My Presentation Using Beamer

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Question 2.7

Find the area of the region bounded by curve

$$y^2 = x \tag{1}$$

and the lines x = 1, x = 4 and x-axis in the first quadrant.

Solution

Given,

$$y^2 = x \tag{2}$$

can be written as

$$y^2 - x = 0 \tag{3}$$

The matrix parameters are

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} u = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} f = 0 \tag{4}$$

3/9

Solution

Given x = 1

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + y \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = 1 \tag{7}$$

$$Similarlyx = 4, we get$$
 (8)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} x = 4 \tag{9}$$

The direction vector and normal vectors are

$$m = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} n = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{10}$$



Vertex of Parabola

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{4} & 0\\ 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} c = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix} c = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{12}$$

$$k = \frac{p_1^T u}{p_1^T n} \Longrightarrow \frac{-1}{2} \tag{13}$$

Point of contact q,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2} & 0\\ 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} q = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \implies q = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

Point of intersection

$$x_i = q + \mu_i m \tag{16}$$

$$\mu_i = \frac{1}{m^T V m} (-m^T V q + u) \tag{17}$$

$$\pm \sqrt{[m^T(Vq+u)]^2 - (q^TVq + 2u^Tq + f)(m^TVm)}$$
 (18)

$$\mu = 1, -1$$
 (19)

Substituting values for x = 1 we get

$$x_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \implies K_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} L_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

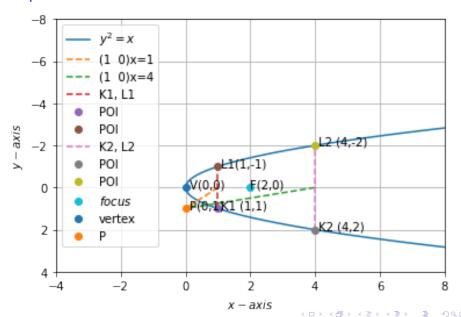
Substituting values for x = 4 we get

$$x_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + \mu \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \implies K_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} L_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Area enclosed by parabola

A = Area under line - Area under curve
$$A_1 = \frac{16}{3}, A_2 = \frac{2}{3}$$
 $A = A_1 - A_2$ $\implies A = 4.67 units$

Output



Codes References

- Question taken from
 - https://github.com/gadepall/ncert/blob/main/linalg/quadratic_f orms/g
 Q.no.2.7
- Download all python codes
 - https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/Assignment-5/blob/main/code.py
- Oownload all latex-tikz codes
 - https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/Assignment-5/blob/main/main.tex