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Assignment 1

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1) Find the area of the triangle with vertices A(1,1,2), B(2,3,5), C(1,5,5).

Solution: The area of the triangle ABC is given by

$$ar(ABC) = \frac{1}{2} \|(\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A}) \times (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A})\| \quad (0.0.1)$$

given points are

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.0.2)

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.4}$$

area =
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (0.0.5)

The cross product or vector product of P, Q is defined as

$$\mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{P}_{23} & \mathbf{Q}_{23} \\ \mathbf{P}_{31} & \mathbf{Q}_{31} \\ \mathbf{P}_{12} & \mathbf{Q}_{12} \end{pmatrix}$$
(0.0.7)

$$|\mathbf{P}_{23} \quad \mathbf{Q}_{23}| = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 3 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -6$$
 (0.0.8)

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{P}_{31} & \mathbf{Q}_{31} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = 3 \tag{0.0.9}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} \mathbf{P}_{12} & \mathbf{Q}_{12} \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 \end{vmatrix} = 4 \tag{0.0.10}$$

Hence

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{pmatrix} \times \begin{pmatrix} 0\\4\\3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -6\\3\\4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.0.11}$$

The area of the triangle is given by,

$$ar(ABC) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -6\\3\\4 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (0.0.12)

$$= \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{36+9+16} \qquad (0.0.13)$$

$$=\frac{\sqrt{61}}{2}$$
 (0.0.14)

The area of the triangle is $\frac{\sqrt{61}}{2}$ square units.