#### 1

# **ASSIGNMENT 2**

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# Download all python codes from

https://github.com/ooharapolu/ASSIGNMENT2/tree/main/ASSIGNMENT2/CODES

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/ooharapolu/ASSIGNMENT2/ tree/main/ASSIGNMENT2

#### 1 Question No 2.8

Which of the following pairs of linear equations are consistent/inconsistent, obtain the solution:

1)

$$(2 \quad 1)\mathbf{x} = 6$$

$$(4 \quad -2)\mathbf{x} = 4$$

$$(1.0.1)$$

2)

$$(2 -2)\mathbf{x} = 2$$

$$(4 -4)\mathbf{x} = 5$$

$$(1.0.2)$$

## 2 SOLUTION

1)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 6$$
$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 4$$
 (2.0.1)

The above equations can be expressed as the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

The augmented matrix for the above equation is row reduced as follows

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 4 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \xleftarrow{R_2 \rightarrow \frac{R_1}{2} - \frac{R_2}{4}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.3)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \to R_1 - R_2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_1 \to \frac{R_1}{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.5}$$

 $\therefore$  row reduction of the 2 × 3 matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 4 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.6}$$

results in a matrix with 2 nonzero row, its rank is 2. Similarly, the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

is also 2.

$$\therefore Rank \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = Rank \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 6 \\ 4 & -2 & 4 \end{pmatrix} = 2$$
$$= dim \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = 2 \quad (2.0.8)$$

:. Given lines (1.0.1) have unique solution so we can say they intersect. The given lines are consistent.

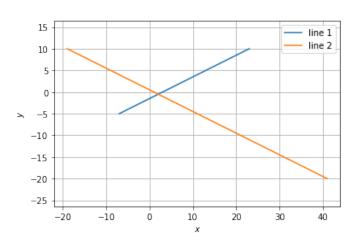


Fig. 2.1: INTERSECTING LINES

2)

$$(2 -2)\mathbf{x} = 2$$

$$(4 -4)\mathbf{x} = 5$$
(2.0.9)

The above equations can be expressed as the matrix equation

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 4 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.10}$$

The augmented matrix for the above equation is row reduced as follows

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 4 & -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{R_2 \to R_2 - 2R_1} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.11)$$

 $\therefore$  row reduction of the 2 × 3 matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 2 \\ 4 & -4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.12}$$

results in a matrix with 2 nonzero rows, its rank is 2. Similarly, the rank of the matrix

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 4 & -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.13}$$

is also 1.

 $\therefore$  Given lines (1.0.2) have no solution so we say they are parallel. The givens lines are inconsistent. PLOT OF GIVEN LINES -

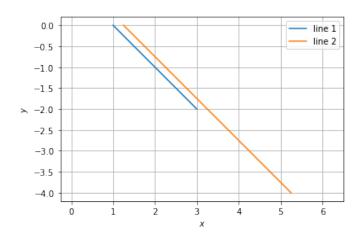


Fig. 2.2: PARALLEL LINES