

Linear equation in two variables

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10th Maths - Chapter 7

This is Problem-2 from Exercise 7.2

1. Find the coordinates of the point of trisection joining (4,-1),(-2,-3)

Solution:

Case-1

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, m_1 : m_2 = 2 : 1$$

$$P = \frac{m_1 \mathbf{B} + m_2 \mathbf{A}}{m_1 + m_2} \quad (1)$$

$$P = \frac{2 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + 1 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}}{2 + 1} \quad (2)$$

$$P = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}}{3} \quad (3)$$

$$P = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}}{3} \quad (4)$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{-7}{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$(6)$$

$$\text{Case-2} \\ \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, m_1 : m_2 = 1 : 2$$

$$P = \frac{m_1 \mathbf{B} + m_2 \mathbf{A}}{m_1 + m_2} \quad (7)$$

$$P = \frac{1 \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + 2 \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}}{2 + 1} \quad (8)$$

$$P = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}}{3} \quad (9)$$

$$P = \frac{\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}}{3} \quad (10)$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ \frac{-5}{3} \end{pmatrix} \quad (11)$$

$$(12)$$

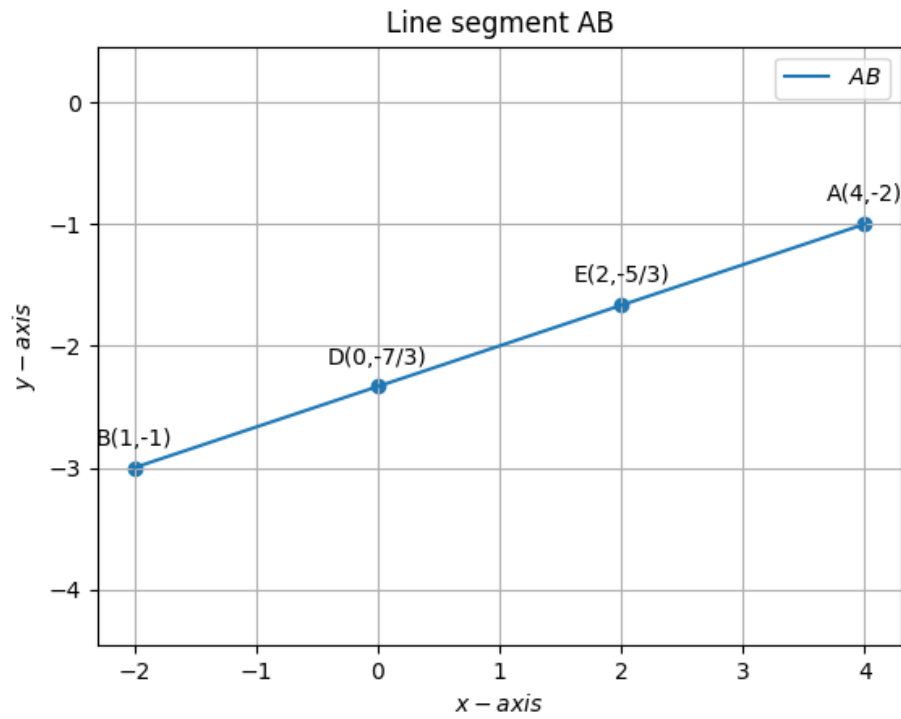


Figure 1: Line segment AB.