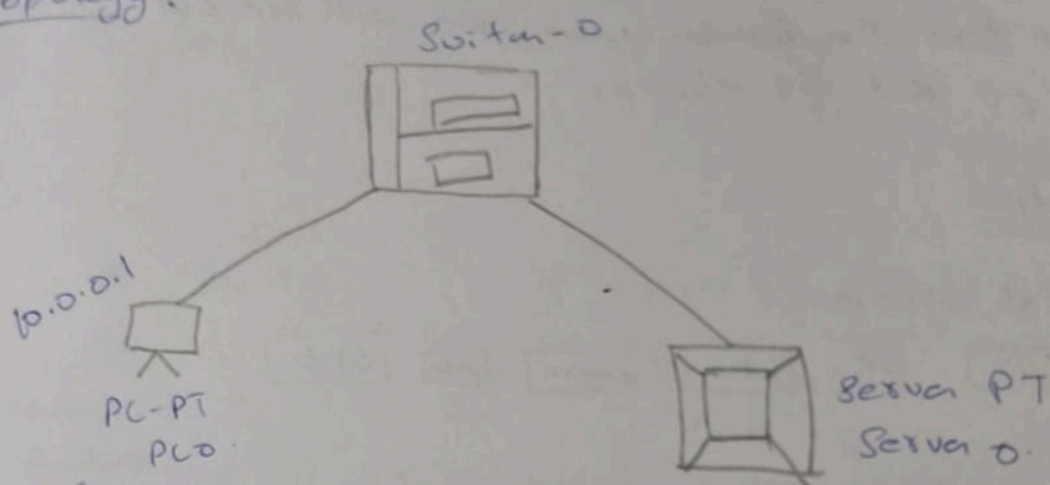


30/7/23

Lab-5

Aim :- Configure Web Server, DNS within a LAN

Topology :-



Procedure

- Connect a Switch PC & a Server to form a LAN.
- Set PC's IP address by clicking on it & go to Config tab in FastEthernet0 option set IP address as 10.0.0.1 & Subnet mask.
- Set Server IP address as 10.0.0.2 & Subnet mask.
- Go to ~~PC's~~ desktop & click on web browser, in the URL type 10.0.0.2, you will get default display.
- To make a CV here, we need to make changes in Server services.
- Go to Server → Services → HTTP → index.HTML Create CV & click on Save.
- Again go to PC → Desktop → web browser & type 10.0.0.2 you will see CV or content that is changed.
- Next, go to Server → Services → DNS & Switch

the services, Now add a domain name and type the IP address 10.0.0.2, Press add & save it.

- Again go back to PC → Desktop → web browser & type the domain name, we will see our CV that we change.

### output

Web browser

< > URL http://gagan Go Stop  
CV

gagan D.A

USN - IBM2105063

1

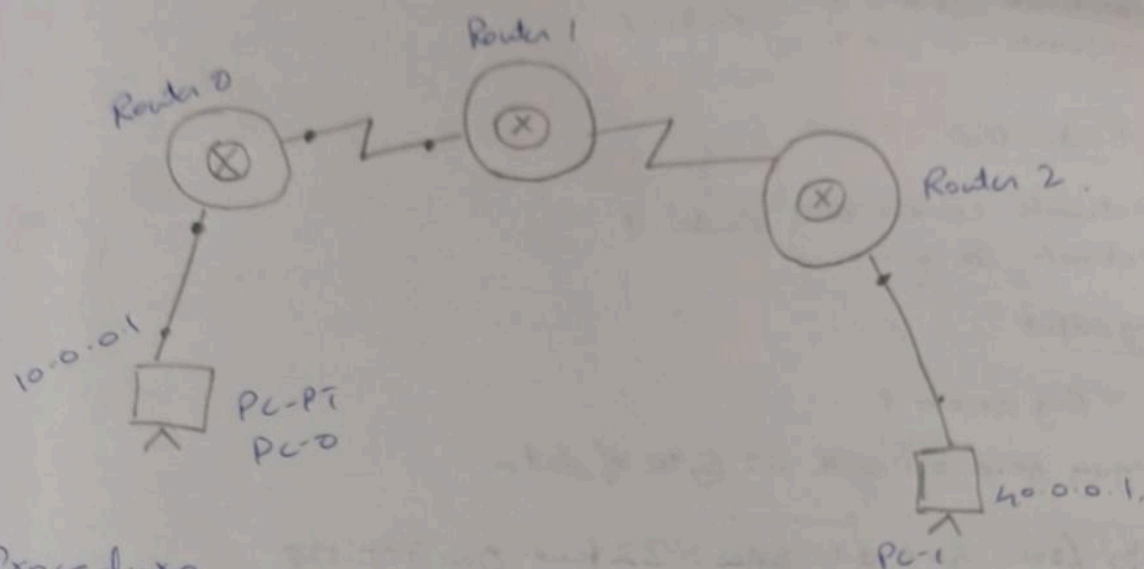
### Observation

- If you wanted to go to a certain website you would open web browser & type domain name of that website or else you can also type the IP address instead if you know that website IP address.
- Since we can't remember IP addresses of all website DNS server will search through its cache to find a matching IP address for that domain name & when it find it will solve that domain name to IP address of website, once that is done then computer is able to communicate with a web server & retrieve the webpage.



62) Aim - Configuring RIP Routing Protocol in Routers

Topology -



Procedure

- 3 Routers & 2 PC's are connected as shown in topology

i) Configure the PC's with proper IP address & gateway address.

ii) Similarly, configure the routers with the proper IP address in CLI mode.

→ No Enable → Interface fastEthernet 0/0

→ Config, T → IP address 10.0.0.1 255.0.0.0

→ Encapsulation PPP → clockrate 64000 → no shuf.

iv) The Encapsulation PPP should be given to all routers & Clockrate 64000 should be given to router which have Clock Symbol beside them.

v) for making router to know about the other devices, we use routing protocol algorithm that itself makes the router to know other devices.

Router RIP

network 20.0.0.0 } Router 2

network 30.0.0.0

### Static RIP

Network 30.0.0.0 } Router 3  
Network 40.0.0.0 }

### Router RIP

Network 10.0.0.0 } Router 1  
Network 20.0.0.0 }

### Ping output :-

PC > Ping 40.0.0.1

Pinging 40.0.0.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time: 0ms TTL: 128

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time: 0ms TTL: 128

Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time: 0ms TTL: 128

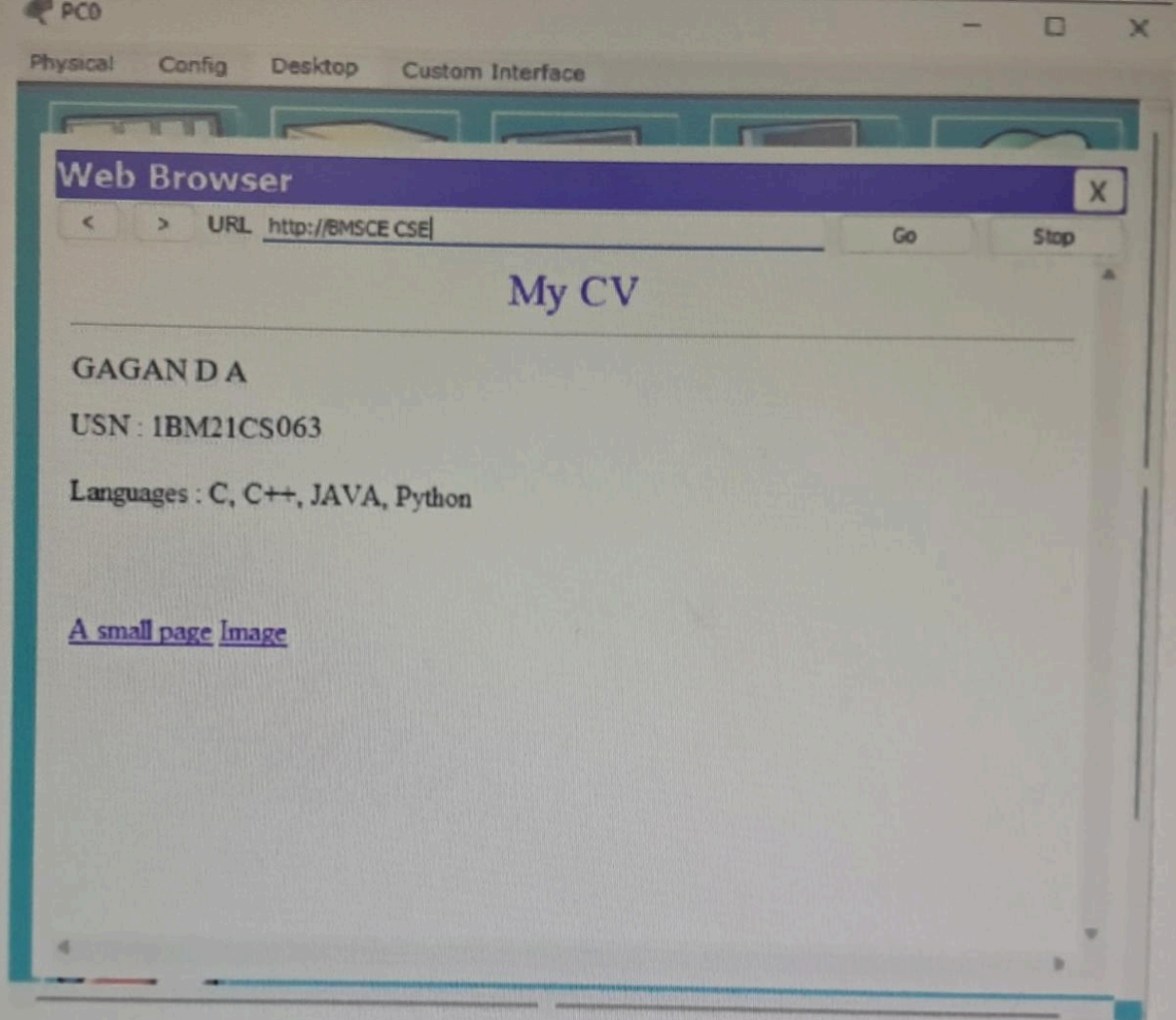
Reply from 40.0.0.1: bytes = 32 time: 0ms TTL: 128

Ping statistics from 40.0.0.1

• Packets Sent = 4 Received = 4 Lost = 0 (0% Loss)

Approximate round trip time in ms

min = 0ms, max = 0ms, Average = 0ms.



Topology :

