LINE

11th Maths - EXERCISE-10.4 1

1. What are the points on the y-axis whose distance from the line $\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = 1$ is 4 units.

2 **SOLUTION**

Given line equation is

$$\frac{x}{3} + \frac{y}{4} = 1 \tag{1}$$

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$$(4x + 3y - 12) = 0 \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$c = 12 \tag{4}$$

The distance of the line from y-axis

$$d = \frac{\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}} \mathbf{P} - c}{|n|} \tag{5}$$

$$\implies \pm 4 = \frac{\left(4 \quad 3\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0\\y \end{pmatrix} - 12}{5} \tag{6}$$

$$\implies \pm 4 = \frac{\binom{0}{3y} - 12}{5} \tag{7}$$

$$\implies \pm 20 = 3y - 12 \tag{8}$$

$$\implies 3y = 20 \pm 12 \tag{9}$$

$$\implies y = \frac{32}{3} \text{ or } y = \frac{-8}{3} \tag{10}$$

we find out the values of foot of the perpendicular in line equation for

$$y = \frac{32}{3}$$
 and $y = \frac{-8}{3}$ (11)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m} & \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix}^{\top} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m}^{\top} & \mathbf{P} \\ C \end{pmatrix}$$
 (12)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-128}{3} \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3x - 4y \\ 4x + 3y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 42.66 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (15)

$$x = -3.2004$$
 and $y = 8.2672$ (16)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m} & \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix}^{\top} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m}^{\top} & \mathbf{P} \\ C \end{pmatrix} \tag{17}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & -4 \\ 4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-8}{3} \\ 12 \end{pmatrix} \tag{18}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 3x - 4y \\ 4x + 3y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 10.66 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (20)

$$x = 3.2 \text{ and } y = 0.266$$
 (21)

3 FIGURE

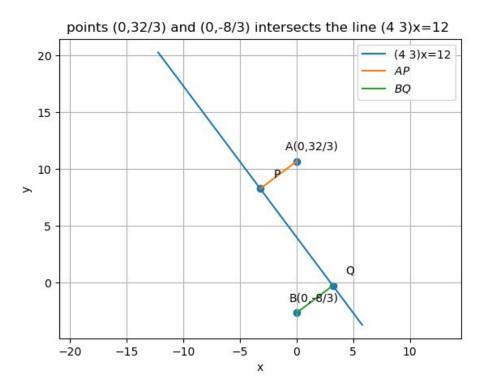


Figure 1: line