Vector Algebra

12^{th} Maths - Chapter 10

This is Problem-3 from Exercise 10.4

1. If unit vector \overrightarrow{d} makes angles $\frac{\pi}{3}$ with \hat{i} , $\frac{\pi}{4}$ with \hat{j} and an acute angle θ with \hat{k} , then find θ and hence, the components of \overrightarrow{a} .

Solution: Let **A** be the given vector, in terms of their direction cosines

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_1 \\ \cos \theta_2 \\ \cos \theta_3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

then,

$$\implies \cos \theta_1 = \cos \frac{\pi}{3}$$
 (2)

$$=\frac{1}{2}\tag{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\implies \cos \theta_2 = \cos \frac{\pi}{4}$$
(3)

$$=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\tag{5}$$

As A is unit vector then

$$\|\mathbf{A}\| = 1 \tag{6}$$

$$\implies \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta_1 + \cos^2 \theta_2 + \cos^2 \theta_3} = 1 \tag{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\cos^2 \theta_1 + \cos^2 \theta_2 + \cos^2 \theta_3} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1^2}{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} + \cos^2 \theta_3 = 1$$
(8)

$$\implies \cos \theta_3 = \pm \frac{1}{2} \tag{9}$$

As θ_3 is an acute angle

$$\theta_3 = 60^{\circ}, \cos \theta_3 = \frac{1}{2}$$
 (10)

$$\theta_3 = 60^{\circ}, \cos \theta_3 = \frac{1}{2}$$
Hence $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ (11)