# **GATE CS 2020**

#### EE25BTECH11052 - Shriyansh Kalpesh Chawda

# GA - General Aptitude

Q.1 - Q.5 Carry ONE mark each

		six months as	he has been practising regularly	/
the last	three weeks.		(GATE CS 2020)	)
a) during, for	b) for, since	c) for, in	d) within, for	
2) His knowledge of the	ne subject was excellen	t but his classroom perfe	ormance was .	
,	,	1	(GATE CS 2020)	)
a) extremely poor	b) good	c) desirable	d) praiseworthy	
3) Select the word that	fits the analogy: Cook	: Cook : : Fly :		
	2,	, <u>—</u>	(GATE CS 2020)	)
a) Flyer	b) Flying	c) Flew	d) Flighter	
too little to billions that without deep c permafrost could m of billions of peopl	of people who depend uts to man-made emiss elt by the end of the e displaced by rising as, if not for environme	on them for fresh water. sions, at least 30% of the century. Given this situates, nation-states need	ing between giving too much and The UN climate report estimates he northern hemisphere's surface ation of imminent global exodus to rethink their carbon footpring the following statements can be (GATE CS 2020)	s s t
\ <b>N</b> T '			(GATE CS 2020)	)
<ul><li>b) Nation-states are</li><li>c) Billions of people</li></ul>	not have environmental responsible for providi e are responsible for m e are affected by meltin	ng fresh water to billion an-made emissions.	s of people.	
The cost of travel or	n an edge between two		rn in the network. s. Nodes 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', and is Rs. 200, and is Rs. 100 for the	

other toll booths. Which is the cheapest route from node 1 to node 2?

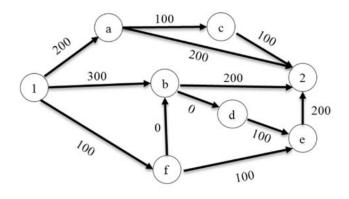


Fig. 1

a) 1-a-c-2

c) 1-b-2

b) 1-f-b-2

d) 1-f-e-2

### Q.6 - Q.10 Carry ONE mark each

- 6) Goods and Services Tax (GST) is an indirect tax introduced in India in 2017 that is imposed on the supply of goods and services, and it subsumes all indirect taxes except few. It is a destination-based tax imposed on goods and services used, and it is not imposed at the point of origin from where goods come. GST also has a few components specific to state governments, central government and Union Territories (UTs). Which one of the following statements can be inferred from the given passage?

  (GATE CS 2020)
  - a) GST is imposed on the production of goods and services.
  - b) GST includes all indirect taxes.
  - c) GST does not have a component specific to UT.
  - d) GST is imposed at the point of usage of goods and services.

7) If 
$$P = 3$$
,  $R = 27$ ,  $T = 243$ , then  $Q + S = _____.$ 

(GATE CS 2020)

a) 40

b) 80

c) 90

d) 110

8) The figure below shows an annular ring with outer and inner radii as *b* and *a*, respectively. The annular space has been painted in the form of blue colour circles touching the outer and inner periphery of annular space. If maximum *n* number of circles can be painted, then the unpainted area available in annular space is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

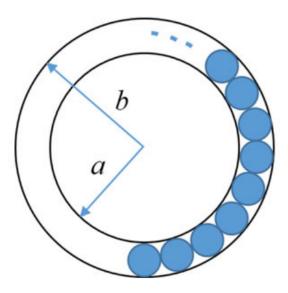


Fig. 2

a) 
$$\pi \left[ (b^2 - a^2) - \frac{n}{4} (b - a)^2 \right]$$
  
b)  $\pi \left[ (b^2 - a^2) - n (b - a)^2 \right]$   
c)  $\pi \left[ (b^2 - a^2) + \frac{n}{4} (b - a)^2 \right]$   
d)  $\pi \left[ (b^2 - a^2) + n (b - a)^2 \right]$ 

9) Two straight lines are drawn perpendicular to each other in X-Y plane. If  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are the acute angles the straight lines make with the X-axis, then  $\alpha + \beta$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

a) 60° b) 90° c) 120° d) 180°

10) The total revenue of a company during 2014-2018 is shown in the bar graph. If the total expenditure of the company in each year is 500 million rupees, then the aggregate profit or loss (in percentage) on the total expenditure of the company during 2014-2018 is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

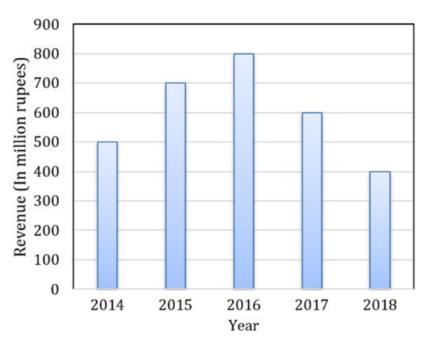


Fig. 3

a) 16.67 % profitb) 16.67 % loss

- c) 20 % profit
- d) 20 % loss

## Q.1 - Q.25 Carry ONE mark each

- 1) Consider the functions
  - I.  $e^{-x}$
  - II.  $x^2 \sin x$
  - III.  $\sqrt{x^3+1}$

Which of the above functions is/are increasing everywhere in [0, 1]?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) III only
- b) II only
- c) II and III only d) I and III only
- 2) For parameters a and b, both of which are  $\omega(1)$ ,  $T(n) = T(n^{1/a}) + 1$ , and T(b) = 1. Then T(n) is (GATE CS 2020)
  - a)  $\Theta(\log_a \log_b n)$  b)  $\Theta(\log_{ab} n)$
- c)  $\Theta(\log_h \log_a n)$  d)  $\Theta(\log_2 \log_2 n)$

- 3) Consider the following statements.
  - I. Daisy chaining is used to assign priorities in attending interrupts.
  - II. When a device raises a vectored interrupt, the CPU does polling to identify the source of interrupt.
  - III. In polling, the CPU periodically checks the status bits to know if any device needs its attention.
  - IV. During DMA, both the CPU and DMA controller can be bus masters at the same time.

Which of the above statements is/are TRUE?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) I and II only
- b) I and IV only
- c) I and III only
- d) III only

4) Consider the following data path diagram.

Consider an instruction:  $R0 \leftarrow R1 + R2$ . The following steps are used to execute it over the given data path. Assume that PC is incremented appropriately. The subscripts r and w indicate read and write operations, respectively. Consider the following data path diagram.

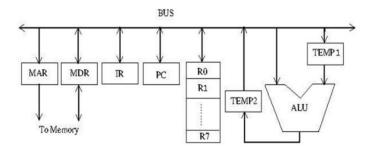


Fig. 4

- a)  $R2_r$ , TEMP1<sub>w</sub>, ALU<sub>add</sub>, TEMP2<sub>w</sub>
- b)  $R1_r$ ,  $TEMP1_w$
- c)  $PC_r$ ,  $MAR_w$ ,  $MEM_r$
- d) TEMP2<sub>r</sub>,  $R0_w$
- e)  $MDR_r$ ,  $IR_w$

Which one of the following is the correct order of execution of the above steps?

a) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3 b) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5		c) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 d) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4	
· •	l of a binary search tree rder traversal of the tree		8, 16, 19. Which one of the
ronowing is the posto	idei traversai or the tree	C!	(GATE CS 2020)
a) 10, 11, 12, 16, 18, b) 11, 12, 10, 16, 19, c) 20, 19, 18, 16, 15, d) 19, 16, 18, 20, 11,	18, 20, 15 12, 11, 10 12, 10, 15		
6) What is the worst cas initially?	e time complexity of in	nserting $n^2$ elements into	an AVL-tree with $n$ elements
			(GATE CS 2020)
a) $\Theta(n^4)$	b) $\Theta(n^2)$	c) $\Theta\left(n^2 \log n\right)$	d) $\Theta(n^3)$
7) Which one of the foll number of 1's?	owing regular expression	ons represents the set of a	all binary strings with an odd
number of 1 s:			(GATE CS 2020)
II. The class of regular		nder infinite union.	(GATE CS 2020)
a) I only	b) II only	c) Both I and II	d) Neither I nor II
<ul><li>II. Compilers for prog memory allocation</li><li>III. Errors violating the syntax analysis.</li></ul>	essed only during lexic gramming languages that in the run-time environ	ment. e must be declared befor	alysis. ssarily need heap storage for e its use' are detected during (GATE CS 2020)
a) I only	b) I and III only	c) II only	d) None of I, II, and III
III. $L$ is not $LL(k)$ for a	ontext-free. It not deterministic cont	ext-free.	ng statements.
			(GATE CS 2020)

- a) I only
- b) II only
- c) I and III only
- d) III only
- 11) Consider allocation of memory to a new process. Assume that none of the existing holes in the memory will exactly fit the process's memory requirement. Hence, a new hole of smaller size will be created if allocation is made in any of the existing holes. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

- a) The hole created by first fit is always larger than the hole created by next fit.
- b) The hole created by best fit is never larger than the hole created by first fit.
- c) The hole created by worst fiten is always larger than the hole created by first fit.
- d) The hole created by next fit is never larger than the hole created by best fit.
- 12) Consider the following statements about process state transitions for a system using preemptive scheduling.
  - I. A running process can move to ready state.
  - II. A ready process can move to running state.
  - III. A blocked process can move to running state.
  - IV. A blocked process can move to ready state.

Which of the above statements are TRUE?

(GATE CS 2020)

a) I, II, and III only

c) I, II, and IV only

b) II and III only

d) I, II, III, and IV

13) Consider a relational database containing the following schemas.

Catalogue

<u>sno</u>	pno	cost
S1	P1	150
<b>S</b> 1	P2	50
<b>S</b> 1	P3	100
S2	P4	200
S2	P5	250
<b>S</b> 3	P1	250
<b>S</b> 3	P2	150
<b>S</b> 3	P5	300
S3	P4	250

5	u	p	p	11	eı	<u>rs</u>	

sno	sname	location
<b>S</b> 1	M/s Royal furniture	Delhi
S2	M/s Balaji furniture	Bangalore
<b>S</b> 3	M/s Premium furniture	Chennai

Parts

pno	pname	part_spec
P1	Table	Wood
P2	Chair	Wood
P3	Table	Steel
P4	Almirah	Steel
P5	Almirah	Wood

The primary key of each table is indicated by underlining the constituent fields.

SELECT s.sno, s.sname

FROM Suppliers s, Catalogue c

WHERE s.sno = c.sno AND

cost > (SELECT AVG(cost)

FROM Catalogue

WHERE pno = 'P4'

GROUP BY pno);

	The number of rows re	eturned by the above SQI	L query is	(GATE CS 2020)
	a) 4	b) 5	c) 0	d) 2
14)	Which one of the folloentity set in an entity-	_	nt the supporting many-c	ne relationships of a weak
	j j	1 8		(GATE CS 2020)
	<ul><li>a) Diamonds with doul</li><li>b) Rectangles with dou</li></ul>	•		
	c) Ovals with double/b			
15	d) Ovals that contain u		d 15 C ID I I	,
13)	_	g statements about the furnitude of the statements about the statements ab	nctionality of an IP based ing forwarding.	router.
	II. It is not necessary for	or a router to implement	any routing protocol.	
Ι	II. A router should reas	_	the MTU of the outgoing	link is larger than the size
	•	atements is/are TRUE?		
				(GATE CS 2020)
	a) I and II only		c) II and III only	
	b) I only		d) II only	
16)	What is the worst case list needs to be mainta		n elements into an em	apty linked list, if the linked
				(GATE CS 2020)
	a) $\Theta(n)$	b) $\Theta(n \log n)$	c) $\Theta(n^2)$	d) Θ(1)
17)				relation is chosen from $\mathcal{R}$ off to 3 decimal places) is
	·			(GATE CS 2020)
18)	Let $G$ be a group of 3 itself is	55 elements. Then the lar	rgest possible size of a si	abgroup of $G$ other than $G$
19)	A multiplexer is placed	hetween a group of 32 re	oisters and an accumulato	(GATE CS 2020) r to regulate data movement
17)	such that at any given	point in time the conten	t of only one register wil	l move to the accumulator.
	The minimum number	of select lines needed for	or the multiplexer is	(GATE CS 2020)
20)	If there are $m$ input li	nes and $n$ output lines for	or a decoder that is used	to uniquely address a byte
	addressable 1 KB RAM	M, then the minimum val	tue of $m + n$ is	_· (GATE CS 2020)
21)				s. The cache has an access
				to bring the first word of a ne word size is 64 bits. The
			o 1 decimal place) is	<b>.</b>
22)	Consider the following	C program		(GATE CS 2020)
<i>44)</i>	Consider the following #include <stdio.< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></stdio.<>			
	<pre>int main() {</pre>			

```
int a[4][5]=\{\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\},
  \{6, 7, 8, 9, 10\},\
  {11, 12, 13, 14, 15},
  {16, 17, 18, 19, 20}};
printf("%d\n", *(*(a+**a+2)+3));
return(0);
}
```

The output of the program is \_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

23) Consider a double hashing scheme in which the primary hash function is  $h_1(k) = k \mod 23$ , and the secondary hash function is  $h_2(k) = 1 + (k \mod 19)$ . Assume that the table size is 23. Then the address returned by probe 1 in the probe sequence (assume that the probe sequence begins at probe 0) for key value k = 90 is \_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

24) Consider the following grammar.

$$S \to aSB \mid d$$
$$B \to b$$

The number of reduction steps taken by a bottom-up parser while accepting the string aaadbbb is

(GATE CS 2020)

25) Assume that you have made a request for a web page through your web browser to a web server. Initially the browser cache is empty. Further, the browser is configured to send HTTP requests in non-persistent mode. The web page contains text and five very small images. The minimum number of TCP connections required to display the web page completely in your browser is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

### Q.26 - Q.55 Carry ONE mark each

26) Which of the following languages are undecidable? Note that (M) indicates encoding of the Turing machine M.

```
L_1 = \{ (M) \mid L(M) = \emptyset \}
L_2 = \{(M, w, q) \mid M \text{ on input } w \text{ reaches state } q \text{ in exactly } 100 \text{ steps}\}
L_3 = \{(M) \mid L(M) \text{ is not recursive}\}
L_4 = \{(M) \mid L(M) \text{ contains at least 21 members}\}
```

(GATE CS 2020)

- a)  $L_1, L_3$ , and  $L_4$  only b)  $L_1$  and  $L_3$  only c)  $L_2$  and  $L_3$  only d)  $L_2, L_3$ , and  $L_4$  only

27) Let A and B be two  $n \times n$  matrices over real numbers. Let rank (M) and det (M) denote the rank and determinant of a matrix M, respectively. Consider the following statements.

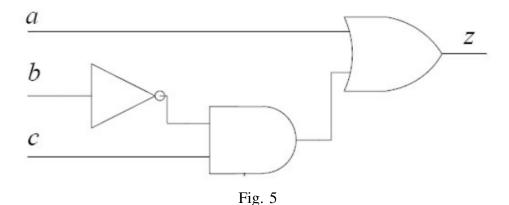
```
I. rank(AB) = rank(A) rank(B)
II. det(AB) = det(A) det(B)
III. \operatorname{rank}(A + B) \leq \operatorname{rank}(A) + \operatorname{rank}(B)
```

IV.  $\det(A + B) \leq \det(A) + \det(B)$ 

Which of the above statements are TRUE?

- a) I and II only
- b) I and IV only
- c) II and III only
- d) III and IV only

28) Consider the Boolean function z(a, b, c).



Which one of the following minterm lists represents the circuit given above? (GATE CS 2020)

- a)  $z = \sum (0, 1, 3, 7)$  b)  $z = \sum (1, 4, 5, 6, 7)$  c)  $z = \sum (2, 4, 5, 6, 7)$  d)  $z = \sum (2, 3, 5)$
- 29) Consider three registers R1, R2, and R3 that store numbers in IEEE-754 single precision floating point format. Assume that R1 and R2 contain the values (in hexadecimal notation) 0x42200000 and 0xC1200000, respectively.

If  $R3 = \frac{R1}{R2}$ , what is the value stored in R3?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) 0x40800000
- b) 0xC0800000
- c) 0x83400000
- d) 0xC8500000
- 30) A computer system with a word length of 32 bits has a 16 MB byte-addressable main memory and a 64 KB, 4-way set associative cache memory with a block size of 256 bytes. Consider the following four physical addresses represented in hexadecimal notation.

A1 = 0x42C8A4, A2 = 0x546888, A3 = 0x6A289C, A4 = 0x5E4880Which one of the following is TRUE?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) A1 and A4 are mapped A2 and A3 are mapped A3 and A4 are mapped A1 and A3 are mapped to different cache sets. to the same cache set. to the same cache set. to the same cache set.
- 31) Let G = (V, E) be a weighted undirected graph and let T be a Minimum Spanning Tree (MST) of G maintained using adjacency lists. Suppose a new weighted edge  $(u, v) \in V \times V$  is added to G. The worst case time complexity of determining if T is still an MST of the resultant graph is (GATE CS 2020)
  - a)  $\Theta(|E| + |V|)$
- b)  $\Theta(|E||V|)$
- c)  $\Theta(|E| \log |V|)$  d)  $\Theta(|V|)$

32) Consider the following languages.

$$L_1 = \{wxyz \mid w, x, y \in (0+1)^*\}$$
  

$$L_2 = \{xy \mid x, y \in (a+b)^*, |x| = |y|, x \neq y\}$$

Which one of the following is TRUE?

- a)  $L_1$  is regular and  $L_2$  is context-free.
- b)  $L_1$  is context-free but not regular and  $L_2$  is context-free.

- c) Neither  $L_1$  nor  $L_2$  is context-free.
- d)  $L_1$  is context-free but  $L_2$  is not context-free.
- 33) Consider the productions  $A \to PQ$  and  $A \to XY$ . Each of the five non-terminals A, P, Q, X and Y has two attributes: s is a synthesized attribute, and i is an inherited attribute. Consider the following rules.

```
Rule 1: P.i = A.i + 2, Q.i = P.i + A.i, and A.s = P.s + Q.s
```

Rule 2: X.i = A.i + Y.s and Y.i = X.s + A.i

Which one of the following is TRUE?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) Both Rule 1 and Rule 2 are L-attributed.
- c) Only Rule 2 is L-attributed.

b) Only Rule 1 is L-attributed.

- d) Neither Rule 1 nor Rule 2 is L-attributed.
- 34) Each of a set of *n* processes executes the following code using two semaphores a and b initialized to 1 and 0, respectively. Assume that count is a shared variable initialized to 0 and not used in CODE SECTION P.

```
CODE SECTION P
```

```
wait(a); count=count+1;
if (count==n) signal(b);
signal(a); wait(b); signal(b);
```

```
CODE SECTION Q
```

What does the code achieve?

- a) It ensures that no process executes CODE SECTION Q before every process has finished CODE SECTION P.
- b) It ensures that at most two processes are in CODE SECTION Q at any time.
- c) It ensures that all processes execute CODE SECTION P mutually exclusively.
- d) It ensures that at most n-1 processes are in CODE SECTION P at any time.
- 35) Consider the following five disk access requests of the form (request id, cylinder number) that are present in the disk scheduler queue at a given time.

$$(P, 155), (Q, 85), (R, 110), (S, 30), (T, 115)$$

Assume the head is positioned at cylinder 100. The scheduler follows Shortest Seek Time First scheduling to service the requests.

Which one of the following statements is FALSE?

(GATE CS 2020)

- a) Q is serviced after S, but before T.
- c) R is serviced before P.
- b) The head reverses its direction of movementd) P is serviced before R. between servicing of Q and P.
- 36) Consider a relational table *R* that is in 3NF, but not in BCNF. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?

- a) R has a nontrivial functional dependency  $X \to A$ , where X is not a superkey and A is a prime attribute.
- b) R has a nontrivial functional dependency  $X \to A$ , where X is not a superkey and A is a non-prime attribute and X is not a proper subset of any key.
- c) R has a nontrivial functional dependency  $X \to A$ , where X is not a superkey and A is a non-prime attribute and X is a proper subset of some key.
- d) A cell in R holds a set instead of an atomic value.
- 37) Consider a schedule of transactions  $T_1$  and  $T_2$ :

$T_1$	RA			RC		WD		WB	Commit	
$T_2$		RB	WB		RD		WC			Commit

Here, RX stands for "Read(X)" and WX stands for "Write(X)". Which one of the following schedules is conflict equivalent to the above schedule? (GATE CS 2020)

(A)

$T_1$				RA	RC	WD	WB		Commit	
$T_2$	RB	WB	RD					WC		Commit

(B)

$T_1$	RA	RC	WD	WB			Commit			
$T_2$					RB	WB	RD	WC		Commit

(C)

$T_1$	RA	RC	WD				WB		Commit	
$T_2$				RB	WB	RD		WC		Commit

(D)

$T_1$					RA	RC	WD	WB	Commit	
$T_2$	RB	WB	RD	WC						Commit

- 38) An organization requires a range of IP addresses to assign one to each of its 1500 computers. The ISP uses CIDR and serves the requests from the available IP address space 202.61.0.0/17. The ISP wants to assign an address space using route aggregation. Which of the following address spaces are potential candidates from which the ISP can allot any one to the organization?
  - I. 202.61.84.0/21 II. 202.61.104.0/21 III. 202.61.64.0/21 IV. 202.61.144.0/21

(GATE CS 2020)

a) I and II only

c) III and IV only

b) II and III only

- d) I and IV only
- 39) Which one of the following predicate formulae is NOT logically valid? Note that W is a predicate formula without any free occurrence of x.

(GATE CS 2020)

a) 
$$\forall x (p(x) \to W) \equiv \forall x \ p(x) \to W$$

c) 
$$\forall x (p(x) \to W) \equiv \forall x \ p(x) \to W$$

b) 
$$\exists x (p(x) \land W) \equiv \exists x \ p(x) \land W$$

d) 
$$\exists x (p(x) \to W) \equiv \exists x \ p(x) \to W$$

40) Let G = (V, E) be a directed, weighted graph with weight function  $w \colon E \to \mathbb{R}$ . For some function  $f \colon V \to \mathbb{R}$ , for each edge  $(u, v) \in E$ , define w'(u, v) as w(u, v) + f(u) - f(v).

Which one of the options completes the following sentence so that it is TRUE?

"The shortest paths in G under w are shortest paths under w' too, \_\_\_\_\_\_

(GATE CS 2020)

a) for every  $f: V \to \mathbb{R}$ 

- b) if and only if  $\forall u \in V$ , f(u) is positive
- c) if and only if  $\forall u \in V, f(u)$  is negative
- d) if and only if f(u) is the distance from s to u in the graph obtained by adding a new vertex s to G and edges of zero weight from s to every vertex of G
- 41) In a balanced binary search tree with n elements, what is the worst case time complexity of reporting all elements in range (a, b)? Assume that the number of reported elements is k.

- a)  $\Theta(\log n)$
- b)  $\Theta(\log n + k)$
- c)  $\Theta(\log n + \log k)$
- d)  $\Theta(n \log k)$
- 42) The number of permutations of the characters in LILAC so that no character appears in its original position, if the two L's are indistinguishable, is \_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

43) Consider a non-pipelined processor operating at 2.5 GHz. It takes 5 clock cycles to complete an instruction. You are going to make a 5-stage pipeline out of this processor. Overheads associated with pipelining force you to operate the pipelined processor at 2 GHz. In a given program, assume that 30% are memory instructions, 60% are ALU instructions and the rest are branch instructions. 5% of the memory instructions cause stalls of 50 clock cycles each due to cache misses and 50% of the branch instructions cause stalls of 2 cycles each. Assume that there are no stalls associated with the execution of ALU instructions. For this program, the speedup achieved by the pipelined processor over the non-pipelined processor (round off to 2 decimal places) is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

44) A processor has 64 registers and uses 16-bit instruction format. It has two types of instructions: I-type and R-type. Each I-type instruction contains an opcode, a register name, and a 4-bit immediate value. Each R-type instruction contains an opcode and two register names. If there are 8 distinct I-type opcodes, then the maximum number of distinct R-type opcodes is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

45) For n > 2, let  $a \in \{0, 1\}^n$  be a non-zero vector. Suppose that x is chosen uniformly at random from  $\{0, 1\}^n$ . Then, the probability that  $\sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i$  is an odd number is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

(GATE CS 2020)

46) Consider the following C functions.

```
int fun1(int n) {
    static int i = 0;
    if (n > 0) {
        ++i;
        fun1(n-1);
    }
    return(i);
}
int fun2(int n) {
    static int i = 0;
    if (n > 0) {
        i = i + fun1(n);
        fun2(n-1);
    }
    return(i);
}
```

The return value of fun2(5) is \_\_\_\_.

- 47) Consider the array representation of a binary min-heap containing 1023 elements. The minimum number of comparisons required to find the maximum in the heap is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)
- 48) Consider the following C functions.

```
int tob(int b, int* arr){
  int i;
  for(i=0; b>0; i++){
    if(b%2) arr[i]=1;
    else arr[i]=0;
    b = b/2;
  }
  return(i);
}
```

```
\underline{\hspace{2cm}}.
int pp(int a, int b){
  int arr[20];
  int i, tot = 1, ex, len;
  ex = a;
  len = tob(b, arr);
  for(i=0; i<len; i++){
    if(arr[i]==1)
    tot = tot * ex;
    ex = ex * ex;
  }
  return(tot);
}</pre>
```

The value returned by pp(3,4) is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

- 49) Consider a graph G = (V, E), where  $V = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_{100}\}$ ,  $E = \{(v_i, v_j) \mid 1 \le i < j \le 100\}$ , and weight of the edge  $(v_i, v_j)$  is |i j|. The weight of the minimum spanning tree of G is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)
- 50) Consider the following set of processes, assumed to have arrived at time 0. Consider the CPU scheduling algorithms Shortest Job First (SJF) and Round Robin (RR). For RR, assume that the processes are scheduled in the order  $P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4$ .

Processes	$P_1$	$P_2$	$P_3$	$P_4$
Burst time (in ms)	8	7	2	4

If the time quantum for RR is 4 ms, then the absolute value of the difference between the average turnaround times (in ms) of SJF and RR (round off to 2 decimal places) is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

51) Consider the following language.

```
L = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid \text{number of a's in } x \text{ is divisible by 2 but not divisible by 3} \}
```

The minimum number of states in a DFA that accepts L is \_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

52) Graph G is obtained by adding vertex s to  $K_{3,4}$  and making s adjacent to every vertex of  $K_{3,4}$ . The minimum number of colours required to edge-colour G is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)

- 53) Consider a paging system that uses 1-level page table residing in main memory and a TLB for address translation. Each main memory access takes 100 ns and TLB lookup takes 20 ns. Each page transfer to/from the disk takes 5000 ns. Assume that the TLB hit ratio is 95%, page fault rate is 10%. Assume that for 20% of the total page faults, a dirty page has to be written back to disk before the required page is read in from disk. TLB update time is negligible. The average memory access time in ns (round off to 1 decimal places) is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)
- 54) Consider a database implemented using B+ tree for file indexing and installed on a disk drive with block size of 4 KB. The size of search key is 12 bytes and the size of tree/disk pointer is 8 bytes. Assume that the database has one million records. Also assume that no node of the B+ tree and no records are present initially in main memory. Consider that each record fits into one disk block. The minimum number of disk accesses required to retrieve any record in the database is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)
- 55) Consider a TCP connection between a client and a server with the following specifications: the round trip time is 6 ms, the size of the receiver advertised window is 50 KB, slow-start threshold at the client is 32 KB, and the maximum segment size is 2 KB. The connection is established at time t = 0. Assume that there are no timeouts and errors during transmission. Then the size of the congestion window (in KB) at time t+60 ms after all acknowledgements are processed is \_\_\_\_\_\_. (GATE CS 2020)