1. Round off 21.627 correct to three significant figures.

Bundarkan 21.627 betul kepada tiga angka bererti.

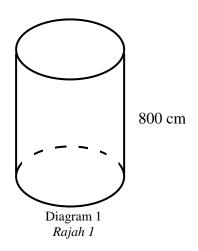
- **A** 21.6
- **B** 21.63
- **C** 21.62
- **D** 21.620
- 2. Express 0.00007489 in standard form.

Ungkapkan 0.00007489 dalam bentuk piawai .

- **A** 7.489×10^{-5}
- **B** 7.489×10^{-6}
- **C** 7.489×10^{5}
- **D** 7.489×10^{6}
- 3. $2.3 \times 10^{6} + 9.5 \times 10^{8} =$
 - **A** 9.523×10^{8}
 - **B** 1.18×10^{8}
 - C 9.523 × 10 ⁶
 - **D** 1.18×10^{6}

4. Diagram 1 shows an empty tank, which is a cylinder, with diameter 500 cm and height 800 cm.

Rajah 1 menunjukkan sebuah tangki kosong berbentuk silinder berdiameter 500 cm dengan ketinggian 800 cm.



A worker fills up 75% of the tank with water.

Calculate the volume, in cm³, of water in the tank. (Use $\pi = 3.142$)

Seorang pekerja memasukkan air ke dalam tangki itu sehingga 75% penuh.

*Hitung isipadu, dalam cm*³, *air dalam tangki itu.* (*Guna* $\pi = 3.142$)

- **A** 3.93×10^{7}
- **B** 1.18×10^{8}
- C 1.57×10^{8}
- **D** 4.71×10^{8}
- 5. State the value of digit 2, in base 10 in the number 3200₅

Nyatakan nilai digit 2, dalam asas 10 bagi nombor 32005

- **A** 24
- **B** 50
- **C** 104
- **D** 256
- 6. $101010_2 1011_2 =$
 - **A** 11110₂
 - **B** 11111₂
 - **C** 10110₂
 - **D** 11001₂

7 In diagram 2, *ABCDEF* is a regular hexagon and *CLMNE* is a regular pentagon.

Dalam rajah 2, *ABCDEF* ialah sebuah heksagon sekata dan *CLMNE* ialah sebuah pentagon sekata.

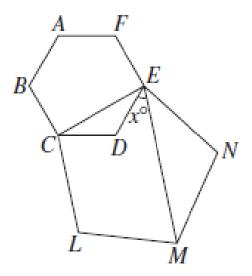


Diagram 2

Rajah 2

Find the value of x.

Cari nilai x.

- **A** 36
- **B** 39
- **C** 42
- **D** 78

8 In Diagram 3, TUV is an isosceles triangle. PVU is a straight line.

Dalam Rajah 3, TUV ialah segi tiga sama kaki. PVU ialah garis lurus.

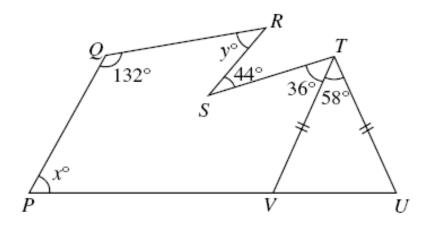


Diagram 3

Rajah 3

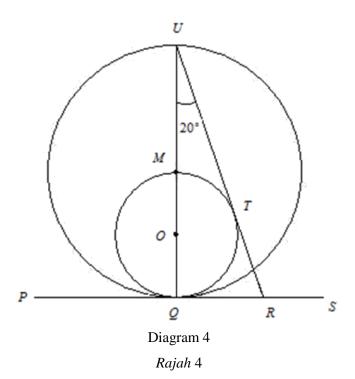
Calculate the value of x + y.

Hitung nilai x + y.

- **A** 105
- **B** 109
- **C** 114
- **D** 117

9 In diagram 4, *PQRS* is a common tangent to two circles with centres *O* and *M*. *RTU* is tangent to the circle with centre *O* at *T*.

Dalam rajah 4, PQRS ialah tangen sepunya kepada dua bulatan berpusat O dan M. RTU ialah tangen kepada bulatan berpusat O di T.



It is given that UR = 8.51 cm.

Find the length, in cm, of the radius OQ.

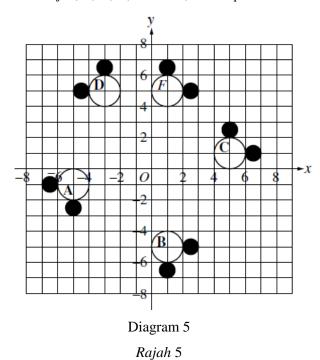
Diberi bahawa UR = 8.51 cm.

Cari panjang, dalam cm, jejari OQ.

- **A** 2
- **B** 3
- **C** 4
- **D** 8

10 Diagram 5 shows five objects, *F*, **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**, drawn on a Cartesian plane.

Rajah 5 menunjukkan lima objek, *F*, **A**, **B**, **C** dan **D**, dilukis pada satah Cartes.



Which of the objects, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, is the image of object *F* under a reflection in the line y = -x?

Antara objek **A**, **B**, **C** dan **D**, yang manakah imej bagi objek F di bawah pantulan pada garis y = -x?

11 Diagram 6 is drawn on a grid of equal squares. Triangle II is the image of triangle I under a certain enlargement.

Rajah 6 dilukis pada grid segi empat sama. Segi tiga II ialah imej bagi segi tiga I di bawah suatu pembesaran tertentu.

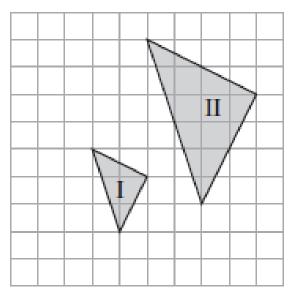


Diagram 6 *Rajah* 6

Given the area of triangle II is 108 cm². The area, in cm², of triangle I is *Diberi luas segi tiga* II *ialah* 108 cm². *Luas, dalam* cm², *segi tiga* I *ialah*

- **A** 14
- **B** 27
- **C** 36
- **D** 54

12 Diagram 7 shows the graph of $y = \cos x^{\circ}$.

Rajah 7 menunjukkan graf bagi $y = kos x^{\circ}$.

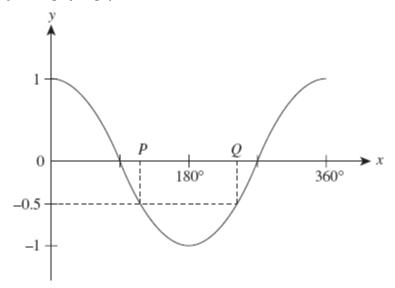


Diagram 7

Rajah 7

Find the values of P and Q.

Cari nilai P dan nilai Q.

A
$$P = 120^{\circ}, Q = 210^{\circ}$$

B
$$P = 120^{\circ}, Q = 240^{\circ}$$

C
$$P = 150^{\circ}, Q = 210^{\circ}$$

D
$$P = 150^{\circ}, Q = 240^{\circ}$$

13 In diagram 8, *PQRS* is a straight line.

Dalam rajah 8, PQRS ialah garis lurus.

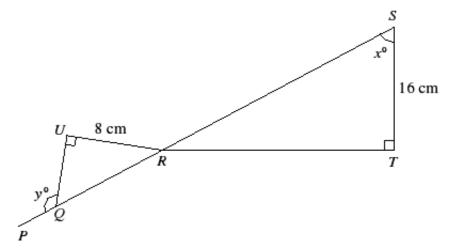


Diagram 8

Rajah 8

Given $\tan x^{\circ} = \frac{15}{8}$ and $\cos y^{\circ} = -\frac{3}{5}$, find the length, in cm, of *QRS*.

Diberi tan $x^{\circ} = \frac{15}{8} \, dan \; \text{kos} \; y^{\circ} = -\frac{3}{5}, \; cari \; panjang, \; dalam \; \text{cm} \; , \; bagi \; QRS.$

- **A** 34
- **B** 38
- **C** 40
- **D** 44

14 Diagram 9 shows a right prism with a horizontal rectangular base *PQRS*. The right-angled triangle *PQT* is the uniform cross section of the prism. *M* and *N* are the midpoints of *TU* and *PS* respectively.

Rajah 9 di bawah menunjukkan sebuah prisma tegak dengan tapak mengufuk berbentuk segi empat tepat PQRS. Segi tiga bersudut tegak PQT ialah keratan rentas seragam bagi prisma itu. M dan N masing-masing ialah titik tengah bagi TU dan PS.

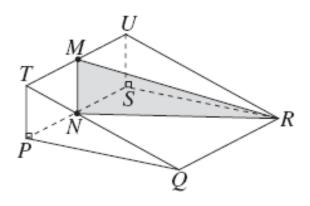


Diagram 9 *Rajah* 9

The angle between the plane *RMN* and the plane *PSUT* is *Sudut di antara satah RMN dengan satah PSUT ialah*

- \mathbf{A} $\angle RNS$
- \mathbf{B} $\angle RMU$
- **C** ∠SNU
- **D** ∠SNM

15 Diagram 10 shows two vertical poles, TV and PQR, on a horizontal plane.

Rajah 10 di bawah menunjukkan dua tiang tegak, TV dan PQR, pada satah mengufuk.

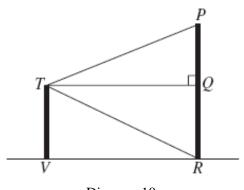


Diagram 10 Rajah 10

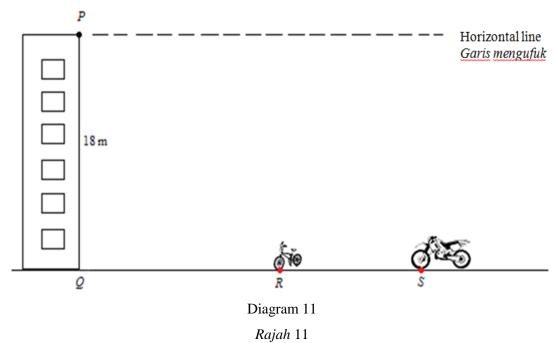
The angle of depression of R from T is

Sudut tunduk R dari T ialah

- \mathbf{A} $\angle PTQ$
- \mathbf{B} $\angle PTR$
- \mathbf{C} $\angle QRT$
- **D** ∠*QTR*

16 Diagram 11 shows that Q, R and S are three points on a horizontal plane. P is vertically above Q.

Rajah 11 menunjukkan Q, R dan S ialah tiga titik yang terletak di atas tanah mengufuk. P berada tegak di atas Q.



The angles of depression of *S* and *R* from *P* are 30° and 45° respectively.

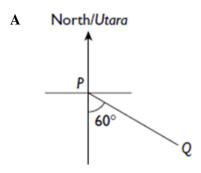
Calculate the distance, in m, between the bicycle and the motocycle.

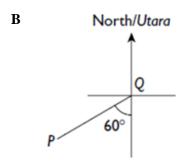
Sudut tunduk S dan R dari P ialah masing-masing 30° dan 45°.

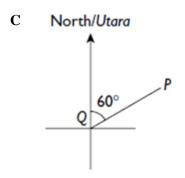
Hitung jarak, dalam m, di antara basikal dengan motosikal.

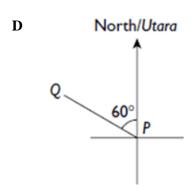
- **A** 13.18
- **B** 18
- **C** 20
- **D** 31.18

17 Points P and Q lie on a horizontal plane. The bearing of P from Q is 120°.
Which of the following diagrams shows the positions of P and Q?
Titik P dan titik Q terletak pada suatu satah mengufuk. Bearing P dari Q ialah 120°.
Antara rajah berikut, yang manakah menunjukkan kedudukan P dan Q?









18 Diagram 12 shows the positions of five towns, **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** and *X*, on the surface of the earth. *Rajah* 12 *menunjukkan kedudukan lima bandar*, **A**, **B**, **C**, **D** *dan X*, *pada permukaan bumi*.

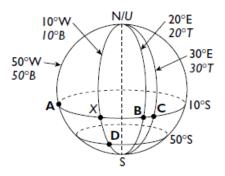


Diagram 12

Rajah 12

Which of the towns, **A**, **B**, **C** or **D**, is located east of *X* with a difference in longitude of 40°? *Antara bandar* **A**, **B**, **C** *dan* **D**, *yang manakah berada di timur X dengan beza longitud* 40°?

19 Express $\frac{w-5}{w} - \frac{3(7-w)}{w^2}$ as a single fraction in its simplest form.

 $Ungkapkan \frac{w-5}{w} - \frac{3(7-w)}{w^2}$ sebagai satu pecahan tunggal dalam bentuk termudah.

$$A = \frac{w^2 - 2w - 2z}{w^2}$$

$$\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{w^2 - 8w - 21}{w^2}$$

$$C \frac{w^2 - 8w + 21}{w^2}$$

D
$$\frac{w^2-2w-26}{w^2}$$

20
$$(3k^2 + 3k - kp - p) \times \frac{1}{2(3k-p)} =$$

A
$$k - 1$$

B
$$k + 1$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \frac{k-1}{2}$$

$$\mathbf{D} \quad \frac{k+1}{2}$$

- 21 Given $v(\sqrt{w} 3) = v 2\sqrt{w}$, then w = 0
- Diberi $v(\sqrt{w}-3)=v-2\sqrt{w}$, maka w=
- $\mathbf{A} \quad \frac{v^2 9}{v^2 4}$
- $\mathbf{B} \quad \frac{4v}{(v+2)^2}$
- $C \left(\frac{v-3}{v-2}\right)^2$
- $\mathbf{D} \quad \left(\frac{4v}{v+2}\right)^2$
- 22 Given $\frac{p+7}{3} (1-p) = 8$, calculate the value of p.
 - Diberi $\frac{p+7}{3}$ (1-p)=8, hitung nilai p.
 - **A** .
 - **B** 5
 - **C** 6
 - **D** 8
- $23 \sqrt[3]{\left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{-2}} =$
 - $\mathbf{A} \quad \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{-\frac{3}{2}}$
 - $\mathbf{B} \quad \left(\frac{5}{9}\right)^{-\frac{2}{3}}$
 - $\mathbf{C} \quad \left(\frac{9}{5}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$
 - $\mathbf{D} \quad \left(\frac{9}{5}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

24 Simplify:

Permudahkan:

$$\frac{64a^{-3}}{(4b)^2} \times \left(\frac{4ab}{16}\right)^{-2}$$

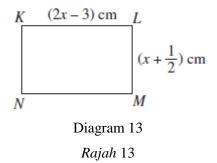
- $\mathbf{A} \quad \frac{256}{a^5b^4}$
- **B** $\frac{64}{a^5b^4}$
- $C = \frac{256}{a^2b^4}$
- $\mathbf{D} = \frac{64}{a^2b^4}$
- 25 List all the integers x that satisfy the inequalities x > -3 and $\frac{x}{3} + 1 \le 2$

Senaraikan semua integer x yang memuaskan ketaksamaan x > -3 dan $\frac{x}{3} + 1 \le 2$

- **A** -2, -1, 0
- **B** -2, -1, 0, 1, 2
- **C** -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3
- **D** -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4

26 Diagram 13 shows a rectangle KLMN.

Rajah 13 menunjukkan sebuah segi empat tepat KLMN.



Given that the perimeter of *KLMN* is more than 19 cm, then the solution for *x* is *Diberi bahawa perimeter KLMN adalah lebih daripada* 19 cm, *maka penyelesaian bagi x ialah*

- A x > 2
- **B** $x \ge 2$
- C x > 4
- **D** $x \ge 4$

27 Table 1 shows the points obtained by a group of participants in a quiz.

Jadual 1 menunjukkan mata yang diperoleh sekumpulan peserta dalam suatu kuiz.

Points	1	2	2	1	5	6
Mata	1	2	3	4	3	U
Number of partipants	8	6	10	16	Q	7
Bilangan peserta	0	U	10	10	,	/

Table 1

Jadual 1

The number of participants who obtain points less than the mode point is Bilangan peserta yang mendapat mata kurang daripada mata mod ialah

- **A** 10
- **B** 16
- **C** 24
- **D** 32

28 Table 2 below shows the heights of a group of students.

Jadual 2 di bawah menunjukkan ketinggian sekumpulan pelajar.

Height (cm)	Number of students		
Tinggi (cm)	Bilangan pelajar		
145	4		
150	X		
155	8		
160	2		
165	3		
170	1		

Table 2

Jadual 2

If the mean height of the students is 154.2 cm, find the value of x.

Jika min tinggi pelajar ialah 154.2 cm, cari nilai x.

- **A** 5
- **B** 6
- **C** 7
- **D** 9

29 Diagram 14 shows the sketch of the graph $y = 2x^3 + 16$.

Rajah 14 menunjukkan lakaran graf $y = 2x^3 + 16$.

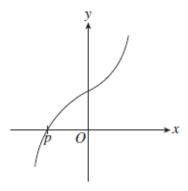


Diagram 14

Rajah 14

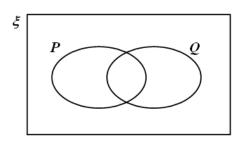
Find the value of p.

Cari nilai p.

- **A** 16
- **B** 8
- **C** -2
- **D** -8

30 In the Venn diagram, $\xi = \{\text{Form 3 students}\}, P = \{\text{students who play football}\}\$ and $Q = \{\text{students who play volleyball}\}.$

Dalam gambar rajah Venn di bawah, $\xi = \{pelajar \ Tingkatan \ 3\}, P = \{pelajar \ yang \ bermain bola sepak\} dan Q = \{pelajar \ yang \ bermain bola tampar\}.$



Given $n(\xi) = 36$, n(P) = 24, n(Q) = 15 and $n(P \cap Q) = 9$, find the number of students who do not play the two games.

Diberi $n(\xi) = 36$, n(P) = 24, n(Q) = 15 dan $n(P \cap Q) = 9$, cari bilangan pelajar yang tidak bermain dua permainan itu.

- **A** 5
- **B** 6
- **C** 8
- **D** 9
- 31 Diagram 15 is a Venn diagram showing the number of elements of sets *P*, *Q* and *R*.

 Rajah 15 ialah gambar rajah Venn yang menunjukkan bilangan unsur bagi set *P*, *Q* dan *R*.

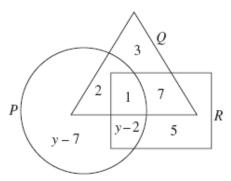


Diagram 15

Rajah 15

It is given that the universal set, $\xi = P \cup Q \cup R$ and $n(R') = n(Q \cap R)$. Find the value of y.

Diberi bahawa set semesta, $\xi = P \cup Q \cup R$ dan $n(R') = n(Q \cap R)$. Cari nilai y.

- **A** 9
- **B** 10
- **C** 11
- **D** 12

32 Diagram 16 shows four straight lines *OP*, *OQ*, *OR* and *OS* on a Cartesian plane.

Rajah 16 menunjukkan empat garis lurus *OP*, *OQ*, *OR* dan *OS* pada suatu satah Cartes.

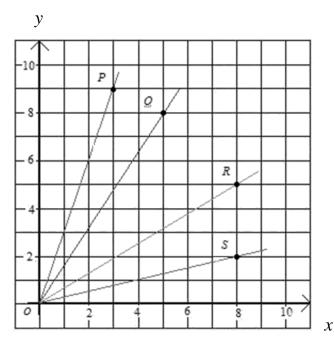


Diagram 16
Rajah 16

Which of the following statements is **not** true?

Antara pernyataan berikut, yang manakah tidak benar?

- A OP has the largest value of gradient and the steepest slope.OP mempunyai nilai kecerunan yang terbesar dan cerun yang tercuram.
- B OS has the smallest value of gradient and the gentlest slope.OS mempunyai nilai kecerunan yang terkecil dan cerun yang terlandai.
- C OQ has a gradient of $\frac{8}{5}$ which is lower than OP. OQ mempunyai kecerunan sebanyak $\frac{8}{5}$ iaitu lebih rendah daripada OP.
- **D** OR has a value of gradient which is greater than OQ.

 OR mempunyai nilai kecerunan yang lebih besar daripada OQ.

33 Diagram 17 shows a straight line PQ on a Cartesian plane.

Rajah 17 menunjukkan garis lurus PQ pada suatu satah Cartes.

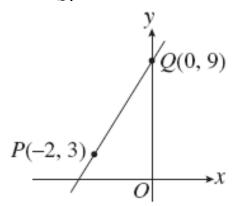


Diagram 17

Rajah 17

Find the *x*-intercept of the straight line *PQ*.

Cari pintasan-x bagi garis lurus PQ.

- **A** -6
- **B** -3
- **C** -2
- **D** -1

34 Diagram 18 shows the equation of the straight line PQ is 2y + x = 6. The two straight lines, PQ and RS intersect at point T on the y-axis.

Rajah 18 menunjukkan persamaan garis lurus PQ ialah 2y + x = 6. Dua garis lurus, PQ dan RS bersilang pada titik T di atas paksi-y.

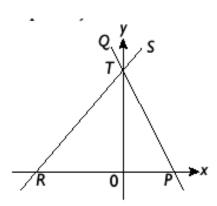


Diagram 18

Rajah 18

If the gradient of the straight line RTS is $\frac{1}{2}$, find the equation of RTS.

Jika kecerunan garis lurus RTS ialah $\frac{1}{2}$, cari persamaan bagi RTS.

- **A** y = x + 3
- **B** y = x + 6
- C $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$
- **D** $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 5$

35 A box contains 8 black balls, 6 yellow balls and some blue balls. A ball is chosen at random from the box. The probability of choosing a yellow ball is $\frac{1}{3}$.

The probability of choosing a blue ball is

Sebuah kotak mengandungi 8 biji bola hitam, 6 biji bola kuning dan sebilangan bola biru. Sebiji bola dipilih secara rawak daripada kotak itu. Kebarangkalian memilih sebiji bola kuning ialah $\frac{1}{3}$.

Kebarangkalian memilih sebiji bola biru ialah

- $\mathbf{A} = \frac{1}{9}$
- $\mathbf{B} = \frac{2}{9}$
- $C = \frac{1}{2}$
- $\mathbf{D} = \frac{2}{3}$
- 36 There are 45 packets of mango juice and orange juice in a refrigerator. A packet of drink is chosen at random from the refrigerator. The probability that a packet of orange juice is chosen is $\frac{2}{5}$. How many packets of orange juice need to be added to the refrigerator so that the probability of choosing a packet of orange juice is $\frac{1}{2}$? Terdapat 45 kotak jus mangga dan jus oren di dalam sebuah peti sejuk. Satu kotak minuman dipilih secara rawak daripada peti sejuk. Kebarangkalian sekotak jus oren dipilih ialah $\frac{2}{5}$. Berapakah bilangan jus oren yang perlu ditambahkan ke dalam peti sejuk supaya kebarangkalian sekotak jus oren dipilih ialah $\frac{1}{2}$?
 - **A** 5
 - **B** 6
 - **C** 8
 - **D** 9

37 Given X varies directly as the square root of Y. State the relationship between X and Y.

Diberi X berubah secara langsung dengan punca kuasa dua Y. Nyatakan hubungan antara X dan Y.

- **A** $X \propto \frac{1}{Y^2}$
- **B** $X \propto Y^2$
- C $X \propto Y^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- **D** $X \propto \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$
- 38 The time taken to cut grass in a field varies directly as the area of the field and varies inversely as the number of the workers. Given 2 workers take 3 hours to cut grass in a field of an area of 1×10^4 m². Find the number of workers needed to cut grass in a field of an area of 4×10^4 m² in 8 hours.

Masa yang diambil untuk memotong rumput di sebuah padang berubah secara langsung dengan luas padang itu dan berubah secara songsang dengan bilangan pekerja. Diberi 2 orang pekerja mengambil masa 3 jam untuk memotong rumput di sebuah padang dengan luas 1×10^4 m². Cari bilangan pekerja yang diperlukan untuk memotong rumput di sebuah padang dengan luas 4×10^4 m² dalam masa 8 jam.

- **A** 3
- **B** 4
- **C** 5
- **D** 6

$$39 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} - 4 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -6 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix} =$$

- $\mathbf{A} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -16 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix}$
- $\mathbf{B} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 8 \\ -24 \end{pmatrix}$
- $\mathbf{C} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -16 \\ 32 \end{pmatrix}$
- $\mathbf{D} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 8 \\ -24 \end{pmatrix}$
- 40 Given the matrix equation $\begin{pmatrix} k & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 \\ k & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$, find the value of k.

Diberi persamaan matriks $(k \ 3) \begin{pmatrix} -5 & 0 \\ k & 4 \end{pmatrix} = (6 \ 12)$, cari nilai k.

- A 4
- $\mathbf{B} 3$
- **C** 3
- **D** 4

END OF QUESTION PAPER KERTAS SOALAN TAMAT