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class CEFevt
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| CEFevt class doc
This Class allows creating and manipulating CEF events objects.
A CEF instance has following attributes:
   CEF Header: obj.header: the mandatory parameters located at the beginning of a CEF event
   CEF Tail : obj.tail : the optional key=value pairs defining the CEF extension and located at the
              end of the CEF event
The methods are split in 4 main groups:
   Generic: apply to the whole cef event
   Header: modification of the header (method name always start with 'h')
   <u>Tail</u>: modification of the tail (method name always start with 't')
   Internal: not meant to be called by an external program. Should only be used by the class
             functions
Available functions (Internal function not shown):
    __init__
   display
   help
   stringest
   hupdate
   hcleandisplay
   tupdate
   tremove
   tempty
   tcleandisplay
| Documentation:
   From the Python interpreter:
   >>> import cef
   >>> print(cef.CEFevt.function_name.__doc__)
 Methods defined here:
 __init__(self, inputdict={}, dictail={})
   Desc: initializing the CEF header. If no data provided for the header,
       default value will be used in order to have a valid CEF event.
       If no data provided for the tail, tail is kept empty.
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Syntax:
    obj=CEFevt([dicthead],[dictail])
      dicthead:
                       dictionary containing {fieldname:value} key pairs for the tail.
                  ie: {"deviceVendor": "VendorX", "deviceProduct": "ProductY"}
                  Accepted keys:
                  deviceVendor:
                                     string
                  deviceProduct:
                                     string
                  deviceVersion:
                                     string
                  deviceEventClassId: string
                  name:
                                 string
                  severity:
                                 string
                  other keys won't generate any errors but will be discarded. If keys are missing,
                  default values will be used
      dictail:
                    dictionary containing {fieldname:value} key pairs for the tail
                  ie: {'msg': 'test message', 'src': '1.2.3.4'}
display(self)
  Desc: just printing the cef event
  Syntax:
    obj.display()
  Return:
    cefstr: a string containing the cef event
hcleandisplay(self)
  Desc: printing the cef event header with nice and readable output (1 fieldname/fieldvalue pair
        per line)
  Syntax:
    obj.hcleandisplay()
help(self, method=")
  Desc: printing the doc of a method. If no method is provided, the class doc and the list of
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methods is printed.
  Syntax:
    obj.help([method])
     method: string
  Return:
    doc: string
       The output of the method
hupdate(self, dicinput)
  Desc: replace the value of one or several fields in the cef header. In order to avoid typo when
     calling this function
     several values are valid for some field names and the field name is not case sensitive .
     It is also possible to use a numerical value to design the fieldname which needs to be
     changed
  Syntax:
    obj.hupdate(dicinput)
     dicinput: dictionary
  Allowed fieldnames (not case sensitive):
     deviceVendor 1
     deviceProduct 2
     deviceVersion 3
     deviceEventClassId SigId SignatureId 4
     name 5
     severity 6
  Example:
     obj.hupdate({"deviceVendor": "foo", "2": "bar", "siGiD": "400"})
  Return:
     head: dictionary containing the header fieldname/value pairs
stringest(self, strcef)
  Desc: Ingest a CEF event in string format. It can then be used with all the other functions
  Syntax:
    obj.stringest(cefevent)
     cefevent: string
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| tcleandisplay(self, mapdict={})
    Desc: printing the cef event tail with nice and readable output (1 fieldname/fieldvalue pair per
          optionally, a dictionary mapping cef fieldname with more meaningful name can be
          provided
   Syntax:
      obj.tcleandisplay()
 tempty(self)
   Desc: simply empty the tail
   Syntax:
      obj.tempty()
 tremove(self, fieldslist)
   Desc: remove one or several fieldname(s) and their value(s) from the tail
   Syntax:
      obj.tremove(fieldslist)
       fieldslist: list containing fieldnames to remove from the tail
          ie:('msg', 'src')
    Return:
      tail: dictionary containing new tail fieldnames/values key pairs
 tupdate(self, dict)
   Desc: add new fieldname(s)/value(s) or change value(s) of existing fieldname(s)
   Syntax:
      obj.tupdate(dict)
       dict: dictionary
           ie: {'msg': 'test message', 'src': '1.2.3.4'}
    Return:
      tail: dictionary containing the tail values
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### Examples ###
####################
cef=CEFevt()
print cef.header
{'severity': '0', 'deviceVendor': 'test', 'deviceVersion': '1.0', 'deviceEventClassId': '100',
'deviceProduct': 'test', 'name': 'test event'}
cef.hupdate({1:"MyVendor"})
print cef.header
{'severity': '0', 'deviceVendor': 'MyVendor', 'deviceVersion': '1.0', 'deviceEventClassId': '100',
'deviceProduct': 'test', 'name': 'test event'}
cef.tupdate({"foo":"bar", "bar":"foo"})
print cef.tail
{'foo': 'bar', 'bar': 'foo'}
cef.display()
CEF:0|MyVendor|test|1.0|100|test event|0|foo=bar bar=foo
cef.stringest("CEF:0|prod|test|1.0|100|test event|0| cs1=range cs2=High cs2Label=Level of
severity ")
cef.display()
CEF:0|prod|test|1.0|100|test event|0|cs1=Suspicious cs2Label=Level of severity cs2=High
cef.tcleandisplay()
CEF event tail:
Suspicious
cs1
cs2
          High
cs2Label Level of severity
cef.hcleandisplay()
CEF event header:
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deviceProduct
                     test
deviceVendor
                     prod
deviceVersion
                     1.0
name
                     test event
                     0
severity
cef.tremove('cs1', 'cs2')
cef.display()
CEF:0|prod|test|1.0|100|test event|0|cs2Label=Level of severity
cef.tempty()
cef.display()
CEF:0|prod|test|1.0|100|test event|0|
print (cef.hupdate.__doc__)
hupdate
    Desc: replace the value of one or several fields in the cef header. In order to avoid typo when
calling this function
       several values are valid for some field names and the field name is not case sensitive .
       It is also possible to use a numerical value to design the fieldname which needs to be
changed
    Syntax:
      obj.hupdate(dicinput)
       dicinput: dictionary
    Allowed fieldnames (not case sensitive):
       deviceVendor 1
       deviceProduct 2
       deviceVersion 3
       deviceEventClassId SigId SignatureId 4
       name 5
       severity 6
    Example:
       obj.hupdate({"deviceVendor": "foo", "2": "bar", "siGiD": "400"})
    Return:
       head: dictionary containing the header fieldname/value pairs
#help(cef.hupdate)
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deviceEventClassId 100