Straight Lines

11^{th} Maths - Chapter 10

This is Problem-8 from Exercise 2

1. Find the equation of line perpendicular distance from the origin is 5 units and the angle made by the perpendicular with the positive x-axis is 30°

Solution: The equation of a line is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^{\top}\mathbf{x} = c \tag{1}$$

Let the normal vector of the line is

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 30^{\circ} \\ \sin 30^{\circ} \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

The distance from the origin to the line is given by

$$d = \frac{|c|}{\|\mathbf{n}\|} \tag{3}$$

The magnitude for \mathbf{n} is

$$\|\mathbf{n}\| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} \tag{4}$$

From (3)

$$c = d \|\mathbf{n}\| \tag{5}$$

$$= \pm 5 \tag{6}$$

Then substituting them in (1) gives the equation of line

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 5$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -5$$
(8)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = -5 \tag{8}$$

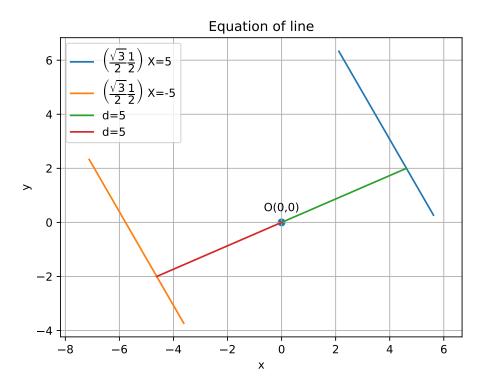


Figure 1