

1 State of Art

There are some automated aquaponics projects available on the Internet, but most of them doesn't have a reasonable good documentation. So it has been needed to grab parts of information among every material found on Internet. One of the best sources found was from a hackaday's post from Gareth Coleman 2016, which describes with decent detail how they achieved the construction of their Arduino-powered aquaponics system.

Lots of research have been done about aquaponics. In Goddek et al. 2015, the authors show high complexity problems involving mechanisms to achieve pH equilibrium for optimizing the quality of life for the fish, plants and nitro-bacterias. Since each living component of the system lives well in a certain pH-Range. So there is a challenge to separate the pH level by region.

1.1 Why people are interested in Aquaponics?

A great amount of the published projects has a commercial goal: to make an efficient and small-sized system that can afford to produce organic products in a large scale.

On other hand, in the Goddek et al. 2015 there is a try to address the sustainability aspect of the aquaponics This aspect stands for making a low and efficient nutrient input into the system and making a minimal environment footprint.

1.2 Differences between Hidroponics and Aquaponics

The Hidroponics is a system that uses a nutritive water to feed the plants. It is a inorganic system, where the addition of inorganic nutrients is needed and the main live component is the plant. On the other hand, the Aquaponics is a partly-organic system YouTube Channel n.d., where the fish is added to the system, and its waste, the ammonia, serves as a nutrient to the plants.

The great advantage of the Hidroponics over the Aquaponics is that the last may have some issues with human diseases, like the presence of snails with parasites in the fish tank or some water-borne disease.

2 Required Components

Arduino UNO

Some project authors recommends the Arduino MEGA because of its extra GPIO pins. But we only have the UNO version by now.

DC Motor

A simple DC Motor can be enough for this project. It could be used to feed the fish periodically.

There is a simple mechanism inspired by the video YouTube Channel n.d., where the fish food is wrapped in a pot and rotated down just for a arbitrary short time, and then rotated back up. It can be controlled by sending electrical current timed by the Arduino.

Waterproof Temperature Sensor

This item is necessary for monitoring whether the fish's ambient is favorable for the fish.

Water Level Sensor

Water Pump

Needed to give potential energy to the water flow, being fundamental to the water's cycle.

pH and ORP probe

pH levelling is an essential feature of the system. The fish, the nitro-bacterias and the plants needs to live in a specific pH-range ambient. With the probe, when the ambient is suffering with a pH decreasing, the system could automatically drop some amount of CaCO_3 into the water to rise the pH from the fish tank, for example.

Relay Board

Some items, like the Water Pump, draws too much current if compared with Arduino's capacity. So one needs to use relays to connected another power source with the Arduino's output signals.

3 Proof of Concept

The initial idea is to make a emulated system as a proof of concept of the aquaponics system automatization. There are some softwares that can help the project to achieve its goals.

List of softwares:

Autodesk 123D Circuits

<http://123d.circuits.io/>

Simulate and program Arduino and breadboard components.
Test your Arduino code in our real-time simulation environment and see your designs come to life in the browser.

Node-RED

<http://nodered.org/>

Node-RED is a tool for wiring together hardware devices, APIs and online services in new and interesting ways.

Fritzing

<http://fritzing.org/home/>

Fritzing is an open-source hardware initiative that makes electronics accessible as a creative material for anyone. We offer a software tool, a community website and services in the spirit of Processing and Arduino, fostering a creative ecosystem that allows users to document their prototypes, share them with others, teach electronics in a classroom, and layout and manufacture professional pcbs.

References

- [1] Gareth Coleman. *aquaPionics Hackaday.io*. aquaPionics. URL: <https://hackaday.io/project/2190-aquapionics> (visited on 02/20/2016).
- [2] Simon Goddek et al. “Challenges of sustainable and commercial aquaponics”. In: *Sustainability* 7.4 (2015), pp. 4199–4224.
- [3] judoisonattack’s YouTube Channel. *Arduino controlled Aquarium*. YouTube Video. Youtube. URL: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9XExALUVDWA#t=2m48>.