

GATE GE 81Q

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Question

The value of the convolution of $f(x) = 3 \cos(2x)$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(2x)$ where $x \in [0, 2\pi)$, at $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$, is (Rounded off to 2 decimal places)

Solution

$$f(w) = 3 \cos(2w) \quad (1)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} e^{j2w} + \frac{3}{2} e^{-j2w} \quad (2)$$

$$f(w) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} c_k e^{-jwk} \quad (3)$$

by comparing (2) and (3)

$$c_2 = c_{-2} = \frac{3}{2} \quad (4)$$

$$c_k = 0 \quad o.w \quad (5)$$

$$g(w) = \frac{1}{3} \sin(2w) \quad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6j} e^{j2w} - \frac{1}{6j} e^{-j2w} \quad (7)$$

$$g(w) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} d_k e^{-jwk} \quad (8)$$

by comparing (7) and (8)

$$d_2 = \frac{-1}{6j} \quad (9)$$

$$d_{-2} = \frac{1}{6j} \quad (10)$$

$$d_k = 0 \quad o.w \quad (11)$$

The periodic convolution is multiply Fourier series coefficients is $c(n) = c(k) * d(k) * p$

$$c_2 = c_2 * d_2 * p \quad (12)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \left(\frac{-1}{6j}\right) (2\pi) \quad (13)$$

$$= \frac{-\pi}{2j} \quad (14)$$

and

$$c_{-2} = c_{-2} * d_{-2} * p \quad (15)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{6j}\right) (2\pi) \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2j} \quad (17)$$

$$f * g(x) = \sum_{n=-N}^N c_n e^{-j \frac{2\pi n x}{p}} \quad (18)$$

$$= c_{-2} e^{j2x} + c_2 e^{-j2x} \quad (19)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2j} e^{j2x} - \frac{\pi}{2j} e^{-j2x} \quad (20)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2j} (e^{j2x} - e^{-j2x}) \quad (21)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2j} (\sin(2x) 2j) \quad (22)$$

$$= \pi \sin(2x) \quad (23)$$

$$\quad (24)$$

at $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{2} \quad (25)$$

$$\approx 3 \quad (26)$$

Therefore the convolution of $f(x)$ and $g(x)$ is 3

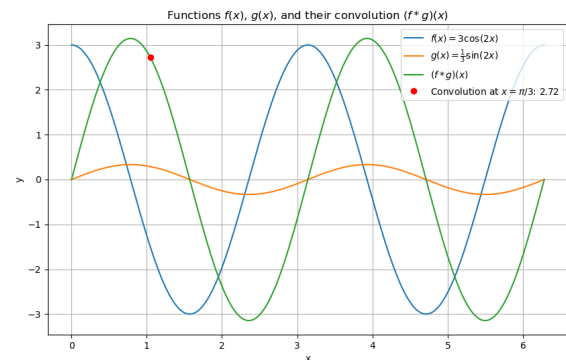


Fig. 0. Plot of y vs x