

164) Given an array of points where  $\text{points}[i] = [x_i, y_i]$  represents a point on the X-Y plane and an integer  $k$ , return the  $k$  closest points to the origin  $(0, 0)$ .

(i) Input :  $\text{points} = [[1,3],[-2,2],[5,8],[0,1]]$ ,  $k=2$

Output:  $[-2, 2], [0, 1]$

(ii) **Input:**  $\text{points} = [[1, 3], [-2, 2]]$ ,  $k = 1$

**Output:**  $[-2, 2]$

(iii) **Input:**  $\text{points} = [[3, 3], [5, -1], [-2, 4]]$ ,  $k = 2$

**Output:**  $[[3, 3], [-2, 4]]$

AIM: Given an array of points where  $\text{points}[i] = [x_i, y_i]$  represents a point on the X-Y

Program:

```
import heapq
```

```
import math
```

```
def k_closest_points(points, k):
```

```
    points.sort(key=lambda point: point[0]**2 + point[1]**2)
```

```
    return points[:k]
```

```
print(k_closest_points([[1, 3], [-2, 2], [5, 8], [0, 1]], 2)) # Output: [-2, 2], [0, 1]
```

```
print(k_closest_points([[1, 3], [-2, 2]], 1)) # Output: [-2, 2]
```

```
print(k_closest_points([[3, 3], [5, -1], [-2, 4]], 2)) # Output: [[3, 3], [-2, 4]]
```

Output

```
[[0, 1], [-2, 2]]
```

```
[-2, 2]
```

```
[[3, 3], [-2, 4]]
```

```
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

output:

time complexity:  $O(1)$