# LINES

## **CHAPTER 11 - STRAIGHT LINES**

#### Excercise 10.3

#### **Solution:**

Q14. Find the coordinates of the foot of the perpendicular from  $(-1\ 3)$  to the line 3x-4y-16=0.

### 1 Solution

The given perpendicular point can be taken as,

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

Let us assume the coordinates is **A**. To find the coordinates of foot of perpendicular from point to line is given as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m} & \mathbf{n} \end{pmatrix}^{\top} \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{m}^{\top} \\ \mathbf{c} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2)

Now, line given

$$3x - 4y - 16 = 0 \tag{3}$$

$$3x - 4y = 16\tag{4}$$

Therefore, it can be equated as

$$\mathbf{n}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{c} \tag{5}$$

where,

$$\mathbf{n} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{c} = 16 \tag{6}$$

Here  $\mathbf{m}$  is directional vector of the given line

$$\mathbf{m} = \begin{pmatrix} 4\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{7}$$

Substituting all values in (4), we get

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} (4 & 3) & \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (8)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 16 \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

The augmented matrix for the system equations in (9) is expressed as

$$\begin{pmatrix}
4 & 3 & 5 \\
3 & -4 & 16
\end{pmatrix}$$
(10)

$$\stackrel{R_2 = R_2 - \frac{3}{4}R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 5\\ 0 & \frac{-25}{4} & \frac{49}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$
(11)

$$\stackrel{R_2 = \frac{-4}{25}}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-49}{25} \end{pmatrix}$$
(12)

$$\stackrel{R_1 = \frac{1}{4}R_1}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{5}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-49}{25} \end{pmatrix}$$
(13)

$$\stackrel{R_1 = R_1 - \frac{3}{4}R_2}{\longleftrightarrow} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \frac{68}{25} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-49}{25} \end{pmatrix}$$
(14)

Hence,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{68}{25} \\ \frac{-49}{25} \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

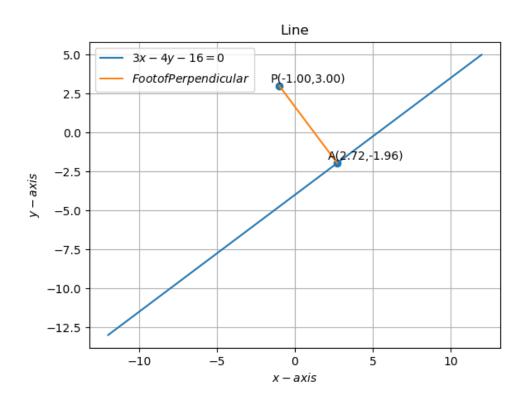


Figure 1: Foot of Perpendicular from point P and given line