			
	b) most			
	c) uncommon			
	d) available			
				(GATE AG 2011)
57)	Choose the word from word:Frequency	the options given b	below that is most nearly of	pposite in meaning to the given
	a) periodicity			
	b) rarity			
	c) gradualness			
	d) persistency			
				(GATE AG 2011)
58)		e country's problem	ms had been by	omplete the following sentence: foreign technocrats, so that to

	a) identified	b) ascertained	c) exacerbated	d) analysed
				(GATE AG 2011)
59)	to vote for P, and rest f promise to vote for P and	es P and Q in an election. For Q. However, on the daind instead voted for Q. 25 for P. Suppose, P lost by	y of election 15% of the way. We of the voters went back	voters went back on their con their promise to vote
	a) 100	b) 110	c) 90	d) 95
				(GATE AG 2011)
60)	-	nsists of a pair of related the relation in the origina	-	pairs of words. Select the
	a) dancer : stage			
	b) commuter : train			
	c) teacher : classroom			
	d) lawyer : courtroom			
61)		o marks each the series 4 + 44 + 444 +	is	(GATE AG 2011)
	a) $\frac{4}{81} \left[10^{n+1} - 9n - 1 \right]$			
	b) $\frac{4}{81} \left[10^{n+1} - 9n - 1 \right]$			
	c) $\frac{4}{81} \left[10^{n+1} - 9n - 10 \right]$			
	d) $\frac{4}{81}[10^n - 9n - 10]$			
				(GATE AG 2011)
62)	Given that $f(y) = y /y$,	and q is any non-zero re	al number, the value of [j	f(q) - f(-q)] is
	a) 0	b) -1	c) 1	d) 2
				(GATE AG 2011)
63)	bowl. S took $\frac{1}{4}$ of what	T shared toffee from a bowas left but returned threaton the bowl. If the bowl h	e toffees to the bowl. T to	ook half of the remainder
	a) 38	b) 31	c) 48	d) 41
				(GATE AG 2011)
(1)	The first consumed by		umary vyhila tuovyalina at vy	miana amaada ia indiaatad

64) The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.



(kilometres per hour)

65) The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below:

Lap	Distance (kilometres)	Average speed (kilometres per hour)
P	15	15
Q	75	45
R	40	75
S	10	10

From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap:

- a) P
- b) Q
- c) R
- d) S

(GATE AG 2011)

66) The horse has played a little known but very important role in the field of medicine. Horses were injected with toxins of diseases until their blood built up immunities. Then a serum was made from their blood. Serums to fight with diphtheria and tetanus were developed this way.

It can be inferred from the passage, that horses were:

- a) given immunity to diseases
- b) generally quite immune to diseases
- c) given medicines to fight toxins
- d) given diphtheria and tetanus serums

(GATE AG 2011)

END OF THE QUESTION PAPER