



## **FORENSICS LAB SERIES**

### **Lab 12: Introduction to Digital Forensics Framework**

**Document Version: 2016-08-17**

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## Introduction

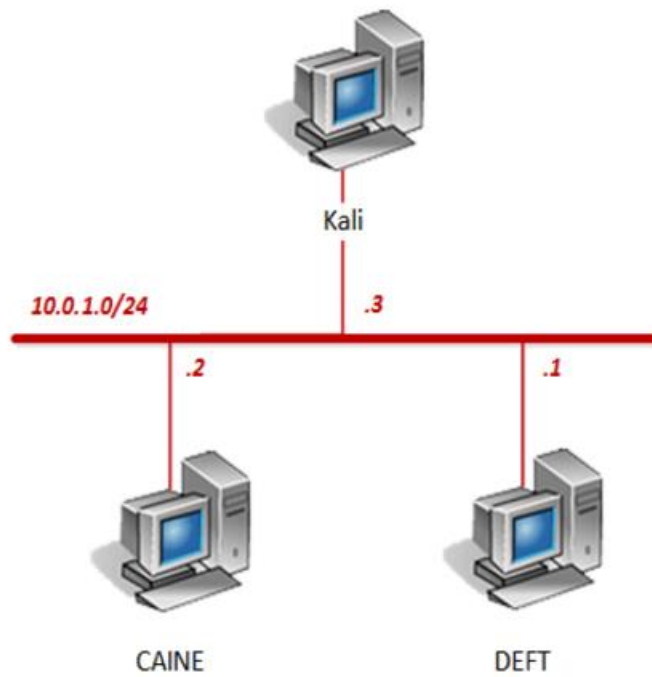
This lab will introduce the features of the *Digital Forensics Framework (DFF)*. *DFF* is an open source computer forensics platform built on top of a dedicated *Application Programming Interface (API)*.

## Objective

In this lab, you will be conducting forensic practices using various tools. You will be performing the following tasks:

1. Opening Partitions with DFF
2. Analyzing Partition Data with DFF

## Pod Topology



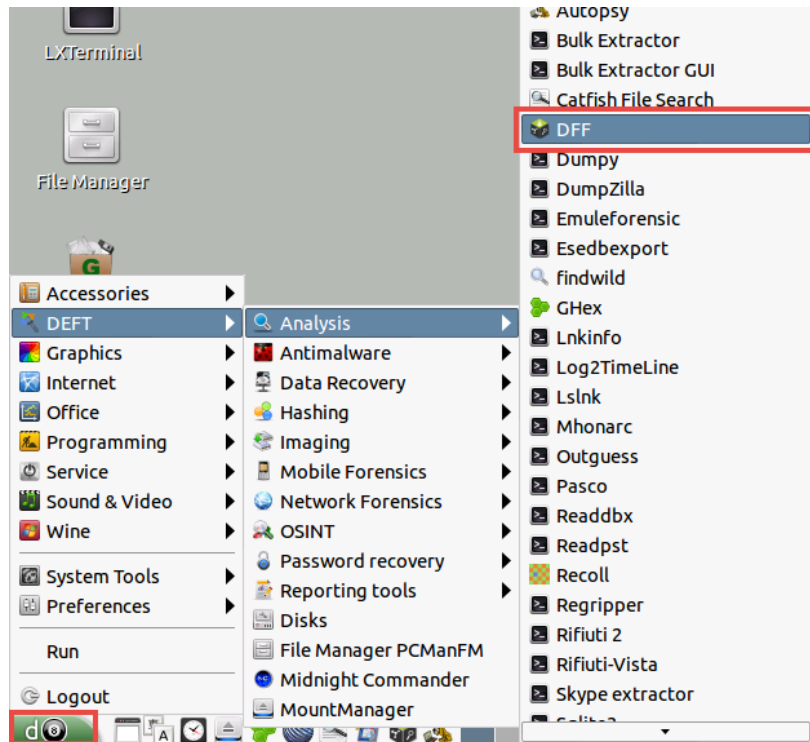
## Lab Settings

The information in the table below will be needed in order to complete the lab. The task sections below provide details on the use of this information.

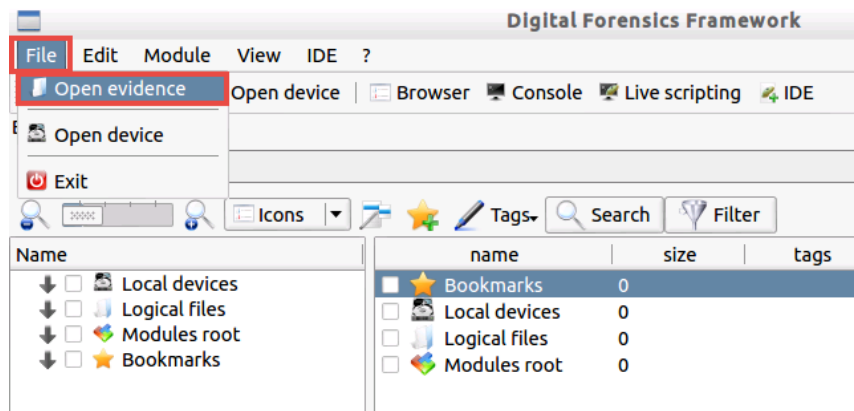
Virtual Machine	IP Address	Account (if needed)	Password (if needed)
DEFT	10.0.1.1	deft	password
CAINE	10.0.1.2	caine	
Kali	10.0.1.3	root	toor

## 1 Opening Partitions with DFF

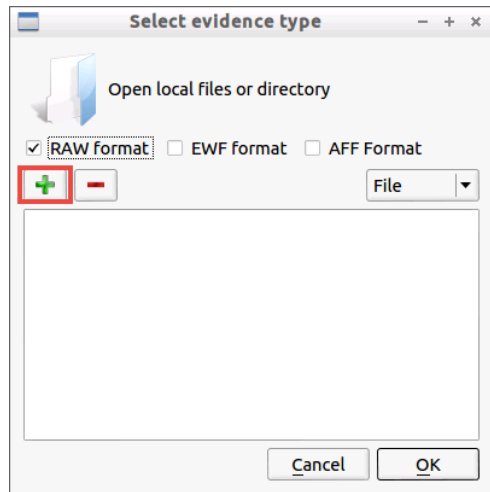
1. Click on the **DEFT** graphic on the *topology page* to open the VM.
2. Open the *Digital Forensics Framework* application by navigating to **Menu > DEFT > Analysis > DFF**.



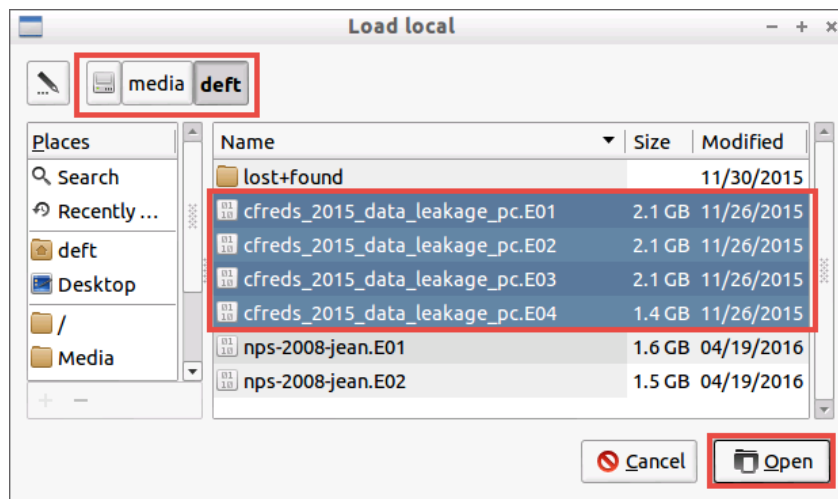
3. Once the application opens, click on **File** and select **Open Evidence**.



4. In the *Select evidence type* dialog window, click on the **green plus** icon to open a local file.

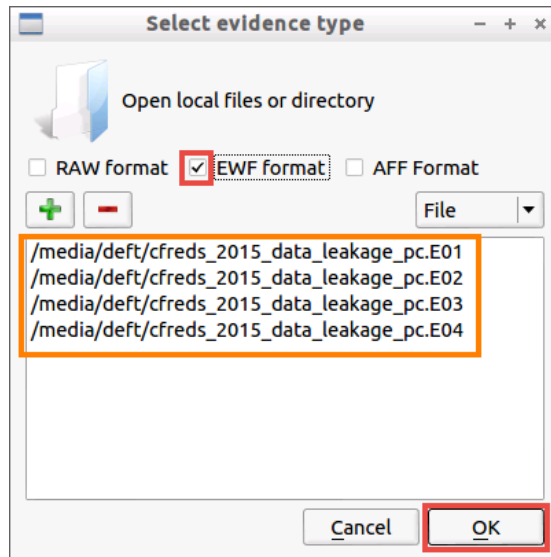


5. In the *Load local* window, navigate to the **/media/deft/** directory and select all the **cfred** files (**E01 – E04**). Click **Open**.

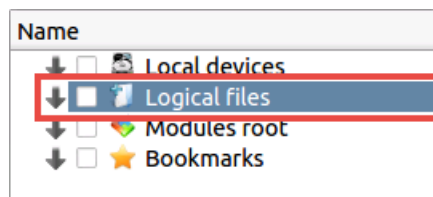


To select multiple files, select the first file, in this case **E01** and hold the **Shift** key while at the same time clicking on the last file, **E04**.

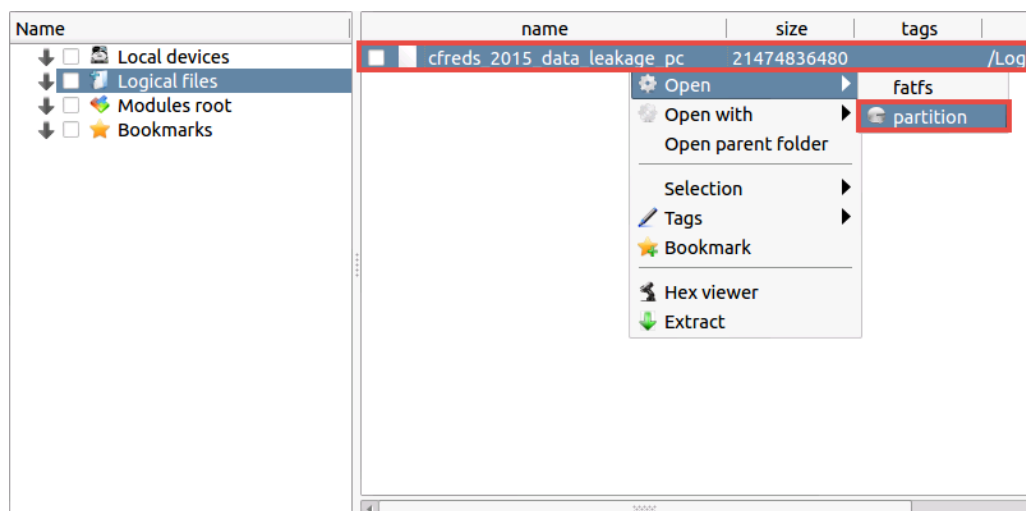
6. In the *Select evidence type* dialog window, verify that all four *cfred* files appear in the list and select **EWF format**. Click **OK**.



7. Select **Logical files** from the left pane.

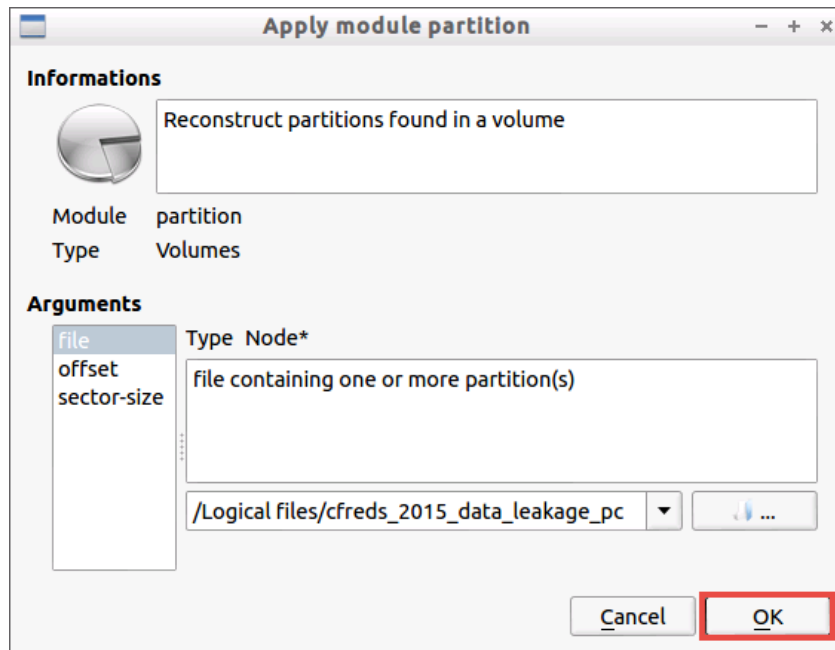


8. Notice the *cfreds\_2015\_data\_leakage\_pc* entry appears in the middle pane. Right click on the **cfreds** entry and select **Open > partition**.

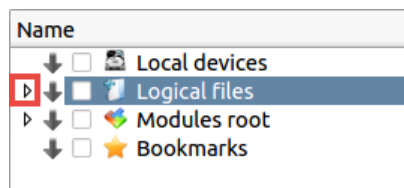




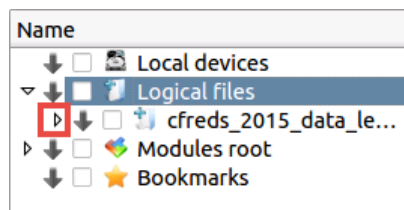
9. On the *Apply module partition* dialog window, click **OK**.



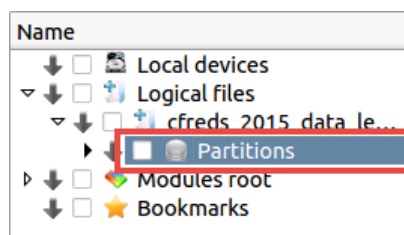
10. In the left pane, click on the **arrow** next to *Logical files* to expand the list.



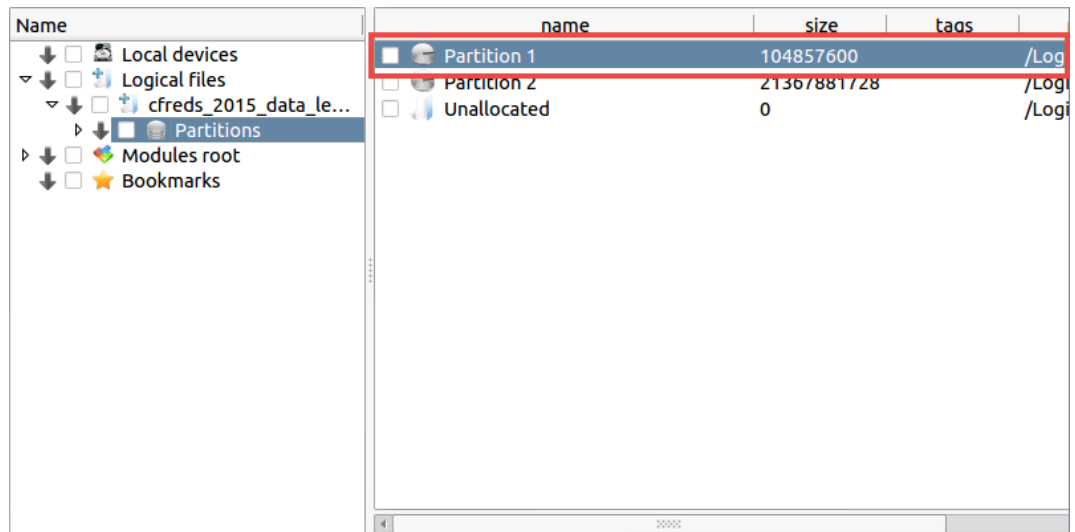
11. Expand the list for the *cfreds\_2015\_data\_leakage\_pc* entry by clicking on the **arrow**.



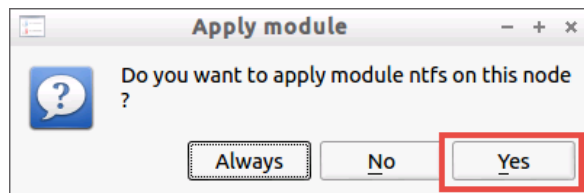
12. Select the **Partitions** entry.



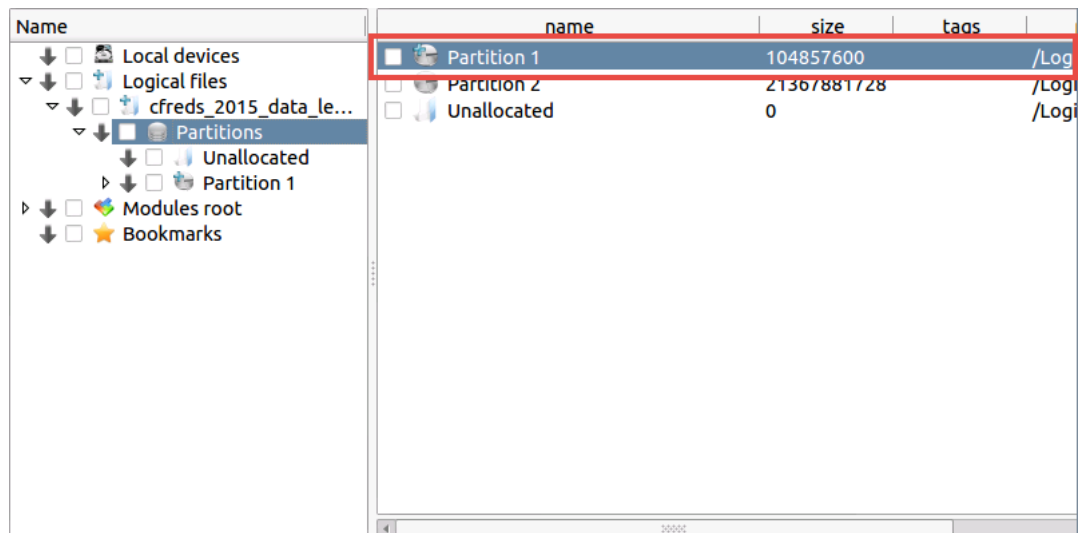
13. In the middle pane, notice two partitions appear. Double-click on **Partition 1**.



14. In the *Apply module* dialog window, click **Yes** to apply one of the built-in modules in DFF to translate the data.



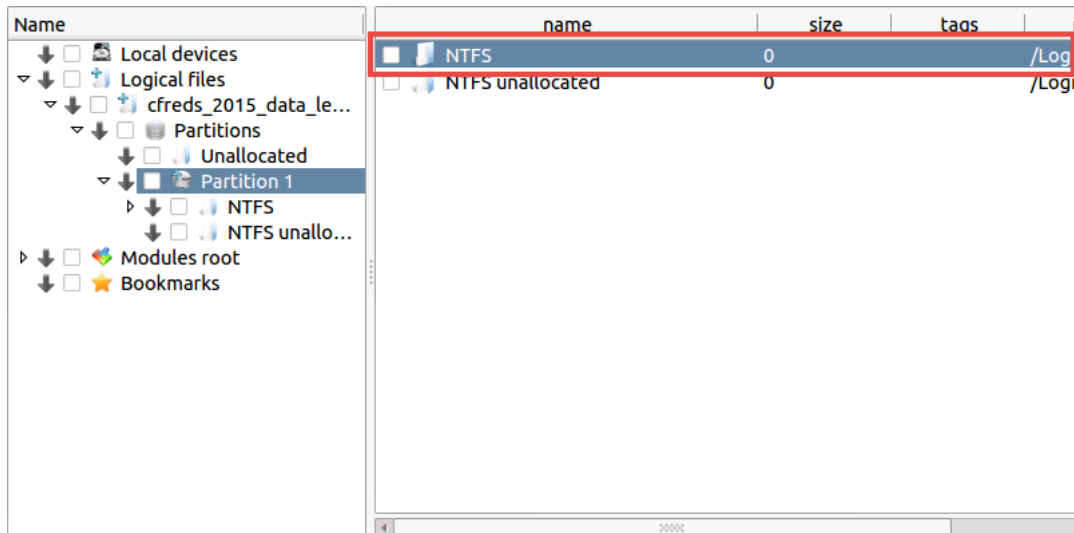
15. In the middle pane, double-click on **Partition 1** once more.



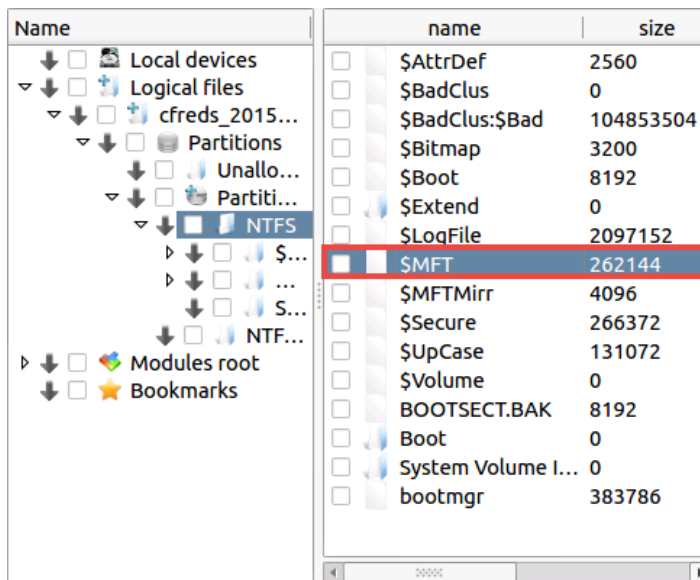
16. Leave the *DFF* application open to continue on with the next task.

## 2 Analyzing Partition Data with DFF

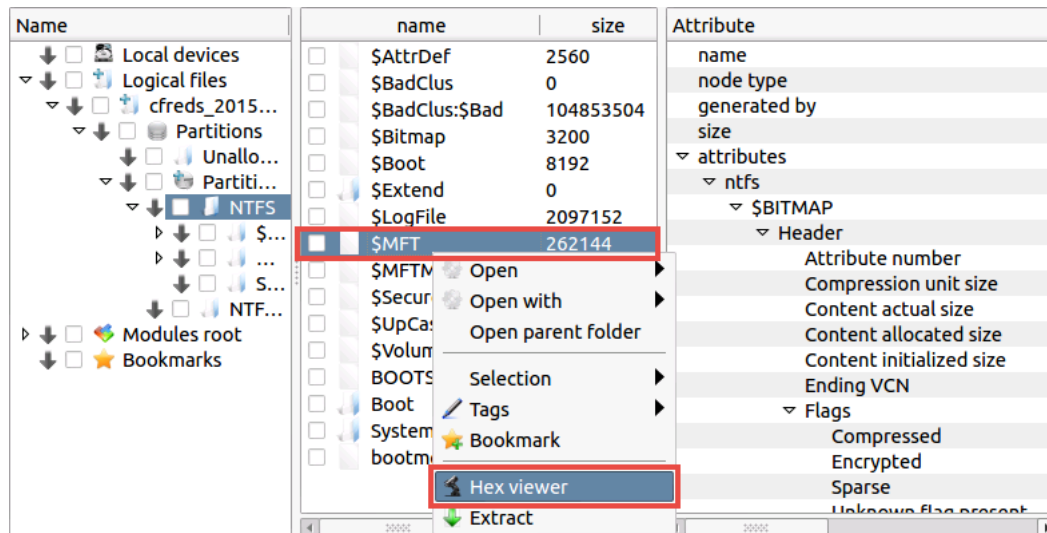
1. In the middle pane, double-click on **NTFS**.



2. Notice the data available from the partition. In the middle pane, select the **\$MFT** file.



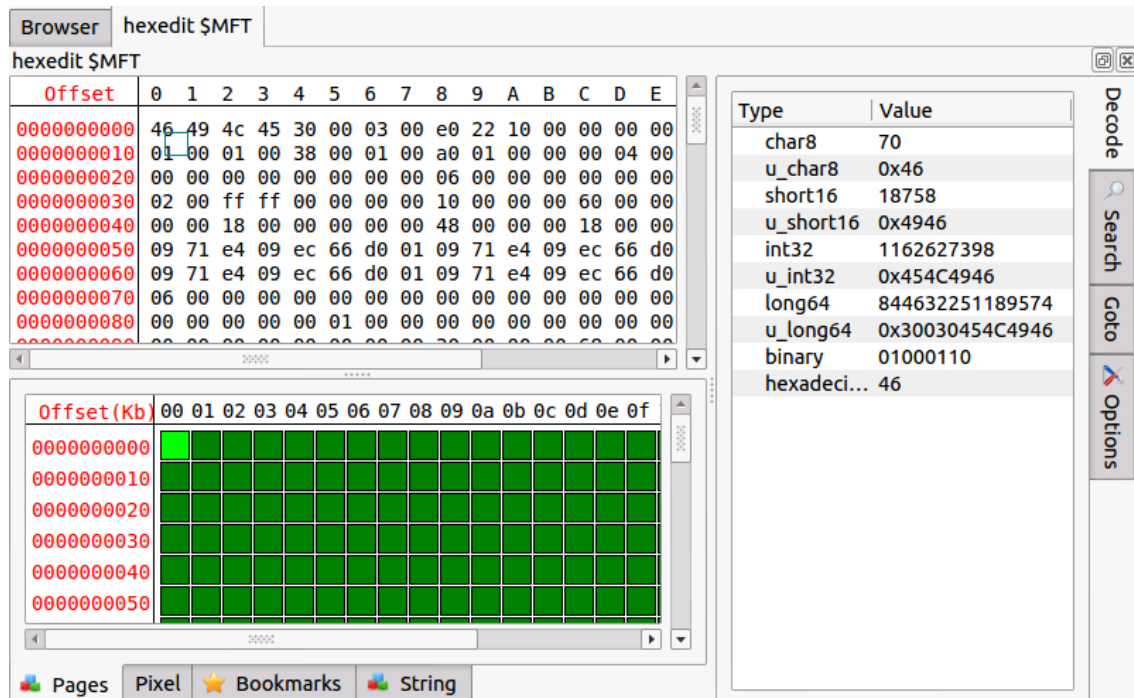
- Once selected, notice to the right, an *Attribute* pane is made available. The contents of the file and the values for each field can be seen here. Right click on the **\$MFT** file and select **Hex viewer**.



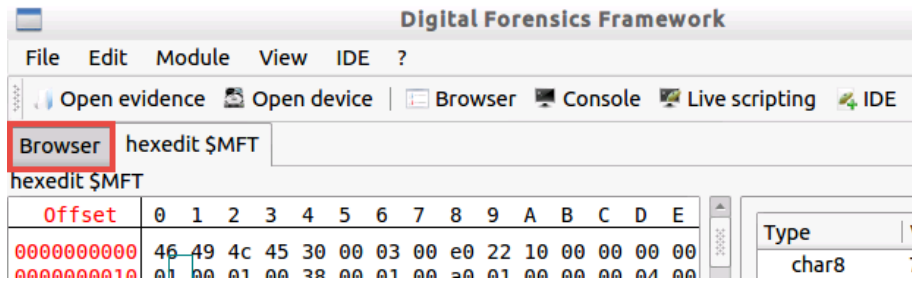
If the *Attribute* pane is not visible, maximize the *DFF* application window and adjust the pane sizes by moving the dividers between the different panes.



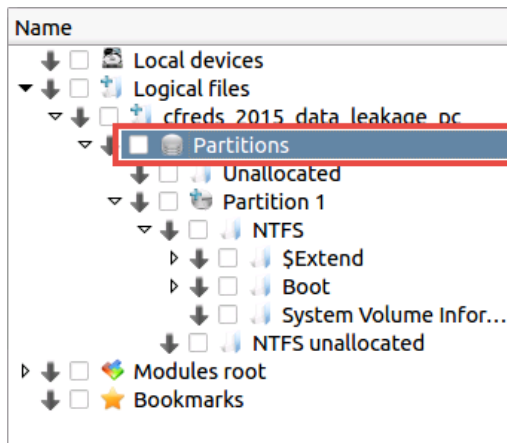
- Notice a new *hexedit \$MFT* tab appears. Briefly analyze the hex information for the **\$MFT** file.



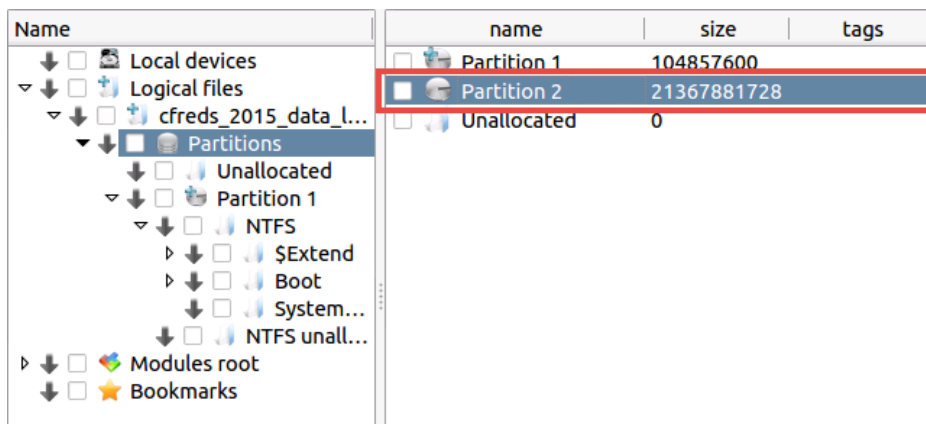
5. Navigate to the previous tab by clicking on the **Browser** tab.



6. In the left pane, click on **Partitions**.

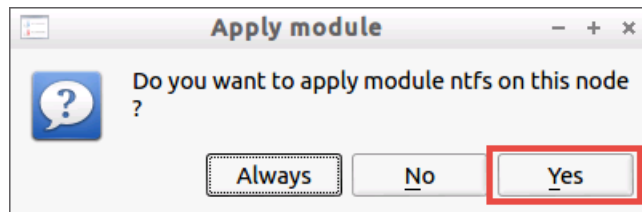


7. In the middle pane, double-click on **Partition 2**.

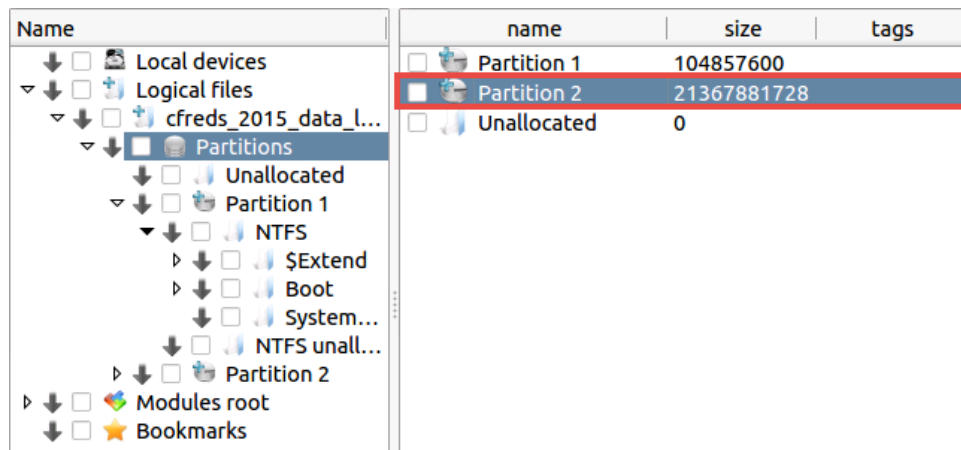


If opening *Partition 2* results in an error, try once more to open it. Wait for a minute for the program to open the partition.

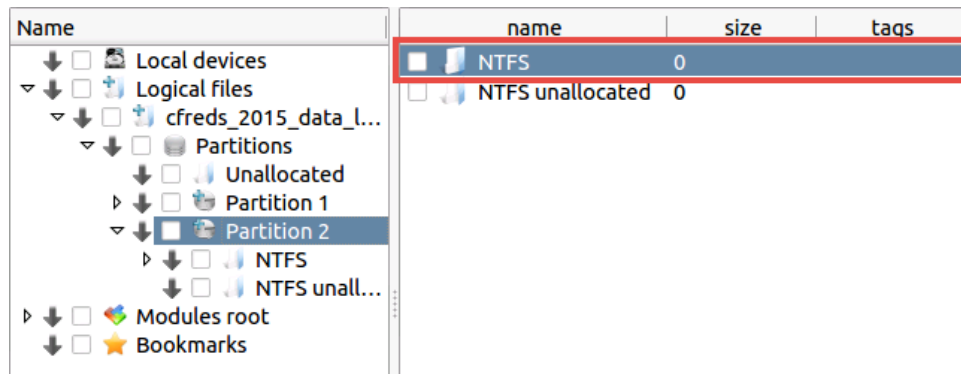
8. When prompted to apply the module, click **Yes** to continue.



9. In the middle pane, double-click on **Partition 2** once more.

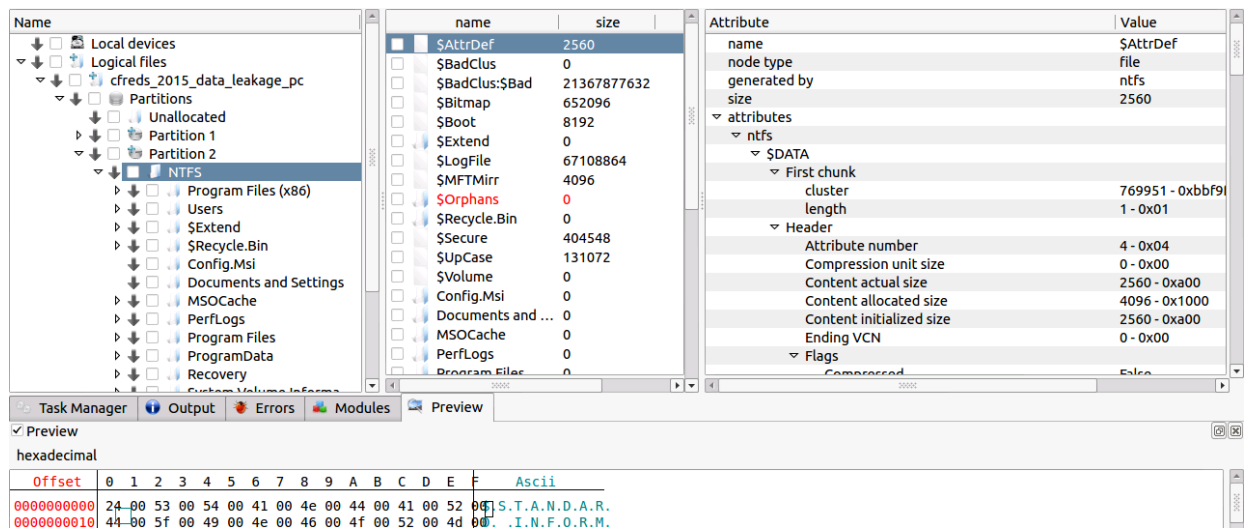


10. In the middle pane, double-click on **NTFS**.





11. Notice all the available files that can be forensically examined. Using DFF, a forensic examination can be accomplished, just like using a commercial tool.



The screenshot displays the DFF interface with the following components:

- Left Panel (File System Tree):** Shows a hierarchy starting from 'Local devices' down to 'Logical files', then 'cfreds\_2015\_data\_leakage\_pc', 'Partitions', 'Partition 2', and finally 'NTFS'.
- Middle Panel (File List):** A table listing files and their sizes. The file '\$AttrDef' is selected, showing a size of 2560.
- Right Panel (Attribute View):** A detailed view of the selected file's attributes.
 

Attribute	Value
name	\$AttrDef
node type	file
generated by	ntfs
size	2560
attributes	
ntfs	
\$DATA	
First chunk	
cluster	769951 - 0xbbf9
length	1 - 0x01
Header	
Attribute number	4 - 0x04
Compression unit size	0 - 0x00
Content actual size	2560 - 0xa00
Content allocated size	4096 - 0x1000
Content initialized size	2560 - 0xa00
Ending VCN	0 - 0x00
Flags	
Compressed	False
- Bottom Panel (Preview):** Shows a hexagonal view of the file's content. The first two lines of data are:
 

Offset	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F	Ascii
0000000000	24	00	53	00	54	00	41	00	4e	00	44	00	41	00	52	00	S.T.A.N.D.A.R.
0000000010	44	00	5f	00	49	00	4e	00	46	00	4f	00	52	00	4d	00	.I.N.F.O.R.M.

12. Close all **PC Viewers** and end the reservation to complete the lab.