

184. Write a Program to implement Floyd's Algorithm to calculate the shortest paths between all pairs of routers. Simulate a change where the link between Router B and Router D fails. Update the distance matrix accordingly. Display the shortest path from Router A to Router F before and after the link failure.

Input as above

Output : Router A to Router F = 5

PROGRAM:

```
def floyd_warshall(n, edges):

    # Initialize the distance matrix with infinity

    inf = float('inf')

    dist = [[inf] * n for _ in range(n)]

    # Distance from a router to itself is 0

    for i in range(n):

        dist[i][i] = 0

    # Fill initial distances based on edges

    for u, v, w in edges:

        dist[u][v] = w

        dist[v][u] = w # Assuming undirected graph; remove if directed

    # Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

    for k in range(n):

        for i in range(n):

            for j in range(n):

                if dist[i][j] > dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]:
```

$\text{dist}[i][j] = \text{dist}[i][k] + \text{dist}[k][j]$

return dist

def simulate\_link\_failure(dist, u, v):

# Set the distance to infinity to simulate link failure

inf = float('inf')

dist[u][v] = inf

dist[v][u] = inf

# Reapply Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

n = len(dist)

for k in range(n):

for i in range(n):

for j in range(n):

if dist[i][j] > dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]:

dist[i][j] = dist[i][k] + dist[k][j]

def print\_distance\_matrix(dist):

for row in dist:

print(row)

def find\_shortest\_path(dist, src, dest):

return dist[src][dest]

```
# Example usage
```

```
n = 6
```

```
edges = [[0, 1, 3], [1, 2, 1], [1, 3, 4], [2, 3, 1], [3, 4, 6], [4, 5, 2], [2, 5, 5]]
```

```
link_failure = (1, 3)
```

```
# Initial distances
```

```
dist = floyd_warshall(n, edges)
```

```
print("Distance matrix before link failure:")
```

```
print_distance_matrix(dist)
```

```
# Shortest path from A to F before link failure
```

```
print(f"\nShortest path from A to F before link failure:  
{find_shortest_path(dist, 0, 5)}")
```

```
# Simulate link failure
```

```
simulate_link_failure(dist, *link_failure)
```

```
print("\nDistance matrix after link failure:")
```

```
print_distance_matrix(dist)
```

```
# Shortest path from A to F after link failure
```

```
print(f"\nShortest path from A to F after link failure:  
{find_shortest_path(dist, 0, 5)}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
Distance matrix before link failure:
```

```
[0, 3, 4, 5, 11, 9]
```

```
[3, 0, 1, 2, 8, 6]
```

```
[4, 1, 0, 1, 7, 5]
```

```
[5, 2, 1, 0, 6, 6]
```

```
[11, 8, 7, 6, 0, 2]
```

```
[9, 6, 5, 6, 2, 0]
```

```
Shortest path from A to F before link failure: 9
```

```
Distance matrix after link failure:
```

```
[0, 3, 4, 5, 11, 9]
```

```
[3, 0, 1, 2, 8, 6]
```

```
[4, 1, 0, 1, 7, 5]
```

```
[5, 2, 1, 0, 6, 6]
```

```
[11, 8, 7, 6, 0, 2]
```

```
[9, 6, 5, 6, 2, 0]
```

```
Shortest path from A to F after link failure: 9
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

TIME COMPLEXITY: $O(N^3)$